

THE CHICAGO DAILY SOCIALIST

VOL. V.—NO. 167.—SIX PAGES—LAST EDITION.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 10, 1911

LAST EDITION.—SIX PAGES.—PRICE ONE CENT.

BURNS VOTE BUYER

Evidence in the Congress

Probe Shows Record of Private Detective.

While labor papers on the Pacific coast are denouncing the kidnapping of J. J. McNamara from Indianapolis and Orrie McManigal and J. W. McNamara from Detroit, men intimately concerned with the defense prepared under the direction of the executive board of the American Federation of Labor are turning with interest to the evidence in a congressional election contest which charges William J. Burns with vote buying.

Charges Against Burns

The charges against Burns were made in connection with the congressional election of 1900 in the Twelfth congressional district of Ohio, when John J. Lentz was running against Emmet Tompkins.

The election was held on November 6, 1900. William J. Burns was then practically assistant chief of the United States secret service. He had been a resident of Columbus and was present on that election day.

On page 85 of the record of congressional investigation which was held into the election contest brought by Lentz, appears the following testimony, sworn to by Walter P. Inomas, editor of the Union Signal Herald:

Here's the Testimony

"I met Mr. Burns standing there in front of the drug store and went up to him, and that was the first time I had an opportunity to shake hands with him that day. I said, 'Good evening, Billy.' He says, 'Good evening.'"

"I said, 'I want to congratulate you on your nerve and general shrewdness.' He says, 'To what do you refer?' I said, 'I refer to that deal you made back there in the yard—those votes that were bought by you and Miller.' He says, 'I don't know anything about no deal, and he says, 'I didn't buy no votes.'"

"I said, 'All right, Billy; you will have to do the right thing now. I was there and saw the whole business, the whole transaction from beginning to end.'"

"I said, 'You did make the deal, and you was there with Miller.' He says, 'What about it?' He says, 'It's all right, ain't it?' I said, 'No, it ain't all right; I am working for the Democrats, and immediately I left him, and the only thing I heard him say was 'What?'"

The testimony was given by Thomas after he had described how he stood in a small building, and looking out of the window, saw Elmer J. Miller, the Miller referred to in the foregoing, and Burns paying men to vote for Emmet Tompkins for congress.

Charges Against Otis

While this evidence is being delved into the Los Angeles Citizen, a labor paper of that city, has announced that charges of criminal negligence involved in the destruction of the Times building by gas, will be brought against General Harrison Gray Otis and others connected with the ownership of the Times.

The Citizen denounces the case against the three ironworkers as "the crime of the century," and asserts that the steel trust is determined, with all its powerful allies controlling the commerce of the United States, to crush union labor and prevent the capture of Los Angeles by the Socialists this fall.

Burns Lies, Says Gompers

By United Press. Washington, May 10.—Samuel Gompers has sent the following telegram to J. J. McNamara, care of the county jail, Los Angeles, Cal.:

"Newspapers publish statement that Detective Burns declared that after investigation of case, I believe you and your brother guilty of accusations made against you both. Burns lies. His statement is intended to misrepresent me, and injure you both in the mind of the public. We all feel confident of your and your brother's innocence, and will do everything lawful within our power to help in its establishment before the court.

(Signed) "SAMUEL GOMPERS, President American Federation of Labor."

Seek Release on Bail

By United Press. Los Angeles, Cal., May 10.—An attempt by Attorney Job Harriman to secure the release of John McNamara on bail failed.

Harriman sought to have Judge Bordwell set an amount of bail for the charge of dynamiting the Llewellyn iron works, but the court denied the application without prejudice to the defendant, with the understanding that the matter may be brought up again at some future time.

Detective Burns, Attorney Clarence Darrow and Mrs. Orrie McManigal are all expected to arrive here from the East before the end of the week.

Alienable Right

District Attorney Fredericks represented the state in the proceedings. Attorney Harriman contended that admission to bail is one of the alienable

rights of a citizen, and that the state cannot take away that right without due process of law.

The court held that the right of admission to bail is a right which is not alienable, and that the state cannot take away that right without due process of law.

(Continued on Page 2, Column 2)

Just One Question, Judge Petit: Are These Charges in Sunday's Examiner True?

LAST SUNDAY'S EXAMINER SAID:

Judge Petit is the creature of William Lorimer. Lorimer discovered him, recognized in him the kind of material that he could mold to his own purposes; picked him up from the obscurity of a little law office; placed him on the Republican ticket as a nominee for the bench, and elected him to do his (Lorimer's) bidding.

Well has the judge obeyed his master. The freeing of Tilden, Benedict and Cummins was necessary to the safety of Lorimer.

But still more important, from the Lorimer viewpoint, was the blow aimed at the life of the committee which summoned these men to appear before it.

For Lorimer's sake the investigation must stop, and for Lorimer's sake his judge decided that the investigation was unconstitutional.

SOCIALISTS CLAIM:

That big business today controls all branches of our government.

The statement from the Examiner of last Sunday bristles with charges to the effect that Lorimer, as agent of the beef trust, carries Judge Petit around in his vest pocket.

It has always been pointed out by the Socialists that all Republican and Democratic judges are similarly controlled.

If Judge Petit has anything to say to the contrary, or if he wishes to answer the Examiner through the Daily Socialist, space is gladly given him.

But there is no danger that he will do this.

NEW ERA FOR O'FALLON, ILL., MAYOR'S PLEDGE

Socialist Says City Needs Parks and Public Ownership.

Special Correspondence.

O'Fallon, Ill., May 10.—In spite of the fact that Socialist Mayor D. L. Thomas does not control a majority in the city council, still he will be able to do much good for the city. People here are still discussing his message to the city council when he was inaugurated. The message reads as follows:

"To the Common Council: 'With the few brief words I wish to state my position on a few of the questions that are of a great deal of importance to the city of O'Fallon and its citizens.

"As I am not familiar with the details of existing franchises and contracts between the city and public service corporations or companies, I cannot at this time make any specific recommendation for acquiring possession (ownership) of any public utility, but in the near future, when I get in possession of the facts I will make such recommendations as will best carry into effect the program for which the voters at the recent city election expressed themselves in favor.

"To Protect Citizens 'Governments of city, state or nation are instituted and established by the people, and intended to protect the interests and welfare of every citizen alike, be he great or small. When they fail to do this there is a wrong to be righted, for naturally the burden falls heaviest on him who is least able to bear it, and to the end that justice may be done to all, the powers of government must be restored to the people.

"We have glaring examples on every hand of government of, by and for special interests, we can only overcome this evil by exercising our voting power and using it for ourselves, we can, and we must exert our manhood and refuse to be led by the political boss or trickster.

"Power Is Limited 'I know that our power to legislate in cities is limited and these suggestions may not be applicable, but we have the right and it is our duty to insist that our representatives in the general assembly shall look to the needs of the people instead of corporations.

"There is no reason why a city as old as O'Fallon should not own its lighting system, but for some unexplainable reason we don't, and consequently we find ourselves paying exorbitant rates for lights, and it is hard to say just at this time how much longer this unreasonable toll is to continue.

"To Own Water System 'It is true we will soon own our water mains, but still we will be dependent upon a private concern to furnish our water and pressure, but this can be corrected if the voters so decide, especially when it is taken into consideration that a suitable plant can be erected both for lighting purposes and water pressure.

"I am not unmindful of the fact that to acquire possession of public utilities taxation must be taken into consideration, but, contrary to a popular belief, the burdens of taxation fall not heaviest on that part of society which possesses the greater wealth, but the burden is borne absolutely and entirely by him who toils—the producer of wealth.

"Need Park Sites 'As this is a rapidly growing and expanding city, I believe this is the proper time to acquire park sites. Sites may be acquired now at a comparatively nominal cost.

"The type of our future citizen depends on the opportunity of the child of today for a proper moral, intellectual and physical development. These advantages can be given them by providing ample play grounds and recreation and lecture rooms, and a public library would not only benefit the child but benefit the older generations as well. These things are all possibilities and I hope probabilities of the not very distant future.

"Sanitation Great Factor 'On the sanitation of a city depends to a great extent the health of the people and every possible effort should be made and will be made as far as my powers go to make O'Fallon a clean, purer and healthier city.

"The recent heavy rainfalls have demonstrated the inadequacy of our drainage system. This can be improved

by the construction of a new drainage system. This can be improved

by the construction of a new drainage system. This can be improved

by the construction of a new drainage system. This can be improved

by the construction of a new drainage system. This can be improved

by the construction of a new drainage system. This can be improved

by the construction of a new drainage system. This can be improved



OUR TABLOID CARTOON. THERE! JOHN'S BEEN READING THE PAPERS.

In the opinion of Justice C. M. Lee of the Superior court at Providence, R. I., a man is justified in slapping his wife for going through his pockets.

ROOSEVELT IDEA NOT IN FAVOR

Bigger the Family, Higher the Death Rate, Exhibit Shows.

"The bigger the family, the higher the death rate among the children," is the way the Roosevelt Ideas of large families are censured by the Child Welfare exhibit, which opens tomorrow evening at the Coliseum. The census appears on a placard posted in a conspicuous place.

Poverty Is Fatal The rest of the exhibit shows that the most fatal thing to child life is poverty. Colonel Roosevelt, who gives advice on everything and one of whose hobbies is "race suicide," has telegraphed that he will attend the exhibition as a guest.

Those connected with the affair are wondering how "The Colonel" will take the verdict of science against his pet idea. The placard in question is hung conspicuously in the "Health Section" of the exposition.

Decry Early Marriages Early marriages also will be decryed at the exhibit. As a companion maxim to that opposing one of the colonel's pet hobbies will be this: "Women should not marry before they are 20 years old. Men should not marry before they are 25 years old."

Hundreds of charts and photographs and screens already are in place at the Coliseum. Three hundred men are at work in eight-hour shifts. Although 72,000 square feet of space must be filled, the committee is confident everything will be in readiness for opening on schedule.

Children Suffer He said that out of 22,000,000 children of school age 6,000,000 never went to school and that 1,752,187 children between the ages of 10 and 15 years were not work in the United States.

Chairman Kent quoted from one of ex-Senator Chauncey M. Depew's after-dinner speeches that "it was the starving unemployed who had been driven from all occupations, which more than anything else precipitated and prolonged the French revolution, and maintained in connection therewith the fact that the authorities in Washington had laughed at the recommendation of the national convention of the unemployed some time ago to pass an amendment to the constitution of the United States guaranteeing all citizens the right to work and to the full value of their labor.

The sentiments of the organizing committee, as expressed by the chairman, were unanimously endorsed by the delegates.

It was decided to adopt the name of "The Chicago Conference on Unemployment."

The trade union delegates stated that most of the labor organizations had a large percentage of unemployed members and asked that all ward branches of the Socialist party, as well as all trades unions, be asked through the columns of the Daily Socialist to send delegates to this permanent conference

Madero, Sr. The elder Madero rode five days on horseback to reach his own camp south of Juarez. From there he sent the three in front are Col. Rafael Madero, younger brother; Provisional President Madero; Francisco L.

Madero, Sr. The elder Madero rode five days on horseback to reach his own camp south of Juarez. From there he sent the three in front are Col. Rafael Madero, younger brother; Provisional President Madero; Francisco L.

Madero, Sr. The elder Madero rode five days on horseback to reach his own camp south of Juarez. From there he sent the three in front are Col. Rafael Madero, younger brother; Provisional President Madero; Francisco L.

Madero, Sr. The elder Madero rode five days on horseback to reach his own camp south of Juarez. From there he sent the three in front are Col. Rafael Madero, younger brother; Provisional President Madero; Francisco L.

Madero, Sr. The elder Madero rode five days on horseback to reach his own camp south of Juarez. From there he sent the three in front are Col. Rafael Madero, younger brother; Provisional President Madero; Francisco L.

SENATE PROVES BERGER CHARGE

Laziness and Reaction Rule Club of Corporation Tools.

By National Socialist Press. Washington, May 10.—The United States senate is daily proving Representative Berger's assertion that it has become an "obstructive and useless body." Its own notorious record for time-killing and inactivity has even been broken during the last month.

Time Wasted The first thirty days of the extra session have been practically wasted by the upper house. Since convening the senate has been in session, all told, 16 hours and 20 minutes. And during that time not a bill or a resolution has either been passed or defeated by these easy-going gentlemen.

Not satisfied with their early adjournments, the senate has just decided to convene at 2 o'clock in the afternoon instead of at noon. "Standard Oil" Bailey is father of that patriotic innovation.

With all its faults, the house has at least met daily and transacted business. It has already passed a number of bills, in spite of the fact that the house has a membership four times as large as the senate. After all, the house is the "popular body," and in a measure bears the wrath of the people.

No matter how progressive the house may become the senate will always remain in the hands of corporate capital. While the lower house of the Sixty-second congress has a number of liberal members, the upper house has not changed practically at all.

Penrose Is There In the place of Aldrich we have Penrose. In Depew's seat sits O'Gorman. Instead of Elkins the senate has a Watson. And so it goes. The individuals change but the interests always rule.

All friends of progressive legislation are agreed that the senate is an obstructive body. Yet on the Socialist side there are those who have the courage to come out openly for the removal of this obstruction. Popular election of senators may reform the senate, but it can not justify its existence.

Looking down from the gallery any well-informed person must admit that the present senate is composed of representatives of the various corporations instead of the several states. Their smug and sleek appearance betrays their unholy mission in congress. Even capitalist newspapers sometimes refer to the senate as a "Millionaires' Club."

Berger's resolution providing for the abolition of the senate may seem revolutionary to some of our weak-kneed reformers, but no one can deny his accusations against that body. As long as the senate performs its present function it is "a menace to the liberties of the people."

Weather Forecast

Increasing cloudiness, with probably showers and thunderstorms late tonight or Thursday; warmer tonight, colder Thursday; high southwest winds tonight, changing to northwest Thursday. Forecast for Thursday, May 11, was the official forecast today.

Sunrise, 4:35 a. m.; sunset, 6:53 p. m. Moonset, 3:34 a. m.

ASKS HELP FOR CITY'S JOBLESS

William Kent Says 125,000 Lack Employment in Chicago.

Labor unions throughout Chicago are asked to send delegates to the Chicago conference on unemployment, which was formed last night at a joint meeting of delegates from the Lake Seaman's union, the First ward branch of the Socialist party and the Brotherhood Welfare Association of the unemployed. The meeting was held at 36 South Desplaines street. The next meeting will be held Tuesday night at the same place.

Last night Chairman William Kent predicted a panic in 1913.

Kent Organizes In behalf of the organizing committee Delegate William Kent called the conference to order and stated that the committee had investigated the present situation and had found that according to the most reliable sources there are at the present moment 4,500,000 unemployed men and women in the United States, of which number there are 125,000 in the city of Chicago.

Refers to Suicides The chairman referred to the fact that yesterday's papers had stated that on this day there had been chronicled four suicides caused by unemployment and that two workmen, 50 years old, had been sentenced each to twenty-two years' imprisonment in Pottsville, Pa., because they had been charged with a number of small thefts.

Predicts Panic in 1913 "From various reliable sources we learn," said Chairman Kent, "that Wall street is preparing for, in fact, organizing, another panic for 1913, to take place after the inauguration of the next president, and the common people should take time by the forelock now."

The speaker stated that 5,000,000 women are now employed in the industries of the nation at lower wages than the men; that there were 102,329 prisoners in the penitentiaries; 25,786 children in juvenile institutions; that there were 199,981 "official" paupers in the United States and 3,000,000 pauperized citizens applying for assistance to charitable institutions each year.

Children Suffer He said that out of 22,000,000 children of school age 6,000,000 never went to school and that 1,752,187 children between the ages of 10 and 15 years were not work in the United States.

Chairman Kent quoted from one of ex-Senator Chauncey M. Depew's after-dinner speeches that "it was the starving unemployed who had been driven from all occupations, which more than anything else precipitated and prolonged the French revolution, and maintained in connection therewith the fact that the authorities in Washington had laughed at the recommendation of the national convention of the unemployed some time ago to pass an amendment to the constitution of the United States guaranteeing all citizens the right to work and to the full value of their labor.

The sentiments of the organizing committee, as expressed by the chairman, were unanimously endorsed by the delegates.

It was decided to adopt the name of "The Chicago Conference on Unemployment."

The trade union delegates stated that most of the labor organizations had a large percentage of unemployed members and asked that all ward branches of the Socialist party, as well as all trades unions, be asked through the columns of the Daily Socialist to send delegates to this permanent conference

Madero, Sr. The elder Madero rode five days on horseback to reach his own camp south of Juarez. From there he sent the three in front are Col. Rafael Madero, younger brother; Provisional President Madero; Francisco L.

Madero, Sr. The elder Madero rode five days on horseback to reach his own camp south of Juarez. From there he sent the three in front are Col. Rafael Madero, younger brother; Provisional President Madero; Francisco L.

Madero, Sr. The elder Madero rode five days on horseback to reach his own camp south of Juarez. From there he sent the three in front are Col. Rafael Madero, younger brother; Provisional President Madero; Francisco L.

Madero, Sr. The elder Madero rode five days on horseback to reach his own camp south of Juarez. From there he sent the three in front are Col. Rafael Madero, younger brother; Provisional President Madero; Francisco L.

Madero, Sr. The elder Madero rode five days on horseback to reach his own camp south of Juarez. From there he sent the three in front are Col. Rafael Madero, younger brother; Provisional President Madero; Francisco L.

Madero, Sr. The elder Madero rode five days on horseback to reach his own camp south of Juarez. From there he sent the three in front are Col. Rafael Madero, younger brother; Provisional President Madero; Francisco L.

Madero, Sr. The elder Madero rode five days on horseback to reach his own camp south of Juarez. From there he sent the three in front are Col. Rafael Madero, younger brother; Provisional President Madero; Francisco L.

REBELS ARE WINNING IN LONG FIGHT

EXTRA Diaz Troops Are Making Their Last Stand in Juarez.

BULLETIN

By United Press. El Paso, Texas, May 10.—The rebels' capture of Juarez appears to be complete. Navarre is reported in full retreat.

Three hundred rebel reinforcements entered Juarez at 10 a. m., stormed the cathedral, the stronghold of the federales, and took it. Then, assisted by Garibaldi's men and the American legion of the rebels, they stormed and took the jail, and destroyed it after releasing the prisoners.

Insurrecto flags are flying now on the top of the city water tank at the city hall and on the flagstaff in a street near by.

Federalists in Last Stand At daylight persons returning to the American side reported that Madero's 1,500 troops had been literally shot to pieces by the terrific fire of the insurgent troops, but the federales insist that they will yet save the city.

General Navarro's federales are offering a most desperate resistance, cheered on by their officers, who are repeating their commander's slogan, "Juarez shall never surrender."

The barricades behind which the federales have been fighting in the streets and buildings in which they have sought shelter have been literally shot to pieces by the terrific fire of the insurgent troops, but the federales insist that they will yet save the city.

Rebels Outnumber Garrison While the rebels vastly outnumber the town's garrison, and swarmed the city, there is some likelihood that Gen. Navarro will be able to keep the attackers at bay until reinforcements under Colonel Rabago, more than 1,000 strong, reach Juarez.

The strongly fortified places in the city—the jail, church and barracks—are all in the hands of the federales, and Navarro considers these impregnable when properly defended. The insurgents, on the other hand, are compelled to fight in the open and exposed to the rifle and cannon fire of the garrison.

When night fell yesterday the battle has already raged for eighteen hours. While the advantage appeared to be entirely with the rebels and they had control of most of the city of Juarez.

Hold Captured Town Tia Juana, Mex., May 10.—Despite a report that Mexican forces were advancing from Emendado to recapture Tia Juana from the insurgents, who occupied it yesterday, no new attack is expected by the new garrison.

Two hundred and eighty soldiers comprise the present garrison, believed to be sufficient to defend the town against any force the federales can muster.

The full death list of yesterday's short engagement will probably never be known. Nine insurgent dead were brought in today and eleven wounded were brought across the border, but it is believed there are more insurgent dead in the hills. The federal dead cannot be ascertained, although the insurgent commander, Gen. Sam Bryce, estimates them at eighteen.

Many of the former garrison of Tia Juana have surrendered to the American troops near San Diego. The other federales are believed to have scattered in the hills.

Many Nations Interested By United Press. Washington, May 10.—Fears that the United States might be forced into intervention in Mexico, by pressure from abroad have been allayed for the present by assurances given President Taft it was learned today.

Diplomatic representatives from Great Britain, France, Germany, Italy and Spain, the nations most interested, have let it be known, it is said, that their governments do not contemplate any move to influence the president. Italy, it was learned today, inquired what course the United States would pursue, and has remained silent since receiving a reply.

MAYBE HE'LL PUNISH THE WALL STREET GAMBLERS This Tennessee man, after a year or so in the department of justice, has been promoted, becoming assistant to

FORTY MINERS ARE ENTOMBED

White Haven, England, May 10.—Forty miners were entombed in the pit shaft of St. Margaret's coal mine, near here, today by fire. The flames, which burst out in the shaft, cut off the exit before the men could get to safety. White Haven is at the end of the Cumberland coal fields.

LOSE STRUGGLE IN HARD FIGHT

By United Press. Oakland, Cal., May 10.—Returns so far in on the municipal election here indicate that Thomas Booth, Socialist candidate for mayor, lost after a strong fight.

Mayor Frank K. Mott, Republican, and carrying the endorsement of Governor Johnson, received a plurality of 2,400, according to present indications. Mott is known as a "progressive Republican," and carried his ticket to victory.

LORIMER BRIBE PROBE ENDS IN FAILURE Springfield, Ill., May 10.—Balcked by the decision of Judge Adeler Petit, who refused to allow it to procure the records in the possession of Edward Tilden, relating to the \$100,000 fund charged to have been raised to elect William Lorimer United States senator, the Helm committee has ended its work. It will draw up a report. The report is expected to copy a recommendation that evidence produced before the committee and other evidence which the committee had under cover, and had not yet produced, be forwarded to the United States senate.

the attorney general in place of W. S. Kenyon, newly elected senator from Iowa. He has plan to prosecute Wall street gamblers who corner stocks and thus inflate the price of necessities, on the theory that such corners are practically trusts and culpable under the Sherman law. Maybe Mr. Wickensham will let him do it.

REBELS ARE WINNING IN LONG FIGHT

EXTRA Diaz Troops Are Making Their Last Stand in Juarez.

By United Press. El Paso, Tex., May 10.—With flames bursting out in all parts of the city, the battle between federales and insurgents at Juarez, Mex., was renewed with redoubled fury today.

Federalists in Last Stand At daylight persons returning to the American side reported that Madero's 1,500 troops had been literally shot to pieces by the terrific fire of the insurgent troops, but the federales insist that they will yet save the city.

General Navarro's federales are offering a most desperate resistance, cheered on by their officers, who are repeating their commander's slogan, "Juarez shall never surrender."

The barricades behind which the federales have been fighting in the streets and buildings in which they have sought shelter have been literally shot to pieces by the terrific fire of the insurgent troops, but the federales insist that they will yet save the city.

Rebels Outnumber Garrison While the rebels vastly outnumber the town's garrison, and swarmed the city, there is some likelihood that Gen. Navarro will be able to keep the attackers at bay until reinforcements under Colonel Rabago, more than 1,000 strong, reach Juarez.

The strongly fortified places in the city—the jail, church and barracks—are all in the hands of the federales, and Navarro considers these impregnable when properly defended. The insurgents, on the other hand, are compelled to fight in the open and exposed to the rifle and cannon fire of the garrison.

When night fell yesterday the battle has already raged for eighteen hours. While the advantage appeared to be entirely with the rebels and they had control of most of the city of Juarez.

Hold Captured Town Tia Juana, Mex., May 10.—Despite a report that Mexican forces were advancing from Emendado to recapture Tia Juana from the insurgents, who occupied it yesterday, no new attack is expected by the new garrison.

Two hundred and eighty soldiers comprise the present garrison, believed to be sufficient to defend the town against any force the federales can muster.

The full death list of yesterday's short engagement will probably never be known. Nine insurgent dead were brought in today and eleven wounded were brought across the border, but it is believed there are more insurgent dead in the hills. The federal dead cannot be ascertained, although the insurgent commander, Gen. Sam Bryce, estimates them at eighteen.

Many of the former garrison of Tia Juana have surrendered to the American troops near San Diego. The other federales are believed to have scattered in the hills.

Many Nations Interested By United Press. Washington, May 10.—Fears that the United States might be forced into intervention in Mexico, by pressure from abroad have been allayed for the present by assurances given President Taft it was learned today.

Diplomatic representatives from Great Britain, France, Germany, Italy and Spain, the nations most interested, have let it be known, it is said, that their governments do not contemplate any move to influence the president. Italy, it was learned today, inquired what course the United States would pursue, and has remained silent since receiving a reply.

MAYBE HE'LL PUNISH THE WALL STREET GAMBLERS This Tennessee man, after a year or so in the department of justice, has been promoted, becoming assistant to

the attorney general in place of W. S. Kenyon, newly elected senator from Iowa. He has plan to prosecute Wall street gamblers who corner stocks and thus inflate the price of necessities, on the theory that such corners are practically trusts and culpable under the Sherman law. Maybe Mr. Wickensham will let him do it.

the attorney general in place of W. S. Kenyon, newly elected senator from Iowa. He has plan to prosecute Wall street gamblers who corner stocks and thus inflate the price of necessities, on the theory that such corners are practically trusts and culpable under the Sherman law. Maybe Mr. Wickensham will let

CONDENSED NEWS

LOCAL

APPLICATIONS for employment, made to the United Charities of Chicago, are 25 per cent heavier than last year at this time, according to Sherman C. Kingsley, general superintendent.

JUDGE CARPENTER in the United States District court probably will soon render a decision in the latest efforts of the indicted beef packers to escape trial.

MICHAEL HEITLER, known as "Mike the Pike," West Side resort owner, was sued for divorce in the Circuit court by his wife, Rose Heitler, who names Julia E. Seibel as co-respondent.

JUDGE LANDIS ordered the destruction of 6,500 cans of tomato paste found to be filled with filthy, dirty and decomposed vegetable substances, and seized at Henry Horner & Co.'s wholesale grocery on the West Side.

OF the sixty-two children, whose home at the Lake Bluff Orphanage was destroyed by fire Saturday, half have found temporary homes in Waukegan and other north shore towns.

AUGUSTA RUMPENTHAL, 945 West Thirty-eighth street, was sentenced to one year in the house of correction by Municipal Judge Goodnow in the Court of Domestic Relations for contributing to the delinquency of her children.

ETHEL Margaret and Juliet—surnames unknown—and Daisy Mullen were given as the names of the women with whom Alvan H. Arnold, president of A. H. Arnold & Co., street cleaners, had become infatuated, in the suit for divorce filed by his wife, Mary M. Arnold.

According to Mrs. Arnold, her husband gave Daisy Mullen \$800 to start a barber shop. She alleges Mr. Arnold shows a marked preference for women tonorial artists and frequents barber shops conducted by them, where he is known as "Dr. Davis," "Mr. Davis" and "The Angel."

DENVER, Colo.—Reports have just reached here that a Denver and Rio Grande passenger train was held up near Salida and two or three persons killed.

NEW BRITAIN, Conn.—Two persons were severely injured and damage to the extent of probably \$50,000 resulted from an explosion in the lacquer department of the Stanley works here.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo.—The Supreme Court was equally divided on the law which requires railroads to run daily passenger trains on all lines in Missouri. A special judge was ordered to try the case.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass.—Colonel Thomas Wentworth Higginson, historian and author, minister and soldier, one of the last of the group of famous scholars and abolitionists of half a century ago, died at his home, aged 87 years.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—President Taft posed in his Masonic apron for a photograph. The picture is to be given to the Alexandria lodge of Masons. That lodge has a famous portrait of George Washington and wanted one of Mr. Taft to put by its side.

WASHINGTON—Pensions of \$5,000 a year each for Frances Folsom Cleveland, widow of President Cleveland, and Mary Lord Harrison, widow of President Harrison, are provided for in a bill introduced in the senate by Senator Root of New York. The bills were referred to the committee on pensions.

TOPEKA, Kan.—Philip Blatner and Peter Burghard, car repairers, were killed by the explosion of several oil tanks in the car repair shops of the Santa Fe railroad. Several others were injured by burning. The property loss from the fire which followed the explosion will be \$50,000. The explosion was caused by a hot rivet falling into an oil tank.

BOSTON, Mass.—That all degenerates in Massachusetts institutions should be killed with an anesthetic is the suggestion of the Rev. George W. Cutter, made before the Unitarian ministers of the city at their monthly conference.

STUDENTS WILL HEAR HOFFMAN

Socialist Society to Found Chapter After U. of C. Lecture.

C. B. Hoffman will speak to the students of the Chicago University on "Why Students Should Study Socialism." The meeting will be Thursday in Cobb hall, room 6A, at 4 p. m.

Memberships in the society does not imply agreement with Socialist principles and doctrines, but merely indicates a willingness to have these principles carefully and seriously investigated.

DES MOINES, Ia.—One of every seven couples married in Iowa in 1910 took their matrimonial troubles into court, and one of every ten couples were divorced.

PEKING.—An imperial edict authorizes the conclusion of the Hukwang loan of \$30,000,000 for railroad construction in central China.

PEKING.—Information received here is that half of Kirin has been burned. Kirin is the capital of the province of the same name in Manchuria.

Life an Active One. Mr. Hoffman's life has been an active one. In 1873 he went into the milling business as his father's partner on the Snoddy Hill river in Kansas.

CLAIM DEATH OF THE DOUBLE-PLATOON SYSTEM. Springfield, Ill., May 10.—Through the efforts of Antislavery Corporation Counsel Howard Hayes, retained by Harrison from the Busse administration, it is said here that the double-platoon bill for Chicago firemen has been killed.

HARRISON INSPECTS BEACHES. Mayor Carter Harrison today inspected both beach sites on the South Side. Late yesterday he appointed a committee of three to investigate the subway problem.

CHARGE BURNS IS VOTE BUYER. rights of any defendant charged with a ballable offense, he asserted, whether his client was charged with murder in nine or other counts of indictment, in connection with the Los Angeles Times dynamiting.

CLASS IN PARLIAMENTARY LAW HOLDS MEETING TONIGHT. A class in parliamentary law, conducted by Caroline Lowe, secretary of the Socialist Women's National committee, will meet tonight in the Young People's Socialist League hall, 205 West Washington street, old number 180 East Washington street.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—The house formally passed the Harwick resolution for an investigation of the American Sugar Refining company and other sugar concerns.

TOPEKA, Kan.—The state board of railroad commissioners refused to permit the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railroad company to issue \$102,000,000 in bonds on the ground that the proposition is too indefinite.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—It was indicated that Secretary MacVeagh will call for popular bids on an issue of \$50,000,000 of Panama bonds within the next few days. The securities will be dated June 1, and if the treasury is unable to deliver them by that time they will carry accrued interest.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—The house formally passed the Harwick resolution for an investigation of the American Sugar Refining company and other sugar concerns.

TOPEKA, Kan.—The state board of railroad commissioners refused to permit the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railroad company to issue \$102,000,000 in bonds on the ground that the proposition is too indefinite.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—It was indicated that Secretary MacVeagh will call for popular bids on an issue of \$50,000,000 of Panama bonds within the next few days.

TOPEKA, Kan.—The state board of railroad commissioners refused to permit the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railroad company to issue \$102,000,000 in bonds on the ground that the proposition is too indefinite.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—The house formally passed the Harwick resolution for an investigation of the American Sugar Refining company and other sugar concerns.

STUDENTS WILL HEAR HOFFMAN

Socialist Society to Found Chapter After U. of C. Lecture.

C. B. Hoffman will speak to the students of the Chicago University on "Why Students Should Study Socialism." The meeting will be Thursday in Cobb hall, room 6A, at 4 p. m.

Memberships in the society does not imply agreement with Socialist principles and doctrines, but merely indicates a willingness to have these principles carefully and seriously investigated.

DES MOINES, Ia.—One of every seven couples married in Iowa in 1910 took their matrimonial troubles into court, and one of every ten couples were divorced.

PEKING.—An imperial edict authorizes the conclusion of the Hukwang loan of \$30,000,000 for railroad construction in central China.

PEKING.—Information received here is that half of Kirin has been burned. Kirin is the capital of the province of the same name in Manchuria.

Life an Active One. Mr. Hoffman's life has been an active one. In 1873 he went into the milling business as his father's partner on the Snoddy Hill river in Kansas.

CLAIM DEATH OF THE DOUBLE-PLATOON SYSTEM. Springfield, Ill., May 10.—Through the efforts of Antislavery Corporation Counsel Howard Hayes, retained by Harrison from the Busse administration, it is said here that the double-platoon bill for Chicago firemen has been killed.

HARRISON INSPECTS BEACHES. Mayor Carter Harrison today inspected both beach sites on the South Side. Late yesterday he appointed a committee of three to investigate the subway problem.

CHARGE BURNS IS VOTE BUYER. rights of any defendant charged with a ballable offense, he asserted, whether his client was charged with murder in nine or other counts of indictment, in connection with the Los Angeles Times dynamiting.

CLASS IN PARLIAMENTARY LAW HOLDS MEETING TONIGHT. A class in parliamentary law, conducted by Caroline Lowe, secretary of the Socialist Women's National committee, will meet tonight in the Young People's Socialist League hall, 205 West Washington street, old number 180 East Washington street.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—The house formally passed the Harwick resolution for an investigation of the American Sugar Refining company and other sugar concerns.

TOPEKA, Kan.—The state board of railroad commissioners refused to permit the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railroad company to issue \$102,000,000 in bonds on the ground that the proposition is too indefinite.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—It was indicated that Secretary MacVeagh will call for popular bids on an issue of \$50,000,000 of Panama bonds within the next few days.

TOPEKA, Kan.—The state board of railroad commissioners refused to permit the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railroad company to issue \$102,000,000 in bonds on the ground that the proposition is too indefinite.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—The house formally passed the Harwick resolution for an investigation of the American Sugar Refining company and other sugar concerns.

TOPEKA, Kan.—The state board of railroad commissioners refused to permit the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railroad company to issue \$102,000,000 in bonds on the ground that the proposition is too indefinite.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—The house formally passed the Harwick resolution for an investigation of the American Sugar Refining company and other sugar concerns.

TOPEKA, Kan.—The state board of railroad commissioners refused to permit the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railroad company to issue \$102,000,000 in bonds on the ground that the proposition is too indefinite.

STRIKING CIGAR WORKERS MAKE FINANCIAL REPORT

The striking employees of the Havana-American Cigar company, manufacturers of La Preferencia cigar, have had their books audited, and make the following report of receipts and expenditures made by the strikers.

"Upon the request of the striking cigar workers of the Havana-American Cigar company we have audited the books and found the income from all sources, beginning April 10, and including May 9, to be \$2,182.55; the expenditures, \$1,656.71; balance on hand to date, \$525.84.

"All the income and expenditures are acknowledged by the secretary and chairman of the strike committee by vouchers and receipts of this income over \$1,000 was made at the dance held at the Second Regiment armory. Respectfully submitted.

"THE AUDITING COMMITTEE. HARRY BLOCK, M. MORTIMER, I. V. LEVINSON.

The following remark is added to the report of the auditing committee: "The auditing committee see outsiders and are not involved in the strike. A more itemized account will be given later on. Respectfully yours, S. MILLER, Chairman of the Executive Board."

CARPENTERS RETURN TO CHICAGO; REFUSE TO SCAB. Ten cabinetmakers, hired by a local agency to fill positions in Grand Rapids, where it was declared "no labor trouble" was returned to Chicago today thoroughly incensed at the way in which they had been treated by the agency.

The men were hired Saturday to work as expert woodworkers and cabinetmakers on furniture at \$25 to \$30 per week and expenses. As is usual in such cases, they were offered expenses and transportation. The transportation was paid and a few of the men were advanced part of the wages, but when the men refused to work because of the strike the agency refused to have anything more to do with them.

CLAIM DEATH OF THE DOUBLE-PLATOON SYSTEM. Springfield, Ill., May 10.—Through the efforts of Antislavery Corporation Counsel Howard Hayes, retained by Harrison from the Busse administration, it is said here that the double-platoon bill for Chicago firemen has been killed.

HARRISON INSPECTS BEACHES. Mayor Carter Harrison today inspected both beach sites on the South Side. Late yesterday he appointed a committee of three to investigate the subway problem.

CHARGE BURNS IS VOTE BUYER. rights of any defendant charged with a ballable offense, he asserted, whether his client was charged with murder in nine or other counts of indictment, in connection with the Los Angeles Times dynamiting.

CLASS IN PARLIAMENTARY LAW HOLDS MEETING TONIGHT. A class in parliamentary law, conducted by Caroline Lowe, secretary of the Socialist Women's National committee, will meet tonight in the Young People's Socialist League hall, 205 West Washington street, old number 180 East Washington street.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—The house formally passed the Harwick resolution for an investigation of the American Sugar Refining company and other sugar concerns.

TOPEKA, Kan.—The state board of railroad commissioners refused to permit the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railroad company to issue \$102,000,000 in bonds on the ground that the proposition is too indefinite.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—It was indicated that Secretary MacVeagh will call for popular bids on an issue of \$50,000,000 of Panama bonds within the next few days.

TOPEKA, Kan.—The state board of railroad commissioners refused to permit the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railroad company to issue \$102,000,000 in bonds on the ground that the proposition is too indefinite.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—The house formally passed the Harwick resolution for an investigation of the American Sugar Refining company and other sugar concerns.

TOPEKA, Kan.—The state board of railroad commissioners refused to permit the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railroad company to issue \$102,000,000 in bonds on the ground that the proposition is too indefinite.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—The house formally passed the Harwick resolution for an investigation of the American Sugar Refining company and other sugar concerns.

TOPEKA, Kan.—The state board of railroad commissioners refused to permit the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railroad company to issue \$102,000,000 in bonds on the ground that the proposition is too indefinite.

NEW ERA FOR O'FALLON, ILL.

at no great expense, until we are able or in a position to undertake the laying-in of a sewerage system.

"If the farmers of the surrounding country will show a disposition to utilize a market place and assist us in arranging it so that on certain days of the week they will bring their produce to market it will materially assist in reducing the cost of living.

Interests Control. "It is well known that predatory interests have a hold on the throats of the American people and control financial, industrial and political affairs, but the indications are that we are on the eve of a great change, and in our humble way we should lend what little assistance we can by making our city brighter and better and free from the powers that rule for their own selfish interest, while struggling humanity goes on begging for justice, let our children inherit what has been denied us—an opportunity to enjoy the best that a great country affords, in which there is an abundance for all.

Fight Won't Stop. "I don't know but what the attitude of some towards me as mayor will be antagonistic, but I can assure them that this fight for the collective ownership of public utilities will never stop until all things on which a human being depends for food, clothing and shelter are owned (and not operated for profit) by and for the benefit of society.

"To the end that the people of O'Fallon may be given the best service possible, I ask not only the co-operation of the city council, but of the citizens as well, but, however, if a minority, which is gradually becoming smaller, wishes to continue to dominate in finance, industry and politics and keep the affairs of government out of the hands of the people, I will always be found on hand to defend the right of the people as against special interests.

Will Hear Complaints. "I wish to say in closing that if at any time any citizen has a complaint, grievance or suggestion to make I will always be glad to hear it and if, in the judgment of the council, it has merit it will be adjusted or acted on. I thank you."

COMFORT STATIONS ARE PLANNED FOR THE LOOP. Establishment of twelve underground public comfort stations has been recommended by the Special Park Commission. The stations are to be in the downtown district. Others are suggested for outlying districts.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—The house formally passed the Harwick resolution for an investigation of the American Sugar Refining company and other sugar concerns.

TOPEKA, Kan.—The state board of railroad commissioners refused to permit the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railroad company to issue \$102,000,000 in bonds on the ground that the proposition is too indefinite.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—It was indicated that Secretary MacVeagh will call for popular bids on an issue of \$50,000,000 of Panama bonds within the next few days.

TOPEKA, Kan.—The state board of railroad commissioners refused to permit the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railroad company to issue \$102,000,000 in bonds on the ground that the proposition is too indefinite.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—The house formally passed the Harwick resolution for an investigation of the American Sugar Refining company and other sugar concerns.

TOPEKA, Kan.—The state board of railroad commissioners refused to permit the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railroad company to issue \$102,000,000 in bonds on the ground that the proposition is too indefinite.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—The house formally passed the Harwick resolution for an investigation of the American Sugar Refining company and other sugar concerns.

TOPEKA, Kan.—The state board of railroad commissioners refused to permit the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railroad company to issue \$102,000,000 in bonds on the ground that the proposition is too indefinite.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—The house formally passed the Harwick resolution for an investigation of the American Sugar Refining company and other sugar concerns.

TOPEKA, Kan.—The state board of railroad commissioners refused to permit the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railroad company to issue \$102,000,000 in bonds on the ground that the proposition is too indefinite.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—The house formally passed the Harwick resolution for an investigation of the American Sugar Refining company and other sugar concerns.

TOPEKA, Kan.—The state board of railroad commissioners refused to permit the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railroad company to issue \$102,000,000 in bonds on the ground that the proposition is too indefinite.

WEISS' SLAYER FOUND GUILTY

Edward Haney was found guilty of manslaughter by a jury in Judge Fitch's court Tuesday. He shot and killed Ferdinand Weiss, a union garment worker, in Brazell's saloon, West 49th street and South Ashland avenue, Dec. 24 of last year. The fatality occurred during the garment workers' strike.

Resolutions of protest against the kidnaping of J. J. McNamara, from Indiana and J. W. McNamara, his brother, from Michigan, continue to pour into the office of the Chicago Daily Socialist. It is impossible to print them all.

The proper place to send the resolutions is the house committee on rules, Washington, D. C., with the demand that the Berger resolution for a congressional investigation of the kidnaping be reported to the house with the recommendation that "it do pass."

The last resolutions to arrive at the Daily Socialist office are from the Socialists of Berkeley, Cal., showing that the far west is getting into the game.

THIRTEEN TALKS OVER ONE WIRE. Denver, Colo., May 10.—Eleven telephone conversations and two telegraphic messages between here and New York are transmitted simultaneously over a single copper wire, the size of a lead pencil, without conflict on a newly completed line. It will be extended to San Francisco.

Marx versus Tolstoy. A debate between Clarence S. Darrow, one of the greatest orators in America, and Arthur M. Lewis, the most distinguished of Socialist lecturers, Darrow in this debate defends Tolstoy's theory of Non-Resistance, while Lewis stands for Marx's theory of the Class Struggle.

The Art of Lecturing. Under this title Comrade Lewis has prepared a book that is simply indispensable to any socialist who wishes to fit himself for public speaking on the platform or the soap-box.

How to Get All these Books Free. For 50c we will mail to one address any one of these five books and five copies of the latest issue of the International Socialist Review.

CHARLES H. KERR & CO. 118 W. Kinzie Street. CHICAGO

RUPPERT'S Semi-Dress Shoes For Street Wear

Our designer was given definite instructions to produce street shoes that would fulfill the demand for graceful, stylish shoes which are also sensible, serviceable and comfortable.



"Miss Beauty" Short Vamp, High Arch, Full Heel, Popular Pup Model, \$3.50

McVicker's Theater Building Van Buren and La Salle Sts.

Sick or Ailing CURED By My Scientific People. Quickest Cures and Lowest Charges of Any Specialist.

DR. I. W. HODGENS. Suite 204, 2d Floor, Crilly Bldg., Corner Dearborn and Monroe Sts., CHICAGO ILL.

Visit Our Mammoth New Shoe Department. We carry a full line of men's & women's Union Made Shoes.

HELP WANTED. TELEGRAPHY. What does it offer you? Steady employment, pleasant work and good wages.

LEARN THE BARBER TRADE. Best facilities; EXPERT instructions; tools furnished; POSITIONS always open; can earn some money while learning.

DOMESTIC GIRLS FOR GOOD POSITIONS in American families. Men as janitors, housemen, etc.

ELECTRICITY, PLUMBING, BRICKLAYING, PAINTING, DECORATING, WIRING, FITTING, OILING, etc.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE. MELROSE PARK. \$25 down, balance \$10 monthly, buys one-acre, close to city.

WANTED—SOCIALISTS TO SELL THE WISE CUT, the Havana roller, propaganda circles everywhere.

ORGANIZERS WANTED. ORGANIZER WANTED—It is your interest to investigate our proposition to organize work and agents.

LODGE HALL FOR RENT. LODGE HALL FOR RENT on North Side—convenient to street car lines; rent reasonable.

50c ON THE \$ Entire \$40,000 Stock of Meyer-Werner Co.

The \$40,000 stock of Meyer-Werner Co. (52-524-520 S. Wabash Ave.), which came to us at just 50c on the dollar is being closed out in record time.

Table listing Parlor Goods and Library Goods at half price. Includes items like Dainty 3-Piece Suits, Mahogany Library Tables, etc.

Complete line of REFRIGERATORS Now on sale AT BARGAIN PRICES. Agents for The "Garland," "Jewel" and "Peninsular" Ranges.

Bed Room Furniture Dining Room Furniture at Half Price. Includes items like Golden Oak or Mahogany Finish Dressers, etc.

RUGS Hundreds of Stunning Patterns in All Shades and Sizes at Just Half Meyer-Werner's Prices.

4 BIG STORES Northwest Branch 1311-1315 Milwaukee Ave. MAIN STORE—726-728-730-732 WABASH AVENUE

Wear Side Branch 728-730 W. Madison St. Car. Blue Island. Harrison and Halsted Sts.

Tomorrow Evening At the Coliseum Starting at Six Closing at Ten Free Free

GARRICK MAT. SAT. ONLY SAM BERNARD in MY CAME FROM MILWAUKEE

Don't Throw Away Your Dull Blades GILLETTE AND OTHER Safety Blades Resharpened As Good as the Best 25c each

Where to Eat KING'S RESTAURANT Sunday Dinner COURSE TABLE D'NOTE 75c

"Mitchell" Hats \$2 and \$3 MITCHELL & MITCHELL 330 S. Clark 4 130 W. Madison 17 W. Adams 11 S. Dearborn

STATE DENTISTS STATE AND VAN BUREN STREETS 1470-1472 Adams St. SOCIALISTS, also locals, send us 10c. If what you receive by return mail is not tremendously satisfactory, we'll buy it back for 10c.

NEEDHAM CO. 816 N. 6th St., St. Louis, Mo.

# LABOR THE WORLD OVER

Thank God we have a system of labor where the worker can be a strike.

In the world's broad field of battle be a hero in the strike! —Langfellow.

## INDORSED BY UNION LABOR

The Illinois State Federation of Labor and the Chicago Federation of Labor have both endorsed the Daily Socialist because it is the only paper that is unflinchingly assisting in educating the workers, in pushing the work of organization, in the publication of union news, in the publication of all kinds, such as is printed in no other paper.

## TAKE NOTICE

The Daily Socialist continually seeks to make this department of interest to every workingman within its reach. In order to do this it asks the co-operation of all its readers as well as the rank and file. Send us your news. If no Chicago call up Franklin 3168. If any errors occur in the list of union meetings please notify us.

## UNION MEETINGS TONIGHT: DON'T FAIL TO BE THERE

- Bakers, 643 North Ave.
- Beer Wagon Drivers, 347, 351 La Salle.
- Carpenters, 10, 480 State.
- Carpenters, 12, 701 Halsted.
- Carpenters, 67, 638 S. Halsted.
- Carpenters, 242, 544 S. Halsted.
- Carpenters, 242, 544 S. Milwaukee Ave.
- Carpenters, Millerwrights, 1093, 174 N. La Salle.
- Cement Block Setters, 1294, 78 E. 11th.
- Cement Const. Lovers, 5, 514 Harrison.
- Cement Workers, 28, Clark and Devon.
- Ceramics, 424, 418 N. La Salle.
- Ceramic Tile Layers, 1, 578 Van Buren.
- Clerks, Retail, 601, East Chicago, Ind.
- Engineers, Hotel, 69, 272 Madison.
- Engineers, 400, 553 S. Halsted.
- Firemen's Assn., 1270, 67 Meigs Temple.
- Firemen, Local, 136, Ogden and Tremont.
- Gardeners, Florists, 1661, 232 N. Clark.
- Gardeners, 150, Ogden and Madison.
- Hotel Carriers, 3, Church, Noble and Bradley.
- Label League, Trade Union, 331 La Salle.
- Machinists, 124, 300 E. 92d.
- Machinists, 337, 1507 Sedgwick.
- Machinists, 316, 20 W. Adams.
- Marble Cutters, 201, S. La Salle.
- Painters, 16, 55th and Wood.
- Painters, 154, Trade, 71, 136 Meigs Temple.
- Painters, 150, Ogden and Madison.
- Painters, 430, 735 Madison.
- Painters, 434, 806 Madison.
- Painters, 688, 735 and Dubson.
- Shaving Cutters, 81, 524 Halsted.
- Engineers, Hotel, 69, 272 Madison.
- Sheet Metal Workers, 23, 175 W. Washington.
- Steam Fitters & Helpers, 6, 6750 Halsted.
- Walters, 494, 806 Madison.
- Teamsters, Scrap Iron, 738, 600 W. 14th.
- Upholsterers, Retail, 11, 282 N. Clark.
- Walters, 494, 806 Madison.
- Walters, 494, 806 Madison.
- Woodworkers' Ct., 156 W. Washington.

## ENTERTAINMENTS

The Women's Trade Union League will hold a spring festival Sunday, May 14, 2 p. m. at 233 South La Salle street. Music and refreshments.

Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners will give a concert at Recital Hall, Auditorium, Vespass avenue and Congress street, Saturday evening, May 13. Tickets, 25 cents, admitting lady and gentleman.

## Peter Power's Labor Talks

### ALL MINES UNDER ONE JURISDICTION

In voting to affiliate with the American Federation of Labor the Western Federation of Miners has taken one of the most important steps in the union movement this year. It means that the coal and metallic iron miners will form a trades department in the A. F. of L., next fall which will have jurisdiction over all workers in and about the mines on the American continent. It will mean, furthermore, a probable complete amalgamation of the two powerful unions, making the organization one of the strongest in the world.

## GRAND RAPIDS SCABS DESERT

By United Press. Grand Rapids, Mich., May 10.—Bumors that strike breakers are entering the city are confirmed by the arrival of three squads of men, some of whom have commenced work in the factory of the Grand Rapids Piano Case company. They came under the leadership of John Early of Chicago. One of the men declared that a bureau in Chicago is hiring men to come to Grand Rapids and work in furniture factories, and that a plan of "feeding" this city from the Chicago labor market is being conducted. Twenty-three men who came from Chicago with Parley and who worked while there at labor headquarters today and will be sent back to Chicago today at the expense of the strikers.

## HOW THE SPY GAME IS WORKED UNDER HITCHCOCK



This is the reproduction of a photograph of the spy corridor, built into the postoffice at Atlanta, Ga. In this long, narrow chamber, the spies of Hitchcock may creep like rats and peep out through the grating at the postoffice clerks working below. The interior of the corridor is unlighted and occupants cannot be seen from the main room of the postoffice. A clerk does not know when his every move is being noted by a pair of bespectacled eyes. For the spies with the aid of opera glasses can read the very print on the letters the clerks are handling. Most of the new postoffices are built so that the spy corridor has a certain decent concealment, but the Atlanta corridor was constructed over the center of the room. This system is driving hundreds of self-respecting mail clerks out of the government service. Under Hitchcock the spy system is flourishing as never before. Enemies of the institution claim it is resulting in the usual blackmail and intimidation characteristic of all sanctified spy systems.

## P. O. HEAD SAYS HE HATES UNION

Chicago Federal Building Declared "Notoriously Insanitary."

By United Press. Washington, D. C., May 10.—Admitting that clerks had been discharged from the railway mail service because they promoted the organization of a postal clerks' union, Second Assistant Postmaster General Stewart concluded his defense of the department Tuesday before the house committee on reform in the civil service.

"Pernicious Activity" Representative Kendall (Rep., Ia.) asked Stewart why Postal Clerks Duff and Van Dyke of St. Paul had been removed. "They were discharged," said Stewart, "because of their pernicious activity in promoting this new union organization. They were, I believe, officials of the proposed union."

"Were they good clerks?" asked Kendall. "Oh, yes; they were good, efficient men," said Stewart. "The only reason for the dismissal was their pernicious activity in the face of plain orders of the postmaster general, which they persistently violated."

Nelson Testifies Oscar F. Nelson, president of the Federation of Postal Clerks, asserted before the committee that he lost his place because he worked for sanitary conditions in the Chicago postoffice. "Men were becoming sick and dying right along," he exclaimed. "The place was notoriously unsanitary and unventilated. We did not get any additional clerks until a month after the Chicago Federation of Labor passed a resolution petitioning the postmaster general for relief."

## CURTAIN IS ORDER IN COTTON GOODS INDUSTRY

Boston, Mass., May 10.—The existing curtailment of about 25 per cent in the cotton goods industry will be increased during the next few months, according to mill officers here. The treasurer of a large cotton manufacturing company, in discussing the textile situation, said today: "I am not yet able to see any light ahead for cotton mills. At present, throughout the United States 25 per cent in a conservative estimate as to the average amount of curtailment being enforced in cotton mills. This short time will be considerably extended within the next few months. Many mills which, to outward appearances, up to this time have been operating on full time, or six days per week, will partially shut down in the summer months. In the case of my own mills, for instance, I have been, to outward appearances, operating full time, but have had 29 per cent of the looms stopped. In conjunction with many other mills, however, I am going to shut down my mills four weeks between now and September 1. That will mean an actual 25 per cent shut down in the next four months. And many mills will curtail much more than that."

## WIRE TRUST GIVES EIGHT-HOUR DAY TO KEYMEN

By United Press. New York, May 10.—Telegraph operators generally were wondering today whether the Postal Telegraph system would follow the example of the Western Union and give its employees the 8-hour workday. It is stated on behalf of the Western Union that the eight-hour working day will be put into effect June 1. This is the chief demand of the strike a few years ago. The Western Union is also preparing to furnish its operators with typewriters.

## IS A MICHIGAN MAN

Walter Drew, attorney for the National Erectors' Association, who is connected with Burns, halls from Grand Rapids, Mich., where he spent his early years as an attorney. He attracted considerable attention as an "open shop" defender in that poverty-stricken city, whose workers are now on strike against conditions Drew has defended. Later Drew drifted to New York. He wrote a "defense" of the "open shop" theory which is a classic from the standpoint of grinding employers.

## TRAINMEN'S SESSIONS OPEN

Harrisburg, Pa., May 10.—The first session of the tenth convention of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen opened Tuesday. President W. G. Lee of Cleveland called the convention to order and delivered an address on the objects of the gathering in the presence of more than 70 delegates, representing lodges in the United States, Canada and Mexico.

## Lunch Rooms

**Erickson's** 25 PLACES ALL OVER THE CITY

## This Label

is the only guarantee that BREAD and other Bakery Goods are made in UNION SANITARY BAKERIES. Buy no others. Patronize only such places where you find this label on all bakery goods. Demand the Bakers' Union Label.

# Make Hay on the McNamara Matter

FOURTH REASON In no department of the Daily Socialist is the point of view more distinct than in such news matter as the McNamara case. The case is handled from the workers' point of view. But the truth is never evaded purposefully, and the details of the story twisted as they are in the capitalist papers. In this case the capitalist papers are absolutely unreliable. You can't depend upon that they tell the truth. They lie.

And, here, comrades, is our chance. A CHANCE THE LIKE OF WHICH WE REALLY HAVEN'T HAD FOR A LONG TIME. There is no reason why we should not INCREASE THE CIRCULATION OF THE DAILY SOCIALIST tremendously during the progress of this case.

Say, let me tell you something. NOW, JUST TAKE NOTICE CAREFULLY. You know that it was Governor Marshall of Indiana who permitted the illegal kidnaping of McNamara. The United States Steel Corporation's town, Gary, is in Indiana. This town, or rather, the corporation, running the steel mills there, needs all kinds of favors from the governor. They need legislation galore in order to run their game as they please down there. And, Ye Gods, how they do get things and run things.

The way they skin and work and drive the poor wage slaves down there is frightful. Now, one E. J. Buffington is president of the Indiana Steel company, a subsidiary (for legal reasons) of the big corporation. This same E. J. Buffington is one of the board of trustees of the Sunday Evening club in Chicago. This is supposed to be a religious institution. It passes under the dignified, majestic cloak of religion. Last Sunday evening Governor Marshall was the official preacher. I am not sure whether Buffington read the Bible piece or made the prayer or neither. He does something.

Now, the attorney with Burns when he captured McNamara was none other than one Drew, the attorney for the Erectors' association. The American Bridge company is the principal structural iron erecting company for the steel corporation. It is a subsidiary (owned by) of the corporation. It is a member (one of the very largest) of the Erectors' association. It is said that the corporation practically gets the Erectors' association to do its bidding. Now notice, the American Bridge company has carried on a war against the Structural Iron Workers' union for at least six years. In spite of their warfare the union holds its own.

Think through the rest of the story yourselves and then send us some new subscribers in order to run their game below AT ONCE and send it in. There is going to be a desperate fight in this case, and the Daily Socialist should get into thousands of new hands with the story.

HUSTLE! MAKE HAY WHILE THIS CASE IS ON. SEND IN SOME MORE NEW ONES.

## Subscription Blank

THE CHICAGO DAILY SOCIALIST, 207 W. Washington St. Date.....1911 Enclosed find \$..... for ..... months' subscription to the Chicago Daily Socialist.

Name..... Address..... Sent in by.....

## LEGAL BLANKS

Leases, Rent Signs, Etc. Horder's Stationery Stores 82 La. Salle, 28 Clark, 192-194 Dearborn Sts.

## PRINTING

H. G. ADAIR Commercial Printing and Stationery Machine Composition 141-143 State St., cor. La Salle Chicago Tel. Main 2254

## PRINTING

The H. S. Adair Printing Co. Of Every Description. 722-732 Sherman St.

## Kodaks and Supplies

DEVELOPING AND PRINTING CAMERAS REPAIRED. 25 West Washington St., Old No. 70 East.

## F. D. ARTHUR, M. D.

Nose, Throat and Chest Specialist. Hours: 10 to 12 daily; 9 to 11 on Saturdays. Consultation Free. New No. 6 W. Randolph, cor. State. R. 56

## TAILORS

HENRY WATKINS, 1040 W. 62d St. MERCHANT TAILOR Ladies' Coats made to Order All Work Guaranteed.

## BANKS

SAVINGS ACCOUNTS SOLICITED. 3% Building and Real Estate loans made. First mortgages on improved Chicago property for sale. UNION BANK OF CHICAGO. 115 Dearborn St.

## LADIES' TAILOR

M. CANTOR. Artistic Ladies' Tailor and Dressmaker. Cleaner and Dyer. 501-503 W. 64th St.

## DANCING LESSONS

WALTZ, TWO-STEP, ETC. STAGE DANCING (No tuition). Mrs. M. Long, Prof. Rider, 11 N. La Salle st., near Madison; 19 teachers.

## BUFFET

ASK FOR BERLIN'S CIGARS AT BUFFET second door east of Daily Socialist, cor. 11th and Washington St. W. Hauser, prop.

## MARX A FAMILY BUFFET AND RESTAURANT

11 N. W. COR. DEARBORN & MADISON STS.

## GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHINGS

Ames Hats Old and New Umbrellas and Canes 50 E. Madison St.

## HELP WANTED

WANTED—DOMESTIC GIRLS FOR GOOD positions in best American families on South Side.

## STEAMSHIP AGENCY

J. E. WESTLUND, 459 S. Halsted street. A service agent for all steamship companies. Foreign money orders.

## MOVING & COAL

Anderson Bros. Express & Storage Co. 945 Belmont Ave., Next N. W. "L" Station.

## Men's Furnishings

AKEL A. GUSTAFSON Men's Furnishings and Pants 811 Belmont Avenue. Two Doors East of "L" Station.

## ADVERTISE

THE CHICAGO DAILY SOCIALIST'S LARGE CIRCULATION MAKES IT A PAYING ADVERTISING MEDIUM.

## Subscription Blank

THE CHICAGO DAILY SOCIALIST, 207 W. Washington St. Date.....1911 Enclosed find \$..... for ..... months' subscription to the Chicago Daily Socialist.

Name..... Address..... Sent in by.....

## BUSINESS DIRECTORY

### South Side

#### STATIONERY

LEGAL BLANKS Leases, Rent Signs, Etc. Horder's Stationery Stores 82 La. Salle, 28 Clark, 192-194 Dearborn Sts.

#### PRINTING

H. G. ADAIR Commercial Printing and Stationery Machine Composition 141-143 State St., cor. La Salle Chicago Tel. Main 2254

#### PRINTING

The H. S. Adair Printing Co. Of Every Description. 722-732 Sherman St.

#### Kodaks and Supplies

DEVELOPING AND PRINTING CAMERAS REPAIRED. 25 West Washington St., Old No. 70 East.

#### F. D. ARTHUR, M. D.

Nose, Throat and Chest Specialist. Hours: 10 to 12 daily; 9 to 11 on Saturdays. Consultation Free. New No. 6 W. Randolph, cor. State. R. 56

#### TAILORS

HENRY WATKINS, 1040 W. 62d St. MERCHANT TAILOR Ladies' Coats made to Order All Work Guaranteed.

#### BANKS

SAVINGS ACCOUNTS SOLICITED. 3% Building and Real Estate loans made. First mortgages on improved Chicago property for sale. UNION BANK OF CHICAGO. 115 Dearborn St.

#### LADIES' TAILOR

M. CANTOR. Artistic Ladies' Tailor and Dressmaker. Cleaner and Dyer. 501-503 W. 64th St.

#### DANCING LESSONS

WALTZ, TWO-STEP, ETC. STAGE DANCING (No tuition). Mrs. M. Long, Prof. Rider, 11 N. La Salle st., near Madison; 19 teachers.

#### BUFFET

ASK FOR BERLIN'S CIGARS AT BUFFET second door east of Daily Socialist, cor. 11th and Washington St. W. Hauser, prop.

#### MARX A FAMILY BUFFET AND RESTAURANT

11 N. W. COR. DEARBORN & MADISON STS.

#### GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHINGS

Ames Hats Old and New Umbrellas and Canes 50 E. Madison St.

#### HELP WANTED

WANTED—DOMESTIC GIRLS FOR GOOD positions in best American families on South Side.

#### STEAMSHIP AGENCY

J. E. WESTLUND, 459 S. Halsted street. A service agent for all steamship companies. Foreign money orders.

#### MOVING & COAL

Anderson Bros. Express & Storage Co. 945 Belmont Ave., Next N. W. "L" Station.

#### Men's Furnishings

AKEL A. GUSTAFSON Men's Furnishings and Pants 811 Belmont Avenue. Two Doors East of "L" Station.

#### ADVERTISE

THE CHICAGO DAILY SOCIALIST'S LARGE CIRCULATION MAKES IT A PAYING ADVERTISING MEDIUM.

# Freiheit Lodge 337, I. A. of M.

## Big Open Meeting

Wednesday, 8 p. m. Sharp, at  
**COUNT'S HALL** 1502 Sedgewick St. Cor. of Blackhawk

Speakers Every Meeting—Next Wednesday, May 10, Comrade Schoenberg will address the meeting on "The Situation of the Machinist at the Present Time in Chicago."

Don't Fail to Attend! Non-Union Men Welcome!  
William W. Doerr, Pres. H. Thielbery, Sec'y.

## CAESAR'S COLUMN

That entrancing story of the Social Revolution. By Ignatius Donnelly. 300,000 have been sold. Regular publisher price, 50 cents. Special offer to readers of Chicago Daily Socialist. 15 cents the copy. Postage prepaid.

## Chicago Daily Socialist

207 West Washington Street, Chicago

## The Diary of a Shirt Waist Striker

By THERESA MALKIEL  
The only book of its kind. The best propaganda book to give the outsider. Full of object lessons on Socialism without sermons or technical phrases. Just the book to use on Woman's Day. Special rates to locals. "The best book I have read in a long time. It is unique."—Jos. Wanhopo. Sent postpaid on receipt of twenty-five cents. For sale by DAILY SOCIALIST, 207 W. Washington St.

## BUSINESS DIRECTORY

### West Side

#### MEN'S FURNISHINGS

W. WILKEN—358 North 48th Avenue  
Watches, Jewelry and Optical Goods.

#### COAL WOOD AND HAY

N. P. NELSON—815 N. 52d Avenue  
COAL AND WOOD. Tel. Austin 5152

#### SHOE REPAIRING

STRAUSS SHOE HOSPITAL, 1161 West Madison street. Goodyear Work shoes used. All work guaranteed. Work done while you wait.

#### MEAT MARKET

BOYLE & HUBER  
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL  
22 S. Halsted st., near Madison.

#### AMUSEMENTS

LYDA THEATER, 48th Ave. and Lake St. Phone Austin 264. 5 Big Vaudeville Acts & Pictures—1 Hour and 40 Minutes' Fine Show. Nightly 7:30 and 9:30; Sat. mat. 2:30 and 4:15 and 10c reserved seats; Wed. mat. 2:30, all seats 10c.

#### MEN'S CLOTHING

JOHN V. POUZAR, Malated & Marbled. Lowest priced men's outfitting on West Side.

#### HATS

OUR HATS ARE RETAILED AT WHOLESALE prices; union made. Broder Hat Mfg. Co., 427 W. 12th st. and 1826 S. Halsted.

#### DYER AND CLEANER

A. L. KAPLAN, 1835 W. Madison St. Cleaner and Dyer; Pressing and Repairing Ladies' and Gentlemen's Garments.

#### ADVERTISE

THE CHICAGO DAILY SOCIALIST'S LARGE CIRCULATION MAKES IT A PAYING ADVERTISING MEDIUM.

## Northwest Side

#### MEN'S CLOTHING

EDWARDS' NORTH AVE. Clothing, Hats, Furnishings, Shoes

#### NUOFFER CLOTHING CO.

BOOTS AND SHOES  
NELSON BEOS, 2445 WEST NORTH AV. For all kinds of Footwear and Repairing.

#### DYEING AND CLEANING

PARISIAN CLEANING AND DYE HOUSE Suits Made to Order—Fine Tailoring 1843 N. WESTERN AVE., near Arlington

#### CARPENTER CONTRACTOR

E. ANDRESEN, Carpenter, Contractor, Joiner and Repairing. 1529 N. Fairfield av. Phone Humboldt 5148.

#### GROCERIES

RELIABLE GROCERIES  
Humboldt 1820, 2421 Milwaukee ave.

#### ADVERTISE

THE CHICAGO DAILY SOCIALIST'S LARGE CIRCULATION MAKES IT A PAYING ADVERTISING MEDIUM.

#### MEATS AND GROCERIES

CAMELLO BEOS, Imported and home-made delicacies. 1288 North av., near Spaulding. Tel. Hal. 791.

#### UGAR MANUFACTURERS

CIGAR MANUFACTURERS  
Buy your Cigars, Cigarettes, and Tobacco at 72nd and Michigan

#### ADVERTISE

THE CHICAGO DAILY SOCIALIST'S LARGE CIRCULATION MAKES IT A PAYING ADVERTISING MEDIUM.

#### ADVERTISE

THE CHICAGO DAILY SOCIALIST'S LARGE CIRCULATION MAKES IT A PAYING ADVERTISING MEDIUM.

#### ADVERTISE

THE CHICAGO DAILY SOCIALIST'S LARGE CIRCULATION MAKES IT A PAYING ADVERTISING MEDIUM.

#### ADVERTISE

THE CHICAGO DAILY SOCIALIST'S LARGE CIRCULATION MAKES IT A PAYING ADVERTISING MEDIUM.

#### ADVERTISE

THE CHICAGO DAILY SOCIALIST'S LARGE CIRCULATION MAKES IT A PAYING ADVERTISING MEDIUM.

#### ADVERTISE

THE CHICAGO DAILY SOCIALIST'S LARGE CIRCULATION MAKES IT A PAYING ADVERTISING MEDIUM.

#### ADVERTISE

# Sports Page of the Daily Socialist.

## Josh Wise Provides a Clever Solution of Their Fence Troubles

Words by Schaefer  
Music by Condo



### FACTS FOR FIGHT FANS

Eddie McGoorty and his manager, P. Calahan, were accorded a hearty welcome when they arrived in Oshkosh from a trip to England. While on the other side, McGoorty fought two battles, winning from Harry Croxson in six rounds and Pat O'Keefe in fifteen rounds. Callahan is anxious to match McGoorty with Hugo Kelly, Jack Dillon, Tony Caponi or any other middleweights who can do 158 rounds.

Those who have seen "Convict 11,411" in the Missouri State Prison are almost willing to agree with that young man that he is the proper person to win the heavyweight championship from Jack Johnson. He stands 5 feet 4 inches, weighs 220 pounds and has a reach of 84 inches. He has 29 months to serve, however, so Johnson is safe for the next few years.

Kid Atkinson is recovering today in Scranton, Pa., from the severe beating administered to him by Johnny Fukun in a scheduled six-round bout last night. Fukun took the lead at the opening gong and toyed with his opponent up to the fourth round, when he put him down and out with a terrific right to the jaw. The principals were arrested on charge of violating the anti-boxing law.

Jack Johnson, heavyweight champion, declared today he would take pleasure in "knocking the head off" Fireman Jim Flynn. Al Kaufman's conqueror, if he guaranteed \$10,000 win, lose or draw. He has received a wife from Cass Walsh, promoter of the Empire A. C. of Kansas City, asking his terms. If the terms are accepted, Johnson says the battle must take place before June 1 as he sails for England on June 5.

There will be no fight between Johnny Coulon, bantam champion, and Harry Forbes, "come back champion" in Toronto during race week. Coulon has called off the negotiations, declaring the promoters show no disposition to offer the right kind of a purse. Coulon declares he will rest until fall.

Chicago "Knockout" Brown started back to Chicago today from St. Joe, Mo., with another scalp to his belt, having defeated Bill Crump, of St. Louis in a fifteen-round bout last night.

### SOX VS. SENATORS IN BATTLE TODAY

Down at the White Sox park today General Duffy and his braves are entertaining the Senators for the first time this year, and they fully expect to take a few games from Jimmy McAleer's hired men.

So far this season the West has been playing the East, with the Eastern teams doing battle on their own stamping grounds. This Western invasion by the East's clubs is certain to define the real standing and caliber of the various teams. To date the Tigers have run over the other western clubs in a most sensational manner. They have hit the ball from the beginning and placed dependence in a bunch of young pitchers and were not compelled to use any of their old staff extensively. With the weather warming up and the Tigers with a long season at home, it is hardly reasonable to suppose that their position in the race will be endangered by the Eastern invasion.

Just who McAleer will work against the Sox in the opener today is hard to say, but a number of his pitchers are going along in fair shape. On Saturday last Walter Johnson, the \$7,500 beauty, worked against the Athletics and took them into camp.

The probable line-up for today's game follows:

Chicago—Lord, 3b.; Corhan, ss.; McIntyre, cf.; Dougherty, 1b.; Bodie, rf.; Tannehill, 2b.; Collins, lb.; Sullivan, c.; Walsh, p.; Scott, p.

Washington—Mihan, cf.; Conroy, 1b.; Lelivert, rf.; Eberfeld, 2b.; Gessler, lb.; McBride, ss.; Cunningham, 3b.; Almsmith, c.; Gray, p.

### BASEBALL GAMES TODAY

NATIONAL LEAGUE			
Chicago at New York.			
Pittsburg at Philadelphia.			
Cincinnati at Boston.			
St. Louis at Brooklyn.			
AMERICAN LEAGUE			
Washington at Chicago.			
New York at Detroit.			
Boston at Cleveland.			
Philadelphia at St. Louis.			
RESULTS TUESDAY			
NATIONAL LEAGUE			
New York, 5; Chicago, 3.			
Pittsburg, 8; Philadelphia, 1.			
Cincinnati, 6; Boston, 3.			
St. Louis, 2; Brooklyn, 0.			
AMERICAN LEAGUE			
Boston, 5; Cleveland, 4.			
Detroit, 10; New York, 6.			
(No other games scheduled.)			
STANDING OF THE CLUBS			
NATIONAL LEAGUE			
Club	W.	L.	P.C.
Philadelphia	16	6	.727
Pittsburg	14	6	.700
New York	13	7	.650
CHICAGO	11	10	.524
Cincinnati	8	8	.500
Boston	8	15	.348
St. Louis	5	12	.294
Brooklyn	5	15	.238
AMERICAN LEAGUE			
Club	W.	L.	P.C.
Detroit	21	2	.913
Boston	12	9	.571
Philadelphia	9	9	.500
CHICAGO	9	10	.474
New York	9	10	.474
Washington	8	10	.444
Cleveland	8	15	.348
St. Louis	5	15	.238

### CUBS AND GIANTS IN SECOND GAME

New York, May 10.—Reappearing in New York, Captain Chance's celebrated Chicago champion Cubs, were most hospitably treated Tuesday by several persons, among them Jupiter Pluvius, the members of the New York National league club and Umpire Irman. The title holders were downed, 5 to 3, in the first frame of the year with the McGraws. Mordcaai Brown being hooked up against Christ Mathewson. The battle was fought on a wet diamond with rain falling almost all the time. The doing of the Storm King interfered with the attendance, with the effectiveness of the Giant tar and with the attack that the Peerless leaded had planned. On a dry field the Cubs probably would have won.

Brown was not as decidedly out-pitched by Mathewson as the vital statistics of the box score would seem to indicate. The coal miner had his hook curve working nicely, and at times had the Giants well under subjection.

Today it will be Hank Weaver for the Cubs and Otto Cranford for the Giants. There is a wild-eyed rumor here, probably started by John McGraw, that the Peerless Leader has asked for waivers on Jack Pfeister and Ed Reulbach. The Little Napoleon, incidentally, was clobbered with Clark Griffith last night and there may be a trade on between the Reds and the Giants.

### TIPS FROM Tipwright

Let's see. The Highlanders were going to sto., the Tigers, weren't they?

Mathewson has won four out of five. All in, eh?

Hans Wagner drew his old, decrepid frame to the plate, smushed out two triples and scored two runs, besides eating up eight chances.

Manager Bill Dahlen threw seventeen men into the breach against St. Louis, but his team suffered its daily shut-out just the same.

Charlie Hall is proving the ready rescuer of the Red Sox.

Beck, a Boston discard, waited the ball over the fence in the first inning, with the bases filled, thereby winning a game for the Reds.

Cincinnati seems to have found herself. She is now knocking for admission in the first division.

Every Tiger, including the two subs who were in the line-up, took a fall out of Warhop, Crawford being there with a single, double and homer.

The way Cobb and Crawford have torn the Detroit team to tatters with their jealousies is something awful for the other teams.

Another defeat of the Phillies by the Pirates and the latter go into first place. Brooklyn and the St. Louis Browns each have the imposing percentage of .525.

Mordcaai Brown had the luster of a can of ashes in his pitching duel with Mathewson. He seemed to have slipped about six notches.

Cub Third Baseman Doyle looks like a merry clouter.

The big league scouts are expected to-day to take a look at Hamilton, the pitcher for the Armour Institute, who struck out 21 Lake Forest batters Tuesday and allowed four hits, winning his game by 4 to 0.

President Terney of the Three Eye League today announced his umpire assignments for the opening series. They are: Cusack at Quincy; Bennett, formerly New England leaguer, at Danville; Daly at Dubuque; Guthrie, formerly American Association, at Rock Island.

According to reports today the training season of 1911 was the last the Cub will spend in New Orleans. Scout Ted Sullivan hit upon Tlaga, Texas, as the best place for the team to prepare for the big games. According to Sullivan, Tlaga is second only to Mineral Wells.

The dispatches from New York that Manager Chance has asked for waivers from other National League clubs of Pitchers Reulbach and Pfeister, two veterans of the staff, was expected, but, nevertheless, caused sincere regret among the fans. Both Reulbach and Pfeister have been star performers for the Cubs in their day.

Waseda University, Tokio, Japan, baseball team, will be banqueted Saturday night by Northwestern University, Waseda Tuesday, with a 14-inning game, 3 to 2, from Monmouth college at Monmouth.

Chicago sporting writers today joined in a crusade to demand that President Lynch of the National League instruct his umpires to see that National League games are played with more dispatch. Without a doubt laziness and carelessness have crept into National league and as a result, games are being uselessly prolonged.

### JAPANESE SLANT ON BASEBALL

#### What I Have Learned About Third

By M. FUKUBORI, Third Base, Waseda University



The third base player must learn courage and much agility. Much depends on him to prevent stolen scores. He must learn to hold the runner from third base and at the same time be prepared to field his position.

Third base player must be the swiftest thrower in the infield. In fielding batted balls, he has the longest throw to first base to retire the runner. Therefore he must throw quickly, swiftly and very accurately.

Third base player stands nearer to the batter than any other fielder. It is most difficult, therefore, to field swift batted balls. Right handed batters hit most swiftly toward the third base. Low drives exceedingly swift, striking the ground near the player are most difficult to field.

FUKUBORI, SNAPPING ONE OVER TO FIRST.

He must learn to think quickly to prevent error in his judgment of the proper play when he receives the ball.



HOWARD H. CAMPBELL

to successive victories this spring and he is expected to develop into a worthy successor of Blanding, now a member of the Cleveland club.

Campbell is a big fellow. He is a right-hander and while he has admittedly much to learn to make a name for himself in the professional game, he has everything he needs to win college games.

Campbell's rise to baseball fame has been so rapid that it amazes of the Frank Merriwell heroes.

### POLO BLEACHERS TO SEAT 50,000

New York, May 10.—Plans have been filed with Building Superintendent Miller for the new grand stand to take the place of the one recently destroyed by fire on the Polo Grounds. Work was commenced today. Just how long it will take for completion cannot be stated, but it is a foregone conclusion that the Giants will play again on their home field before the expiration of the present season.

This new stand will be a two-deck affair, built of reinforced concrete with steel columns, and will be semi-circular in shape, measuring 328 feet on the inner circle and 534 feet on the outer side of the circle. It will have an asbestos roof and will be thoroughly fireproof, as there will be no wood used in its construction.

The exact seating capacity is not given, but it is of such proportions as to make the total seat capacity of the Polo Grounds reach about 60,000. The Osborn Engineering company of Cleveland, O., is the architect. The cost has been placed at \$190,000.

### HARMON CROSSES POND

New York, May 10.—Clifford B. Harmon, president of the national council of aero clubs, and champion amateur aviator of the United States, called for Europe on the Lusitania today. He plans to arrange for the presence of American aviators in the world's championship meeting in England in July and for a number of the leading experts abroad to come to the big meeting in this vicinity next fall.

### Masters of Cue Who Will Settle Supremacy

Sutton and Hoppe, names to conjure with in the world of billiards, are expected to settle the 18.1 or 18.2 championship in November and the alternate title in January.

Hoppe holds both titles. Sutton wants them. He says he will post \$500 forfeit Sept. 1, to bind a match for \$1,000 for either title and another \$500 for a match for the same sum for the alternate championship.

Under the rules, 60 days must elapse between the challenge and the match. Hoppe has been bemoaning the lack of opponents and is expected to accept.

### The Pitcher's Revenge

BY TOM AKERS

He said I was "yellow" and called me a dab;

They vowed that I'd lost all my cunning;

They said I was looked for a bum, bush league club;

That I wouldn't be "called" in the running.

Perhaps I'm a bum

And my arm may be lame,

But I made 'em look cheap

Yesterday, just the same.

They vowed I would "blow" when I got in a pinch;

They thought I'd do all sorts of quitting;

They foretold that all my curve stuff was a "clutch."

Did you notice them doing much hitting?

Perhaps I'm a slab

And I've gone on the bum,

But I trimmed 'em again

And that will help some.

### YALE AND HARVARD NEED TRAINING, SAYS N. Y. EXPERT

New York, May 10.—A New York expert, in figuring up the chances of Yale and Harvard against Oxford and Cambridge in a joint athletic meet has the following to say:

"It behooves Harvard and Yale to get in a lot of work before meeting the Englishmen. Yale, while strong in the field events, has made a poor showing on the track, while the reverse is true of the Crimson. At this writing the middle distances and the two mile look like gifts to the British athletes, while the hammer is already in the American column. Much depends on the sprinters and hurdlers. With Foster of Harvard and Chisholm of Yale at their best, there would seem to be a fair chance of victory. At present the outlook for a strong American team is none too promising."

### BUILDING PERMITS

3518 N. Forty-fourth st., 1 story frame residence, Dick E. Baker	2,100
3124 W. Eighteenth st., 2 story brick store and apt. Frank Jankovsky	5,000
754-756 E. Forty-fourth av., 2 story brick flats, J. B. Palmer	2,000
4284 Rosewood st., 2 story frame flats, F. L. Schellberg	2,500
3254 N. Fortieth st., 2 story frame flats, Hiram Coombs	3,500
6215-15 S. Green st., 2 story brick flats, Cooper Bros.	40,000
1921 N. Marshfield av., 2 story brick store and apt. L. Kostinski	4,000
1613-1616 S. Talmag av., 1 story frame residence, John Kwiadkar	5,000
Calumet River and Lake Michigan, 7 story brick storehouse, Irons	1,000
2852 Armitage av., 2 story brick flats, H. J. Hill	1,000
742-744 S. Forty-fourth av., 2 story	

NOTICE—For information about the Socialist party, how to join, etc., address the County Secretary, James F. Larson, 202 West Washington street, Phone Franklin 1827; Automatic 51219. All communications promptly answered. Ward secretaries are requested to send notices of meetings and all matters of interest pertaining to party affairs.

**MEETINGS TONIGHT.**

11th ward—Oszyka's hall, 26th and Paulina streets.

15th and 16th wards—Kimbalk hall, Division and Robey streets.

27th ward, 7th district—At the home of F. G. and O. Ebeling, 1925 North Monticello avenue.

31st ward—Eke's hall, 1048 West 63d street.

33d ward—Special full war meeting, all branches, Van Meeteran's hall, 113th street and Michigan avenue, 8 p. m. A full attendance is urgently needed.

This evening at 7 o'clock sharp a class in parliamentary law, conducted by Caroline E. Lowe, will meet at the Y. P. S. L. hall, 265 West Washington street, third floor. This class is open to all comrades and the Socialist Women's Agitation Committee urge all women to attend. Parliamentary law is essential to a well conducted meeting and every ward should have a representative at this class, as well as at the Socialist Women's Agitation Committee's regular monthly meeting, which will be held at 8 o'clock sharp, immediately after the class in parliamentary law. This will be a very important meeting and the attendance of every woman comrade is urged.

If you have any spare piano music please send it to the First ward headquarters, 314 S. State street, Chicago.

**SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS**

The 3d Ward Branch of the Socialist party of Cook county at its regular weekly business meeting on Thursday, May 4, adopted a recommendation that the Cook County delegate committee do all in its power to have a referendum submitted to the party membership to set aside one cent for each dues stamp sold by the national office

from the receipts of such sales, as a fund to be known as a "newspaper loan fund." The money so raised to be loaned, without interest, first to the Chicago Daily Socialist until such time as that paper can repay or begin to repay the loan or loans, and then loans to be made to other Socialist newspapers in like circumstances, on the same terms. (Signed) H. S. BAIR, Secretary. A. C. HARMS, Chairman.

**THURSDAY MEETINGS**

Cook County Executive Committee—County headquarters, 8 p. m.

Third Ward—225 East 35th street, 2nd floor.

24th Ward—2657 Southport avenue, southeast corner Marianna street.

27th Ward—12th district—4642 North 46th avenue.

27th Ward—11th district—4216 North Albany avenue, home of Conrad Jensen.

28th Ward—Armitage hall, Armitage and Campbell avenues.

30th Ward—6249 Princeton avenue.

34th Ward—Norman hall, 3905 West 12th street.

19th Ward, Bohemian branch—Vodak's hall, Loomis and 18th place.

German branch—Northwest Side—Hemlock hall, 290 Paulina street.

Chicago Heights branch—122 West End avenue, Chicago Heights, Ill.

Socialist Athletic Association—White's hall, 22nd street and Marshall boulevard.

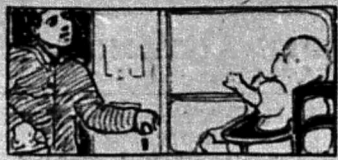
**Tomorrow Evening**

At the Coliseum

Starting at Six

Closing at Ten

Free Free

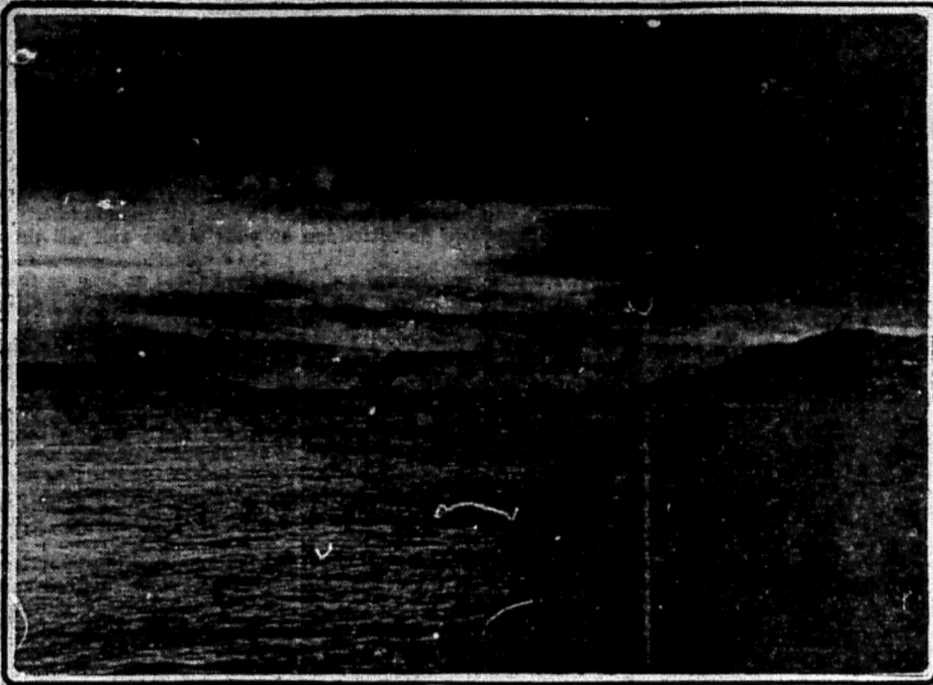


# HOUSEHOLD PAGE

# 'BURNING DAYLIGHT'

By Jack London

## Stay-at-Home Tourists Back at Last After 40,000 Mile Trip Around World



San Francisco.—The golden gate! Look, you globe trotters! Behind this seagate lies the line of the peanut and the home of the apple pie, the land of

THE GOLDEN GATE. Steam heat and elevators and ice cream sodas and trusts and trust busters and dentists and decent barber shops and a thousand and one other things that you have missed all the time you have been gone—maybe. Nuf sed. All ashore!

### CHAPTER XXII.

Instead of returning to the city on Monday Daylight rented the butcher's horse for another day and crossed the bed of the valley to its eastern hills to look at the mine. It was dryer and rockier here than when he had been the day before, and the ascending slopes supported mainly chaparral—scrubby and dense and impossible to penetrate on horseback. But in the canyons water was plentiful and also a luxuriant forest growth. The mine was an abandoned affair, but he enjoyed the half hour's scramble around. He had had experience in quartz mining before he went to Alaska, and he enjoyed the recrudescence of his old wisdom in such matters. The story was simple to him. Good prospects that warranted the starting of the tunnel into the side hill; the three months' work and the getting short of money; the lay-off while the men went away and got jobs; then the return and a new stretch of work, with the "pay" ever luring and ever receding into the mountain until, after years of hope, the men had given up and vanished. Most likely they were dead by now, Daylight thought, as he turned in the saddle and looked back across the canyon at the ancient dump and the dark mouth of the tunnel.

As on the previous day, just for the joy of it, he followed cattle trails at haphazard and worked his way up toward the summits. Coming out on a wagon road that led upward, he followed it for several miles, emerging in a small, mountain-encircled valley, where half a dozen poor ranchers farmed the vine grapes on the steep slopes. Beyond the road pitched upward. Dense chaparral covered the exposed hillsides, but in the creases of the canyons huge spruce trees grew, and wild oats and flowers.

Half an hour later, sheltering under the stumps themselves, he came out on a clearing. Here and there, in irregular patches, where the steep and the soil favored, vine grapes were growing. Daylight could see that it had been a stiff struggle and that wild nature showed fresh signs of winning—chaparral that had invaded the clearings; patches and parts of patches of vineyards, unpruned, grass grown and abandoned, and everywhere old stakes and rider fences vainly striving to remain intact. Here, at a small farmhouse surrounded by larger outbuildings, the road ended. Beyond, the chaparral blocked the way.

He came upon an old woman forking manure in the barnyard, and reined in by the fence.

"Hello, mother," was his greeting, "ain't you got any men folk around so do that for you?"

She leaned on her pitchfork, hitched her skirt in at the waist and regarded him cheerfully. He saw that her toll-worn, weather-exposed hands were like a man's, calloused, large-knuckled and gnarled, and that her stockless feet were thrust into heavy men's brogans.

"Nary a man," she answered. "And where be you from and all the way up here? Won't you stop and hitch and have a glass of wine?"

Striding clumsily, but efficiently, like a laboring man, she led him into the largest building, where Daylight saw a handpress and all the paraphernalia of a small scale for the making of the wine. It was too far and too bad a road to haul the grapes to the valley vineyards, she explained, and so they were compelled to do it themselves.

"They," he learned, were she and her daughter, the latter a widow of forty odd. It had been easier before the grandson died and before he went away to fight savages in the Philippines. He had died out there in battle.

Daylight drank a full tumbler of excellent Riesling, talked a few minutes, and accounted for a second tumbler. Yes, they just managed not to starve. Her husband and she had taken up this government land in '57, and cleared it and farmed it ever since, until he died, when they carried it on. It actually didn't pay for the toll, but what were they to do? There was the wine trust, and wine was down. And Riesling? She delivered it to the railroad down in the valley for twenty-two cents a gallon. And it was a long haul. It took a day for the round trip. Her daughter was gone now with a load.

Daylight knew that in the hotels Riesling, not quite so good even, was charged for at from \$1.50 to \$2 a quart.

And she got twenty cents a gallon. That was the game. She was one of the stupid lowly, she and her people before her—the ones that did the work, drove their oxen across the plains, cleared and broke the virgin land, toiled all days and all hours, paid their taxes and sent their sons and grandsons out to fight and die for the flag that gave them such ample protection that they were able to sell their wine for twenty-two cents. The same wine was served to him at the St. Francis for \$2 a quart, or \$8 a short gallon. That was it. Between her and her hand press on the mountain clearing and him ordering his wine in the hotel was a difference of \$7.78. A clique of sleek men in the city got between her and him to just about that amount. And, besides that, there was a horde of others that took their whack. They called it railroad-ing, high finance, banking, wholesaling, real estate and such things, but the pool was that they got it while she got what was left, twenty-two cents. Oh, well, a sucker was born every minute, he sighed to himself, and nobody was to blame. It was all a game. And only a few could win, but it was damned hard for the suckers.

"How old are you, mother?" he asked.

"Seventy-nine come next January."

"Worked pretty hard, I suppose?"

"Sence I was seven, I was bound out in Michigan State until I was woman grown. Then I married, and I reckon the work got harder and harder."

"When are you going to take a rest?"

She looked at him as though she chose to think his question facetious and did not reply.

"Do you believe in God?"

She nodded her head.

"Then you get it all back," he assured her; but in his heart he was wondering about God that allowed so many suckers to be born and that did not break up the gambling game by which they were robbed from the cradle to the grave.

"How much of that Riesling you got?"

"She ran her eyes over the casks and calculated. "Just short of eight hundred gallons."

"What would you do if you got a dollar a gallon for it?" he asked.

"Drop dead, I suppose."

"No, speaking seriously."

"Get me some false teeth, shingle the house and buy a new wagon. The road's mighty hard on wagons."

"And after that?"

"Buy me a coffin."

"Well, they're yours, mother, coffin and all."

She looked her incredulity.

"No, I mean it. And there's fifty to bind the bargain. Never mind the receipt. It's the rich ones that need watching, their memories being so infernal short, you know. Here's my address. You've got to deliver it to the railroad. And now, show me the way out of here, I want to get up to the top."

On through the chaparral he went, following faint cattle trails and working slowly upward till he came out on the divide and gazed down into Napa Valley and back across to Sonoma Mountain.

"A sweet land," he muttered, "an almighty sweet land."

Circling around to the right and dropping down along the cattle trails, he queued for another way back to Sonoma Valley. But the cattle trails seemed to fade out, and the chaparral to grow thicker with a deliberate viciousness, and even when he won through in places the canyons and small feeders were too precipitous for his horse and turned him back. But there was no irritation about it. He enjoyed it all, for he was back at his old game of bucking nature. Late in the afternoon he broke through, and followed a well defined trail down a dry canyon. Here he got a fresh thrill. He had heard the baying of the bound some minutes before, and suddenly, across the bare face of the hill above him, he saw a large buck in flight. And not far behind came the deer bound, a magnificent animal. Daylight sat tense in his saddle and watched until they disappeared, his breath just a trifle shorter as if he, too, were in the chase, his nostrils distended, and in his bones the old hunting ache and memories of the days before he came to live in cities.

The dry canyon gave place to one with a slender ribbon of running water. The trail ran into a wood road, and the wood road emerged across a small flat upon a slightly traveled country road. There were no farms in this immediate section and no houses. The soil was meager, the bedrock either close to the surface or constituting the surface itself. Manzanita and scrub oak, however, flourished and walled the road on either side with a jungle growth. And out a runway through this growth a man suddenly scuttled in a way that reminded Daylight of a rabbit.

He was a little man, in patched overalls, bare headed, with a cotton shirt open at the throat and down the chest. The sun was ruddy brown in his face, and by it his sandy hair was bleached on the ends to peroxide blonde. He signed to Daylight to halt, and held up a letter.

"If you're going to town I'd be obliged if you mail this," he said.

"I sure will," Daylight put it into his coat pocket. Do you live hereabouts, stranger?"

But the little man did not answer. He was gazing at Daylight with a surprised and steadfast fashion.

## A SHATTERED IDEAL

(A Story for Children) BY JAMES ONEAL.

With a frequency that excited comment a ragged boy visited the great iron mill, and stood for hours watching the ponderous machinery as it crushed and rolled the metal into finished shape.

The roar of the great engine increased in volume when it seized a huge ingot.

The resistance of the white-hot hissing steel to the crunch of the great rolls increased the roar to a mighty thunder as though two great powers of the nether world struggled for mastery.

The roar occasionally burst into a tremendous boom which seemed to sound a hoarse cry of triumph from one of the two contending powers.

To work, to create, to control and to be master in the midst of this labyrinth of fire, wheels and furnaces, each playing its part in heating, rolling and shaping crude metal into forms for human service, seemed to be the zenith of a boy's ambition.

For they must be gods who stand half-naked in the fiery vortex and escape unscathed. Writhing, sinewy lengths of white iron and steel dart here and there, reflecting their movements mirror-like from bodies that glisten with sweat oozing from every pore.

Each man and boy is master in this hell.

It is true a furnace bursts now and then and cremates a number, or some one falls and a white bar sears through flesh, tendons and veins. Some bear marks of these accidents in pitted faces from splashing metal or scars where the iron had cut like a hot saw.

But over this roaring inferno sweaty human beings are masters who bend and shape tons of metal to their will.

On this scene the ragged boy gazed, charmed and fascinated by the god-like powers of his fellows. The joy that comes to the artisan in creative effort was communicated to him as he watched his brothers work. He, too, would some day master the hot beams and bars and make them give way to his skill.

The time came, and the boy one day found himself in the midst of this roaring hell. The iron hissed and writhed and coiled. One burst here and sent a spray of white cinder toward him, which he dodged with a laugh. The engine groaned as though in protest against its herculean task.

The naked bodies flitted here and there always streaming with perspiration and the light reflected from them, mingled with the fine dust that settled in minute specks upon them, was a sickening, pale glow.

The boy's ideal was realized, it was hard work, it is true, but there was a sense of mastery and power in this work that in part compensated for his exhaustion.

One day the rhythmic movement of men and metal was disturbed by a scream—a scream that was heard above

"A CERTAIN PARTY"

Her clever singing and dancing is the main feature of "A Certain Party," the new musical farce in which she is playing on Broadway, with husband Mike



MABEL HITE DONLIN. Donlin of baseball fame. The piece is a very timely spread layer of some ability and a little catchy music, say the critics.

## RAISED ON A CHICKEN FARM

(A Story for Children) BY JAMES ONEAL.

With a frequency that excited comment a ragged boy visited the great iron mill, and stood for hours watching the ponderous machinery as it crushed and rolled the metal into finished shape.

The roar of the great engine increased in volume when it seized a huge ingot.

The resistance of the white-hot hissing steel to the crunch of the great rolls increased the roar to a mighty thunder as though two great powers of the nether world struggled for mastery.

The roar occasionally burst into a tremendous boom which seemed to sound a hoarse cry of triumph from one of the two contending powers.

To work, to create, to control and to be master in the midst of this labyrinth of fire, wheels and furnaces, each playing its part in heating, rolling and shaping crude metal into forms for human service, seemed to be the zenith of a boy's ambition.

For they must be gods who stand half-naked in the fiery vortex and escape unscathed. Writhing, sinewy lengths of white iron and steel dart here and there, reflecting their movements mirror-like from bodies that glisten with sweat oozing from every pore.

Each man and boy is master in this hell.

It is true a furnace bursts now and then and cremates a number, or some one falls and a white bar sears through flesh, tendons and veins. Some bear marks of these accidents in pitted faces from splashing metal or scars where the iron had cut like a hot saw.

But over this roaring inferno sweaty human beings are masters who bend and shape tons of metal to their will.

On this scene the ragged boy gazed, charmed and fascinated by the god-like powers of his fellows. The joy that comes to the artisan in creative effort was communicated to him as he watched his brothers work. He, too, would some day master the hot beams and bars and make them give way to his skill.

The time came, and the boy one day found himself in the midst of this roaring hell. The iron hissed and writhed and coiled. One burst here and sent a spray of white cinder toward him, which he dodged with a laugh. The engine groaned as though in protest against its herculean task.

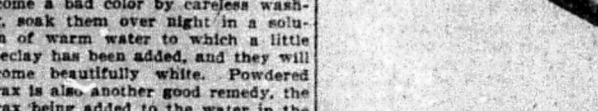
The naked bodies flitted here and there always streaming with perspiration and the light reflected from them, mingled with the fine dust that settled in minute specks upon them, was a sickening, pale glow.

The boy's ideal was realized, it was hard work, it is true, but there was a sense of mastery and power in this work that in part compensated for his exhaustion.

One day the rhythmic movement of men and metal was disturbed by a scream—a scream that was heard above

"A CERTAIN PARTY"

Her clever singing and dancing is the main feature of "A Certain Party," the new musical farce in which she is playing on Broadway, with husband Mike



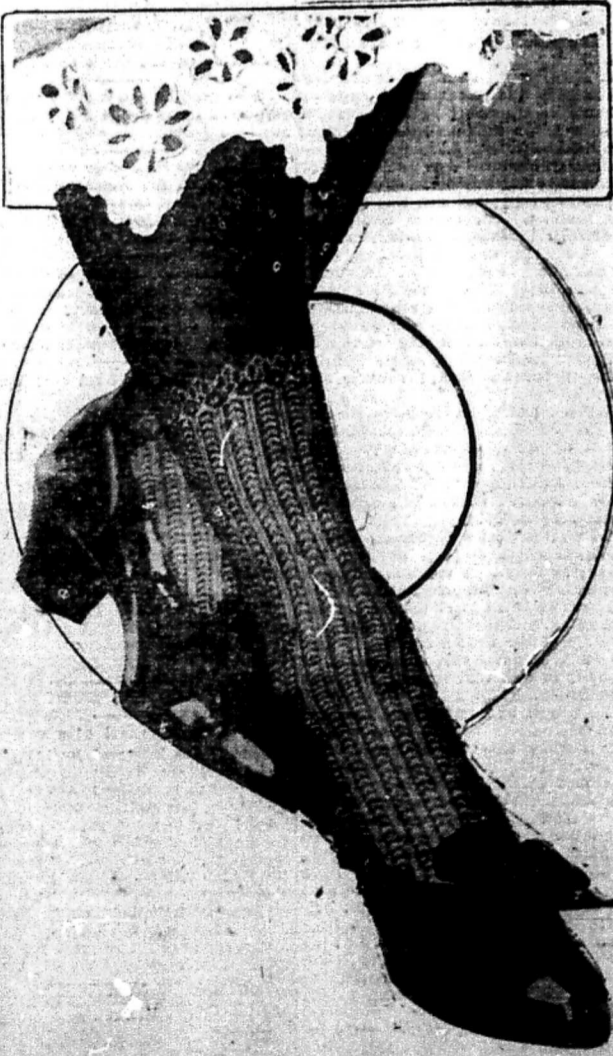
MABEL HITE DONLIN. Donlin of baseball fame. The piece is a very timely spread layer of some ability and a little catchy music, say the critics.

ALL AROUND THE HOME By Cynthia Grey

To whiten handkerchiefs that have become a bad color by careless washing, soak them over night in a solution of warm water to which a little pipeclay has been added, and they will become beautifully white. Powdered borax is also another good remedy, the borax being added to the water in the same way.

Even quite cheap table linen may be made to look as glossy as fine damask if ironed in the following way: After the linen has been washed, bottled and rinsed, wring it as dry as possible, roll it up in a dry sheet, and leave it for an hour, then iron till it is thoroughly dry. In this way the linen escapes the wear and tear of hanging on a line and keeps a better shape.

## A Very Dressy Understanding



A decided tendency of the summer fashions is shown in these dress jumps and openwork stockings, quite the vogue in the smart shops just now.

"Socialism, What It Is, and How to Get It." Published by Political Action, Brisbane Hall, Milwaukee, Wis. Paper.

"Socialism, What It Is, and How to Get It" is the title of a new booklet and the author, Oscar Ameringer of Oklahoma, is known throughout the country as one of the most original and capable speakers in the Socialist propaganda field.

The book is solid argument from cover to cover, but is so interspersed with characteristic Ameringer humor that the various objections to Socialism are fairly ridiculed out of existence and capitalism is left without a leg to stand on.

It is a new departure in the field of American Socialist literature.

It promises to make a very effective piece of propaganda literature. Price, 10c. For sale by the CHICAGO DAILY SOCIALIST, 207 West Washington Street.

"Well, I'm glad I wrote that letter this afternoon," the little man went on, "or else I'd have missed seeing you. I have seen your photo in the papers many a time, and I've a good memory for faces. I recognized you at once, My name's Ferguson."

"Do you live hereabouts?" Daylight repeated his query.

"Oh, yes, I've got a little shack back here in the bush a hundred yards, and a pretty spring, and a few fruit trees and berry bushes. Come in and take a look. And that spring is a dandy. You never tasted water like it. Come in and try it."

While walking and leading his horse, Daylight followed the quick-stepping, eager little man through the green tunnel and emerged abruptly from the clearing, if clearing it might be called, where wild nature and man's earth scratching were inextricably blended. It was a tiny pool in the hills, protected by the steep walls of a canyon mouth. Here were several large oaks, evidencing a richer soil. The erosion of ages from the hillsides had slowly formed this deposit of fat earth. Under the oaks, almost buried in them, stood a rough, unpainted cabin, the wide veranda of which, with chairs and hammocks, advertised an out of doors bed chamber. Daylight's keen eyes took in everything. The clearing was irregular, following the patches of the best soil, and every fruit tree and berry bush and even each vegetable plant, had the water reasonably conducted to it. The tiny irrigation channels were everywhere and along some of them the water was running.

Ferguson looked eagerly into his visitor's face for signs of approbation.

"What do you think of it, eh?"

"Fand reared and manicured, every blessed tree," Daylight laughed, but the joy and satisfaction that shone in his eyes contented the little man.

"Why, d'ye know, I know every one of those trees as if they were sons of mine. I planted them, nursed them, fed them and brought them up. Come on and see at the spring."

"It's a sure winner," was Daylight's verdict, after due inspection and sampling, as they turned back for the house.

The interior was a surprise. The cooking being done in the small, lean kitchen, the whole cabin formed a large living room. A great table in the middle was comfortably littered with books and magazines. All the available wall space, from floor to ceiling, was occupied by filled book shelves. It seemed to Daylight that he had never seen so many books assembled in one place. Skins of wildcat, coon and deer lay on the pine board floor.

"Shot them myself, and tanned them, too," Ferguson proudly asserted.

The crowning feature of the room was a huge fireplace of rough stones and bowlders.

"Built it myself," Ferguson proclaimed, "and by God, she drew! Never a wisp of smoke anywhere save in the appointed channel, and that during the southeasters, too."

Daylight found himself charmed and made curious by the little man. Why was he hiding away here in the chaparral, he and his books? He was nobody's fool, anybody could see that. Then, why? The whole affair had a tinge of adventure, and Daylight accepted an invitation to supper, half prepared to find his host a raw fur and nut eater or some similar sort of

health faddist. At table, while eating rice and jackrabbit curry (the latter shot by Ferguson), they talked it over and Daylight found the little man had no fool "views." He ate whatever he liked and all he wanted, avoiding only such combinations as experience had taught him disagreed with his digestion.

Next Daylight surmised that he might be touched with religion, but quest about as he would in a conversation covering the most divergent topics he could find no hint of queerness or unusualness. So it was when between them they had washed and wiped the dishes and put them away and had settled down to a comfortable smoke that Daylight put the question.

"Look here, Ferguson, ever since we got together I've been casting about to find out what's wrong with you, to locate a screw loose somewhere, but I'll be damned if I've succeeded. What are you doing here, anyway? What made you come here? What were you going for a living before you came here? Go ahead and elucidate yourself."

Ferguson frankly showed his pleasure at the question.

"First of all," he began, "the doctors wound up by losing all hope for me. Gave me a few months at best, and that after a course in sanitariums and a trip to Europe and another to Hawaii. They tried electricity and forced feeding and fasting. I was a graduate of about everything in the curriculum. They kept me poor with their bills, while I went from bad to worse. The trouble with me was twofold. First, I was a born weakling, and next I was living unnaturally—too much responsibility and strain. I was a managing editor of the Times-Tribune."

Daylight gasped mentally, for the Times-Tribune was the biggest and most influential paper in San Francisco and always had been so.

"And I wasn't strong enough for the strain. Of course, my body went back on me, and my mind, too, for that matter. It had to be bolstered up with whiskey, which wasn't good for it any more than was the living in clubs and hotels good for my stomach and the rest of me. That was what ailed me—I was living all wrong."

He shrugged his shoulders and drew at his pipe.

"When the doctors gave me up I wound up my affairs and gave the doctors up. That was fifteen years ago. I'd been hunting through Europe when I was a boy, on vacations from college, and when I was all down and out it seemed a yearning came to me to go back to the country. So I quit, quit everything, absolutely, and came to live in the Valley of the Moon—the Indian name, you know, for Sonoma Valley. I lived in the log-cabin the first year; then I built the cabin and sent for my books. I never knew what happiness was before, nor health: Look at me now and dare to tell me that I look forty-seven."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Tomorrow Evening At the Coliseum Starting at Six Closing at Ten Free Free

## The Soap Boxers' Library

One Saturday night last summer a soap-boxer was holding a street meeting on the corner of Fifteenth street and Fifth avenue, in Moline, Illinois. More than 500 men had gathered and for over two hours listened eagerly and intently to the message of Socialism as expounded by this unknown mechanic.

As the speaker stepped down from the improvised platform one of the boys greeted him with: "Well, comrade, you're a pippin! You are equal to Debs himself. I wouldn't have missed that treat for anything. But, tell me, how do you hold a crowd like that for two hours?"

"I will tell you the secret," replied the young orator. "I am a workingman and, always being short of money, like most of my class, I had to spend what little I did have to the best advantage. I had a great ambition to become one of the twenty thousand speakers that the Socialist party is in need of, and in order to properly prepare myself for this work I was limited to the selection of only the best and fewest books to complete my education. Out of the great mass of published matter I selected, on the advice of a competent judge, four books, and applied myself assiduously to the study of these four. These books are: 'Anti-Duehring,' by Frederick Engels; 'The Theoretical System of Karl Marx,' by Louis Boudin; 'Effective Speaking,' by Arthur Phillips, and 'The Art of Lecturing,' by Arthur M. Lewis.

"The first two gave me a thorough understanding of the fundamental principles of scientific Socialism and the other two gave me a system whereby I have been able to convey my ideas in a forceful and effective manner to my audiences. The secret of my success is contained between the covers of those four books."

The first book mentioned was written in reply to one of the most scholarly and able critics of Socialist philosophy, and it has raised that philosophy to a position beyond successful attack.

To read "Anti-Duehring" and then "The Theoretical System of Karl Marx" is a whole college education in itself. Boudin in this book takes up, one at a time, the seven principles of Marxian Socialism, presenting them clearly and definitely, with explanations and illustrations. These two books will enable any student to defend the philosophy of Socialism against attack from any point of view and to present the fundamental principles so clearly that "even a college professor may understand."

"Effective Speaking" is undoubtedly the plainest, simplest and most concise work of its kind extant. It is written in a style that is easily understood, and to the man with a message it is about all that is necessary to make him a public speaker. The author has not only given us many new ideas gathered from his own experience as a speaker and teacher, but has systematized and simplified the best that has been written on this subject by others.

A. M. Lewis in "The Art of Lecturing" has given us the result of many years' experience on the platform, and after reading this book one does not need to blunder along through two or three years of humiliation and hardship on the platform. He not only tells you what to do and how to do it, but, what is quite as important to the beginner, he tells you what NOT to do. The author of this book has proven his knowledge of the art by holding for five years in one of the finest theaters of Chicago the largest audience in this country that ever gathered week by week to hear about Socialism.

For any of these books address the Daily Socialist, 207 W. Washington Street, inclosing price named below:

"Anti-Duehring," by Frederick Engels.....\$1.00  
"The Theoretical System of Karl Marx," by Louis Boudin.....1.00  
"Effective Speaking," by Arthur Edward Phillips.....1.50  
"The Art of Lecturing," by A. M. Lewis......50

OR SEND \$4.00 AND RECEIVE POSTPAID THESE FOUR VOLUMES—THE SOAP-BOXERS' LIBRARY

THE CHICAGO DAILY SOCIALIST

Entered as second-class matter, Dec. 22, 1894, at P. O. Chicago, under act March 3, 1879.

Owned by the Workers Publishing Society, 207 W. Washington St., Chicago, Ill. Telephone Number (all departments) Frank 1192.

By carrier in city of Chicago... Daily, per month, 50c. Order by postal or telephone, Frank 1192.

The publication of a signed article does not mean endorsement by the Daily Socialist of opinions expressed therein.

Milwaukee's Socialist Experiment

Under this title the Springfield (Mass.) Republican, April 30, than which there is no abler and fairer newspaper in the land, discusses the first year of the Socialist regime in Milwaukee.

"The administration has done its best, its attitude toward progressive measures has been sympathetic. It has not been tainted by scandal or by suspicion of graft."

Compare with this calm, judicial review, the rabid, hysterical attack of the National Prohibitionist of May 4.

This paper is unable to discern between causes and effects. The party it represents has been fighting symptoms for years, and, as was to be expected, has utterly failed to lessen drunkenness, prostitution, vice or crime.

Prohibition and repression has been the policy of governments from time immemorial, and, just to the extent that intelligence and civilization gain does prohibition lose.

It seems to sting the Prohibitionist, and blind it to all good in Milwaukee, that the city that is known all over the world by the quality of its beer should have been the first to adopt Socialism.

The animus of the Prohibitionist is evident from the incredulous manner it speaks of features admitted by all to be the credit of the city government.

It says: "They have been reasonably honest with the people's money and there have been no known cases of selling out to predatory capitalist interests."

It seems to hope that graft will yet be unearthed. Many of the statements by the Prohibitionist are not true, while others are grave exaggerations.

Our critic says: "I never saw in any vice preserve I ever visited so many mere girls, poor, ily developed, listless, tired children set up for sale."

The poor are the effect as well the victims of generations of oppression, and no city government can suddenly transform them into well-to-do citizens.

The cause of drunkenness and other forms of intemperance lie deep down in the nature of our economic condition, and can only be removed by reorganizing society in such a manner that no one will be driven to drink either by the fierce excitement and intense strain of an active business life or the dreadful, hopeless monotony of hard and unremunerative toil.

Men and women drink, not because they are "bad," but because they are driven to it by circumstances which they cannot successfully resist.

Frances Willard saw this clearly before her death and turned to Socialism as the only redemption of mankind from intemperance.

"Let Us Have Peace"

So says the Tribune. It says that the workers are losing \$200,000 a day in wages on account of strikes.

Of course they are. They are losing more than that. The idle workers are losing that much and those at work are losing a great deal more.

According to statistics they earn on an average about \$10 a day. They therefore lose on an average about \$8 a day of which the capitalists rob them.

A half million workers losing \$8 each a day makes a total loss to the workers of \$400,000 a day.

The Tribune squeals about \$200,000 loss in wages by the idle. Why not come out and help us protest against the awful loss by the workers who work?

And why lament this small \$200,000 loss at all? You know you do it only as a blind. You know you are not very anxious about the loss the workers sustain.

What you want is that these 100,000 should go back to work to be exploited out of \$8 each, or a total of \$800,000 a day, which big business would get out of their hide.

Your squeal is about your \$800,000 that big business loses, only you don't want to come out and say so.

And the Tribune laments the fact that the stores are filled with goods ready to be sold, and would be glad to sell \$200,000 worth a day to these people who now can't buy anything.

Sure. But would not these stores prosper much more if the present workers were to get the full product of their toil, which would add \$4,000,000 to their daily purchasing power?

The Tribune didn't think of that. Come on, old Tribune, and get your eyes open. People laugh at you and poke fun at you in your stupid anxiety for the little \$800,000 when such big things are at stake.

And if you are more wise than stupid then the people will hate you for your hypocrisy. So you are between the devil and the big pond with the Socialists batting you in the rear.

There will be peace when the workers get justice, but never before. Could you possibly catch that idea, old Grandma Tribune? Or can't you?

We must stand with the workers in their strikes. Sure. So we do. But we must be very careful so the strike does not get too big. Gee! That might hurt the capitalists. And, oh, my! A general strike! Are you crazy?

Some fool workers have gotten into their head that they ought to pitch in and unite so strongly on both the industrial and political field that the capitalists would be helpless. Isn't it a fright?

If La Follette would devote his energy to remove the cause of graft that he expends in fighting its symptoms he would accomplish something.

Harem Effects May Hit The Lake Shore This Summer



CHIEF OF POLICE M'VEENY SAYS "WOMEN BATHERS, DURING THE COMING SEASON, MUST NOT TRY TO OUTDO OTHER CITIES." HOW IS THIS, CHIEF?

Why Socialism is Inevitable

Many reasons given by the individualists to prove that Socialism can never succeed, chief among which is that scientists tell us that in this world there is a grand fight going on among all living beings for existence, and that the weak must perish, that the strong may grow stronger.

PACKAGE FREIGHT BY FRED SCHAEFER



"When the woman in the automobile accident ate the man's wife, the papers call it a 'joy ride.'"

THE WAY THAT IS HARD. "The way of the philanthropist is hard," says Mr. Carnegie. But harder yet is the way of the workmen who stand before fiery furnaces and go home to their wives and children in hovels and tenements that the philanthropist may have money to build palaces in New York, buy country estates in Scotland, and rear temples of learning, with his own name chiseled in great letters over the doors.

White Chattels and Black

The constitution of the United States declares that "no person... shall be deprived of life, liberty or property without due process of law; that the accused shall have the right to have the assistance of counsel for his defense."

The Civic Federation Confession

The woman's welfare department of the National Civic Federation has just held its annual meeting in Washington. Mrs. Taft, Mrs. J. Bowden Harriman and Mrs. J. Medill McCormick were the big three. August Belmont and Seth Low were also at the meeting.

Voice of Rebellion

How long, ye craven mortals, shall these oppressors reign? How long shall the cruel lash of slavery be felt; And banded we to rigid toil have ever, ever dealt— Our flesh and blood into those mills of wretched gain.

Does Municipal Ownership Pay?

The London "Daily Telegraph," a well known journal which has no leanings in favor of public ownership, recently commissioned its correspondents in eighty British municipalities to report the profit and loss of the public utilities operated by their respective municipalities.

Everett True and the True Triplets

