

The emancipation of the Working Class must be accomplished by the workers themselves.

400 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK.
TELEPHONE 3308 BEEKMAN.

The



Call

Devoted to the interests of the Working People every day in the year.

WEATHER:
CLEARING; COLDER.

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, MARCH 16, 1912.

Price Two Cents.

ANTHRACITE MEN SHOW DANGERS TO THE MINERS Slaughter Not Ended as Government's Figures Show. STRIKE IMMINENT Cost of Living Renders 1902 Wage Provisions Ridiculous.

The hazardous character of the anthracite industry and the wholesale loss of life in that district due to the overwork of the miners was brought out yesterday in the reply of the representatives of the United Mine Workers in answer to the anthracite coal operators. It abruptly ended all settlement negotiations for the time being. The total number of killed was placed at 6,553, and the number injured was 12,358 during the period of 1893 to 1913.

This point was brought out by the representatives of the miners in reply to a statement by the operators that the fatalities in the anthracite district diminished year by year and that all means of safeguarding the lives of the workers were installed in the mines. Despite this fact government figures were quoted showing the tremendous loss of lives and the greater number of cripples in the mining region.

A strike in the anthracite district now seems probable. Both sides stand determined, and neither one is likely to back down, at least for the present. The conference between the operators and miners, which was held at the Jersey Central office, was brief and wound up after the miners had read their report to the statement of the operators.

"The continuation of the present agreement for three more years, which is the award of the Roosevelt Federal Strike Commission, was fully turned down by the miners. They characterized it as anti-miner. Practically all their mind, by the operators were turned down by the miners, and unless the operators take further steps before March 21, when the present agreement expires, trouble will occur."

George "Dime Right" Baer presided over the conference, and after reading the report of the United Mine Workers' several questions the meeting adjourned, and one of the other members of the miners' committee fled out of the hall.

GETS DOLLAR WHEN SHE RECOVERS \$40,000

KALAMAZOO, Mich., March 15.—That honesty is the best policy was shown here today when Albert Ginsberg, salesman for a New York jewelry house, rewarded the chambermaid who found a suitcase containing \$40,000 worth of jewelry, with one big round silver dollar.

MEXICAN REBELS NEED MORE ARMS

FACE DEFEAT UNLESS THEY
CAN GET FRESH SUPPLY
SOON.

EAGLE PASS, Tex., March 15.—The failure of the Mexican revolution is imminent unless the rebels are able to secure a fresh supply of arms and ammunition very soon. Reports reaching here today declare that the troops, not only in the State of Torreón, but in Chihuahua and Zacatecas, are poorly equipped and have been relying on munitions being shipped through Juárez.

HARRIMAN, HAYES AND IRWIN SPEAK TONIGHT

Three of the foremost men in the Socialist and labor movement of the United States will speak from the same platform tonight at Carnegie Hall, 57th street and Seventh avenue.

ATTORNEY SPIED ON CLARENCE DARROW

DICTOGRAPH USED TO FURNISH
EVIDENCE IN MCNAMARA CASE.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., March 15.—That Attorney John R. Harrington, of Chicago, an attorney of record with the McNamara defense, and one of the State's principal witnesses in the Darrow bribery case, came to Los Angeles for the specific purpose of trapping Attorney Clarence S. Darrow into a conversation which could be reproduced by the dictagraph and subsequently both used in the Darrow case and in the dynamite conspiracy trial at Indianapolis, was the admission made by an attaché of the Federal Government today, according to an evening paper.

WHAT LANDS CHARITY PATIENTS IN HOSPITALS

According to figures published in the New York Medical Journal of the foreign born charity patients entering Bellevue and its allied hospitals in New York between August 1, 1908, and February 28, 1909, the Hebrews and Italians suffered most from traumatism, a general condition of the system resulting from a severe wound or external injury. The Italians were admitted on account of injuries incident, in the most part, to accidents incurred at manual labor or while working with machinery. The Irish showed only 8.6 per cent of traumatism, while alcoholism was responsible for 39.6 of their admissions. The Hebrews gave only 2.3 per cent for alcoholism and the Hebrews were at the bottom of the list of alcoholics with an average of .8 of 1 per cent.

STRIKE LEADERS TO SHOW BOOKS NEXT TUESDAY

WILL ACCOUNT FOR EXPENDITURE OF RELIEF FUND.

LAWRENCE, Mass., March 15.—Prepared to give all necessary details regarding the disbursement of relief funds of approximately \$45,000 sent here during the ten weeks strike of textile operatives, William Harwood, Joseph Sheehan, and William Yates, left here at 8:15 for Boston to answer the injunction proceedings brought by opposing interests last Monday.

HUNGER PREVAILS

MANY STRIKERS STILL OUT
AND MONEY SORELY NEEDED.

BOSTON, Mass., March 15.—Upon request of the leaders of the Industrial Workers of the World, Judge Morton in the Superior Judicial Court today allowed them until Tuesday to prepare vouchers showing the amount of money disbursed by them from the relief fund for the Lawrence strikers. It was shown in court today that \$45,000 has been received by the committee, and President Cornelius Corcoran, of the Lawrence Trust Company, declared on the witness stand that only 49 cents of this was left with that company.

MINIMUM WAGE BILL SEEMS CERTAIN

FOUR MILLION IDLE WORKERS
MAY FORCE GOVERNMENT TO ACT.

LONDON, March 15.—Having failed utterly to reach any agreement, the conference between the coal miners and the operators was broken off this evening. It was announced that the Government will now act to end the strike by introducing a minimum wage bill, probably on Monday.

LOCAL OPTION FOUND WANTING, DRYS SAY

MANCHESTER, Conn., March 15.—"Local option in Connecticut weighed in the balance and found wanting," is the subject of the leading article in the Voter, State prohibition organ, out today. Authoritative statistics are given showing that for the last twenty years no license has been the settled policy of seventy-five of the 108 towns in the State. Of the remaining ninety-three towns, eighty-one have been in the no-license column at various times.

CONVICTS MAKE GOOD ESCAPE FROM PRISON

LINCOLN, Neb., March 15.—The pursuit of the three convicts who yesterday killed three guards and escaped from the State Prison was taken up today in earnest, but the police have no clear as yet. Because of the eighteen inches of snow on the ground no trains left Lincoln last night, and the convicts, it is believed, are hidden in the city.

NEW COMPENSATION BILL INTRODUCED

ALBANY, March 15.—A bill providing for a workman's compensation law, elective in terms and therefore not in violation of the Constitution, was introduced today by Senator Wainwright and Assemblyman Phillips as a substitute for the Wainwright-Phillips Law of 1910, which was declared unconstitutional by the Court of Appeals last year.

MINISTER DISAPPEARS ABROAD

LONDON, March 15.—The police here received a report today from Rochester, England, that the Rev. H. T. Perkins, a Methodist minister from Pennsylvania, U. S. A., has disappeared from that place. A search for him has begun as it is believed that he wandered away suffering from an attack of amnesia or loss of memory.

AID FOR LAWRENCE CHILDREN

Under the auspices of several women sympathizers of the Lawrence textile strikers, an entertainment and ball is to be held at Army Hall, 164 Clermont avenue, Brooklyn, tonight. The proceeds are to go to the children of the Lawrence strikers.

MONEY FOR STATE BUILDINGS

ALBANY, March 15.—Governor Dix signed T. K. Smith's bill appropriating \$225,000 for new buildings at the State fair grounds at Syracuse, and Sweet's bill appropriating \$125,000 for the improvement of canal structures.

ATTORNEY SPIED ON CLARENCE DARROW

DICTOGRAPH USED TO FURNISH
EVIDENCE IN MCNAMARA CASE.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., March 15.—That Attorney John R. Harrington, of Chicago, an attorney of record with the McNamara defense, and one of the State's principal witnesses in the Darrow bribery case, came to Los Angeles for the specific purpose of trapping Attorney Clarence S. Darrow into a conversation which could be reproduced by the dictagraph and subsequently both used in the Darrow case and in the dynamite conspiracy trial at Indianapolis, was the admission made by an attaché of the Federal Government today, according to an evening paper.

WHAT LANDS CHARITY PATIENTS IN HOSPITALS

According to figures published in the New York Medical Journal of the foreign born charity patients entering Bellevue and its allied hospitals in New York between August 1, 1908, and February 28, 1909, the Hebrews and Italians suffered most from traumatism, a general condition of the system resulting from a severe wound or external injury. The Italians were admitted on account of injuries incident, in the most part, to accidents incurred at manual labor or while working with machinery. The Irish showed only 8.6 per cent of traumatism, while alcoholism was responsible for 39.6 of their admissions. The Hebrews gave only 2.3 per cent for alcoholism and the Hebrews were at the bottom of the list of alcoholics with an average of .8 of 1 per cent.

STRIKE LEADERS TO SHOW BOOKS NEXT TUESDAY

WILL ACCOUNT FOR EXPENDITURE OF RELIEF FUND.

LAWRENCE, Mass., March 15.—Prepared to give all necessary details regarding the disbursement of relief funds of approximately \$45,000 sent here during the ten weeks strike of textile operatives, William Harwood, Joseph Sheehan, and William Yates, left here at 8:15 for Boston to answer the injunction proceedings brought by opposing interests last Monday.

HUNGER PREVAILS

MANY STRIKERS STILL OUT
AND MONEY SORELY NEEDED.

BOSTON, Mass., March 15.—Upon request of the leaders of the Industrial Workers of the World, Judge Morton in the Superior Judicial Court today allowed them until Tuesday to prepare vouchers showing the amount of money disbursed by them from the relief fund for the Lawrence strikers. It was shown in court today that \$45,000 has been received by the committee, and President Cornelius Corcoran, of the Lawrence Trust Company, declared on the witness stand that only 49 cents of this was left with that company.

MINIMUM WAGE BILL SEEMS CERTAIN

FOUR MILLION IDLE WORKERS
MAY FORCE GOVERNMENT TO ACT.

LONDON, March 15.—Having failed utterly to reach any agreement, the conference between the coal miners and the operators was broken off this evening. It was announced that the Government will now act to end the strike by introducing a minimum wage bill, probably on Monday.

LOCAL OPTION FOUND WANTING, DRYS SAY

MANCHESTER, Conn., March 15.—"Local option in Connecticut weighed in the balance and found wanting," is the subject of the leading article in the Voter, State prohibition organ, out today. Authoritative statistics are given showing that for the last twenty years no license has been the settled policy of seventy-five of the 108 towns in the State. Of the remaining ninety-three towns, eighty-one have been in the no-license column at various times.

CONVICTS MAKE GOOD ESCAPE FROM PRISON

LINCOLN, Neb., March 15.—The pursuit of the three convicts who yesterday killed three guards and escaped from the State Prison was taken up today in earnest, but the police have no clear as yet. Because of the eighteen inches of snow on the ground no trains left Lincoln last night, and the convicts, it is believed, are hidden in the city.

ATTORNEY SPIED ON CLARENCE DARROW

DICTOGRAPH USED TO FURNISH
EVIDENCE IN MCNAMARA CASE.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., March 15.—That Attorney John R. Harrington, of Chicago, an attorney of record with the McNamara defense, and one of the State's principal witnesses in the Darrow bribery case, came to Los Angeles for the specific purpose of trapping Attorney Clarence S. Darrow into a conversation which could be reproduced by the dictagraph and subsequently both used in the Darrow case and in the dynamite conspiracy trial at Indianapolis, was the admission made by an attaché of the Federal Government today, according to an evening paper.

WHAT LANDS CHARITY PATIENTS IN HOSPITALS

According to figures published in the New York Medical Journal of the foreign born charity patients entering Bellevue and its allied hospitals in New York between August 1, 1908, and February 28, 1909, the Hebrews and Italians suffered most from traumatism, a general condition of the system resulting from a severe wound or external injury. The Italians were admitted on account of injuries incident, in the most part, to accidents incurred at manual labor or while working with machinery. The Irish showed only 8.6 per cent of traumatism, while alcoholism was responsible for 39.6 of their admissions. The Hebrews gave only 2.3 per cent for alcoholism and the Hebrews were at the bottom of the list of alcoholics with an average of .8 of 1 per cent.

STRIKE LEADERS TO SHOW BOOKS NEXT TUESDAY

WILL ACCOUNT FOR EXPENDITURE OF RELIEF FUND.

LAWRENCE, Mass., March 15.—Prepared to give all necessary details regarding the disbursement of relief funds of approximately \$45,000 sent here during the ten weeks strike of textile operatives, William Harwood, Joseph Sheehan, and William Yates, left here at 8:15 for Boston to answer the injunction proceedings brought by opposing interests last Monday.

HUNGER PREVAILS

MANY STRIKERS STILL OUT
AND MONEY SORELY NEEDED.

BOSTON, Mass., March 15.—Upon request of the leaders of the Industrial Workers of the World, Judge Morton in the Superior Judicial Court today allowed them until Tuesday to prepare vouchers showing the amount of money disbursed by them from the relief fund for the Lawrence strikers. It was shown in court today that \$45,000 has been received by the committee, and President Cornelius Corcoran, of the Lawrence Trust Company, declared on the witness stand that only 49 cents of this was left with that company.

MINIMUM WAGE BILL SEEMS CERTAIN

FOUR MILLION IDLE WORKERS
MAY FORCE GOVERNMENT TO ACT.

LONDON, March 15.—Having failed utterly to reach any agreement, the conference between the coal miners and the operators was broken off this evening. It was announced that the Government will now act to end the strike by introducing a minimum wage bill, probably on Monday.

LOCAL OPTION FOUND WANTING, DRYS SAY

MANCHESTER, Conn., March 15.—"Local option in Connecticut weighed in the balance and found wanting," is the subject of the leading article in the Voter, State prohibition organ, out today. Authoritative statistics are given showing that for the last twenty years no license has been the settled policy of seventy-five of the 108 towns in the State. Of the remaining ninety-three towns, eighty-one have been in the no-license column at various times.

CONVICTS MAKE GOOD ESCAPE FROM PRISON

LINCOLN, Neb., March 15.—The pursuit of the three convicts who yesterday killed three guards and escaped from the State Prison was taken up today in earnest, but the police have no clear as yet. Because of the eighteen inches of snow on the ground no trains left Lincoln last night, and the convicts, it is believed, are hidden in the city.

ATTORNEY SPIED ON CLARENCE DARROW

DICTOGRAPH USED TO FURNISH
EVIDENCE IN MCNAMARA CASE.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., March 15.—That Attorney John R. Harrington, of Chicago, an attorney of record with the McNamara defense, and one of the State's principal witnesses in the Darrow bribery case, came to Los Angeles for the specific purpose of trapping Attorney Clarence S. Darrow into a conversation which could be reproduced by the dictagraph and subsequently both used in the Darrow case and in the dynamite conspiracy trial at Indianapolis, was the admission made by an attaché of the Federal Government today, according to an evening paper.

WHAT LANDS CHARITY PATIENTS IN HOSPITALS

According to figures published in the New York Medical Journal of the foreign born charity patients entering Bellevue and its allied hospitals in New York between August 1, 1908, and February 28, 1909, the Hebrews and Italians suffered most from traumatism, a general condition of the system resulting from a severe wound or external injury. The Italians were admitted on account of injuries incident, in the most part, to accidents incurred at manual labor or while working with machinery. The Irish showed only 8.6 per cent of traumatism, while alcoholism was responsible for 39.6 of their admissions. The Hebrews gave only 2.3 per cent for alcoholism and the Hebrews were at the bottom of the list of alcoholics with an average of .8 of 1 per cent.

STRIKE LEADERS TO SHOW BOOKS NEXT TUESDAY

WILL ACCOUNT FOR EXPENDITURE OF RELIEF FUND.

LAWRENCE, Mass., March 15.—Prepared to give all necessary details regarding the disbursement of relief funds of approximately \$45,000 sent here during the ten weeks strike of textile operatives, William Harwood, Joseph Sheehan, and William Yates, left here at 8:15 for Boston to answer the injunction proceedings brought by opposing interests last Monday.

HUNGER PREVAILS

MANY STRIKERS STILL OUT
AND MONEY SORELY NEEDED.

BOSTON, Mass., March 15.—Upon request of the leaders of the Industrial Workers of the World, Judge Morton in the Superior Judicial Court today allowed them until Tuesday to prepare vouchers showing the amount of money disbursed by them from the relief fund for the Lawrence strikers. It was shown in court today that \$45,000 has been received by the committee, and President Cornelius Corcoran, of the Lawrence Trust Company, declared on the witness stand that only 49 cents of this was left with that company.

MINIMUM WAGE BILL SEEMS CERTAIN

FOUR MILLION IDLE WORKERS
MAY FORCE GOVERNMENT TO ACT.

LONDON, March 15.—Having failed utterly to reach any agreement, the conference between the coal miners and the operators was broken off this evening. It was announced that the Government will now act to end the strike by introducing a minimum wage bill, probably on Monday.

LOCAL OPTION FOUND WANTING, DRYS SAY

MANCHESTER, Conn., March 15.—"Local option in Connecticut weighed in the balance and found wanting," is the subject of the leading article in the Voter, State prohibition organ, out today. Authoritative statistics are given showing that for the last twenty years no license has been the settled policy of seventy-five of the 108 towns in the State. Of the remaining ninety-three towns, eighty-one have been in the no-license column at various times.

CONVICTS MAKE GOOD ESCAPE FROM PRISON

LINCOLN, Neb., March 15.—The pursuit of the three convicts who yesterday killed three guards and escaped from the State Prison was taken up today in earnest, but the police have no clear as yet. Because of the eighteen inches of snow on the ground no trains left Lincoln last night, and the convicts, it is believed, are hidden in the city.

ATTORNEY SPIED ON CLARENCE DARROW

DICTOGRAPH USED TO FURNISH
EVIDENCE IN MCNAMARA CASE.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., March 15.—That Attorney John R. Harrington, of Chicago, an attorney of record with the McNamara defense, and one of the State's principal witnesses in the Darrow bribery case, came to Los Angeles for the specific purpose of trapping Attorney Clarence S. Darrow into a conversation which could be reproduced by the dictagraph and subsequently both used in the Darrow case and in the dynamite conspiracy trial at Indianapolis, was the admission made by an attaché of the Federal Government today, according to an evening paper.

WHAT LANDS CHARITY PATIENTS IN HOSPITALS

According to figures published in the New York Medical Journal of the foreign born charity patients entering Bellevue and its allied hospitals in New York between August 1, 1908, and February 28, 1909, the Hebrews and Italians suffered most from traumatism, a general condition of the system resulting from a severe wound or external injury. The Italians were admitted on account of injuries incident, in the most part, to accidents incurred at manual labor or while working with machinery. The Irish showed only 8.6 per cent of traumatism, while alcoholism was responsible for 39.6 of their admissions. The Hebrews gave only 2.3 per cent for alcoholism and the Hebrews were at the bottom of the list of alcoholics with an average of .8 of 1 per cent.

STRIKE LEADERS TO SHOW BOOKS NEXT TUESDAY

WILL ACCOUNT FOR EXPENDITURE OF RELIEF FUND.

LAWRENCE, Mass., March 15.—Prepared to give all necessary details regarding the disbursement of relief funds of approximately \$45,000 sent here during the ten weeks strike of textile operatives, William Harwood, Joseph Sheehan, and William Yates, left here at 8:15 for Boston to answer the injunction proceedings brought by opposing interests last Monday.

HUNGER PREVAILS

MANY STRIKERS STILL OUT
AND MONEY SORELY NEEDED.

BOSTON, Mass., March 15.—Upon request of the leaders of the Industrial Workers of the World, Judge Morton in the Superior Judicial Court today allowed them until Tuesday to prepare vouchers showing the amount of money disbursed by them from the relief fund for the Lawrence strikers. It was shown in court today that \$45,000 has been received by the committee, and President Cornelius Corcoran, of the Lawrence Trust Company, declared on the witness stand that only 49 cents of this was left with that company.

MINIMUM WAGE BILL SEEMS CERTAIN

FOUR MILLION IDLE WORKERS
MAY FORCE GOVERNMENT TO ACT.

LONDON, March 15.—Having failed utterly to reach any agreement, the conference between the coal miners and the operators was broken off this evening. It was announced that the Government will now act to end the strike by introducing a minimum wage bill, probably on Monday.

LOCAL OPTION FOUND WANTING, DRYS SAY

MANCHESTER, Conn., March 15.—"Local option in Connecticut weighed in the balance and found wanting," is the subject of the leading article in the Voter, State prohibition organ, out today. Authoritative statistics are given showing that for the last twenty years no license has been the settled policy of seventy-five of the 108 towns in the State. Of the remaining ninety-three towns, eighty-one have been in the no-license column at various times.

CONVICTS MAKE GOOD ESCAPE FROM PRISON

LINCOLN, Neb., March 15.—The pursuit of the three convicts who yesterday killed three guards and escaped from the State Prison was taken up today in earnest, but the police have no clear as yet. Because of the eighteen inches of snow on the ground no trains left Lincoln last night, and the convicts, it is believed, are hidden in the city.

(Continued on page 2.)

America to aid them in their fight for bread, to aid them save the lives of babies born in women's pain.

Only four mills now refuse to grant the workers demands. Today the Everett, Brightwood, Uawoco and Walworth mills conceded all the terms demanded. There are now but the two Pacific mills, the Arlington and the Lawrence Duck to be forced to surrender.

In pouring rain this morning pickets were out in their endless chain. They were fighting for bread, fighting for babies' lives, and while they fought in an endless chain the bosses were fighting them in Boston, forging the weapon of hunger. Of the thousands who have fought this great battle, a half will have no money for a month. They cannot work until others in the mills have prepared the way for them.

BREAD OF POOR AI LAST TO BE BUTTERED

WASHINGTON, March 15.—Hearings were begun today before the House Committee on Agriculture on the Lever and Haugen bills which propose to repeal the 16 cent tax imposed by existing law on oleomargarine, made in allitude of butter.

SWISS EMBROIDERERS' STRIKE IS STILL ON

The strike of the Swiss embroidery workers against Fell Brothers, 318 Mott street, continued yesterday with no break in the ranks of the strikers. The strike is now in its second week and the firm has thus far been unable to secure any scabs to take the places of the strikers.

COULDN'T AFFORD A DOCTOR. As a Consequence, Five-Year-Old New-York Girl Will Die of Burns.

NORWALK, Conn., March 15.—Too poor to have a doctor, the 5-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Jochanek will die from the result of burns received yesterday afternoon when she was playing at a bonfire.

WEAR THE TRIEBITZ SHOES 1734 PITKIN AVENUE, BROOKLYN

THE WILDER SHOE SHOP RELIABLE FAMILY FOOTWEAR. 679 Knickerbocker Ave., near Cornelia St., Brooklyn.

C. O. LOEBEL UP-TO-DATE. 1265 PITKIN AVENUE, BROOKLYN.

B. PFEFFERKORN UP TO DATE CLOTHING. 427 Knickerbocker Ave., Brooklyn.

E. Antman HATS STRICTLY UNION MADE. 437 KNICKERBOCKER AVE., Brooklyn

Martin Ders MEN'S FURNISHINGS. 685-687 BROADWAY, BROOKLYN.

BERGER'S LUCKY SPOT 2823 Atlantic Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

H. Delventhal GROCERY AND MEAT MARKET. Flatbush Ave., Cor. Cortlandt Road. Telephone 55, Flatbush.

HIGH-GROUND DAIRY CO. QUALITY OUR MOTTO. COUNTRY BOTTLED MILK. 642-644 MARION ST. TEL. 6406 BLD.

BOSTON—TREMONT TEMPLE Tuesday Evening, March 19, 1912, 8 P. M. "Class Struggle in America" JOB HARRIMAN REV. ALEXANDER IRVINE

OPPONENTS OF MINERS



GEORGE F. BAER

SEGAL AIMED TO SELL TO TRUST? BIG BRONX CROWD HEARS MILLARD

Parsons' Counsel Seeks to Prove Builder of Big Pennsylvania Refinery Knew of Fixing. It was made known by the defense yesterday in the trial of John E. Parsons, Washington B. Thomas and the other directors of the American Sugar Refining Company that it would be its purpose to show that the big Pennsylvania refinery in Philadelphia, erected by Adolph Segal and his associates and which the defendants are charged with conspiring to ruin as a dangerous rival, was really built by Segal with the direct purpose of selling it to the Sugar Trust, that Segal knew all the time that it was sugar money that was being loaned to him and that it was only another way of accomplishing his original object.

GOV.'S MEASURES FAILED TO PASS

LANSING, Mich., March 15.—The Michigan Legislature today was called for a second special session March 20 by Governor Osborn.

TEA. Strength, Not Size is what counts in a packet.

White Rose CEYLON TEA One Quality—the Best. White Rose Coffee, Peppermint Tea, etc.

ANTHRACITE MEN SHOW DANGERS TO THE MINERS (Continued from page 1.)

by raising the prices while the conference was on. As the delegates were filing out from the conference it was reported that the prices had gone up to \$7.50 per ton wholesale, while the retailers were charging as much as they could, according to the necessity of the consumer. It was alleged, however, that there was not much in stock and that the harvest would be of short duration.

FIGHT IN LAWRENCE NOT YET ENDED

Eight Mills Still Refuse to Grant Demands of Strikers. Need Funds. The following despatch, which is an appeal for more funds with which to carry on the strike against a number of mills that have not yet granted the demands of the strikers in Lawrence, was received at the office of The Call yesterday:

MERRILL BILL IS INDORSED BY C. F. U.

Delegates Urge Action Against Non-Union Fox Theaters. The workmen's compensation bill, providing for the creation of a compulsory State insurance fund for the benefit of injured workers, which was introduced by Herbert M. Merrill, Socialist Assemblyman from Schenectady, was unanimously indorsed at the meeting of the Central Federated Union last night.

DECLARES CLAIM OF ARCHITECT 'OUTRAGEOUS'

ALBANY, March 15.—Attorney General Carmody has advised the State Commission on New Prisons that the claim of William J. Beardsley, the architect who drew the plans for the proposed new State Prison at Windale, Dutchess County, for services as architect, claimed to have been performed, should be rejected.

MUST NOT BE IRRITATED. Mrs. Tully Says Literary People Can't Work if They're Bothered.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 15.—Mrs. Eleanor Gates Tully arrived in San Francisco from Pleasanton, where she has been in seclusion since the separation from Richard Walton Tully became public.

NURSE COMMITS SUICIDE. Mary L. McGovern, a trained nurse, 36 years old, committed suicide yesterday morning by jumping from the bow of the ferryboat Steiway as it was crossing the East River to the Astoria shore from the slip at the foot of 92d street.

BEGINS 18-YEAR SENTENCE. BOSTON, March 15.—William J. ("Big Bill") Keilher began tonight his eighteen-year sentence in the State Prison for aiding and abetting George W. Coleman, the young book-keeper to wreck the National City Bank of Cambridge.

REISER'S HATS The Best in the World for the Money

REISER'S HATS 122 DELANCEY STREET, N. Y. Reiser, Essex and Norfolk Sts.

CHAS. JOOS'S Knickerbocker Pure Food Market MODERN SANITARY 409 Knickerbocker Avenue, cor. Himrod Street Big Opening Saturday, March 16, 1912 WITH A FULL SUPPLY OF ALL KINDS OF Meat Products, Butter, Eggs, Wine, Whiskey, Bologna Sausages, Cheese, Liquors, Pork Delicatessen, Tea and Coffee, Bottle Beer, Beef, Veal, Bread, Cakes and Pies, Fruits and Vegetables, Lamb, Poultry.

DECLARES CLAIM OF ARCHITECT 'OUTRAGEOUS' ALBANY, March 15.—Attorney General Carmody has advised the State Commission on New Prisons that the claim of William J. Beardsley, the architect who drew the plans for the proposed new State Prison at Windale, Dutchess County, for services as architect, claimed to have been performed, should be rejected.

UNION MADE SHOES FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN. ONLY BEST QUALITIES. LATEST STYLES AT POPULAR PRICES. HARLEN SHOE COMPANY 1806 THIRD AVE., cor. 163d ST.

M. & A. KATZ DEPARTMENT STORE 831-833 Third Ave., near 81st St. NEW YORK. Headquarters for Boys' Wash Suits and Girls' Dresses at exceptionally low prices. FAIR TREATMENT TO ALL.

M. LITTMAN GO FOR YOUR UNION HATS, GENTS' FURNISHINGS AND SHOES TO M. LITTMAN 247 Springfield Ave., Newark, N. J.

BAKERS HAD RIGHT TO OUST GOTTFRIED

All but One of the Fifteen Strikers Released by Magistrate Murphy.

Magistrate Murphy in the Essex Market Court yesterday discharged fourteen of the fifteen bakers who were arrested Tuesday night when Elias Gottfried, a baker boss...

The release of the prisoners is a further rebuke for the baker boss and his detectives who acted as his aids and invaded the union headquarters when the strikers were holding a special meeting...

Gottfried was represented by Attorney Aaron Levy, the Assemblyman. Levy could do nothing for his client, however, as the facts were so flagrant against him...

Two of the fourteen strikers were found guilty of disorderly conduct by Magistrate Murphy, but the magistrate released them with a slight reprimand.

Mayor Gaynor was in court throughout the hearing.

Telephone 1343 Stuyvesant. A NEW UNION LAUNDRY

The International Laundry A new Hand Laundry is established by one of the laundry strikers who cannot get his position back. It is requested that every Comrade should patronize it.

IT IS LOCATED AT 243 EAST 13TH STREET Work called for and delivered within forty-eight hours in every part of the city.

Strictly Union Work BELIEVE PRIEST TO BE GIRL'S HUSBAND

Marriage License Indicates Father Driscoll Wed New Rochelle Maid.

The finding of a marriage license in Jersey City dated December 4, allowing Marie Niehaus, the only daughter of Charles Henry Niehaus, the well known sculptor, to marry Rev. Dennis J. Driscoll, formerly an assistant pastor at the fashionable Church of the Blessed Sacrament in New Rochelle, throws new light upon the circumstances which surrounded the removal of Father Driscoll from this church last fall.

When Niehaus was questioned last night at his farm house on Quaker Ridge and reminded of the various incidents in the matter, he finally admitted that his daughter must have married the priest.

Niehaus did not have any kind of thing to say about "Mr. Driscoll." He claimed that the first time he met him was last December. He said that there was so much talk going around about his daughter and the priest that he decided to hunt him down and bring him to his home.

"Not long since," he continued, "the Theatrical Managers' Association sent a request to the Musical Mutual Protective Union to submit the new union scale of the musicians to go into effect when the present agreement will have expired on July 1, with a view, we were given to understand, to a joint conference over these new rates. The union sent the managers a memorandum stating the union wages and asking for advances effective on July 1 of from 10 to 20 per cent. I expect the managers to keep their word."

WU LIKES AMERICA.

LONDON, March 15.—The Peking correspondent of the Daily Telegraph says that although Dr. Wu Ting-fang has been offered the Foreign Office portfolio in the new government, he is determined to refuse it and to obtain reappointment as Chinese Minister at Washington.

MERIDEN WANTS COMMISSION.

MERIDEN, Conn., March 15.—Nearly 1,200 voters have signed a petition for the commission form of government. A special committee is revising the city charter and the petitioners want the committee to recommend the commission government.

FORFEITS WHITE SLAVER'S BAIL.

In the United States Court yesterday Judge Hand issued an order forfeiting the \$10,000 bail of Pasquale Fusco, a Hartford, Conn., hotel keeper, accused of trafficking in white slaves. Fusco was to have appeared for trial today, but failed to show up, and Assistant District Attorney Walton told the court he understood he had fled to Europe.

REJOICES IN TWO CHIEFS.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, March 15.—Columbus had two chiefs of police to-night. Chief C. M. Carter, under suspension for three weeks by Mayor Erb, was reinstated today by the Civil Service Commission after a hearing of charges. A half hour before the reinstatement order was issued Mayor Erb designated Harry E. French, who has been acting chief, as permanent chief. Carter served notice on French tonight that he would take charge tomorrow.

GERMAN STRIKERS FIRM.

BERLIN, March 15.—According to official figures 150,000 men are still out. There are some predictions of an early settlement of the strike, but these are based on indefinite data. Isolated disturbances continue, but they are not serious.

STORY OF TAXI HOLD-UP TOLD

Alleged Participants Testify as to Trinity Place Robbery.

Edward Kinsman, one of the men accused of the holdup on February 13 of a taxicab containing two bank messengers of the East River National Bank and \$25,000 in cash, concluded his story yesterday before Justice Seabury and a jury in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court.

He denied having any weapon when he jumped on the seat beside Montani, and stated that Montani asked him to point his finger at his side as if he was holding a gun. He said that while he was on the seat and the two accomplices were inside the taxicab Montani drove past three policemen and could easily have attracted their attention had he wished so to do.

Kinsman was followed on the stand by Policeman Donohue, whom Montani accused at Park place, and Church street, telling him that he had been held up and asking him to peer inside the cab, where Wilbur F. Smith and Frank Wardle, the bank messengers, were lying on the floor and bleeding profusely from their wounds.

The evidence disclosed in the first arrest of Montani and also the facts brought out at his subsequent arrest shortly after Kinsman was taken into custody, were related when Deputy Commissioner Dougherty took the stand.

The witness said that although Montani was discharged when arraigned in Police Court following his first arrest, he was not relieved of suspicion and a close watch was kept on him by detectives from headquarters. At no time, however, were the detectives able to catch Montani in company with Kinsman or any of the other men who belonged to the gang of bandits.

Lieutenant Dominick Reilly, of Police Headquarters, who next took the stand, corroborated the statements of Dougherty in regard to the examination of Montani, and as to Montani's answers.

Wilbur F. Smith and Frank Wardle, the bank messengers, were important witnesses. Smith, who is 65 years old, told a clear story of the attack. Wardle is a boy just out of high school, though he was intrusted with large sums of money that did not belong to him.

Later Jean Albrozzo, who has agreed to plead guilty on his indictment for robbery in the first degree, was brought from the Tombs as a witness for the prosecution. Albrozzo maintained that Montani engineered the robbery and hired him to put it through.

Montani's attitude since the very day of the affair has been that he never had anything to do with the crime, and if anybody engineered it, his defense will be, it must have been Albrozzo.

"Scotty," alias Joseph Lamb, "a nondescript character, who was promised \$25, as he testified, if he would step out in front of Montani's taxicab so as to afford an excuse for blowing the cab down, told his short story, with the contemptuous addition that he had never been paid the money."

MUSICIANS WILL HOLD MANAGER TO WORD

President W. K. Kernwood, of the Musical Mutual Protective Union, No. 370, said yesterday in reference to the action of the Board of Directors of the Theatrical Managers' Association in refusing the demands made by the union, to go into effect on July 1, that he did not understand such action. No demands were made, he declared, and he was surprised to read in the papers that demands supposed to have been made by the union were refused.

"Not long since," he continued, "the Theatrical Managers' Association sent a request to the Musical Mutual Protective Union to submit the new union scale of the musicians to go into effect when the present agreement will have expired on July 1, with a view, we were given to understand, to a joint conference over these new rates. The union sent the managers a memorandum stating the union wages and asking for advances effective on July 1 of from 10 to 20 per cent. I expect the managers to keep their word."

The average wages of the musicians in the theaters at present, he said, are as follows: Musical houses, \$24 a week; burlesque houses, \$25; houses with four-night shows, \$30. Minor changes in working conditions, he said, were asked for in the memorandum sent to the theatrical managers. The theaters represented by the Theatrical Managers' Association employ 800 musicians.

In the United States Court yesterday Judge Hand issued an order forfeiting the \$10,000 bail of Pasquale Fusco, a Hartford, Conn., hotel keeper, accused of trafficking in white slaves. Fusco was to have appeared for trial today, but failed to show up, and Assistant District Attorney Walton told the court he understood he had fled to Europe.

REJOICES IN TWO CHIEFS.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, March 15.—Columbus had two chiefs of police to-night. Chief C. M. Carter, under suspension for three weeks by Mayor Erb, was reinstated today by the Civil Service Commission after a hearing of charges. A half hour before the reinstatement order was issued Mayor Erb designated Harry E. French, who has been acting chief, as permanent chief. Carter served notice on French tonight that he would take charge tomorrow.

GERMAN STRIKERS FIRM.

BERLIN, March 15.—According to official figures 150,000 men are still out. There are some predictions of an early settlement of the strike, but these are based on indefinite data. Isolated disturbances continue, but they are not serious.

IT FITS WELL AROUND THE NECK



House of Morrison 106 & 108 Fulton St., N. Y. Tailors

GOVERNOR FAVORS SAVING POWER

Declares Idea Is Not "Socialistic," So Urges Conservation.

ALBANY, March 15.—Gov. John A. Dix today emphasized the importance of the water power conservation legislation to the people of this State. The Governor believes that the development of electrical energy through the water power latent in the streams of New York is the most momentous matter that has claimed the consideration of the public in years.

The Governor estimates that from Niagara Falls 250,000-horsepower can be developed, that in the St. Lawrence River 500,000 more can be obtained. From the operation of the barge canal system another 100,000-horsepower may be had, and in the Adirondacks and in the counties of the southern tier, and elsewhere in the State there is power in the neighborhood of 2,000,000-horsepower.

The plan which is set forth in the bill introduced at the request of the conservation commission, and which the Governor favors, provides for the transmission of power throughout the State to every city and village. This is accomplished by trunk transmission lines leading from the centers of generation.

Governor Dix said that "the argument had been raised that the plan is Socialistic, but this is not true." He pointed to the fact that practically every city in the State has its own water works and that the State is developing one of the greatest inland barge canal and good road systems of the world, at a cost of over \$100,000,000 in the case of the canal and \$50,000,000 in the case of the new highways, and all for the use of the people.

The Governor estimated that the new plan if put into operation could save the people of the State upwards of 25,000,000 tons of coal used annually for fuel. The Governor declared that New York State in this development would be following the example of other countries and he mentioned Canada and Switzerland, and would only be taking advantage of her natural resources for the benefit of her inhabitants and their industries.

SAY R. R. MOTORMEN'S JOBS ARE DANGEROUS

An effort was made at the second conference yesterday in the Engineers' Societies Building, between the committees of general railroad managers and the locomotive engineers over the demands of the engineers on the Eastern roads for a general increase of wages, by Warren S. Stone, grand chief of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, to show that the engineers who have become motormen on the electrified zones of railroads were exposed to more danger than the engineers on the steam locomotives.

Figures were brought out in a discussion on the wages demands to indicate the increase of wages for a year in all the operating departments of the Eastern railroads. They showed that while there were 31,037 less employees on the Eastern railroads in 1911 than in 1910 the aggregate of wages in 1911 was \$49,976,226 more on these roads in 1911 than in 1910. The gain in gross tonnage in 1911 over 1910 was 22,585,123, while there was a decline in the net earnings of \$40,988,538.

These figures were brought out to show that the railroads stood the expense of the increased wages.

THERE ARE MANY OTHERS.

The Brooklyn Eagle has been "straw voting" the enrolled Republicans as to their preference for Taft or Roosevelt. One writes back that he is now a Socialist, showing that the time since primary day has been one of progress.

CHINESE WOMEN IN MODE.

PARIS, March 15.—Chinese women discarded their Oriental dress and appeared in Parisian gowns of the latest fashion, at a banquet given to celebrate the establishment of the new republic.

AVIATOR WITTE KILLED.

BERLIN, March 15.—As the result of one of the wings of his biplane collapsing while he was high in the air, Herr Witte, the noted German aviator, was instantly killed at Teltow today.

WOULD TEACH GIRLS TO FLIRT.

PHILADELPHIA, March 15.—"Teach your girls how to flirt and when and why they ought to flirt, and you will have more noble motherhood and fewer tragedies," said Miss Laura B. Garrett, of New York.

PROTEST AGAINST THE SUBWAY STEAL

Meeting of "Big 6" in Carnegie Hall Poorly Attended Owing to Rain.

The mass meeting in Carnegie Hall of Typographical Union No. 6 to protest against the subway steal which is being pulled off in the vicinity of the City Hall, under the very eyes of Mayor Gaynor and others to whom the people of New York have entrusted the interests of the city, was poorly attended last night. The downpour of rain which lasted all day and until late in the evening kept away all but a few hundred men and women who are traction enthusiasts, so to say.

These few hundred men and women, however, gave their undivided attention to speakers, each of whom exposed the plundering of the city by J. P. Morgan and his subsidiary concerns.

C. M. Maxwell, president of "Big Six," opened the meeting with a reading of a resolution showing that the cry of those who are opposed to the city building its own subway, that the city lacks resources for such an undertaking is "fiction designed to seduce the people into willingness to allow the overthrow of the referendum vote and private capital to get the subway for which the people voted."

The resolution further asserted that "the Traction Trust contrived to invent the fiction of a rivalry between the Interborough and the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, which were to enter into a 'deadly' competition and confuse the issue." Into this conspiracy to turn over to the Traction Trust, the resolution continued, "the city officials have entered, and for sixteen months members of the Board of Estimate and of the Public Service Commission have been in almost daily secret conference with the men who have debauched public life, struggling to find some means to break up this great trolley system (including Broadway, Lexington avenue, with Centre street loop, the bridge, and Fourth avenue subway), and part of the city at its priceless property. Even the Supreme Court bench has been approached, and there are today pending friendly injunction suits in a mad endeavor to find some judge (since we have no judicial recall) who will so interpret the law and widen the door as to allow the steal to go through."

The resolution declared itself for municipally built and operated subways. Letters were read from Theodore Roosevelt, Governor Woodrow Wilson, William J. Bryan, Joseph Fels and other celebrities, each of whom "regretted" his inability to address the meeting.

Fred C. Leubuscher, a lawyer and single tax advocate, says that the present traction law provides that if no proper contract can be made the city may itself operate the subways. Yet in all this tangled subway situation not one capitalist newspaper suggests this simple remedy of the city building its own subways.

The meeting was enlightened considerably by the overzealousness of L. S. Bedford, John S. Crosby, a lawyer, was introduced as the speaker to follow Leubuscher, when Bedford sprang up from his seat and began clamoring that he be heard first. The resolution should not be voted upon, he said, until he had explained it. President Maxwell told Bedford to take his seat. But Bedford would do no such thing, and John Crosby then voluntarily relinquished the floor to Bedford. Bedford spoke for three-quarters of an hour and illustrated his talk with documents, of which he had a suitcase full with him.

After Bedford was dripping wet with perspiration from jumping up and down the platform and pounding the table with his fists he relinquished the floor and John S. Crosby made a few remarks scoring the corporations. The resolution was then adopted.

FEAR OF "G. O. P." MOB.

Police Army Rushed to Scene of Indiana Republican Convention.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., March 15.—Forty policemen were ordered to the convention of the First Congressional District Republicans here this afternoon to prevent rioting in the selection of two delegates to the Republican National Convention. More officers are being held in reserve.

Twenty-five men, claiming to be supporters of Colonel Roosevelt, were ordered by the police to cross the Ohio River into Kentucky. It was feared that an assault would be made on former United States Senator James Hemenway, who is leading the fight for instructed delegates for President Taft.

POSTMASTER "STULTIFIED."

WASHINGTON, March 15.—Reiterating his charge that Federal patronage has been used in Kansas to line up opposition to Presidential primaries, Governor Stubbs has sent another telegram to President Taft, according to a statement issued by the Roosevelt headquarters today. Stubbs charges that the postmaster at Paola was "stultified" into voting against primaries.

BABY HERO SAVES SISTER, DIES.

Edward Callisan, 6 years old, jumped in front of a truck, hurled his little sister Marjorie safely out of reach of the horse's hoofs, and was himself crushed to death yesterday.

The Lenox Baths. 136-137 West 116th Street, New York. ARE NOW OPEN. The bath is equipped with the latest improvements and is one of the finest baths ever built in New York.

This Coupon Good for 25 Cents If Presented at Box Office. NOT GOOD ON SATURDAY AND SUNDAY.

SPORTS. ROLLER AND KARLA PUT UP GREAT MAT CONTEST. By JOHN J. HAAS. One of the best wrestling contests seen here for some time between heavyweights was that witnessed last night at the Clermont rink, Brooklyn, where Karla, the Hindoo wrestler, and Dr. Benjamin Roller, of Seattle, Wash., grappled in three relays of ten minutes each without a fall being secured by either man.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS. Small Ads That Bring Results. Try an insertion in The Call, the most closely read daily paper.

RECEIVES VERDICT OF \$1,000. Philadelphia Workman Wins Suit Against Rapid Transit Co. PHILADELPHIA, March 15.—John Bolla, a Prussian Pole, and a bricklayer by trade, of this city, who was severely injured by a fall off a trolley car, on August 30, 1907, has, after all this delay, managed to win his case.

CALL READERS. If you desire artistic work, have your photograph taken at Comrade L. BORESSOFF'S. 355 Grand St., cor. Essex St.

M. Froomkin ART PHOTOS. 65 Avenue B, bet. 5th and 6th Sts. It would not resemble you, but will look just like you, when you have your photo made at

GRAND ANNUAL BALL OF THE Obermeyer & Liebmann's EMPLOYEES' BENEVOLENT FUND. TO BE HELD AT ARION HALL, 13-27 Arion Pl., near Broadway. On Saturday Evening, March 16. TICKETS, 25 CENTS. DOORS OPEN AT 8 P. M. MUSIC BY PROF. KRAUS.

REGISTERED PATENT ATTORNEY. CONRADO E. M. GROSS, PITMAN, N. J. MUSIC INSTRUCTION. PIANO LESSONS at home or in student's convenient teacher, at reasonable rates.

SECOND NEW YORK LECTURE. Countess of Warwick. LECTURE SUBJECT, "THE NEW ERA IN THE OLD WORLD" Hudson Theatre Tuesday, Mar. 19.

AMUSEMENTS. PROSPECT THEATRE. The Two Orphans. Sunday—Continuation of the Play.

O. W. Wuertz. Pianos and Player Pianos. ACTUAL QUALITY AND VALUES. 1700 Third Ave., nr. 118th St., Manhattan.

PRINTERS. CO-OPERATIVE PRESS. 15 Spruce St. PRINTERS, New York. GEO. J. SPEYER, Printer.

McCarr's Hats. Are always the best and cheapest. 310 BOWERY.

"We are Bombarding the Capitalist Camp with Loaves of Bread" So said Eduard Ansels, the Socialist Deputy in the Belgian Parliament and the manager of the big co-operative bakeries in Ghent, Belgium. THE CO-OPERATIVE LEAGUE. Hat Factory: 42-44 East Houston Street.

International Mass Meeting. To protest against the action of the Russian Government in refusing to reopen the case of the Socialist Deputies of the Second Duma, who were sentenced to long terms of imprisonment on framed up charges. WILL BE HELD Sunday, March 17, at 2 P. M. At Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. 4th St.

GRAND ANNUAL BALL OF THE Obermeyer & Liebmann's EMPLOYEES' BENEVOLENT FUND. TO BE HELD AT ARION HALL, 13-27 Arion Pl., near Broadway. On Saturday Evening, March 16. TICKETS, 25 CENTS.

MISCELLANEOUS. MEN OF IDEAS and inventive ability. THE IDEAL SAFETY ALARM. HOUSES FOR SALE. FOR SALE—New home, 101 15th St., 41st Ave.

Published daily and Sunday by the Workingmen's Co-operative Publishing Association, 400 Pearl Street, New York.

Subscription Rates table with columns for Year, Issue Only, and Day Issues.

What's in a Name? On the same day that a young Italian workman fired three shots at the King of Italy...

But the would-be Italian murderer and these actual murderers, though both assailed the official representatives of society in their respective countries...

Everybody at once understands that the Italian workman was what is popularly known as an "anarchist." To deny the statement is palpably absurd...

And probably if the Italian workman was examined, it would be found that he, too, was about equally ignorant, despite his claim of being an "anarchist."

Yet these Virginia mountaineers had exactly the same theory as the Italian, the only difference being that as they were not conscious of its existence as a theory...

Hardly had the Italian discharged his badly aimed shots, than the populace fell upon him and attempted to take his life...

And in the Virginia episode, after the massacre in the courtroom, the populace rallied, and without waiting for any legal or official sanction...

These episodes show clearly enough the importance attached to names in the public estimation. And for the stability of the present order of society it is well that it should be so.

It was the lively noon hour, the hour when I love to be among the people who swarm over streets and sidewalks with almost childish smiles...

Nothing—noting but a compact and yet mysterious grouping, and then a surging of bare heads.

And from far away, from the very depths of the crowd, there suddenly sounded a voice, which cried:

Ten voices, a hundred voices, took up the same cry; it leaped from mouth to mouth, sometimes ironical, sometimes sinister.

"Stop him! Stop him!" Big and little, men and women, and even the drivers of carts, high up on their seats, all clamored, scintillated, threatened.

"What the devil! Stop the murderer!" No one knew exactly, but the contagious frenzy increased, a blind rage for revenge and for a teacher, and the foolishly ferocious and cowardly instinct of crowds was heightened.

Such things as that happen constantly where "Roosevelt" judges and juries are concerned, and "Roosevelt" papers like the Mail continue their applause.

It was even telegraphed in specially from Mineola. The interesting part is yet to come. An appeal has been taken, and probably a Roosevelt judge will sustain the appeal.

Such things as that happen constantly where "Roosevelt" judges and juries are concerned, and "Roosevelt" papers like the Mail continue their applause.

It was even telegraphed in specially from Mineola. The interesting part is yet to come. An appeal has been taken, and probably a Roosevelt judge will sustain the appeal.

Such things as that happen constantly where "Roosevelt" judges and juries are concerned, and "Roosevelt" papers like the Mail continue their applause.

It was even telegraphed in specially from Mineola. The interesting part is yet to come. An appeal has been taken, and probably a Roosevelt judge will sustain the appeal.

Such things as that happen constantly where "Roosevelt" judges and juries are concerned, and "Roosevelt" papers like the Mail continue their applause.

It was even telegraphed in specially from Mineola. The interesting part is yet to come. An appeal has been taken, and probably a Roosevelt judge will sustain the appeal.

Such things as that happen constantly where "Roosevelt" judges and juries are concerned, and "Roosevelt" papers like the Mail continue their applause.

It was even telegraphed in specially from Mineola. The interesting part is yet to come. An appeal has been taken, and probably a Roosevelt judge will sustain the appeal.

"THEY GOTTA QUIT KICKIN' THIS DAWG AROUN'"



A Case of Conscience

ALEXANDRE HEPP, in 'Humanite'

Lounging along, a cigar in my mouth, I walked aimlessly through the crowded quarter. On every hand the shops were disgorging their workers.

It was the lively noon hour, the hour when I love to be among the people who swarm over streets and sidewalks with almost childish smiles...

Nothing—noting but a compact and yet mysterious grouping, and then a surging of bare heads.

And from far away, from the very depths of the crowd, there suddenly sounded a voice, which cried:

Ten voices, a hundred voices, took up the same cry; it leaped from mouth to mouth, sometimes ironical, sometimes sinister.

"Stop him! Stop him!" Big and little, men and women, and even the drivers of carts, high up on their seats, all clamored, scintillated, threatened.

"What the devil! Stop the murderer!" No one knew exactly, but the contagious frenzy increased, a blind rage for revenge and for a teacher, and the foolishly ferocious and cowardly instinct of crowds was heightened.

Such things as that happen constantly where "Roosevelt" judges and juries are concerned, and "Roosevelt" papers like the Mail continue their applause.

It was even telegraphed in specially from Mineola. The interesting part is yet to come. An appeal has been taken, and probably a Roosevelt judge will sustain the appeal.

Such things as that happen constantly where "Roosevelt" judges and juries are concerned, and "Roosevelt" papers like the Mail continue their applause.

It was even telegraphed in specially from Mineola. The interesting part is yet to come. An appeal has been taken, and probably a Roosevelt judge will sustain the appeal.

Such things as that happen constantly where "Roosevelt" judges and juries are concerned, and "Roosevelt" papers like the Mail continue their applause.

It was even telegraphed in specially from Mineola. The interesting part is yet to come. An appeal has been taken, and probably a Roosevelt judge will sustain the appeal.

Such things as that happen constantly where "Roosevelt" judges and juries are concerned, and "Roosevelt" papers like the Mail continue their applause.

It was even telegraphed in specially from Mineola. The interesting part is yet to come. An appeal has been taken, and probably a Roosevelt judge will sustain the appeal.

Such things as that happen constantly where "Roosevelt" judges and juries are concerned, and "Roosevelt" papers like the Mail continue their applause.

The "Hocus Pocus" of Banking

No subject is so little understood as banking and currency. Many strange ideas are prevalent concerning the same.

The bank hires men to handle over pieces of paper—they seldom do anything else—and in a few years the bank owns half of the town, and holds mortgages on the other half.

Whence comes this enormous wealth into the possession of the bankers, almost without effort?

Herein lies the hocus-pocus; a delusion greater than the one that caused the people of Ephesus to offer up pigeons to Diana.

Take the case of a farmer who goes to a bank to borrow so-called money. He gives the bank his note, secured by a farm.

A few men, by a process of robbery called "business," have acquired \$100,000 in United States notes. They decide to start a national bank.

Nothing is made or lost by this exchange. They now hold the stock certificates individually, and they hold the United States notes collectively, in the bank.

This is exchange of paper No. 2. For this simple "swapping" of notes the government has paid the banks from 2 to 7 per cent interest in gold, not paper.

This is exchange of paper No. 3. It is not a complete exchange because the bank owns both the fraudulent "bonds" and the bogus money called bank notes.

This is exchange of paper No. 4. Another plain "swapping" of notes. But until they "swap back," Mr.

As nearly all the business of a bank is the transfer of credits and debts, it could be done by the bookkeeper, without the use of money.

More than once Dr. Jacob Gould Schurman used the above phrase in his attempted expose of Socialism in a recent issue of the Tribune.

"Here a little and there a little!" Yes, Dr. Schurman, that is exactly what the capitalist is doing today—robbing the exploited worker whenever and wherever he can.

"Here a little and there a little!" How the words haunt the Socialist who sees in this significant phrase all the torture and cruelty which an unjust profit system has brought upon the toilers of the world.

"Here a little and there a little!" Thank you, Dr. Schurman, for giving us in these trenchant words a vivid picture of the whole miserable system of exploitation, of the wretched struggle of the workers for a bare livelihood.

"Here a little and there a little!" As I write the words, gruesome pictures rise before my eyes. I see beggars men puffing in misery, famished girls struggling to escape from a damnable fire-trap, women poring over machinery never intended for their frail, ill-nourished bodies.

"Here a little and there a little!" Don't you see the glorious place of the stupid hymns and prayers which have so long dulled your mind to your rights and needs as human beings.

"Here a little and there a little!" Conquer—conquer—conquer! whenever you will unite in a battle demand your rights. Here a little and there a little—a city here, a State here, a State here—don't let this capitalist-governed world ride on your backs.

"Here a little and there a little!" Conquer—conquer—conquer! whenever you will unite in a battle demand your rights. Here a little and there a little—a city here, a State here, a State here—don't let this capitalist-governed world ride on your backs.

"Here a little and there a little!" Conquer—conquer—conquer! whenever you will unite in a battle demand your rights. Here a little and there a little—a city here, a State here, a State here—don't let this capitalist-governed world ride on your backs.

BUTTONS FOR BALDWIN SCABS

The Baldwin Locomotive Works, Philadelphia, Pa., has instituted the B. L. W. Loyal Legion as a form of recognition of the loyal and faithful service of all its employees who continued in the active service of the company during the strike last June.

These tokens of appreciation and good will will be appreciated by those entitled to them and have served to create a certain rank based upon loyalty and service. The numbers are to be changed each year, as the center of the button is removable.

These tokens of appreciation and good will will be appreciated by those entitled to them and have served to create a certain rank based upon loyalty and service. The numbers are to be changed each year, as the center of the button is removable.

These tokens of appreciation and good will will be appreciated by those entitled to them and have served to create a certain rank based upon loyalty and service. The numbers are to be changed each year, as the center of the button is removable.

These tokens of appreciation and good will will be appreciated by those entitled to them and have served to create a certain rank based upon loyalty and service. The numbers are to be changed each year, as the center of the button is removable.

These tokens of appreciation and good will will be appreciated by those entitled to them and have served to create a certain rank based upon loyalty and service. The numbers are to be changed each year, as the center of the button is removable.

These tokens of appreciation and good will will be appreciated by those entitled to them and have served to create a certain rank based upon loyalty and service. The numbers are to be changed each year, as the center of the button is removable.

These tokens of appreciation and good will will be appreciated by those entitled to them and have served to create a certain rank based upon loyalty and service. The numbers are to be changed each year, as the center of the button is removable.

These tokens of appreciation and good will will be appreciated by those entitled to them and have served to create a certain rank based upon loyalty and service. The numbers are to be changed each year, as the center of the button is removable.

These tokens of appreciation and good will will be appreciated by those entitled to them and have served to create a certain rank based upon loyalty and service. The numbers are to be changed each year, as the center of the button is removable.

These tokens of appreciation and good will will be appreciated by those entitled to them and have served to create a certain rank based upon loyalty and service. The numbers are to be changed each year, as the center of the button is removable.