CHURCH DOES NOT RECOGNIZE

Carpenter-Clergyman Had No Right to Perform the Ceremony, Is Claim.

EVENTS LEADING UP TO

1891—John Jacob Astor married Miss Ava Willing of Philadelphia. 1892—William Vincent Astor, son,

1885—Miss Madeline Force born in Brooklyn to Mr. and Mrs. William H. Force. 1902—Alice Astor, second child of John

1902—Alice Astor, second child of John Jacob and Mrs. Astor, born.
1910—Mrs. Ava Willing Astor granted final decree of divorce on statutory grounds. Astor forbidden to remarry in New York state.
1911—August 1: Engagement of Colonel Astor and Miss Madeline Force an-

ounced by her father, William H.

August 6: Rev. George Chalmers Richmond, Episcopal clergyman, of Philadelphia, denounced proposed mar-riage. Episcopal ministers all over the country announced they would refuse to marry Astor.

to marry Astor.

September 1: Astor makes settlement of \$5,000,000 on fiancee.

September 4: Month's search for an Episcopal minister willing to perform the marriage fails.

September 5: Rev. F. Lewis Brooks, Baptist and Rev. Edward A. Johnson, Methodist ministers, refused a fee of

Methodist ministers, refused a fee of \$1,000 to perform the wedding ceremony, September 8: Rev. Edwin S. Straight, clerical carpenter, who years ago was a Baptist preacher, agreed to perform the ceremony and renewed his license to act

September 9: Astor yacht arrived at Newport with the Colonel and his bride on board. Arrangements completed for the wedding. Ages of Principals—Colonel Astor, 47;

Miss Force, 18.

By United Press.

New York, Sept. 9.—The marriage of Colonel Astor and Madeline Force, performed by the Providence carpenterclergyman, Rev. E. S. Straight, has the official sanction of no church body, ac-cording to Rev. K. C. MacArthur, pres-ident of the Baptist World Alliance and an authority on ecclesiastical law.

Not Baptist Pastor

"I know all about this man Straight," said MacArthur today. "He is not a Baptist pastor at all, but is a super-sunuated clergyman, who has been regularly employed as a carpenter for

church, and has no right, as a Baptist, to perform the ceremon. I am writ-ing him today to demand why he has the attreatery to pose as a Baptist minister.

minister.
"No Baptist clergyman could marry Astor and Miss Force because while our church laws permit the remarriage of the innocent parry in a divorce, we follow strictly the scriptural law that the guilty party shall not remarry."

Married at Newport

Marithu By United Press.

Newport, R. I., Sept. 9.—Colonel John Jacob Astor and Miss Madeline Force were married at the Beechwood, the colonel's handsome Newport villâ, at 9:45 o'clock today by the Rev. Edwin S. Straight, carpenter-clergyman of

"John D.'s" Pastor Objects

By United Press.
Cleveland, Ohio, Sept. 8.—Rev. Dr.
William Bustard, pastor of the Euclid Avenue Baptist church, of which John

Avenue Baptist church, of which John D. Rockefeller is a regular attendant, today vigorously denounced the marriage of John Jacob Astor and Miss Madeline Force of New York.

"All marriages of this nature ought to be forbidden," said Rev. Mr. Bustard. "Although there is no law in our church against it, I would not perform the ceremony, nor would any other self-respecting clergyman." Raliway traffic had ceased, work was almost at a standstill, the army, mobilized, stood ready for action, the capitalist and commercial classes were panicistricken, the holiday public experies. And this was the charter of liberty and redress which the men's representation working disappointment and sufficiently and redress which the men's representative.

BOSSES ORDER POLICE ATTACK ON UNION MEN

While on their way home after a day's work of peaceful picketing at Rhinehart's Leather Works, 24th and State streets, two union leather work-ers were set upon by a policeman in ers were set upon by a policeman in uniform and plain clothes men, acarches and threatened with violence. Bhine-hart was hearby when the attack took

The general strike of the railwaymen ordered and fulfilled only twenty-four ordered and fulfilled only twenty-for ordered and fulfilled only twenty-four and and an an an an an an an and the streets with the joyful announcement:

The Railyway Btrike Settled!

As by magic the towns became astir with people hastening in the settled with the joyful announcement:

The Railyway Strike Settled!

As by magic the towns became astir with people hastening to obtain details of the terms of the settled!

As by magic the towns became astir with people hastening to heat-lined in grains in the streets with the joyful announcement:

The Railyway Strike Settled!

As by magic the towns became astir with people hastening to heat-lined and provide and already railwaymen

sional expenses have been au-d by the council finance commit-the hiring of counsel and other es to be incurred by the Civil

THE CHICAGO RAILROAD WORKERS ASTOR WEDDING DAILY SOCIALIST

Whole Districts of China Flooded; Famine, Revolt and Cholera Threaten Hundreds of Thousands



(The Daily Socialist sent its Chip prespondent up the Yangtze rive brough flooded central China who first the alarming reports seemed to indicate that this was going to be the worst of the life-taking floods which annually inundate a large portion of the empire. His pictures of the flood in Hankow, one of the principal foreign ports there, and his description of the flood, which later cable dispatches say rages yet, follow.—Editor.)

BY EDWIN J. DINGLE.

Hankow, China.—The whole of the central provinces adjoining the mighty Yangtze-klang, are inundated, famines are rife, and rhousands of helpless human beings die daily drom drowning and starvation. Besides, serious rebellions have arisen in five quarters.

The districts around the northern basin of the Tongting lake in Hunan are under water, villages have been swept away in a single day, city gates have been unable to stand the strain and houses are flooded to the second story. Often the rural population have been

washed away with their houses to be drowned or to suffer horrible agony and destitution. Take a steamer from Shanghai and travel 1,000 miles up the Yangtze river from its mouth and you will never be out of sight of huge stretches of flooded land, showing here and there the tops of dwelling houses.

All along the route floating house dies of human beings and animal

will be encountered. ousands of square miles of cotton

The Noble Duke of York

the results of the recent railway strike

in Great Britain by J. Bruce Glasier,

Suddenly, tragically-and farcicallythe nation has passed through the

greatest industrial crisis in its history.

Yet, amidst all these dread circum-stances, three-fourths of the nation felt in their hearts a glow of aplomb and

expectation never perhaps felt by then

before.

The wonder of it all—the terror and suffering and hope of it all—the tragedy and farce of it all.

For with the dawn of the next day the spocalypse of terror and hope had disappeared. The demagogic power of labor uprisen had passed away in the night like a fevered dream.

Papers Tell of It

The general strike of the railwaymen

Victory for Trade Unionism

proclamation of victory, and there, to in bold type was the official doc ment itself signed by the represent tives of the men, the employers and the

VICTORY OR SURRENDER?

THE RAILWAYMEN'S SEDAN

(Editor's Note.-This is a review of breath, and it was as in the old bal

prominent in the economic and political struggle of the workers of the British

The first line that Sir Patrick read A loud laugh Lughed he;

The next line that Sir Patrick read,

UPPER PICTURE SHOWS FLOODED MAIN BUSINESS STREET IN NKOW; LOWER PICTURE SHOWS FOREIGN COMMERCIAL HOUSIN HANKOW AND TRESTLES USED TO GET IN AND OUT OF THE

healthy. Disease stalks abroad, a mer-ciless heat pours down upon a suffer-ing mankind all the day; at night the temperature rarely drops to below 85.

He marched them up a hill

It was unbelievable. There were no concessions at all—no, not a single one! Not one thing that the men had asked for had been granted.

Bargained for Bauble

It was for this bauble that the joint committee bargained to order the men back to work in the dead of night without consulting the men, or affording the men an opportunity of consulting with each other!

Four years ago, as a result of a

twelve months' agitation, the railway men formulated their "all grades" pro-gramme, resolving in the event of the railway companies refusing to grant their demands to have recourse to a

strike.
Shortly before the time apopinted for drastic action the meu's delegates decided to set aside for the moment all claims with respect to wages and hours

(Continued on Page 3, Column 1.)

A tear blinded his e'e.

een won!

And marched them down again

Half starved Chinese are eating bark ports conditions are nearly as bad. from the trees.

People can go about only on trestles

The water has rendered the region unplaced in the narrow streets, or in con-

Hankow, Hanyong, and Kiukang are the more important of the cities flood-ed. Cholera and other summer epdiem-In the foreign quarters of the treaty ics are raging unhindered.

and tomorrow; little change in temper ture; light to moderate easterly vinds," is the official forecast today. Suprise, 5:24 a. m.; sunset, 6:10 p. m.; moonrise, 6:58 p. m.

The official temperature for the last 24 hours shows a maximum of 66 deees and a minimum of 64 degre

NEXT STEPS ARE **NOW READY FOR** DISTRIBUTION

Last Saturday morning the country found itself in a state of panic and disorder, as if swept down upon by an armed invasion.

Traffic Had Ceased

A royal commission, which the men had not asked for, and which their executives had sconfully rejected a few days ago, had been accepted.

The men's grievances were to be inquired into, and should their claims for an increase of wages and a reduc-tion of hours be proved justifiable, the public, not the companies, were to pay the increase!

And this was the charter of liberty squads are notified to call at the county office today for their bundles of the Chicago edition of The Next Step. enced woeful disappointment and suftives had accepted, and on the fering, the people were faced with strength of which they had consented

This edition is devoted to the judicial campaign and is full of interesting articles on the relation of the workingmen

They will be sold to the branches and members at 90 cents a thousand. Get a big bundle and distribute them to-

WOMEN UNIONISTS TENDER

Miss S. M. Franklin and Miss Phelps were tendered a reception Friday after-noon by the Women's Trade Union League at the headquartersof Life and Labor. Unity building. Miss Franklin and Miss Phelps have just returned from a trip abroad.

from a trip abroad.

The league will give a musicale Sunday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, at 331 S.

La Salle street. Selections from "Pareifal" will be given by Prof. Arnold Dresden. The public is invited.

strike new rests with the officials of the system federation. All along the THE WEATHER Illinois Central today meetings are being held of all the unions in the system federation. "Mostly cloudy and unsettled fonight The rank and file of the unions are again pledging themselves to the de-mand for the recognition of the system

federation. The unions are clearing the decks for action. In the midst of this critical situation for labor, William Randolph Hearst's Cheago Examiner is busy playing the game of the Illinois Central.

Pigures Are False

Meetings Are Being Held'

Along the Illinois

Brotherhood of Railway Carme

Amalgamated Association of Shee Metal Workers, 350. Brotherhood of Railway Clerks, 1,000.

trades come out, raising the total num-

Number of shops affected if strike is

Thirteen thousand shop employes on

the Illinois Central today are as firm

in their demands for recognition of the

system federation as they have ever

There is absolutely no question of the

fact printed in the Daily Socialist yes-

terday that the strike has been sano tioned by the international officials of

the unions involved in the system fed

eration. There is absolute proof of this

Hold Meetings Today

The day and the hour of calling the

er to 13,000

In this mor ing's issue it prints false figures of the strength of the organizations in the system federation. It prints a story of a split in the ranks of the union men who have conducted the negotiations.

It seeks to ruin J. F. McCreary, president of the Ullinois Central System Federat of the Ullinois Central System Federation of the Central System Federation of the Ullinois Central System Federation of the Central System of

ration.
This is unqualifiedly false. Sanction

has been given by the international un-ions. Only the day and hour of the strike remains to be decided, as stated

Officials Are Bitter

Union officials who are dealing with the situation are bitter in ridiculing the statements issued by the Hearst papers. staff. The charge against him w

The executive board of the Interna-tional Association of Machinists will meet at the Briggs House tomorrow, its mambers being en route to their an qual convention at Davenport, Iowa, All

Make It Unanimous

It is desired to make the sanction the international unions unanimous t fore the strike is called by the syste r international trades have give

cago Examiner to make it appear that the system federation officials are usurping power to which they have no

Truth in Daily Socialist

Copies of The Chicago Daily Socialist of yesterday were sent to all shop towns on the Illinois Central lines, carrificials, who had come to Chicago pledged rying the truth about the negotiations to the system federation officials down.

FIRM AS THEY WAIT

FOR STRIKE SIGNAL

ists, 1,500.
International Association of Steam and Hot Water Fitters and Helpers of The Chicago Daily Socialist today prints the best obtainable list, giving the real membership of the unions men-tioned by the Examiner.

American Follows Lead

The Chicago American today follows the lead of the Examiner. Utterly fail-ing to give its readers the real news, the American says:

"The longer strike is talked on the Illinois Central raliroad the smaller appears to grow the chance of the federated shopmen quitting their places. Today half a dozen officers of the unions involved insisted that J. F. Mc-

Brotherhood of Railway Clerks, 1,000.
Brotherhood of Painters, Decorators
and Paperhangers of America, 400.
Brotherhood of Boilermakers and Iron
Ship Bullders of America, 1,200.
Federal Labor Union, 600.
Total of organized employes, 7,430.
There are many helpers and shop Jaborers who will strike if the organized unions involved massive that 3. sec-Creary's strike notices did not amount to anything without the sanction of the international officers and that the al-lied trades were strongly opposed to a walkout at this time. McCreary is chairman of the federation of shop emcalled, 30.
Territory affected, Chicago to New Orleans, Chicago to St. Louis, Chicago to Sjoux City, Iowa. The Ilinois Central connects with the Southern Pacific at New Orleans.
Miles of railroad, 6,000. ployes.

"The question of a strike is still in the hands of the international officials," said W. F. Kramer, secretary of the blacksmiths. "No one has had any authority to call a strike. The story is

Forfeits Every Claim

If the Hearst papers had not for-feited every claim to the confidence of union men in Chicago their representa-tives might have learned that the in-ternational officers had taken action, he action already described, and that Cramer had no intention of trusting hem with the facts, there even being

(Continued on Page 2, Column 4.)

UAIONS IN THE SYSTEM

FEDERATION ON I. C. R. R.

The system federation on the Illinois
Central railroad is composed of the following labor unions, and, in case of strike, many men not now affiliated with labor organizations would quit work, raising the number on strike to at least 13,000.

International Association of the following labor unions and the system federation officials to the system federation, had backed down.

When copies of The Chicago Daily Socialist reached the union men and they saw the true situation, the influence of the hostile press was speedily dispelled. Word was sent from union headquarters in Chicago to discredit all that appears in the capitalist newspapers. The union were being sown by agents hand of the railroad can be seen by the union men here in the coloring given to the news stories.

Socialist Judicial Ticket

CIRCUIT COURT JUDGE Seymour Stedman.

SUPERIOR COURT JUDGES

Vincent Verde. D. J. Bentall. Charles Schroeder. Samuel Block. E. Hazel Black.

Henry E. Murphy. John C. McCoy. Walker M. Yeatman. Otto C. Christiensen.

Wilbur C. Benton.

IMPORTANT TO SOCIALISTS WHO BELONG TO UNIONS

Important action on several matters will be taken Monday evening by the Socialist-Union Propaganda League. The members of the party who belong to unions are all urged to attend.

The results of this one meeting may baye a far-reaching effect. The meeting will be held in Y. P. S. L. hall, 206 West Washington street.

Will This Be Paralleled in Chicago?

Some time ago, when labor unions, employed in loading cotton on the wharves of New Orleans struck, a federal grand jury indicted the leaders for a conspiracy in restraint of trade.

This action was taken at the behest of the New Orleans Cotton Exchange, and the legal proceedings were under the Sherman anti-trust act.

SPANISH TROOPS BATTLE

WITH MOROCCAN SOLDIERS

ESPERANTO HEAD TO

St. Petersburg, Sept. 2.—A military court today tried and sentenced to eight years' penal servitude and a loss of his rights Captain Postaikoff of the general rowers. Captain Postnikoff was president of the Universal League of Peace and the Russian Esperanto League. He was known in the United States.

DUNGEONS FOR INMATES TELL

girls at the Illinois Industrial School

dry, Part of her outdoor work consisted in currying and milking some cows and washing out the cow stable. Trustees of the school, on advice of their countries withdraw from the

W. Bryant, vice president of the school, was allowed to testify on this point. She asserted that though the county paid \$10,000 to the school it had no right to regulate it. She and the attempt were upheld in this by Mrs. Charles M. Henrotin and Mrs. Hattle for the money, which he simons, trustees of the school

DEBS SPEAKS AT tions in the system federation. It prints a story of a split in the ranks of the union men who have conducted the negotiations. It seeks to ruin J. F. McCreary, president of the Illinois Central System Federation. It seeks to make it appear that he is forcing the calling of a strike on the Illinois Central in defiance of the international unions in the system federation. This is unqualifiedly false. Sanction It seeks to make it appear that he is forcing the calling of a strike on the Illinois Central in defiance of the international unions in the system federation. This is unqualifiedly false. Sanction

Bring in 25,000 Subscriptions.

dropped into the office of the Daily Se-cialist while in Chicago. Debs is now on a tour of Indians to begin a cam-paign which will be continuous until af-ter the elections this fall. Appeal Aims High

"The Appeal to Reason will have reached the 1,000,000 mark by the time the presidential election rolls around next year," said Brewer.

"We are going to secure 25,000 new subscriptions, as a starter, on our pres-ent tour of Indiana." This is the first time Debs has ever toured his native state and monster crowds meet him ev-erywhere.

More than one thousand tickets have been sold for the lecture at Hammond and many more are continually being

"Nothing has yet been heard Shoat," said Brewer. "It is now i oughly believed that he has been maped or murdered. Shoet was in

SOCIALISM IN CALIFORNIA

Keep the eye on the western coast general than could be wished, but an f the United States.

History is making there more rapidly than in any other part of the might naturally think that non-Social-History is making there more idly than in any other part of world, unless recent German and F sh symptoms of rapid progress become

Among these sunset coast common-wealths none is likely to sweep more rapidly into world significance than California.

Reliable Symptoms

When any locality is on the eve of ibstantial Socialist victories three inditions will be met.

First—Pronounced radicalism in one First-Pronounced rausers both of the old parties.
Second — A well organized labor movement working with and in the Somovement working with and in the So

cialist sails.

ments.

If, therefore, there were no other proof that the Socialist and labor movements or California were ecoming formidable, the reform movement of the state would be ample evidence.

in the Soin the Soin the Soin in good
in in good
intent polintent pol-

Recall of all officials, including judges Judges.
Initiative and referendum.
These are constitutional amendment submitted to be voted on October 10th

of this year.

A long list of other amends of them in some way deal

of them in some way desirable, will also go to the people.

The Socialists had no legislator among these lawmakers.

They had, of course, educated and agitated for those measures for two decades and so were fundamentally responsible, but they were a direct influence also.

Socialist Publicity Con Not Socialism?

(Continued on Page 4 Column 3.)

GIRLS, IS STORY

at Park Ridge are expected today be fore the Hotchkiss committee. Yesterday girls testified that Bertha Hansen, a girl in her teens, had been put in the "dungeon," a small dark room had a convulsion.

Anna Harrison, a 17-year-old girl,

SIBERIA; EIGHT YEARS TOUT Of State Expected to

LUDLOW, Ky.—Vaccinated by using a vaccine point to pick her teeth, Miss Josephine Brown is in a serious condition at a hospital.

PEORIA. III.—Choking on a bit of chicken bone while eating dinner, Alon-zo L. Crandall ruptured a blood vessel and died.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind.—Louis T. Howard, 16, waited at the Federal building all night in order to be the first depositor at the new postal bank. NEW YORK.—By transfusing four ounces of blood from his arm to 26-hour-old Edward Gifford, Dr. M. W. McDuffie probably saved the child from

bleeding to death. OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla.-Talking in his sleep revealed the fact that Walter Hamilton had escaped from the Texas penitentiary, shooting two gaurds, He was arrested.

MARSHALL, N. C .- Inspired by an evaneglist, college students here de-manded that merchants stop selling signatures and tobacco. A bonfire of to-bacco, costing \$200, was burned.

HACKENSACK, N. J.—Charging that one held him while the other beat aim. Otto Schultz, a wealthy furniture deal-er had his two sons, Otto, Jr., and Robert, arrested.

BATAVIA, Ill.-George Brooks, married, played Romes to the inmates of the Geneva State Home for Girls. He firted with a matron and was ar-

HUNNEYWELL, Kan,-It costs \$40 here to learn you can't play cards on Sunday while Mrs. Ella Wilson is mayor. Four young men were fined \$10 each because they thought they could.

KITTANNING, Pa.—Saying he wished to be tried and acquitted by a jury, George Golden, who shot and killed his wife thinking she was a burgiar, de-manded that he be indicted for mur-PITTSBURGH .-- Anxious to earn her

living as a "newsie," Jessie Jones, 18, put on boy's clothing. All went well for a time, but a policeman noticed the tell-tale mincing walk and arrested

PITTSBURGH.—A panic started in a nickelodeon when a chunk of plaster fell from the ceiling, but Policeman Benson laughed so loudly at the mad scramble that the nudience forgot its

MADISON, Wis.-The body of Annie Lemberger, 7, who was kidnaped from her home four days ago, was found in Lake Monona. A hasty examination indicated that she had been beaten over

GIBRALTAR.—Three Spanish troop-ships, heavily loaded with soldiers, sailed eastward today under sealed or-ders. It is supposed that they are bound for the Riff coast of Morocco to push the campaign against the tribesmen.

GAINSVILLE, Tex Although Sen. stor Balley intends to establish a Jaw practice in New York when he quits the senate at the end of his present term, he will retain his Texas citizen-State Democratic leaders asked

CINCINNATI, O.—Two men were killed, several injured and five believed to have been buried in the collapse of a wall at the Corebran lamp plant early today. The wall was part of a hew building and is believed to have been weakened by rain.

COLUMBUS, O.—Judge E. B. Kin-kead this morning sentenced Rodney J. Diegie: senate sergeant-at-arms con-victed of complicity in alleged legisla-tive bribery deals, to three years in the penitentiary. A stay of execution is granted until Sept. 18.

CITY NEWS IN BRIEF

DOMINICK MANGIANALE, 1850 Orand avenue, was arrested for exacting money from Autonio Marino, 852 Gault court, under threat of kidnaping the latter's son, Angelo.

"YOUR MOTHER first," said Judge Owens to George Wall, 6038 S, Marsh-field avenue. Wall said he had a fam-ily to support first, but Judge Owens

A \$55,000 BANQUET at Kansas City will be attended by three carloads of bankers and brokers of Chicago. The opening for the \$1,000,000 bakery of the National Effective County Social Result company is the occasion for the spread.

SHOOT all unmuzzled dogs is the order at. Wilmette, Kenilworth and Win-Betka, following the discovery that a mad dog has bitten several dogs and a child, Robert Stolp, 4 years old, 605 Cen-tral avenue, Wilmette.

MRS. JENNIE DILL, 5544 S. 5th av-nuc, and Mrs. Rose Western, 643 S. Jalsted street, will not gaze into the crystal any more according to the

Amusements.

THE SUMMER FROLIC STOPS Tomorrow (Sun.) Night MOTORCYCLE RACES TONIGHT Carter Harrison and Countryclub Sweepstakes

Tomorrow (Sunday) Night Dare - Devil Sweepstakes

Paddock, 15c; Stadium, 25c, 50c; Reserved, 75c. Tel. L. V. 2330

Note—Beginning Sept. 16 races will only be held Satudary and Sunday Afts.

HAND'S BAND TWICE DAILY

PROPUE

BUTTON STATES TO COMMENT OF THE PROPUE

ICH STREET TWICE DOLLY, Mate. 15c, 25c and March Street and Kedzie avenue, 10 a. m. Hungarian Branch No. 1—Propaganda meeting, 17t Clybourn avenue, 25c and Mate. 15c, 15c and 15c and

THEY ALL FALL FOR IT



promise made to Municipal Judge Hop-kins. They were arrested for telling kins. They were arrested for telling the fortunes of special police investiga-tors.

FRANCIS LE BARON ROBBINS. former president of the Pittsburgh Coal company died at the Mercy Hospital from circhosis of the liver. Up to his death he was considered head of the

FREDERICK GOODING, brother of former governor of Idaho, has been made president of the National Wool Warehouse company, of Chicago, which represents 35 per cent of the western wool growers.

CHICAGO POLICE will be handled without gloves at an indignation meet-ing of the West Side Business Men to demand better protection. Numerous robberies have been going on lately and the business men say the police are

PLANS for merging the Oak Park now under way and the work of con-solidation bids fair to go through, as there seems to be little objection from the minority stockholders.

NURSES from nearly every hospital were represented at a meeting held at the Union Restaurant to ask for the repeal of the state law requiring threeyear terms for nurses. Good nurses are kept out of the field, is the reason given for the demand for the repeal.

WARD C. PROUTY, sepcial examiner of the Interstate Commission, is now THIRTY CENTS a day is what it cultural incident association is their request that the railroads be made to restore half rates on return shipments. They the looking auxiously for its master.

SOCIALIST NEWS

James P. Larsen, secretary of county Socialist party, 205 West Washington street. Phone Franklin 1829.

MEETINGS TONIGHT

Sheffield avenues

OPEN-AIR MEETINGS

ward — 31st and Calumet avenue. Speaker, W. E. Rodriguez, A. L. Liesiemer, chairman.

ward-Clark street and Chicago
t ward-Clark streets.

Local speakers.

h ward — Sheldon and Madison
streets. Speaker, A. M. Lewis.
t ward-Clark street and Chicago

t ward—Clark street and Chleago avenue. Speakers, Otto Benzinger and Samuel Block, candidate for judge of Superior Court. h ward—Talman and North avenues. Speakers, J. A. Rogers, A. A. Wigs-nes and William A. Fox.

4th ward-Madison and 40th avenue

Plumm.

t ward—62d place and Halsted street.

Speakers, L. W. Hardy and Barney
Berlyn. This meeting is held for
the purpose of explaining the principles and program of the Socialist
party on account of misrepresentation having been made by certain
parties who have been speaking in
that vicinity. All party members
living in the vicinity are urged to
attend this meeting.

attend this meeting.
lrose Park, Lake street and 23d avenue. Speaker, Vincent Verde, in Italian, and W. G. Zoeller, in Eng-

SUNDAY MEETINGS

Cook County Delegate Committee—205 W. Washington street, 3d floor, 4th Ward—Mankes' hall, 26th and But-

ment House, 4630 Gross avenue,

OPEN-AIR MEETINGS

1st Ward—Congress and State streets. Local speakers.
5th Ward—35th street and Hoyne avenue. Speakers: L. W. Hardy and enue. Speakers: L. W. Hardy and Otto Benzinger. 12th Ward—California avenue and 22d street. Speakers: J. A. Ryan and E.

13th Ward-California avenue and Mad-

ison street. Speaker: Walter Hug-Ward-Fairfield and North av-nues. Spelkers: Wm. M. Fox and

J. W. Bartels.

21st Ward-Chicago svenue and Clark street. Speaker: A. M. Lewis. 28th Ward-Talman and North avenues. Speakers: W. E. Bodriguez and A.

MONDAY MEETINGS

are 10th Ward—Special meeting at the home of A. Porcelius, 1075 W. 15th street, as 11th Ward—Osyska's hall, 20th and

Paulina streets. 18th ward-1535 Carroll avenue. NOONDAY MEETING

Western Electric Co., 22d street en-trance. Speaker: W. E. Redriguez. TWENTY-SEVENTH WARD MEM-

BERS, ATTENTION
27th Ward Socialists are expected to attend a special membership most-

ing called for the second Tuesday in September (Sept. 12). The report of the investigation committee on recent ward campaigns will be the principal topic of discussion and acrecent ward campaigns will be the principal topic of discussion and action. The judicial campaign and other matters will also be considered.

IN 18TH WARD

All the members of the 18th ward are urged to attend the meeting of the ward branch, Monday, Sept. 11, at the home of J. Thresty 15% Carroll away yote was taken several weeks ago."

rialism and the ward must not lose a good chance to make new converts to the cause. Be sure to come to the meeting, for plans of the campaign will en up and discussed. CHAS. F. KNUTE, Secretary.

FRANCE WILL RECEIVE GERMANY'S REPLY TOMORROW

TRACTION FIGHT IN Paris, Sept. 9.—The government will officially receive Germany's answer to its proposals in the Moroccan negotis tions tomorrow through Ambassador Cambon, according to announcement

ward—Clark street and Chicago venue. Speakers, Otto Benzinger adge of Superior Court.
ward—Talman and North avenues, peakers, J. A. Rogers, A. A. Wigse and William A. Fox.
ward—Madison and 40th avenue, beakers, James A. Ryan and Emil lumm. violating the public utilities law requiring all street railways to carry passengers for a nickel fare inside the city, William Crawford, general manager of the Scattle, Renton and South Western Interurban road, was sentenced by Jus-tice Fred Brown to 30 days in the coun-try jall. Crawford appealed and was released on \$500 bonds.

MARKETS

LIVE STOCK

Hogs-Receipts 6,060; market steady to shade higher. Mixed and butchers, \$5.90@7.55; good heavy, \$5.95@7.45; rough heavy, \$6.75@6.25; light, \$6.96@7.55; pigs,

LUSITANIA MAKES EBOORD
By United Press.
Liverpool, Sept. 2.—The liner Lusitania docked here today, setting a new record for the round trip to New York, making it in 11 days, 22 hours and 45 mirutes. This is 12 hours and 33 mirutes better than the record set by the Mauretania when she made a forced round trip to get the Christmas mails here last December. Cattle—Recelpts 400: market steady. Beeves, \$5@8.10; cows and helters, \$2.25 @6.30; stockers and feeders, \$205.50; Texans, \$4.4096.40; calves, \$2.25@8. Sheep—Recelpts 2,500; market weak. Native, \$2.25@2.90; western, \$2.50@4; lambs, \$3.75@6; western, \$4.25@4.

PRODUCE

Where The Daily Socialist Stands

The Chicago Daily Socialist is makevery effort to split up the System Feding no effort to bring on a strike of
eration and in this effort it is ably seconded by Henrst.

The new dispatches of the Hearst
CLUE FOUND ON WINDOW
STIAL OF SCHOOLHOUSE Illinois Central employes by printing

wild rumors.

Asy, The Chicago Daily Socialist printed the true situation.

This situation was revealed to the representative of the Daily Socialist when letters from all over the Illinois Central System had indicated the seeds of disunios, disruption and distrust case and others, is trusted by organized which the reports of the Associated Press and the Hearst News Service had spread among the men in the Illinois Central shops.

The Illinois Central railroad has made

Can't Break Ranks

Every effort on the part of the Illi-nois Central to break the ranks of the system federation on its lines has met

all information to this paper that he can

get hold of. The Chicago Daily Social ist wants all the news on the struggle

ganization could get a contract easily

tem federation could get no contracts

Offers Turned Down

This failed of its purpose, because of

Repeated efforts were then made to

The unions in the system federation

The agreement with the carworkers was in the hands of the federation men almost as soon as it was signed. It proved to be the renewal of an old contract, with no gains for the signers on the union side.

Can't Stop Strike

By United Press. San Francisco, Sept. f.—That they

still have hopes of averting a strike of the shopmen on the Harriman lines,

union, spokesman for the union leaders.
"The vote was nearly unanimous.
"We will avert a strike if there is any

possible way of doing it, but we will insist on recognition of the system

The general advisory committees of the various unions again conferred with the international officers today. No definite announcement of the conferrees' pains is expected before tomorrow.

Seattle, Wash., Sept. 9 .- Charged with

This action is another step in the fight of the residents of the Rainier Valley against the interurban line, which re-

cently resulted in the hanging of Judge Hanford of the United States court in effigy and the arrest of nine prominent

Seattle citizens on the charge of con-spiracy to obstruct the ends of justice

LUSITANIA MAKES RECORD

THE EMPLOYER'S FIFTH

SEATTLE GOES MERRILY ON

unions dealing through the sys

Help the paper to get it.

unions in that federation

vith failure.

victory for labor.

Alone, of all afternoon papers yester- the men on the Union and Southern

FOR SIGNAL TO

(Continued From Page 1.) Within two years 246 cities have es tablished playgrounds. In 201 cities a doubt as to whether he would talk

there are 1624 playgrounds. to them at all about the matter. In 1908 Massachusetts enacted a law "If spies of the company have providing in effect that the cities of the more accurate information than that displayed in those newspapers," said state with a population of 10,000 or more should vote whether or not to es-tablish playgrounds. All but two cities voted to have playgrounds supported by public taxes. Kramer today, "the unions are very well satisfied."

Chicago, New York, Boston, Los Angeles, Baltimore, St. Louis, Dayton, Pittsburgh, Rochester and other cities have now arranged for play leadership the year around, winters as well as

The road, as soon as it found that the system federation would demand recognition, signed a contract with the International Car Workers, a small organization on the line, and heralded this as Several cities have this year doubled the number of hours their playgrounds are open, thus obtaining twice the value from their plants. Some have equipped the ground with electric lights, so that The road's purpose was to make it appear that a labor organization which would do business as an individual or-

the young people who work may play after the day's toil is over. During the last ten years Chicago has expended \$11,000,000 and New York TO ALL SOCIALISTS
A great struggle between the Illinois grounds, says the American Club Wom-central, the Union and Southern Facific an. Ten cittes alone spent over \$800,000 railroads, all Harriman roads, and \$8,000 last year for maintenance of play-

shop workers, appears today inevitable.

The position of the Socialist party and Socialist press is clear. It is to HEISEN WANTS PHONES IN HIS NEW BUILDING back up the men who are struggling for

back up the men who are struggling for the recognition of the system federa-tions of employes. This is a real step toward real industrial unionism, not a pleasing theory, but a big fact. The Chicago Daily Socialist will back the organizations to a finish. Every So-cialist who lives in a town or city where a shop of any of the affected railroads is located is requested to send any and all information to this paper that he can C. C. Heisen, owner of the new skycraper which bears his name, has filed petition for a writ of mandamus to

Railroad Now Being Built Will Prove Bonanza for Keen Investors in Town Lofs.

While most of us laboring people are strugging with high prices and low wages, trying to lay up a little money for old age or to give the children a better start, there are other folks who seem to be able to put away from \$500. This is because they watch for the best chance to invest their money and when they see an opportunity they

the fact that the largest organization of carmen is the Brotherhood of Railway Carmen, which is in the system federa-tion and which stuck with the other repeated enorts was then made to coerce employes into abandoning the system federation plan. Offers of con-tracts with individual unions were made by the road and turned down by the unions in the federation. when they see an opportunity they

when they see an opportunity they grap it.

Getting in ahead of the railroad and the resulting rise in real estate values is the surest way of doubling or tripling your money. For example, right now there is the biggest chance of a century to invest in town lots in Fort Fraser, in the heart of the choicest section of Canada, and realize immense profits. History has repeated itself a dozen times in the great hustling centers of population in Western Canada.

Prince Rupert, B. C., was a wilderness four years ago, while now it has 4,000 residents and lots have jumped from \$100 to \$500, and even to thouare now giving the Illinois Central ev-ery opportunity to grant recognition to the system federation and prevent a The agreement with the carworkers

4,000 residents and lots have jumped from \$100 to \$500, and even to thousands of dollars.

Calgary, Alta., had only 4,000 folks in 1901, but has 40,000 today, and its \$100 town lots of a few years age can't be bought for less than \$1,000 to \$3,000.

Edmonton, Alta., started with 2,280 people in 1901 and has 30,000 people now—lots that sold there three years ago from \$100 to \$150 easily bring \$1,000 to \$5,000 each.

Fort Fraser, is the next in line for this kind of development and promises an even brighter future. It is the point of junction of the great tunscontinental

strike of junction of the g home of J. Drexier, 1555 Carroll ave-nue. Recent police interference has said President Kline of the blacksmiths' done much to interest the voters in So-ution, spekesman for the union leaders.

of the Grand Trunk Pacific are pushing acress Canada.

Concerning this great railway, Wm. E. Curtis, the famous correspondent of the Chicago Record-Herald, says: "The new Quebec bridge is a part of the grand enterprise new being carried on the grand enterprise new being carried on the grand enterprise new being carried on the two occans. The section cast of Quebec has been under construction by the government for several years and when faished will be leased by the Grand Trunk Railroad for ninety-nine years upon a 3 per cent basis. The government is also building the middle section from Quebec to Winnipeg, which will also be leased by the Grand Trunk company ou similar terms, and an auxiliary company, caled the Grand Trunk Pacific, is building from Winnipeg to the Port of Frince Rupert on the Pacific and will complete the line before the end of next year. When this bridge is completed it will be possible to run a train from Moncton, K. B., to Prince Rupert, B. C., without change."

When the last spike of this great railroad is driven, the Fert Fraser lots

When the last spike of this great railroad is driven, the Port Praser lots will take the same phenomenal jump in price—\$100 to \$5,000 and even double that just as they did at Coleman. at Calgary when it was opened up to

as at Calgary when it was opened up to commerce.

Fort Fraser town lots, 33x122 feet, are now being sold for \$100 to \$150 and up, 10 per cent down and 5 per cent per month, no interest or taxes until fully paid. The precident of the Townsite Company is the Minister of Agriculture and Finance of British. Columbia. The titles to Fort Fraser lots are guaranteed by the government. Every transaction is a strictly square and honest deal. The representatives of the Townsite Company in Chicage are Spence, Jordon & Holmes, 313 Marquette building, who will send bootlet, map and full information on request. You can't help but be interested in this Fort Fraser literature, because it will give you so many valuable hints on how money is quickly made in this great northwestern country. Better and for it and look this matter up. THE EMPLOYER'S FIFTH

The human body is a machine of such wonderful efficiency that one-fifth of will give you so many valuable in the energy expended by it can be utilized as work, as shown by the recent experiments of Professor Atwater and send for it and look this matter.

Benedict.

force the Chicago Telephone company BEATTIE AWAITS DEATH to install instruments in his build-

ing. Heisen has had trouble with the ele ation of phones in his building has therefore been delayed.

WITH PERFECT CALM

Chesteffield Courthouse, Va., Sept. 9. -With a cynical, indifferent smile on his lips, Henry Clay Beattle, Jr., today sat in the valley of the shadow to await the day when he must pay-the

Bloody finger marks on the window will of a schoolhouse near Gary, fil, where Frederick Wennerstrom was killed, the police believe, will lead to the discovery of the slayer.

The police and state's attorneys are working on the theory that alleged thus being shadowed by the state's attorney were responsible for the murder.

Await the day is a wall the penalty for the murder of his young wife.

Not in recent criminal history has a murderer sat down to await death so calmly. Not a quiver of emotion or ferrit today distorted the sharp-featured face of the young man of 26, whose bright future has been darkened by attorney were responsible for the murder.

Boys and Girls READ THIS

Start to work on it at once as it will cost you nothing, and to every one sending in an answer in accordance with the rules will be given

Choice of a Watch (Guaranteed) Aeroplane Fancy Doll Roller Skates Locket and Chain or Beautiful Seal Ring

Remember, you do not need to purchase a piano to secure of the above premiums.

Rules and Conditions-Only those who do not have pianos in their homes can answer this. No lists will be accepted from anyone living more than 100

miles from Chicago. All that is necessary to secure one of the above mentioned premiums is to send in the names and addresses of 3 or more

families not awning pianos.
Only one child in each family will be permitted to receive rzemium.

When you send in your reply state which premium you prefer and after your list has been checked over in accordance with conditions you will be notified to call at our store with one of your parents for your premium.

No premiums will be sent by mail or otherwise; they must be called for at our warerooms.

We want the names of those who do not own pianos so we can send by mail our new art catalogue and an unusual proposition on the purchase of a piano. No solicitors or sales-

men will call upon them. All lists must be sent in to us by September 16th, 1911.

A Piano Free

As an extra prize will be given to the one from whose list we sell the most number of pianos. In case of a tie prizes of equal value will be given.

Story & Clark Piano

Linotype Composition

THE WORKERS' PUBLISHING SOCIETY is equipped to do composition for job and newspaper work in all measures ranging from 4 picas to any measure desired.

Here is a sample of the different type faces:

Riding Cameis Across the G

RIDING CAMELS ACROSS RIDING CAMELS ACROSS Riding Camels Across the G 8-point Antique
RIDING CAMELS ACROSS THE G RIDING CAMELS ACROSS THE G

Riding Camels Across the Great De Riding Camels Across the Great De Agate Bold Face
RIDING CAMELS ACROSS THE GREA
RIDING CAMELS ACROSS THE GREA
RIDING CAMELS ACROSS THE GREA
Riding Camels Across the Great Sahara
Riding Camels Across the Great Sahara

Let our representative call on you

The Workers' -Publishing Society 205 W. Washington St. Phone Franklin 1108

DEMAND THIS LABEL ON YOUR ENGRAVINGS



MARK OF MERIT

IT COSTS NO MORE AND IS A

Chicago Photo-Engravers Union No. 5 Rooms 511-512

> SEE THAT THIS LABEL TLIED PRINTING UNION COUNCIL 3 13 TRADES HICAGO.

IS ON YOUR PRINTING

CHICAGO TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION NO. 16

LABOR THE WORLD OVER

Thenk Ged so have a system of the world's broad field the world's broad field the where there can be a strike-

SURRENDER IS THE QUESTION

(Continued From Page 1.)

and to concentrate upon the one point ompelling the companies to re the men's unions.

Declared for Strike

At a great meeting of the Amalga-mated Railwaymen's Society, held in Albert hall, it was announced that as a result of a ballot of the men no less than 76,925 against 8,778 had declared their willingness to enforce their de-mand by a strike.

An ultimatum was thereupon sent to the companies, and the men's executive assembled in London ready to give the word of battle.

The companies declined even to negotiate with the men's executive, whereupon Lloyd-George, upon behalf of the government, intervened. The men waited breathlessly.

No word of battle came. Instead came the announcement that the exec-

utive had accepted a proposal for a concillation board without trade union recognition in any shape or form. In the Labor Leader, at the time, the action of the executive was denounced

as a "complete surrender."

Present Struggle

That happened on Wednesday, No-vember 13, 1997. The words are even mere applicable to what occurred last

Over Land and Sea

The spirit of victory was in the air; her wings overspread land and sea. Railwaymen's societies were united, all grades of railwaymen stood shoulder to shoulder.

No less than 250,000 out of 350,000 en constituting the entire traffic staff r the English railways responded to he strike call.

The railway system was completely paralyzed. A few hours longer would have seen the Scottish railwaymen in the fray.

the fray.

Everywhere tramwaymen, carters and dockers were ready to supplement their forces.

The milis and factories were being closed, and in forty-eight hours the available coal supply would have been exhausted, and the industrial life of the nation became. the nation brought to a complete stand.

Such were the unprecedented circum-stances under which at midnight last Saturday the joint executives in Lon-

don capitulated to the railway com-panies and the government, and sur-rendered their 250,000 men.

In three days at the outset, had the companies refused to give way, and the men held out, the country would have been in a state of revolution.

Gove ment Intimidation

No mystery exists as to the reasons which influenced the joint executives in deciding to capitulate.

Mr. Asquith's ill-omened threat to the railwaymen forewarned us of the government's unabashed resolve to stand by the railway capitalists in the strug-

Moreover, the government went so far as to give the companies, in advance of negotiations, a written carte blanche to call upon the troops. It was this remarkable document that gave the companies an ababolute guarantes of an adequate, even if restricted, service. The knowledge that troops, with ball cartridges and naked bayonets, would be virtually under the instructions of the companies wherever picketing was effective at once produced an unparalleled situation. So here we have, in plain language, the admission that the companies were all slong fortified in restricting not only the strike but public clamor by the assurance that the government of the day would put the forces of the crown at the companies' disposal.

at the companies' disposal.

We can well credit, therefore, the statement of Mr. Lowth, one of the men's representatives, in recounting the interview which Mr. Asquith had with the joint executives. Mr. Lowth

"I can assure you that there was not a man in that room out of the forty-six who did not feel absolutely disqueted with the minister's declaration and threat. It was only out of courtesy to the first commoner of the country that such expressions were not immediately ventilated by the men who had listened to such threats from the prime minister."

DON'T EAT SOAB BREAD
All Tip-Top bread that does not bear the Union Label of the Bakery Workors is unfair and should be shunned by organized labor and its friends.

Union Meetings

arment Workers, 188, Haisted and Maxwell
rain Elev. Emp., 341, 8255 State.
orsenbers, 4, 223 N. Clark.
orsenbers, 4, 223 N. Clark.
orsenbell Workers, 19882, 2905 Blue Island.
surams Agants, 189 W. Washington.
vol., 71a, Steel Wkrs., 29, East Chicago, Ind.
on, 71a, 200, 18, 212 W. Moorroe.
schipts, 2 Emp., 481, 245 Cottage Grove.
olders, Emp., 481, 245 Cottage Grove.
olders, Bench, 239, 501 8. Haisted.
olders, 215, 292 mad 8. Chicago av.
olders, Coccanakers, 44, 814 Harrison.
alniers, 191, 2101 State.
atternmakers, 17, 722 Madison.
ressures, Frinting, 3, 331 8. La Saile.
ress Feeders, 4, 408 8 Haisted.
level Metal Coppersatification.
Tessines, Frinting, 3, 311 8. La Saile.
ress Feeders, 4, 408 8 Haisted.
level Metal Coppersatification.
Land El. Ry. Emp., 180, 4447 8. Haisted.
cammitters, Park Sprinklers, 723, 222 M.
Clark.
Clark.
Clark.

rs, 781, 227 W. Washington st.

Teamsters, 731, 227 W. washington et.

Billpoeters and Billers, 1, 331 S. La Salle.
Brewery Workers, 13, 635 W. Lake, a. m.
Bildg. Mat. Trades C. 1, 635 W. Lake, a. m.
Bildg. Mat. Trades C. 1, 635 W. Lake, a. m.
Bildg. Mat. Trades C. 1, 635 W. Lake, a. m.
Bildg. Mat. Trades C. 1, 635 W. Lake, a. m.
Engineers, Loco., 10, 9231 Cottage Grove av.
Engineers, Loco., 104, 44th and Harrison.
Engineers, Loco., 646, 44th W. 13th.
Engineers, Loco., 645, 1841 W. 13th.
Engineers, Loco., 645, Western & Levington.
Engineers, Loco., 657, 1543 W. Randelph.
Engineers, Loco., 657, 5438 Halsted.
Freight Handlers & Levere House, 2 p. m.
Firemen, Loco., 577, 5438 Halsted.
Hod Carriers, 11, 19 W. Adams, 3 p. m.
Office Bildg. Emp., 12863, 156 W. Washington.

Saturday.

In 1907 the Railwaymen's Societies were not united in regard to the tareatened strike.

The Locomotive Men's Society was positively hostile to the proposition.

The Amalgamated Society was bonly society definitely committed to the strike, and it was doubtful if all the men who had declared their willingness to strike would do so.

In the present instance everything was in favor of the men. The way to victory had been prepared for them by a series of almost unexampled strike successes in all parts of the country, and among the lowest paid and least organized.

SPECIAL UNION NOTICES nsertions under this head, 5 cents per per day. No display

CIGAR MAKERS, ATTENTION GARMAKERS, TAKE NOTICE STRIKE

on at the Mileia Factory, Milwaukse. CIGARMAKERS UNION, NO. 14.

representatives of the mer were to be excluded, while a skilled companies solicitor, versed in all the technical-ties, of the companies interests, has allowed to sit.

been allowed to sit.

(3) That they accepted this royal commission on the express understanding that should increased wages result the increased outlay was not to be borne by the companies but by the public in increased tariffs, thereby not public in increased tarms, thereby hot only opening the doors to the stronger intrenchment of the company's power of exploitation, but creating a perma-nent public interest and prejudice against the improvement of the men's onditions.

Telegrams Misleading

(4) That knowing they had falled to

(4) That knowing they had failed to obtain from the companies any concession bearing even a colorable resemblance to the claims put forward by the men, they sent out a misleading telegram saying that a victory for trade unionism had been won.

And further, that they, contrary to all established trade union rule, declared the strike at an end, not only without in any fashion submitting the proposition to the judgment of the men, but by hastening out their order at midnight, rendered it impossible for the men to consult together or take any

Special Correspondence.

Salem, Ill., Sept. 9.—Union men of this town are aroused over the action of some so-called labor leaders of this town in securing John E. W. Wayman, state's attorney of Cook County, and the man who has been persecuting laboring men of Chicago whenever the opportunity presented itself, to make the Labor Day speech here.

Wayman assumed his usual role of denouncing labor itseders as bomb throwers, grafters and sluggers and the laboring men of the city are seeking to learn who is responsible for his presence on such an occasion.

The union men declare that Wayman is well known for his hostility to labor, and that while they can see some reason for the capitalists securing him for such an event, they can see no excuse whatever for any so-called ulnon man doing so.

whatever for any so-called ulnon man doing so.

Wayman's entire speech was a torrent of abuse regarding the isboring class. He denounced the sympathetic strike and spoke as though unions consisted of nothing but the most base of men. He never mentioned McNamars or praised labor in any way except in opening his speech.

WORKERS DEMAND GOVERNMENT OWN ALASKAN GOAL MINES

IN BIG HOTELS

Long Working Day at La Salle Is the Cause of Trouble.

"The cooks of Chicago are going to fight to a finish for a ten-hour day, said J. J. Keating, secretary of the pastry cooks.

"Before the La Salle hotel opened it Chicago two years ago there were few cooks who worked longer than eleven hours a day. Since that time the city has been flooded with cooks from the east who work fourteen or fifteen hours

Cooks to Hold Meeting

A meeting of the Chicago Cooks, Pas Cooks and Confectioners' Cosmo olitan Association will be held tonight at 180 West Washington street.

Another meeting has been called for Thursday evening, Sept. 14, at 183 West Madison street. Louis F. Post, editor of The Public, and John Fitzpatrick, resident of the Chicago Federation of president of the Chicago Federation of Labor, will be the principal speakers. Charles Laperrugue, chef at the La Salle hotel, denied that he had import-ed cooks from New York in any such number as has been claimed. "I have number as has been claimed. "I have never secured more than thirty cooks from New York," said Laperrugue. In answer, the cooks point to the great number of cooks with which the city has been flooded in the past two years.

Employs About Seventy

Laperrugue states that he has a force of about seventy cooks and that he has changed crews four times. This would make a total of more than 250

"I always take a great interest in my men," said Laperrugue, "They work on an average of ten hours a day. That is, they are on duty fourteen hours, but this includes the time they

get for eating and rest."

The men are on duty fourteen hours. It would be impossible to work cooks in a roasting kitchen, such as the La Salle is, for fourteen hours a day with out some intermission for rest, as it would likely kill the men, is the view taken by the cooks.

Conditions Better Elsewhere

At the Boston Oyster House, Harry Moir, who is the manager of that res-taurant, refuses to allow the cooks to work more than ten hours. He has no trouble in giving service

to his patrons. At the New Planters Hotel, just across the street from the La Salle, the cooks work but ten hours Is Last Resort

"There are probably not five of the original cooks now working at the La Salle," said a former employe. "If La-Salle," said a former employe. "If La-perrugue treats his cooks so well and is able to keep them, why is it that there is a continual demand for cooks being made by him. The La Salle Ho-tel is commonly known among cooks as the life-saving station, because of the fact that if a cook is unable to secure work elsewhere he can always do so there. This is due to the fact that con-ditions are such that men refuse to remain there."

The forces of the cooks are continu-ing to grow and their efforts will be

ing to grow and their efforts will b centered up securing a ten hour and a seven day week for those ployed in their trade.

minister had to turn to Russia and France for inspiration in the emergency. Says the Daily News correspondent: Called on Troops More More-

Water is found in some amount in al formations below the earth's surface from the loosest and most porous sand and gravels to the hardest slate and granite.

The amount varies from the meres trace chemically combined in the molecules of the rocks to immense reservoir

cules of the rocks to immense reservoirs which supply wells flowing hundreds of thousands of gallons a day.

Some waters are so pure that a refined chemical analysis shows only minute traces of organic and mineral matter; others are so heavily charged with minerals or other impurities as to be unsuitable for use.

The slope of the surface at any point is one factor determining the amount of water absorbed by the ground. The direction and amount of slope also determine the form of the water table—that is, of the upper limit of atturation.

Except where the surface is flat the water table is generally not paralle with the surface; it is almost invariably farthest from the surface os the summits of hills and mountains and nearest to it in valleys and along the const, reaching the surface in swamp and along rivers, lakes and beaches.

The surface of the water table is always in motion, its higher portions flowing toward the lowest outlets along rivers or the sea. This direction of flow explains why fresh water is usually found where a well is dug in a menty beach.—From Water Supply Paper 222 United States Geological Survey.

Airship excursions are made regularly

Airship excursions are made regal from Prankfort, Germany, in the ship Schwaben. A trip of two h costs \$47.80. The Schwaben is 45 long and has a speed of thirty-five a an hour. Twenty-four persons are commediated in the cable.

CANADIAN PARAGRAPHS

BY R. P. PETTIPIECE

A local of the International Brother-hood of Blacksmiths and Helpers has just been organized at Moose Jaw, Sask. The officers-elect are as fokows: President, S. J. Veinot; secretary, Jas. Allan. No. 475 has been allotted by the International to the new union. The International union itself, by the way, meets on October 2 at Atlanta, Ga., in convention, and a number of questions convention, and a number of questions convention, and a number of questions affecting its future policy will be determined. The blacksmiths will become a part of the new railway federation of unions, a movement very much feared by the railway plutes, evidence of which is furnished by the argument now going on with the management of the Harri-man system, which may yet result in a general strike for better working con-ditions and a wage more in keeping with the depreciation of gold values.

The twenty-fifth aniversary number of the Brewery Workers' Journal is to hand, containing messages of encour-agement from many of the best known writers in the American labor move

The Boot and Shoe Workers' union will hold its 1912 convention at Montreal, P. Q.

treal, P. Q.

In the labor world they call them business agents; in the legal arena they are termed solicitors. Both are retained for defensive purposes, to serve the respective interests represented. The former is trained in the school of experience; the latter is turned out of college at so much per turn. But both are necessary adjuncts of the rule of property. Lawyers may do the law-making, but only by the permission on election days of business agents and the wage workers they represent. If busiwage workers they represent. If busi-ness agents are given the same consid-eration by the organized workers that eration by the organized workers that lawyers are given by their clients the galling experience of Business Agent Webb at the hands of Lawyer Bodwell at Victoria last week would soon be a thing of the past. Were it not for at Victoria last week would soon be a thing of the past. Were it not for business agents and the interests they represent there would soon be no need for lawyers. A few more policemen would serve the requirements of the corporations in beating the workers into submission. The big interests would have triumphently and continue to be a rule triumphantly and continue to be a law unto themselves, written in words so plain that no lawyers would be needed. Picture, if one can, the slavish condi-tions which would reign were it not for

the business agent: the professional ag-itator, if you will!

H. A. Muller has been elected as a delegate to the Calgary convention of the Trades and Labor Congress of Can-ada by the Cooks'. Waiters' and Walt-resses' unions of Vancouver, jointly. An effort will be made to start an agita-tion for a six-day week for the crafts mentioned, and the congress will be asked to assist in securing for asked to assist in securing for workers of Canada an eight hour work

the business agent: the professional ag-

The labor agitator can only learn from the mistakes of the past, and, unlike the doctors, has no means of burying his blunders.

The future of the working class de-pends wholly upon the working class tself. Workers get what workers take.

DAILY NEWS WAGONS POSTED BY NON-UNION BARNMEN

Union bill posters are are Union bill posters are aroused and indignant over the action of the Daily News in compelling their barnmen, who are unorganized, to paste bills on the delivery wagons instead of hiring union bill posters. At union headquarters it is said that the News is the only paper that does not hire union posters and barnmen.

When complaint was made to The News, the bill posters were told that The News did not own the wagons and therefore had nothing to do with it. They were told to go to Pierson & Son. who were said to own the wagons, but no satisfaction has been received. All efforts to organize the barnmen through the teamsters have been unsuccessful so far. At union headquarters the of-ficials who have been working on the case say that they do not believe The News when it says that it does not own

The Daily News is the only Chicago newspaper advertising in the American Federationist.

GARRIOK DECIDES TO USE TROMBONE IN ORCHESTRA

The noisy blare of the trombone, midst the soft strains of the violin, will be heard once more by the patrons of the Garrick theater. The management has decided that a theater without an orchestra, even though the trombone is noisy, is like Romeo without a Juliet; so they have settled with the Federation of Musicians. Other theaters have not offered to come to terms as yet.

The Surest Way to increase Your Income

rere and more that he is getting shoad in the world.

If you have not been laying aside some of your income in this way, just try it as an experiment. Go at once to the Security Bank of Chicago, northwest corner Rilwarkes Ave. and Carpenter St., and make your first depotal, it it only be a dollar or two. This will encourage you to you'll find it ender ment week. It want of the country of the control of the year you see how your savings have piled up, with the interest the bank has added to the same, you will thank us for this piece of advice.

Many readers of this paper have savings accounts at the Security Bank, a strong and conservatively conducted institution, at the head of which is Mr. James B. Forgan whe is also president of the The Forgan when a strong and conservatively conducted institution, at the head of which is Mr. James B. Forgan when a strong and conservatively conducted institution, at the head of which is Mr. James B. Forgan which is the security and you will be given any information desired regarding savings accounts.—Adv.



WHITE SLAYERY 2

(OFFICIAL PUBLICATION.) REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

Union Bank of Chicago

located at Chicago, State of Illinois the commencement of business on day of September, 1811, as made Auditor of Fublic Accounts of the Illinois, pursuant to law.

RESOURCES.

648,144,51 \$1,183,628.35 Horder's Stationery Stores
108 N. LaSalle, 157 N. Clark, 402 S. Dearborn Overdrafts Investments: Investments:
State, county &
municipal bonds
Public service
corporation
bonds
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Other bonds and
securities ...
Miscellaneous Resources:
Banking house ...
Furnitute and
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Less current interest, expenses
and taxes paid.
Deposits:
Time certificates.
Savings, subject
to notice.
Demand, subject
to check
Lemand certificates. 21,265.17 3,000.00 \$39,721.26 1,082,625.46

FOR LIFE INSURANCE address
H. I. SCHLADER
R. 500, New York Life Bidg.,
Chicago. 16,397.87 Private and for-\$1,951,63 42,849.00 Miscellaneous Li-Reserved for tax-7,896,67 7,896.6

Total limbilities 12.247.314.92 I. G. Halibom, cashler of Union Bank of hicago, do solemnly swear that the above tatement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

edge and belief.

G. HALLHOM, Cashier.

State of Illinois, County of Cook, as: Subscribed and sworn to before me this 8th day of September, 1911.

JOHN GULLIKSEN, Notary Public.



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For years we have worked for
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We are now in the business twe yee
making friends by doing first-class
reasonable prices.

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We give our engatomers the benealt of what our capitalist stores put in their pockets from the poor time put in their pockets (live us a trial and be conviged. Union and Socialism, Pacific Mindow, Pacif PARMS FOR SALE

PARM FOR SALE

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160 acres of band, four and one-half miles
from the city of Downsian county of Casa,
state of Michigani, 160 and the maintration;
151 acres to make the control of the county of Casa,
152 acres to make cuttivation. Small, delection of the county of the ALBERT BRIGGS.
210 South Front st., Downglac, Mich.

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governed by the initiative, referendum, and recall.

If you wish a ten-acra home with all the possible advantages; join the Co-oper-Home-steed On, which has 1,680 families in col-cey clube preparing to be located. Address. 1616 Franklin Street. TEN ACRES CHOICE LAND, \$150; SPE cial terms; only place for home; no pos-tain. E. M. Meader, Vancouver, Washington

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MOVING AND COAL

MEN'S PURNISHINGS Purnishings Hate, Shoes and Past

CIGAR MANUFACTURERS CIGAR MANUFACTURERS

THE CHICAGO DAILT SOCIALIST LARGE CIRCULATION MAKES IT ATTING ADVERTISING MEDIUM.

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The best book I have read in a long time. It is unique."-

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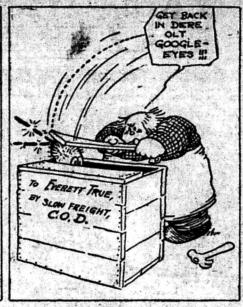


Words by SCHAEFER Music by . . . CONDC













BASEBALL GAMES TODAY

NATIONAL LEAGUE Cincinnati at Chicag Pittsburgh at St. Louis. Brooklyn at New York. Philadelphia at Boston (two games). AMERICAN LEAGUE

Chicago at Detroit.
St. Louis at Cleveland.
Boston at Philadelphia.
New York at Washington.

RESULTS YESTERDAY NATIONAL LEAGUE

deago, 3; Cincinnati, 2 (eleven New York, 3; Brooklyn, 2. Boston-Philadelphia (coid weather). St. Louis-Pittsburgh (wet grounds).

AMERICAN LEAGUE Chicago, 9; Detroit, 3. Philadelphia, 4; Boston, 1. Cleveland, 2; St. Louis, 1. New York, 2; Washington, 1.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS NATIONAL LEAGUE V

W. L. Pet

CIUDSTO	1. A 4. A 4.		
New York	77	46	.626
CHICAGO	75	46	.620
Pittaburgh	75	54	,581
Philadelphia	68	57	.544
St. Louis	64	61	-,512
Cincinnati	57	68	.456
Brooklyn	50	74	.403
Boston	23	93	.262
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Clubs-	w.	079Ek	Pet.
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Clubs— Palladelphia	W. 85 77 68 69	L. 44 52 60 61	.659 .597 .531 .531
Clubs— Philadelphia Detruit Cleveland Wew York Doston	W. 85 68 69 63	L. 44 52 60 61 67	.659 .597 .531 .531 .485
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WATCHING THE SCORE BOARD

styre's modest contribution to Chica-o's trouncing or the Tigers. Rube Marquard's victory over Brook-

Greatest Girl Swimmer in the

lyn makes his winning percentage for the season a fist 300. Of his twenty-flye full games he has lost but flye making him one of the most phenom enal twirlers that ever heaved a ball in big company.

After defeating the Yankees with inortifying regularity throughout the season, old Tom Hughes was touched up for ten hits by the Chase crew to their intense satisfaction.

One lone game is still the only thing that keeps the Giants in first place. Meantime all Gotham is quaking with the fear that its pitching staff, compesed of Matty and Marquard, will blow up from overwork at any time. And the Cubs keep winning.

The McGraw lexicographers have al The McGraw lexicographers have al-tered the definition of the verb "to Merkle," which now means to "make three runs grow where but one grew before." Of course "a Davidson" is needed to make the definition hold

With five straight victories, Caldwell, the Yankee twirler, just now is enjoying a niche in the baseball Hall

Y.P.S.L. Notes

The Mandelin and Quitar Club meets every Monday night at the League hall; more players invited to join.

A Fife, Drum and Bugie Corps will be organized by the Young Peoples Socialist League. The first meeting will take place Saturday evening, Sept. 5th. at the League Hall. Instruments and teachers will be on hand. All those interested are requested to be present.

be present.

The league's employment agency has two jobs open for any comrade willing to leave the city. One is for a printer in Rochester, Pa.; the other for a man to work a shee repairing machine in Beloit, Wis. For details see hall manager at headquarters.

World Is a Physical Wonder

Where To Go

A very important meeting of the Socialist Women's Agitation Committee will be held Saturday, Sept. 9, 2:30 p. m., at 255 Weat Washington atreet. All Socialist women of Chicago are urged to attend. The plans for the coming activity among women along social and propaganda lines will be presented and new needs provided for.

"Living Together" will be the subject of a telk by Rev. W. H. McPherson in St. Paul's Universalist church, Thirlicht and Preirie avenue, Sunday, Sept. 11, 19:45 s. m.

come out with emphatic endorsement of the full Socialist ticket and will fight

pers in the state and these were under instructions to support the Socialist legislative program.

Frank E. Wolfe, the press representative of the MeNamara case, and for years managing editor of a Los Angeles Charter

It may thus be judged whether or not the Socialists have reason to claim any part in the work done by the insurgent legislature.

The employers' liability law first proposed was full of loopholes till the Socialist publicity committee pointed out the frailties and forced a rewriting.

Every one of the important measures passed were in dout for days and weeks often, until the squirmers had exhausted every artifice to defeat by indirection and found the publicity avenues of our to committee too much for them to face.

Of course not! But any one who can not see the tremendous gain in woman's suffrage, direct legislation, recall and eight hours for women have little faith in political action.

These measures are weapons, but weapons by which all else may come.

Los Angeles Charter

That is and a candidate who is so identified with that class that no one will think of him except as a working class partisan.

As a matter of fact, Mr. Harriman will be a broad-minded, progressive mayor, alert for the welfare of all right-minded citizens, but this will be a broad-minded, progressive mayor, alert for the welfare of all right-minded citizens, but this will be a broad-minded, progressive mayor, alert for the welfare of all right-minded citizens, but this will be a broad-minded, progressive mayor, alert for the welfare of all right-minded citizens, but this will be a broad-minded, progressive mayor, alert for the welfare of all right-minded citizens, but this will be a broad-minded, progressive mayor, alert for the welfare of all right-minded citizens, but this will be a broad-minded, progressive mayor, alert for the welfare of all right-minded citizens, but this will be a broad-minded, progressive mayor, alert for the welfare of all right-minded citizens, but this will be a broad-minded, progressive mayor, al

eight hours for women have little faith in political action.

These measures are weapons, but weapons by which all else may come.

Los Angeles Charter

There is brightert hope of victory for the Socialists in Los Angeles this fall. This is particularly gratifying because victory here would mean far more than it could in Milwaukee.

Los Angeles not only has "home rule," but it has a phenominal free charter which may be amended by referendem easily for whatever changes the state. A municipal newspaper with lie utilities is already allowed, including railroads to the coast and across the state. A municipal newspaper with remarkably progressive features is provided for the moment any administration wants to establish it.

In short, the city of Los Angeles could move just as fast as its city administrator would wish and material laws allow. An occasional referendum to amend the charter would be all required for anything possible on a mannicipal scale.

Ask the Milwaukee comrades what this would mean to them. They must ask Madison lawmakers for permission every time they turn around.

Los Angeles Victory

What are the chances for victory in November?

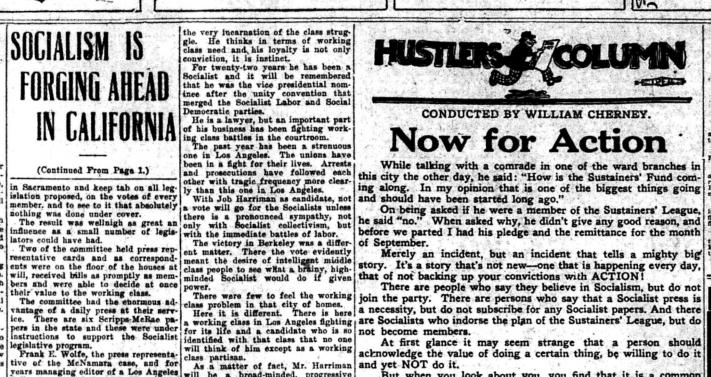
The labor union membership is solidly in and members of the Socialist party and giving it ardent support almost to a man.

The Record, a Scripp's penny paper of largest circulation in this city, has come out with emphatic endorsement of the full Socialist tietet and will fight a duly battle for our cause.

SUCCESSFUL SEASON

the full Socialist ticket and will fight a daily battle for our cause. The campaign has been well under way for two months. Alexander Irvine is speaking constantly in the city and is also directing the campaign.

His eloquence and enthusiasm is contagious. His meetings twice a week in a popular hall of the city are attracting audiences not reached at the lashr Riverview, however, has had a wonderfully successful season and the mannerfully successful season and the season and the



At first glance it may seem strange that a person should acknowledge the value of doing a certain thing, be willing to do it and yet NOT do it.

But when you look about you, you find that it is a common thing. You see it happen again and again in your own locality.

The only reason I can see that the individual has this indifferent feeling is that he UNDERESTIMATES his own value to the

movement. He realizes the bigness of the movement, but he loses sight of

the fact that he is a part of that movement.

The same way the Sustainers' Fund is a big thing. But the Sustainers' Fund as a whole is a force made up of a collection of individual forces.

Take away the individual forces and there is nothing left. The individual force comes FIRST! It's the most important because it PRODUCES the RESULT!

This is not only true of the Sustainers' Fund. It's true of the work of the hustlers in getting subscriptions. It's true of any party work. But just now I want to drive home to you the IMPOR-TANCE of YOUR pledge on the Sustainers' Fund. It means as much as any other pledge. In fact it means MORE because it is an addition to other pledges.

Don't hold back any longer. ACT!

CLIP OUT THIS BLANK AND SEND IT IN-TODAY.

SUSTAINERS' MEMBERSHIP CARD

CHICAGO DAILY SOCIALIST, 207 West Washington Street, Chicago, Ill.

I enclose \$..... on THE DAILY SOCIALIST SUSTAINERS' FUND and will send you \$..... per month from now on.

Name..... Address.....

Four plunks for subscription cards lingle in from Comrade Isaac Edwards, Sherrard, Ill.

One dollar for two hundred copies of the Daily for distribution is sent in by Z. H. Enger, Mitchell, S. Dak. When you hear of

One dollar for two nucrea copies 2. H. Baiger, Mitchell, S. Da. The Bager, Mitchell, S. Da. The Bager, Mitchell, S. Da. The Bager, Mitchell, S. Da. Sender of new bear of a number of new subscribers received from this town you will know the reason why.

This is a regular "Hustler" party. Two subscriptions and an order for three dollars worth of sub-cards from Compade Edw. I witter, Canton, Ill.

Comrade Henry P. Hauck, Detroit, Mich., pours a little oil on the troubled waters by the subscription of the three the subscription of the three three controls of the three three cards are beginning to move.

Comrade George D. Robb. Tonopah, Nev., breaks into print again. He sends in four and promises a larger list in a few days.

THE LIST OF ONES.

San Perman, Mayleweed, Mo.
Johnster S. Sanders, Loginsport, Ind.

J. E. Roberts, Bevier, Mo.
Alois Lamecker, St. Lobis, Mo.
George Lipfert, Moundsville, W. Va.
Raiph Charney, Fayette City, Pa.
George Rransfetter, Cincinnati, O.
Charles H. Rector, Atheistain, Wis.

W. J. Clifford, Besumont, Trans.
Peter Ciscon, Minnesonsit, Trans.
Joseph Brown, Braceville, Ill.
Hans Top, Peru, Ill.
Martin C. Koolaard, Grand Rapida, Mich.
John Rosecrans, Caledonia, O.

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OUR STIPULATED RATE-Annual Premium Per \$1,000 Age 21...\$10.70 Age 30...\$12.50 Age 40... 16.00 Age 50... 20.00 Other ages in same proportion. Send today for BOOKLET on Life Insurance Cost.

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WOMEN'S TRADE UNION LEAGUE OF CHICAGO

Public Meeting

SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 10TH, 1911, 3 P. M. IN PEDERATION HALL, 331 SOUTH LA SALLE STREET

Speaker-MRS. RAYMOND ROBINS

SUBJECT "WHAT NEW YORK IS DOING FOR ITS LABOR CAMPS" Considering the sending of delegates to the State Pederation of Labor.

Vote on the Awardment to Constitution REPRESENTED TO MR. Almold DESERTED WILL PURSUE THE MURIO Union Label Goods For Rale at Langue Hasquarters

MISS EMPIRE STRUMAGES, Sec. MRS. RAYMOND ROBINS, Pres. Jawob E. Schrader, Eikhart, Ind.
J. A. Renfro, Forter, Okia.
J. A. Renfro, Forter, Okia.
V. Plummer, Kokomo, Ind.
O. Langseth, Minneapolia, Minn,
James Sharp, Elk Creek Cal.
James Sharp, Elk Creek Cal.
The Description of the State of the S

Bingo! Three bite the dust as a result or flerce attack by Comrade William Mut-on, Flushing, Mich.

This is going upward. Comrade George lising, Erie, Pa., sends in two Realizing that a reader of the Daily should lways use a copy of the paper to get new saders. Comrade R. W. Van Alstyne, Apple liver, Ill., orders two copies of the Daily very day.

Ten it was a mistake to say that the boys in Herrin III. were not making the dust fly. Comrade E. E. Burkitt sends in a list of five and asks for more sub blanks.

"I am more confident than ever that victory is near," says Comrade Thomas J. Buckley, Peoria, III. as he has his subscription put ahead about four notches.

Hang together or they'll hang McNau

DR. J. E. CANNADAY, 91 Park Square, Sedalia, Me. References: Third Netional Bank, 6c-dails, Mo.

Birds of Feather Flock Together

That's why so many Socialists are buying lots and building houses in East Lawn, just across the street from Melrose Park and Maywood. Exceptionally easy terms and conditions. Come out next Sunday, Sept. 10. For further information and free tranportation, write or call on

DR. J. H. GREER. 162 N. Dearborn Street



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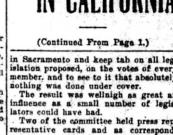
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BINGS, PINS, GHARMS BUTTONS, MEDALS, SCHOOL and CLASS PI Special Designs Made to Order.

House of Pro Manual Control

miss rose Pitonof. It, is the greatest of for some and established a new encountry flass, exhoolgirl, and created a world-marked with the search of the source of the sour



The Power of Publicity



the Fortifications of the Master Class Are Proving Defenseless Before the Onslaught of the Workers

The Workers Must Have It to Win

TF THERE is any one thing that the ruling class fears more than any one other thing it is publicity. Of course it does not object to the kind of publicity that lauds its methods of enslaving the working class. It does object to the kind of publicity that carries with it the truth.

The strongest agency in the hands of the working class of the world is the truth properly told.

One way to spread the truth is to cry it out from the housetops.

But most of the Hoi Polloi are not to be found on the streets. They are to be found under the housetops. And the best way to reach and inter-

Nowhere has this proved to be a fact more than with the growing Social Democracy of Germany. It was a long and uphill fight for the Socialists of Germany until they were able to call to their aid the press to supplement their agitation of the spoken word. A majority of the homes in America's great cities and on the farms are visited daily by a newspaper. The same thing happens in Germany, but with this difference: Most American newspapers are owned by the interests and support the old capitalist parties.

Nearly six million German workers read working class newspapers. These newspapers are published in establishments that are owned by the workers themselves. These newspapers and their readers do not include, of course, the hundreds of monthly, bi-monthly and weekly working class magazines and privately owned newspapers that support the Social Democracy.

To show how near the working-class-owned newspapers approach the lives of the German toilers and their families it may be mentioned that fifty of them add to their Sunday editions a brilliantly illustrated and instructive magazine known as "Die Neu Welt."

A bureau is conducted which collects all documents that may be important, keeps files of all newspapers, and is *prepared* at all times to furnish material for propaganda purposes.

Every attack made by a dissenting organization or organ is refuted at once in all of the working class newspapers.

The press agencies conducted by the plutocratic interests at Washington do not compare with the immensity and effectiveness of the Social Democratic Press Agency which has operated in Germany for the last five years. This agency furnishes political and trade union news and prepares extracts and readable criticisms of new bills and parliamentary documents. These press agent articles are furnished the capitalist press as well as the workers' press, thus placing the Socialists on the aggressive.

A newsletter is circulated daily to European working class press and special news service by telephone and telegraph is conducted. We need not wonder that the triple alliance of plutocracy, clergy and militarism find it well nigh impossible today to put one over on German Social Democracy. Supported by the press and public opinion the weapons and fortifications of the master class are proving less and less of a defense against

the onslaught of the workers. Without fear the German Social Democracy faces the coming elections while the ruling class trembles.

Aside from the educational value of their newspapers, the vast printing establishments of the German working class, their public opinion manufactories as it were, turned out in the last fiscal year 33,000,000 pamphlets and 3,000,000 propaganda periodicals for free distribution.

And not only that. The German Socialist Press today turns thousands of dollars back into the party funds. Capitalism in America has long ago seen the advantage of being able to control the minds of the people. Socialists also see the advantage—in theory. Now is the time to start putting the theory into practice.

Labor's Co-Operative Press Association

proposes a practical plan to put into operation a public opinion factory in America. With the sale of \$500,000 in profit-sharing certificates, a job printing plant and newspaper syndicate, furnishing a chain of newspapers with real propaganda material of the German Press Agency kind, will be put in motion at once. The plant of The Chicago Daily Socialist will become the nucleus of this vast publicity machine.

America must follow the same tactics to interest the workers as those used in Germany in order to succeed.

How much are you interested in the success of the Socialist movement of America? You will show it by your answer on Coupon No. 2. Chicago workingmen have already shown their interest by purchasing profit-sharing certificates. The least you can do is to investigate.

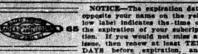
Let us tell you about it in more detail by filling out Coupon No. 1 and mailing it in.

Coupon No	p. /	1911
Labor's Co-Oper	rative Press Association,	
205-2	207 W. Washington Street, Chicago, Ill,	
Kindly send me	, without cost or future obligation of wh	atever nature, a prospectus
of the co-operat	ive enterprise to be established by your	association.
	Name	
	Name Street No.	

Coupon No. 2	191
1	
Lkbor's Co-Operative Press As	5.000 0.000
205-207 W. Washin	ngton Street, Chicago, Ill,
Inclosed find	(Nopey Order) Currency Deats
	ing certificates in the Labor's Co-Operative Press Asso
for which send me profit-shari	The cortineates in the Paper of the postant of the state
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ciation. I understand these o	

THE CHICAGO DAILY SOCIALIST

es matter, Dec. 23, 1906, at P. O. Chicago, under act March 8, 1879. ed by the Workers' Publishing Society, 207 W. Washington St., Chicago, M. Telephone Number (all de partments) Franklin 1108.



Union Men Coming to Socialism

They Are Learning Lessons in the Heat of the Class Struggle.

The Union Labor Political Club of Los Angeles has issued an address in favor of the Socialist candidates, which shows how firmly period of the revolution-seven months after the adoption of the Declaration the labor movement of that city has been united to the true political movement of the working class, the Socialist party, as a result of the oppression inflicted upon the workers by the capitalists of the oppression inflicted upon the workers by the capitalists of which prohibited ministers, under pentage of the capitalists of the oppression inflicted upon the workers by the capitalists of which prohibited ministers, under pentage of the capitalists of the capitali

The following extract breathes the spirit of solidarity and is an indication of what we may soon expect throughout the United

"Through all our recent trying times public offi-cials, Democratic, Republican and Good Government men, with very few exceptions, betrayed, maligned, misrepresented and cursed us, some even going so far as to threaten to go to the Labor Temple and help hang

We shall never forget out of that dark period of oppression the brave men and women of the Socialist party-coming to us saying: 'You are our brothers and sisters we are comrades, we understand—our cause is your cause.' Out of that perfect understanding came forth the slogan:

'Los Angeles for the Workers in 1911'; and 7,000 more workers joined the organized labor movement. Union men and women are solidly arrayed to carry out this clarion cry-knowing through long experience in this city the truth of the saying: United we stand, divided we fall.'

"No wage earner true to himself, his family and his children can vote for any other list of candidates than those nominated by the Socialist party and indorsed by the Union Label Political Club.'

The lesson is almost learned. Clubs and guns in the hands of capitalist tools, injunctions and imprisonment and all the other wrongs that have been perpetrated on the workers through control from England of political power by the capitalists have prepared the toilers for Socialism. It only remains for the workers who already understand Socialism to properly present the subject to their fellow toilers.

With the proper kind of propaganda work the Socialist movement should draw to it tens of thousands of union labor men in the

Let Us Educate This Editor

He Does Not Know That G. A. R. Veterans Take Readily to Socialism.

The National Tribune of Washington, D. C., published weekly for the G. A. R. veterans, takes the following fling at Socialist Congressman Berger:

Representative Berger declares that the United States will have a new constitution in ten years. Mr. Berger has not been in this country long enough to understand our people and institutions. Not so many years ago the old constitution weathered triumphantly the attack of 10,000,000 people, who put 1,500,000 mighty good soldiers in the field."

The principal effect of the civil war, to which the Tribune refers, was to make THE MOST RADICAL CHANGE IN THAT CONSTITUTION that has ever been made since its adoption, and the readers of the Tribune are the men who fought to do it.

Berger has been in America nearly all his life and he under stands the needs and institutions of this country better than any other man in congress, and he has hundreds of enthusiastic supporters among the readers of the Tribune.

There are Socialist party locals in more than one National Military Home. The veterans of the civil war are quick to see that there is another emancipation movement on foot even of far greater importance than was the freeing of the southern slaves.

The editor of the Tribune seems to be laboring under the delusion that the civil war was fought in order to keep the Republican (cap. 27) offered rewards in specified party forever in power for the benefit of the Lorimers and other corpust to those catching fugitive seamen rupt politicians. Let his readers who are Socialists disabuse his (28). Any person harboring a servant who lacked the necessary certificates. mind of this notion and direct his attention to the trend of events. Let every G. A. R. man who is a Socialist write the editor of the expired, was required to pay the owner thirty pounds of tobacco, with costs, for every day the runaway was sheltered (29). The same act decreed that

tricks that have always been used by corporations to divide or discourage their employes when the latter were about to strike.

up to by the men. This is untrue.

the "public." They do not care a fig leaf for the public, as the pub-

They seek to divide or dishearten the men by making them believe that there is disaffection in their own ranks. This is false. The men are standing together solidly. There was never a more united vement of the workers in any industry.

The men should pay no attention whatever to the stories printed in certain capitalist papers of Chicago at the behest of the railroad of going abroad at night, or running away and lying out and "who cannot be reclaimed from such disorderly courses by common methods of punishment."

The men should pay no attention whatever to the stories printed of going abroad at night, or running away and lying out and "who cannot be reclaimed from such disorderly courses by common methods of punishment." The men should pay no attention whatever to the stories printed

littling the proposed strike and false statements of the strength of the men is worth thousands of dollars per column to the company. No doubt the Examiner will be rewarded with plenty of Illinois Central advertising in the future.

Officials of the National Biscuit Company will sit down to a \$35,000 banquet in Kansas City today when the first batch of biscuits have been produced from a new million dollar bakery. men who bake the biscuits will not participate in the banquet.

The secretary of state of New York has refused to issue a charter to a new corporation which desired to use the name "Hell" for a Broadway business. Probably it was because there is a hell The railroad officials think the system federation is too much

like a toe hold in the little wrestling game between capital and labor, and they want labor barred from introducing it.

Of course the Socialist ticket will not be elected-unless you help get out the vote and distribute the literature,

By Gustavus Myers (Copyright, 1911, by Gustavus Meyers.)

(Continued From Yesterday.)

A white woman having a child by a egro was, if a free woman, to serve ant, an additional seven years. Any white man doing likewise with a ne (white laborers) could not be married without the express approval of master sharpest distinction between free whites, on the one hand, and bonded tude on the other. During the very aity of 50 pounds, from marrying a free person and a servant without the con-sent of the master or mistress (23). The drafters of the Maryland act of 1715 strained themselves, we may as-

sume, to the utmost in inserting pro-visions placing these restrictions upon the masters: If they did not feed or take sufficient care of servants by al-lowing needed rest, or if they taxed any servant beyond his strength, they were to pay a penalty for each offense of not exceeding 1,000 pounds of tobacco any one offense the master could give ten lashes; this was legal; but if he gave more he was subjected to the same penalty (24). The same law pro-vided most munificently what the servant should receive after his long period of servitude. At discharge the master was to give each servant a new hat, a good suit, a new pair of shoes, two hoes and one ax, and one gun of 20 shillings price. Failing to do this the master was to pay a penalty of 500 pounds of tobacco (25).

Lords and Vassals in Virginia

Extensive baronial domains and large states in Virginia were procured by British nobles, adventurers, companies planters and military officers with such facility that the most pressing neces-sity there, as elsewhere, was a perma-ment supply of workers to hew the forests, cultivate the arable soil, man the ships and otherwise develop and dislaw, supplied a portion of this demand.

law, supplied a portion of this demand, and kidnaping another part. The enslavement of Indians and negroes furnished the remainder.

The Virgina act of 1670 declared that all servants, not Christians, imported into Virginia by shipping, should be slaves for life, but that those coming by land should serve for a limited time. land should serve for a limited time.
This statute seems to have applied to
negroes, to Indians from other provinces, and even to white convicts (26). The acts 1672, 1679 and 1685, distinctly, The acts 1672, 1879 and 1885, distinctly, as we have seen, validated the enslavement of Indian captives. The long continuing enslavement is evidenced by the fact that as late as 1795 the case (heretofore cited) of Coleman vs. Dick and Pat was before the Virginia Court of Appeals for the determination of the question whether Indians could be held as slaves. On that occasion the court held, as we have stated, that a statute passed in 1705 was a complete repeal of the acts of 1872, 1679 and 1885, and since that period no American In-dian can be reduced to a state of slav-ery." But added the But, added the court, "foreign Indians coming within the description of that act, might be made slaves" (27). The president of the Virgina Court of Appeals at this time was the Edmund Pendleton, who was one of the promoters of the Loyal company, which had obtained a grant of 800,000 acres of land and which had enriched itself by a succession of fraudulent op-

The conditions under which bonded white laborers and Indian and negro white laborers and Indian and negro slaves toiled were not invariably hard; here and there a kind, generous master was to be found, but he was a very rare exception. So oppressive was the lot of the servant, laborer and elawe, on the whole, that at the first opportunity a desperate flight for freedom was made. To prevent this, severe laws were passed in Virginia exceeding in harshness those in other colonies. ss those in other colonies

lacked the necessary certificates Watch Out for Lies

The Illinois Central Railroad is simply playing the same old its that have always been used by corporations to divide or distrage their employes when the latter were about to strike.

The company officials claim that the contract has not been lived to by the men. This is untrue.

They make a hypocritical play of considering the interests of "mublic". They do not care a fig leaf for the public and the same act decreed that if a runaway servant used a forged certificate he was to stand for two hours in a public pillory; as for the forger he was to forfeft 10 pounds with rosets, failing to pay which he was to receive thirty-nine lashes on the bare back, "well laid on" at the common whipping post (30). If, after the arrest of runaway servants, white or negro, no owner appeared at the gaol after a stated time, an iron collar was to be put by the keeper of the gaol on the put by the keeper of the gaol of servant's neck, marked with the let-ters "P. G." at the time the servant was delivered to the person hiring

Slaves Dismissed With Impunity

Section 35 of the same act was ex-tremely ferocious. It decreed that in the case of any slave notoriously guilty of going abroad at night, or running be reclaimed from such disorderly, to courses by common methods of punishment" (whipping and imprisonment) the court could order such a reprobate "to be punished by dismembering, or any other way not touching life, as they shall think fit, and if such slave shall they shall think fit, and if such slave shall de by means of such dismembering, no forfeiture or punishment shall be thereby incurred" (32).

The Socialist women are unusually active. This month they are holding a series of suffrage meetings in the small they shall think fit, and if such slave halls of the outlying districts, women generally doing the speaking. Once a month they have a discussion of the previous laws. By this act all servants (except convicts) who had been imported without articles of indenture.

Cap. 7) altered and extended some of the previous laws. By this act all serv-ants (except couvicts) who had been imported without articles of indenture. ants (except couvicis) who had been imported without articles of indenture, were to serve a period of servitude of not more than five years. Every owner was obliged to care for sick or lame servants during the whole period of service. If servants did not obey their owners "just and lawful commands, and resist or offer violence to master, mistress or overseer," a year more of servitude was to be added for each offense. In cases of violations of penalisable by fine, servants were to be punished by whipping, "after the rate of twenty lashes for every 600 pounds to the work of the probabilities of carrying the election, and the results, in their opinion, of women being permitted to vote.

To become full-fledged citizens, not citizens in name only, and to cast their first vote for Socialism, fills the Socialism with making the punished by whipping, "after the rate of twenty lashes for every 600 pounds the ballot all his life can put himself edo Blade.

of tobacco or 56 shillings current money." But no servant was to get more than forty lashes at one time (33).

After having served their laborious years of servitude, the servants, men and women, boys and girls, were turned out in an impoverished condition, with nothing more than a few articles allowed by law, and perhaps a few bits of money, but money was scarce, to bacco largely being used in Maryland and Virginia as currency. Frequently, during their terms of service, servants bacco largely being used in Maryland and Virginia as currency. Frequently, during their terms of service, servants were forced to undergo a change of masters, at least in Virginia; when planters fell in debt it was common for them. for them to sell their lands and serv-ants (24). The most vigorous part of the laborer's year were given in comany after the expiration of his term of servitude his vitality was impaired, and he had no means of securing subsistence. In custom and law he occupied a degrading position, from which in the south, at least, is derived the old contemptuous sneer at "white trash." The best and most valuable lands in the accessible securious contemptuous sneer at "white trash." the accessible portion of the country had already been pre-empted by adventurous individuals, manorial lords or planters who had acquired them by questionable grants, by outright fraud or by force. The poor white owned

Houses of Correction and Workhouses

The inevitable consequence quick and direct creation of a destitute class. Many, incapable of working longer, or filled with great repulsion because of their hard labor under servitude, wandered pathetically about, and became what were called vagabonds; still others to begging, and the prostituion of women was early in evidence. How did the lawmakers meet these conditions?

They began to establish houses of correction and workhouses. By the Massachusetts act of 1646 houses of correction were ordered and magiscorrection were ordered and magis trates were required to commit to those institutions runaway servants, "idle persons, common drunkards and common night walkers," and to provide materials of work (35). The act of 1699 p. 314. (28) "" (29) to the same colony made more effective provision for houses of correction and workhouses, and the putting to work in those institutions of "rogues, vagabonds, common beggars and other lewd, idle and disorderly persons." For such as were stubborn and declined to work lished. were required to commit to those were required to commit to those as were stubborn and declined to work, ten lashes or a starvation diet was prescribed (36). The Massachusetts act of 1720, as we have seen, compelled the setting to work or the bonding out, of all children of the poor. The New Hampshire act of 13 Anne decreed that any Indian, negro or mulatto servant found abroad, without satisfactory excuse, after 9 o'clock at night was to be locked up in the house of correction, and returned to the master next morning. If the arrest happened to be in a place where there was no house of correction, then a lashing of ten stripes was to be given by the constable in place of imprisonment (37). The Connecticut laws approximated those of Massachusetts and New Hampshire. The Rhode Island code of 1647 ordered as were stubborn and declined to work

called "Contributers to the Relief and Employment of the Poor in the City of Philadelphia" (40). The same act tells that whereas "great numbers of rogues, vagabonds and other idle and dissolute persons frequently come from the neigh-boring provinces to the said city, with-out following and labor, trade or busi-ness, or having any visible means of subsistence, and are not only dangerous members of society, but in the end besubsistence, and are not only dangerous members of society, but in the end become burthensome to the publick?—therefore, they are to be committed to the house of employment to be kept at hard labor for three months(41) Early in the settlement of New York the idle and beggars become so numerous that acts were passed on Nov. 1, 1683, and on May 13, 1691, providing poorhouses for the maintenance of the poor and for the preventing of "yaga". poor and for the preventing of "vaga-bonds, beggars, idle persons, and those without manual crafts," for beggars these laws made a special provision re-

which they came (42). (22) Ibid. (23) Fbid. (24) Ibid.

(26). We have seen how the Virginia general land laws of 1705 allowed plant-ers to acquire free lands in proportion to the number of servants or slaves owned. The more slaves or servants HAMILTON, OHIO, HAS

quiring their deportation to towns from

the greater the area of land granted.
(27) Washington's Virginia Reports
(Court of Appeals), vol. I., 239.
(28) "Virgina Laws," edition of 1759,

(29) Ibid. (30) Ibid.

(31) Ibid. 316.

(32) Ibid., 319. (33) Fbid., pp. 326-329. (34) So stated in a Broadside pub-

ished at the time.
(35) "Ancient Charters and Laws of

Massachusetts Bay," etc., 178.
(36) Ibid., 334-338.
(37) "New Hampshire Acts and Laws," Fowler's edition of 1761, p. 41.
(38) "Rhode Island Colonial Records,

1636-1663," Vol. I, 184-185.

1636-1663," Vol. I, 184-185.

(39) Ibid, 227.

(40) Carey and Bioren's Pennsylvania Laws, 1700-1770, Vol. I, 417-419.

(41) Ibid, 423, 424. The succeeding law of March 9, 1771, said that the laws theretofore enacted had not answered "the good purposes expected," Ibid., Vol. II, 1.

(42) "Laws of the Colony of New York" yn 131 and 237

(42) "Laws of the Co York," pp. 131 and 237. of the Colony of New

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

EFFICIENCY AGAIN

Professor Winslow comes out with a whether it finally, when the day of toil plea for pleuty of fresh air for the is done, lags on account of excessively workers in factories and workshops. Is it because his large heart suffers in toxic effects of overwork are just as sympathy with the sufferings of the toilers in dense, poisoned, heated atmospheres? Oh no! The professor does the large heart suffers to the toxic effects of evil gentila-mospheres? Oh no! The professor does the large heart suffers to you please; nothing of the kind. He much the same reason that one of the board of charities in New York recommended a perfect system of fire escapes in all factories because it "increase

The professor knows very well that of the human system becomes affected by few, indeed, mention the dangerous effundavorable conditions of labor. He feets upon humanity of overwork. Overknows that when the physical condition is unfavorable, the worker himself is deeply affected, but that would be an unimportant matter only it countries. What in thunder are they alive for, if not to grind out every pound of feets they have got, every pound of feets they have got, every pound of feets they have got, every pound of feets they have got eve

that way profits for the employer.
Accordingly the professor urges ventilation, and fresh air as the best "speed boss."

What the professor suggests will commend itself to everyone who views

mospheres? Oh no! The professor does tion or work under unfavorable condi-not pose at all as a humanitarian, if tions. The net results are the same

upon the individuals.

But one never hears this phase of the question even mooted in those papers which affect a deep consideration for the uplift of the workers so that their efficiency may be improved. That aspect is kept almost entirely in the background, and while we hear a great deal of the dangerous effects of overeating few, indeed, mention the dangerous effects upon humanity of overage.

quart of blood that they keep pumping through their system, in profits which may be dissipated in the pleasure of the few?

We often indeed hear of such a thing of "violent physical exercise," but the physicians who employ the expression

commend itself to everyone who views things from the employer's point of view; efficiency is everything and nowadays people who employ labor talk considerably about it. It is indeed quite a fashlouable and a paying fad.

The way the workers have to look at such a matter is this: Suppose, owing to lack of good ventilation, the working system lags, what is the difference

she has conferred upon her the badge of citizenship and realizes that she has been lifted out of degradation and bond-

organize a Wage Earners' Equal Suf-frage League which exhibits much ac-tivity. Its special work is among trade

The Socialist women of Los Angeles

have just subscribed for ten dollars' worth of subscribed for ten dollars' worth of subscription cards for the Progressive Woman to help them in carrying on their propagands for Socialism among the women of their

WOMEN WORK FOR FRANCHISE BY MARY E. GARBUTT, Socialist State Correspondent of California

The Socialist women of California are in the place of a disfranchised class now in the midst of a suffrage cam-paign. On the 19th of October the vot-ers of California will decide at the bal-lot box whether they want to do justice to women and take them out of the bad bad age into a freedom and responsibility.

The Socialist women have helped to mpany they have been placed in all

these years.

The women of all classes and organizations are working hard for their enfranchisement. There is but one month left in which to educate the voters, and the women are working night and day

A LIFE SHAVER
"What was the best job you ever
did?" inquired the first barber.
"I once shaved a man, replied the
second ditto. "Then I persuaded him
to have a hair-cut, singe, shampoo, face
massage, sea foam, electric buzz, tar
spray and finally a tonic rub."
"What then?"
"The these time?" concluded harber. "By that time," concluded barber No. 2, "he needed another shave."— London Answers.

Judge—"You are charged with nea-support of your wife. What have you to say for yourself?"
Rastus—"Well, jedge, I done got her three more washings a week than any other culind lady in the block."—Tol-ledo Blade.

History of the Supreme Court of the United States SOCIALIST NEWS from EVERYWHERE

SAYS BERGER IN INTERVIEW

judged a pauper, and treated legally as a pauper (39).

Cleveland, Ohio.—'The capitalists of America—the people who ride you down in their automobiles on the way to their pears dealt with the establishment of measures for the relief of the poor. Beginning with a preamble that the poor within the city of Philadelphia and adjacent parts 'are becoming very burthensome and expensive to the inhabitants,' the Pennsylvania act of Feb. 8, 1766, incorporated a society to be called ''Contributors to the Relief and Employment of the Poor in the City of Philadelphia''(40). The same act tells of the property of the property of the contributors to the Relief and Press.

Cleveland, Ohio.—'The capitalists of America—the people who ride you down in their automobiles on the way to their observed and the rate plastered all plants of the transfer are at the end of their rope. Do not fear, do not be deceived—their day is practically over. The age of the immensely rion in the cley of the instants, '' Labor and Patriotism.''

He be told of the duty of the working-man and the intensely poor men will speaker on the program and spoke on with the era of slavery and the usual rot handed out by old plants, ''Cabra and Patriotism.''

He told of the duty of the working-man and the intensely poor men will see

land Press. "You must realize capitalism is in its last ditch when a man like Judge Gary, head of the steel trust, asks the govern-

"That means the beginning of the bow to the inevitable bow to the inevitable—government own-ership. It means Socialism has ceased

"All you have to do is to stand with your own class and be counted. All you have to do is to stand for your wives and children on election day and

be counted. All you have to do is to stand with your fellow workingmen on election day and be counted.
"Make every election day a labor day and soon you will not need a special labor day, because then you will own the country every day of the year."

PULL SOCIALIST TICKET

Hamilton, Ohio.—The Socialists of this city have a full ticket in the field for the first time, the following being nominated for office: For Mayor—Joseph N. Felblinger, For President of Council—Wal

For Auditor-J. R. P. Ferguson.

For Treasurer—Ernest Sheafor. For City Solicitor—B. F. Primmer. For Councilmen-at-Large — W. Overley, Charles J. Norris, Joseph B

Overley, Charles J. Norris, Joseph D. Meyers.
For Councilmen—First ward, J. W. Cook; Second ward, Edward Bevington; Third ward, Lawrence C. Geis; Fourth ward, Dan Callahan; Fifth ward, Joseph B. Smith; Sixth ward, Fred Aker.
For Board of Education—Henry Henkel, Charles Manuy, Frank Hinkel.
For Constables—William J. Robin,

For Constables—William J. Robin Thomas Fishwick, Charles R. Penwell For Assessor—First ward, Joseph A. Fromm, Jr.; Second ward, Carl A. Hodapp; Fourth ward, Henry Sauer; Fifth ward, Clarence Rogers; Sixth ward, Joseph R. Sutter.

Delegates to State Constitutional Con NATIONAL COMMITTEE MOTION

TO RECALL GOEBEL PASSED The following motion, submitted to the national committee by John W. Slayton, national committeeman from Pennsylvania, has been adopted by a

rennsylvania, has been adopted by a vote of 32 to 25:

"That the national party be instructed to recall National Organizer Goebel from Alaska and place him in unorganized territories and states in the United States, where expenses of travel are not so great and the less scattered population, would render organization of

ulation would render organization ef-forts more productive of results." DELIVERS TWO LECTURES Council Bluffs, Ia.—Two splendid lec-tures were delivered here on Socialism by Dr. W. C. Hills. Both lectures were held on the street and big crowds re-ceived the message of Socialism. In his

Muskegon Mich.-The spe

so stirred up by his speech that in making hers she utterly tore all his

making hers she uterly tore all his statements to shreds, making them sound like the sayings of a child. "The workers have no cause to be patriotic," she said. "They have no cause to celebrate except their pover-ty. Their independence exists in mere

bow to the inevitable—government of the workers and they have jobs only being a theory; that it has a niche, a big one, in the world of fact!

"The old Romans used to say: 'It is fortunate that the slaves never have the chance to count us.' It was because there were ten times as many slaves as free men in Rome.

"Now there are ten times as many wage slaves as there are free men in America, but there is a chance for a America, but there is a chance for a ch

In speaking of the Haywood case and the conditions in Colorado, she said: "When the eight-hour law was passed in Colorado had patriotism instead of profit been uppermost in the minds of the capitalists they would have given it to you, knowing it would be for the benefit of the great mass of people who constitute the United States. Instead they declared it unconstitutional."

When she finished she was greeted with tremendous application few people

with tremendous applause, few ever being received in this town as she

SOCIALIST RESOLUTIONS DEMAND AMENDMENTS

Los Angeles, Cal—Resolutions de-manding the passage of the new amend-ment of the California constitution, giv-ing the suffrage to women, and demanding the initiative, referendum and re-call, laying special emphasis upon the recall of judges, were passed by the state board of control of the Socialist party, in session here.

The executive committee which has served during the past year was re-

elected, the committee consisting of N.
A. Richardson, San Bernardino; Walter
S. Deeds, San Diego; W. H. Wright,
Orange; P. H. Quinn, Pasadena; George
A. Garrett, San Diego; E. A. Cantrell,
Los Angeles, and Job Harriman, Los

Resolutions of sympathy were passed in behalf of H. C. Tuck, the blind editor of "The World," a Socialist paper of Oakland, who is now serving a ninety-day sentence in jail on a charge of libel. Resolution of sympathy for the McNamara brothers were

DEMAND POLICE STOP PARCE SEARCH FOR SHOAP

Los Angeles, Cal.-Resolutions were passed by the German branch of the Socialist party protesting against the action of the police in the disappear-ance of George H. Shoaf in putting a detective on the case who is under indictment for kidnaping the McNa-maras whom Shoaf was trying to aid. The resolution also demands that the

nayor take steps toward making the police conduct a proper search for the missing writer, and requests that the grand jury investigate the disay ance and the negligence of the police in the matter.

TO CONCENTRATE EFFORTS Council Bluffs, Ia.—Two splendid lectures were delivered here on Socialism by Dr. W. C. Hills. Both lectures were held on the street and big crowds received the message of Socialism. In his second lecture he talked on war and its cause. A distribution of 5,000 copies of the Appeal to Reason was made Labor Day.

TO CONDENTRATE EFFORTS
Milwaukee, Wis.—The Socialists of Wisconsin are now planning to concentrate their efforts on several counties in the state, in addition to Milwaukee, where it is thought there is a good chance to win. Manitowoe and Sheboygan counties are two counties where a strong campaign will be waged.

OUTBURSTS OF EVERETT TRUE



LIKE THAT "SOPPING" BUSI NESS OF YOURS !! YOU HAVE TEETH TO CHEW YOUR FOOD WITH AND I'LL TERCH YOU SO, TOO !! NOW CHEW. YOU HYENR !!

