

JAP SOCIALISTS TO FACE DEATH TODAY

World-Wide Protest Avails Nothing; Execution to Take Place.

Special Correspondence. Tokyo, Japan, Jan. 18.—Unless prevented by the force of public opinion, twenty-six Socialists will be executed today.

The trial has been secret, the Japanese government taking the ground that, as they were accused of a conspiracy against the royal family, they were not entitled even to counsel.

Lawyers Threatened. Two prominent Japanese lawyers who have offered to defend them were warned by the Japanese government that if they attempted to defend, he accused they themselves would incur the death penalty.

Special Correspondence. Washington, D. C., Jan. 19.—Socialists here are awaiting news from Tokyo.

The Japanese case, as published, has aroused the sympathies of all Socialists and many organizations outside the party have joined with them in forwarding expressions of protest to the Japanese minister at Washington, President Taft for his interference and to the state department.

The national executive committee of the Socialist party, at its last meeting in Chicago issued resolutions to all the locals in the United States to the effect that protest meetings be held to denounce the arbitrary and tyrannical action of the Japanese government in arresting the twenty-six Socialist Japs; refusing them the services of able lawyers to present their defense, and condemning them under secret proceedings on charges of conspiracy against the government.

A similar resolution for protest meetings was also sent by National Secretary Barnes to Camille Huysmans, secretary of the International Socialist party, to which he replies in the following letter:

Europe Protests. "Dear Comrade Barnes:—A great European movement has been organized in favor of our Japanese friends against the prosecution of Socialists by the government of Tokio. If you read European papers you will see meetings took place in nearly all great towns. I shall transmit, notwithstanding, your resolution to all affiliated parties. "Fraternally yours, "CAMILLE HUYSMANS."

WINSTON CHURCHILL TALKS ON POLICE FIASCO

By United Press. London, Jan. 18.—Home Secretary Winston Churchill, who, by virtue of his office, is head of the London police, today denied all responsibility for the police fiasco in the "battle of Sidney street," when 1,500 police were called out in an effort to capture two Houndsditch burglars and murder suspects, who held off the police and Scots Guards for five hours before being killed.

The home secretary testified in the inquest on the two suspects. He denied that he directed or overrode the police arrangements. Churchill's explanation is deemed important in view of the fact that parliament has undoubtedly demanded a full statement from him. Should parliament condemn him for his conduct in the affairs, his resignation would be inevitable.

THREE LOSE LIVES AS OTHERS ARE SAVED

By United Press. Berlin, Jan. 19.—Three lives were lost as the result of the disaster to the submarine U-3, from which twenty-seven men were rescued yesterday. The craft was hoisted to the surface by the "parent ship," Vulkan, which got the periscope above the surface. Twenty-seven of the crew then donned the special diving helmets and suits and were shot to the surface by means of the submerged torpedo tubes. The captain, lieutenant and the coxswain telephoned they had plenty of air and would remain until the craft could be completely saved today. The others were saved.

STATE NEARS CLOSE OF SENSATIONAL MURDER TRIAL

Wheeling, W. Va., Jan. 18.—The last link in the evidence against Mrs. Laura Schenk, evidence that the woman actually purchased arsenic, which was later put into the millionaire packer's drink and medicine, may be secured today, marking practically the conclusion of the important features of the prosecution. Mrs. Schenk's love affair with Dan Phillips, a clerk, was discussed in detail yesterday. It was shown that she bought him clothing and jewelry.

GUSTAF CONVERGES REASDAQ

Stockholm, Sweden, Jan. 18.—King Stockholm, Sweden, Jan. 19.—King speech from the throne his majesty congratulated the country upon the economic improvement which had obviated the necessity of increased taxation. Estimates for 1911, he said, balanced 27,000,000 crowns. The proposed expenditures for the army and navy were 6,000,000 crowns greater than for the preceding year. (A Swedish crown is equivalent in the money of the United States to 27 cents.)

BOILER BURSTS; THREE DIE

Buffalo, N. Y., Jan. 19.—Three men were instantly killed this morning when the boiler of a freight engine exploded at Crittenden, N. Y., twenty miles east of this city, on the New York Central railroad.

WOMEN RAISE STRIKE FUNDS

100 Chicago Churches to Be Called on for Money.

"With the help of the union men and women of Chicago, and the assistance of the thousands of other friends of the strikers, the fight against the 'association' houses is going to be kept up until a victory has been won."

This was the statement of President John Fitzpatrick of the Chicago Federation of Labor today when asked whether or not the strike would be conducted with the same vigor as heretofore.

Women Seek Funds. As evidence of the continuation of the fight, Ellen Gates Starr of the Pull House, with the assistance of several hundred girl strikers, will take collections for the strike fund in more than a hundred churches next Sunday.

At the commissaries there has been a decrease in number of people who are calling for provisions, as many of the employees of Hart, Schaffner & Marx, who went to work during the last three days have been allowed to draw their pay beforehand and thus buy their own necessities.

J. J. Kain, purchasing agent for the commissaries, declared today that the only way in which the current of conversation is running around the supply stores is the question as to how long it is going to take the association houses to wake up to the fact that they are already whipped.

Strikers Balk Bosses. Efforts to stampede Bohemian strikers into going back to work failed miserably yesterday. Clarence Darrow was selected by the garment workers' conference last night as their arbitrator.

Darrow will donate his services. All that remains is for the firm to select its member on the committee and things will be ready to take up the grievances of the strikers and settle them under the same plan that they are being settled by organized labor the world over.

That is by direction of the collective body of employees instead of the individual. It is to secure this demand that the strikers in the association shops are still holding out.

The firm of Hart, Schaffner & Marx has not yet selected its member on the arbitration committee.

Among the demands which are expected to confront the arbitration are an increase in wages; some change in the piecework system and possibly its total abolition; a 48-hour week for the cutters and 54-hour week for tailors. Many other harassing practices, such as the system of fines, will also need correction.

Treatment Changed. Strikers who have returned to work say that the manner in which they are met by the shop foremen is quite different from the way in which they had been treated prior to the strike.

The work of organizing still continues and regular meeting nights for the unions of each section of the trade will be decided upon shortly.

Support for the strike is still coming in at a rate which with a little increase will mean the defeat of the two big clothing manufacturers' associations.

The Garment Workers' Relief Committee, which has been working on an endless post-card chain plan, reports that the idea is meeting with success. The committee turned over the second installment of \$100 to the strike fund Saturday.

Andrew Possgreen, aged 14, of Grand Island, Neb., sent in 25 cents for one of the cards and asked that he be sent five more. He earned the money going errands for the neighbors. He said in his letter that it was all he could give and hoped that some boy his own age would be benefited by the small sum.

Brothers Aid Cause. Two brothers in Harrisonville, Pa., where Carnegie sweats his employees for the purpose of building libraries, sent in their quarters saying that they can ill afford it, but that they want to see the strikers "tick" until they secure an agreement whereby they can organize within the shops for their own good.

Local Union No. 3, of the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, is still continuing to assess their members 25 cents per week. The local has over 600 members.

The same continuance of union spirit is being evinced by all of the other organizations that have been regular contributors.

POUR IN YOUR MONEY

Let This Week Show a Big Total for "The Daily"

Yesterday we had a heart-to-heart talk with you. Why? Because we want you to have a heart-to-heart talk with the pintes through the Daily Socialist.

The chances are that you have a thing or two to tell them. "The Daily" is as anxious for this confidential talk as you are.

Let's raise that \$25,000 in a jiffy, so that we may begin to raise Ned with the plutocratic system at the earliest possible moment as it has never been raised before. Send in more contributions.

You, who are silent revolutionists. You, who are wealthy Socialists. Oh, what's the matter with you? Can't you understand us? If you can't, tell us about it. Anyway, send us some money for the \$25,000 fund. You, who are of the rank and file—all, line up. USE WHAT YOU HAVE TO GET WHAT YOU WANT.

Read this letter carefully. With it Comrade Krahl sent us \$5.00. Just stop and think what would become of that \$25,000 if only 10,000 of you would do likewise.

"FELLOW SOCIALISTS: "I have been waiting for you to boost that \$25,000 fund. It's no use waiting longer, so here goes. I am only a salesman in a big dry goods store. I can't do much myself, but if you will only help by doing your shares, as I have tried to do mine, the job will be done by Feb. 1.

"I am enthusiastic about Socialism. I have made a study of the political situation of Chicago since 1890, and am convinced that what Congressman Essger said is right. Chicago should be, and must be, the head of the Socialist movement of the United States.

"We are waiting for capable men to take the helm; not as leaders, but as real servants of the people, and I am convinced that we have found them. W. E. Rodriguez, for mayor; John Collins, for treasurer; John G. Flora, for clerk. These men have been tried and tested. What would happen if the painters' union had a strike and W. E. Rodriguez was mayor? Is there a Socialist in Chicago who could not guess the answer? I don't think there is.

"Even the Democratic and Republican voters have discovered that Mayor Seidel was always with the workers, and they have begun to like it. I am convinced that the workers are going to give Chicago some medicine. So, get ready comrades; let us clear the deck for action

and see how good we can act. We are going to get the city for the working men. Not with bullets, but by ballots. Now, fellow comrades, get this deck clear so we can distribute literature, watch our ballots counted, and land at least two or three aldermen in the city hall. "Yours for Socialism, "FRED H. KRAHL, "Twenty-first Ward."

NOTE.—Use subscription blank found elsewhere in the paper. Many comrades have sent lists of names, and returns are coming in.

Table listing names and amounts contributed to the fund, including Fred H. Krahl, James Barnes, and others.

Total to Date..... \$3,109.20

LORIMER IS FLAYED BY SENATOR BORAH

MINERS WATCH OHIO POLITICS

Green, Union Official, Is in Line for Lieutenant Governor.

BY J. L. ENGDALH (Staff Correspondent.) Memorial Hall, Columbus, Ohio, Jan. 19.—Old party politics, conflicting personalities and opposing trade union principles—these promise to make the present convention of the United Mine Workers one of the merriest, liveliest and most important of that organization.

Thousands Gathered. There are gathered in this big hall between 1,200 and 1,400 delegates, with room for several thousand more.

The opening speeches have been made, the long credential report has been read, the news of the first day has been worth—in fact it is a case of coats off and down to work.

Every prospect is that there will be plenty of work to do. And there will be thrilling scenes in the doing of it.

Lewis Is a Problem. Tom L. Lewis, international president, promises to be the storm center, as has been the case at many previous conventions.

Peculiar at this convention is the case of William Green of Coshocton, Ohio, candidate for president of the miners opposed to Lewis last year and opposed to Edwin Perry as secretary this year.

Green has been elected to the legislature of Ohio as state senator as a Democrat. At the same election United States Senator Charles Dick, Republican, was lost in the Democratic landslide, going down to defeat before Altes Pomerene, Democrat.

Green in Office. Now, as politics go, Pomerene was lieutenant governor of Ohio, which also means president of the state senate of Ohio. When Pomerene stepped on Green stepped in as president pro tem of the state senate, and is now in line for lieutenant governor of the state.

Numerous efforts have been made by the Socialists in the United Mine Workers' organization to get Green into the party without result.

Suffice it to say, however, that Tom L. Lewis is after Green with the biggest kind of an "ax," and a conflict between the two men on the floor of the convention is expected.

Lewis Opposes. Green will undoubtedly make an attempt to get seated as a delegate. Lewis will be opposed to this.

Lewis will try to rule Green out of the convention by claiming that he is not a worker in the mines or an official of the organization, essential to the qualification of a delegate according to an amendment adopted to the constitution at the 1910 meeting.

And back of this move are the business and political interests of not only Columbus but of Ohio as well. Green is not enthusiastic about having the miners meet in Columbus.

The Columbus newspapers don't like Green a little bit. In the slang of the street they are "big," very "big," for Lewis.

It was decided at the 1910 miners' convention to meet in St. Louis this year. Somehow or other the national executive committee decided that there wasn't a suitable hall in the Missouri metropolis that would conveniently accommodate the miners' meeting.

Columbus Chosen. Then Columbus was chosen, and here the convention is. And "big business" and the newspapers, as their servile tools, are out to not only keep the convention here but to take the international headquarters from Indianapolis as well.

WHICH IS THE STRONGEST—



A "GOOD" CANDIDATE WITH "BAD" AIMS, OR PRINCIPLES BACK BY GOOD MEN?

REMOVAL OF BALLINGER IS DEMANDED BY SENATOR

By United Press. Washington, Jan. 19.—The overwhelming weight of the evidence taken satisfies me that Mr. Ballinger was not faithful to the interests of the people; is not an efficient public servant, and that the resolution offered ought to be adopted.

In these words, Senator Percell, of North Dakota, on the floor of the senate concluded a sweeping arraignment of Secretary of the Interior Ballinger for his action taken with respect to the Cunningham claims and in the Ballinger-Pinchot controversy. He urged that the senate adopt his resolution declaring that Ballinger ought not to be retained in office.

"Ballinger, while pretending to favor conservation of our natural resources," he said, "in truth and in fact opposed every measure, every speech and every act that had for its object such conservation."

ONE DAY IN CONGRESS (Wednesday, January 18, 1911.)

Senate. Speeches in advocacy and against the retention of his seat by William Lorimer were made by Senators Burrows and Borah.

House. The entire day was devoted to consideration of the Moon bill for the codification of the laws relating to the judiciary. Adjourned to noon Thursday.

TAGGART'S MAN FRIDAY IS MADE A U. S. SENATOR

Indianapolis, Ind., Jan. 19.—John W. Kern, W. J. Bryan's running mate in 1908, was chosen United States senator to succeed Albert J. Beveridge by the Indiana legislature. Kern is Tom Taggart's attorney.

MINE BLAST KILLS SIX MEN

Helena, Mont., Jan. 18.—As the result of an explosion in the Keating mine at Radersburg, forty miles from here, yesterday six miners are dead, two are badly injured, and there is an unconfirmed rumor that two more men are somewhere in the workings.

LODGE WINS FIGHT

Boston, Jan. 19.—Henry Cabot Lodge won the hardest fight in his political career in nearly thirty years, and returns to the United States senate for a fourth term, with the support of 146 out of 279 members of the Massachusetts legislature, or six more than the number necessary for a choice in the convention.

MAINE ELECTS SENATOR

Augusta, Me., Jan. 18.—Charles F. Johnson, Democrat, of Waterville, Me., was declared elected to the United States senate for six years by the joint session of the legislature. In a brief speech of acceptance, Johnson said: "The country today faces a crisis in which the special interests are endeavoring to control it."

FLAYS SLEUTH 13 YEARS

Detroit, Mich., Jan. 18.—After playing detective (written years) in an effort to locate the thief who stole jewelry from her valued at \$10, Mrs. J. Fuller has admitted her defeat and reported the robbery to the police. The police did considerable telephoning before they were convinced that the robbery occurred thirteen years ago.

DANVILLE ELECTION FRAUD SCANDAL IS IMMINENT

Danville, Ill., Jan. 19.—Vermilion county, the home of Speaker Cannon, is at present sitting directly over a seething, hissing volcano, which threatens to erupt at any moment and blow the whole political machinery of the district into shreds.

Under their oath twenty-three grand jurors are to investigate the wholesale buying and selling of votes in the county.

An election fraud scandal is promised far overshadowing the Adams county, Ohio, sensation. In Danville alone the "bought vote" at the last election was numbered at more than 2,500. It is said, while another 1,000 might be added for outside townships—5,500 votes in all.

ALDRICH'S PLAN WOULD MAKE BANKERS' TRUST BY LAW

By United Press. Washington, Jan. 19.—The Aldrich plan to place the finances and business of the country in the control of a central bank is regarded with disapproval by many senators.

The "old guard" stand with their leader as usual, but independent senators hold the opinion that the Rhode Island senator's scheme of reform, as outlined, is not in the public interest. As the question is not one for consideration at this session, few senators took the time necessary to study the plan, and so were adverse to discussing it for publication. Their impression is based on the main features of the plan which is that no such power would be given to the bankers by congress. One declared it would create a bankers' trust.

(Continued on Page 2, Column 5.)

Burrows of Michigan Receives Stinging Reply to Defense Plan.

Washington, Jan. 19.—With an opening speech for the defense by Chairman Burrows of the elections committee and a scathing address for the prosecution by Senator Borah, the Lorimer trial was begun in earnest on the floor of the senate late Wednesday.

Borah Answers Burrows. Senator Burrows delivered a set speech which has already been put in document form for distribution. Senator Borah spoke unexpectedly and without preparation save for the references to the testimony taken by the investigating committee which he had tabulated.

He broke in immediately after Burrows had finished, with the idea of showing that the conclusions of the latter were illogical while the argument still was fresh in the minds of the rest of the court.

Lorimer Defense. Speaking generally Senator Burrows took the ground that the evidence against Lorimer is of no worth because the witnesses who testified to having been corrupted are not credible.

Against the confessions of four members of the Illinois legislature that they were bribed to vote for Lorimer for senator, Chairman Burrows placed the denials of those who were said to have done the bribing.

Borah's Contentment. Senator Borah contended that in all cases involving election bribery it is practically impossible to secure the testimony of unimpeachable witnesses relative to the passing of money; but he insisted that the circumstances in this case were such as to show that the cumulative corroborative testimony could not have been manufactured.

He said there was an undeniable connection between the "Lorimer money" and the "jackpot," that the whole series of events leading to Mr. Lorimer's election showed corruption and that every one of thirty or more Democrats controlled by Lee O'Neil Brown were tainted in casting their votes for the bipartisan candidate.

Deplorable Corruption. The most sensational moment of the day came at the close of Mr. Borah's speech, when, facing the member whose seat is in question, the speaker depicted the stream of corruption flowing ever since the day Mr. Lorimer declared his candidacy for the senate and attributed it not to accident, but to the work of "powerful or organizing men."

As an interesting prelude to the real commencement of hostilities in the Lorimer case Senator Beveridge presented a corrupt practices bill, which, contrary to the usual order, was read in full to the senate before being referred to the committee on judiciary.

TURKEY FACES BALKAN UNION. Greece and Other States Combine Against Turkey, Austria Hears.

By United Press. Vienna, Jan. 19.—An anti-Turkish coalition of Balkan powers, which bids fair to throw that "trouble spot" into eruption again, is now nearing completion, according to information that reached the foreign office.

Greece Joins Pact. Servia, Montenegro, Bulgaria, Roumania and Greece are declared to be in league to curb Turkish aggressions in the Balkans. The Servian government has guaranteed a subsidy of \$3,000 to support a guerrilla harassment along the Turkish frontier. Servian bands acting in conjunction with the Montenegrans.

The new conservative party that has taken office in Roumania is known to be violently anti-Turkish.

Bulgaria Is Hostile. Bulgaria is soliciting Greece to conclude an anti-Turkish compact. That Greece will likely agree to the scheme is shown by the fact that she has commissioned a German expert to prepare plans for the fortification of the Thracian frontier.

It is the belief here that the moment Turkey shows open hostility to any of these menacing moves, the smaller frontier powers will act in concert in open warfare against her.

WEATHER INDICATIONS

Probably cloudy on Thursday, Friday fair; colder Thursday night. Moderate northwest winds.

ALDRICH'S SUCCESSOR CHOSEN. By United Press. Providence, R. I., Jan. 19.—Henry F. Lippitt, third senator, was elected to the United States senate to succeed Aldrich by seventy-two votes, or just one more than the seventy-one necessary to a choice. His extra vote came from Edwin N. Kiser, a Democrat. Judge Colt voted 13 and Judge Brown 20.



CONDENSED NEWS

DOMESTIC

WOODROW WILSON TAKES OATH
Trenton, N. J., Jan. 19.—Woodrow Wilson, former president of Princeton university, has been inaugurated governor of New Jersey.

LORENS KEE CIGARETTE CASE
Washington, Jan. 19.—Mrs. Frances B. Crowninshield, daughter of Senator Dupont of Delaware, has asked the police to find a gold cigarette case valued at \$250, which was attached to a small chain, together with five other gold boxes of a "vanity" set, fastened to a bracelet.

BRIBERY TRIALS FOR JAN. 30
Springfield, Ill., Jan. 19.—The cases against Senator Stanton C. Pemberton and former Representative Joseph Clark, indicted on a charge of conspiracy to secure a bribe, will be called for trial in the Southern Circuit Court Jan. 30. The date for the trial was fixed by Judge Owen P. Thompson.

EARTH CAVES; KILLS SEVEN
El Paso, Texas, Jan. 19.—Cave-ins caused the deaths of eleven persons near Silver City, N. M. On the ranch of Francisco Caballero the adobe house was buried and the husband, wife and four children perished. Another similar accident to a Santa Fe construction force killed Charles G. Ross.

WORKERS AND CHILDREN SUFFER
Dexter, Mo., Jan. 19.—The Dexter Savings bank was closed by order of the state bank examiner. The bank recently lost many of its depositors through a run. It was incorporated in 1867. Its assets are valued at \$429,465. The deposits are nearly \$400,000, mainly the property of mill operatives and miners.

WIRELESS THROUGH WALL
New York, Jan. 19.—A new wireless apparatus designed for use in airplanes was given a successful test here. The instruments were set up in the headquarters of the United States Aeronautical Preserve and in an office at 69 Fifth avenue, five doors away. A number of messages were transmitted back and forth through the fire wall separating the keys. The apparatus is the invention of Harry M. Horton.

CALL TRUCE; EDDY WILL FILED
Concord, N. H., Jan. 19.—The fight for the millions left by Mrs. Mary Baker C. Eddy will not be started before April. This much was made known following the armed neutrality between the legal forces of the Christian Science Church and the heirs-at-law of Mrs. Mary Baker C. Eddy, pending the probating of the will of the late leader of the science faith, which passed without opposition. The will has been filed.

HUMMEL UP FOR PERJURY
San Francisco, Cal., Jan. 19.—"Abe" Hummel, once notorious as a divorce lawyer in New York, will soon be investigated by the federal grand jury in this district on a charge of perjury. On June 10 of last year he arrived at this port from a two years' tour of the world. When his baggage was examined he swore that he was a British subject and on this account was given certain privileges granted a foreigner landing in this country.

ART MUSEUM FOR MINNEAPOLIS
Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 19.—An art museum for Minneapolis, modeled closely after that of the Art Institute in Chicago, was assured, when it was found that the necessary contributions have all but reached the \$500,000 mark. This sum is needed for the proposed structure under the terms of Clinton Morrison's gift to the city of a beautiful site for the museum on the Morrison estate.

FOREIGN

MOORS KILL FRENCH OFFICERS
Casa Blanca, Morocco, Jan. 19.—Eleven French officers and men have been killed or wounded by Moors outside Casa Blanca.

REDMOND AGAIN HEADS IRISH
Dublin, Jan. 19.—At a private meeting the Irish Parliamentary party re-elected John E. Redmond chairman. The other officers also were re-elected.

SUICIDE IS EPIDEMIC IN RUSSIA
St. Petersburg, Jan. 19.—Suicide is astoundingly prevalent in Russia. Even among young people, and particularly among students, the epidemic is throughout the country. The official figures for St. Petersburg were nine suicides Dec. 21, twelve Dec. 26, nineteen Dec. 27 and eight Dec. 29. In one week in this city alone there were sixty-two suicides, or a daily average of nine.

ROYALTY AIDS QUAKE FUND
St. Petersburg, Jan. 19.—The emperor has contributed \$25,000 and the empress \$5,000 to a national fund for the relief of the sufferers from the earthquakes in Turkestan.

VAN DYCK PICTURE BURNED
St. Petersburg, Jan. 19.—The residence of M. Ryschkoff, a millionaire, was burned. The building contained a valuable art collection, including Van Dyck's painting of "Samson and Delilah," which was destroyed.

STEINHEIL GIRL TAKES VEIL
Paris, Jan. 19.—Marthe Steinheil, daughter of the Mme. Steinheil who was tried and acquitted of the murder of her husband some months ago, has taken the vows of a nun.

VATICAN DENIES POPE IS ILL
Rome, Jan. 19.—A current report that the pope had experienced a serious attack of gout, was denied at the Vatican, where it was said the health of the pontiff was excellent. During the day the pope gave the usual audiences.

MINING OFFICERS ARE OUSTED
Madrid, Jan. 19.—As a result of the investigation going on in connection with the catastrophes which have occurred at the mines at the Rio Tinto company, all the executive officers of the company have been suspended from their posts.

3 BATTLES FOUGHT IN MEXICO
El Paso, Jan. 19.—Fighting has been resumed in Northern Mexico between the rebels and the federals and reports of three fights have come through from different regions, one of them over in Coahuila, which has been comparatively quiet since the first few days of the trouble in the middle of October.

NEW HAITI REVOLT FEARED
Kingston, Jamaica, Jan. 19.—Leading Haitian exiles here profess to have information that plans have almost been completed for a revolution against the Cazeau government. The exiles are displaying unusual activity. General An-

tonne Simon was elected president of Haiti Dec. 17, 1908. He had led a successful revolutionary movement against President Nord Alexis two weeks earlier. The deposed president and his chief supporters fled to Kingston, Jamaica.

POLITICAL

KANSAS BILL FOR DIRECT VOTE
Topeka, Kan., Jan. 19.—A bill providing for the nomination of United States senators by direct vote of the people was introduced in the senate today. It provides for the adoption of the Oregon primary plan.

ASKS FOR DIRECT SENATE VOTE
Boise, Idaho, Jan. 19.—The Idaho house, with but one dissenting vote, adopted the Senate memorial asking for the election of United States Senators by direct vote of the people. There was some hesitancy about putting the bill through a Republican legislature, as it originated on the Democratic side, but the Republican leaders decided to interpose no objections that would cause delay, in view of the efforts of Senator Borah in congress.

Howatt disclaims ever having spread any such statement abroad, denying that he had ever approved of such a move. It is also news to the officials and delegates from Illinois.

But it appears in the Ohio State Journal and the other papers as a fact, and the delegates read the capitalist papers here and believe them, and throw up their arms in opposition to Howatt and the Illinois delegation because of the heavy expense it would be on the organization, but which no one had ever intended inflicting upon the miners.

In a similar way the papers have Francis Feehan of the Pittsburg district, defeated in the recent election, whereas, in fact, he was elected. All of which indicates in a slight manner how the wheels move within wheels, and the result is not yet.

Feehan and Lewis Clash
Feehan has had his first tilt with Lewis and the convention has just started. It came rather unexpectedly.

President Lewis, as chairman, questioned it the first time that Feehan asked for the floor. He wanted to know if Feehan had been seated as a delegate by the credentials committee as a delegate.

Feehan claimed that he had been seated. President Lewis claimed he had not, and a reference to the records showed that Lewis was right. This is the reason thereof:

According to the constitutional amendment passed last year an official of the organization can only be a delegate from the union of which he is a member.

The credentials committee decided that it did not know to what union the various officials belonged, and when the credentials came in they were put aside. Consequently many officials found their names missing from among those read off as regularly elected delegates.

There was no use protesting. Lewis claimed that as the ruling. The officials will have to prove that they are members of the unions that sent them to Columbus or they will not be seated.

Technically Seen
Many of the officials claim that the ruling ought to have been made the officials should have been seated unless there was a protest against them. This is the manner in which all those not officials, but working in and around the mines, are seated.

It was claimed that many delegates were seated without the credentials committee really knowing whether they were members of the organization. But these are only incidents in the annual convention of the text to the greatest labor union in the world.

Out of the conflict of persons, principles and politics the organization promises to get some real work done that will be lasting in its good effect on the labor movement of the United States and Canada.

MARKETS

CASH GRAIN TRANSACTIONS
Chicago, Jan. 18.—Winter wheat by sample: No. 2 red, 99 1/4 @ \$1.00 1/4; No. 2 red, 97 1/4 @ 98 1/4; No. 2 hard, 99 1/4 @ \$1.02; No. 3 hard, 97 1/4 @ \$1.01. Spring wheat by sample: No. 1 northern, \$1.06 @ \$1.10; No. 2 northern, \$1.07 @ \$1.08; No. 3 spring, \$1.05 @ \$1.08. Corn by sample: No. 2, 46 1/4 @ 47; No. 2 white, 46 1/4 @ 47; No. 2 yellow, 47 @ 47 1/4; No. 3 white, 45 1/4 @ 46 1/4. Oats by sample: No. 2, 32 @ 33 1/4; No. 2 white, 32 1/2 @ 33 1/2; No. 3 white, 31 1/2 @ 32 1/2; standard, 32 @ 33 1/4.

PRODUCE
Butter—Extra creameries, 25c; dairies, extra, 23c; firsts, 19c. Prices to groceryman and small dealers 2 1/2c over quoted prices. Eggs—Extras, 31c; prime firsts, 28c. Live Poultry—Old roosters, 10c; fowls, 12c; broilers, 12c; ducks, 14c; young chicks, 14c; geese, thin to good weights, 12c; young geese, 12c; turkeys, 17c; spring chickens, 17c.

LIVE STOCK MARKET
Most of the fresh supply of cattle had to accept a 10c decline. Buyers waited until late in the morning to ascertain what material they would have to work on, general expectancy being for around 20,000 head. The run carried a lot of strong-weight steers from Illinois feed lots that were worth

OUR FILIPINO SISTERS MAKE CLOTH OF PINEAPPLE AND WEAVE NICE "PEEK-A-BOO" HOUSES



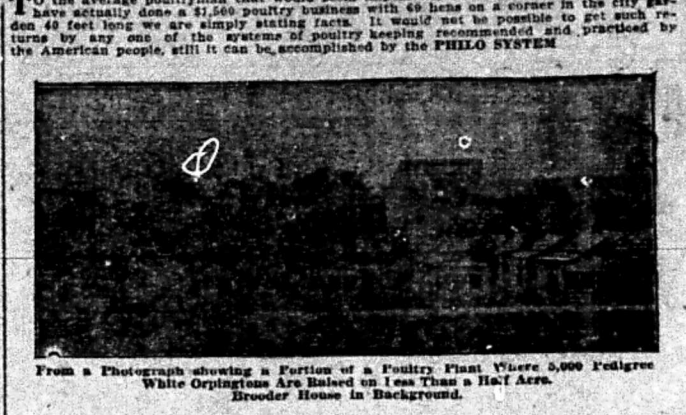
IN THE PHILIPPINES "MOTHER DOES THE WORK." THE PICTURE SHOWS A FILIPINO WOMAN WEAVING PINA CLOTH ON A LOOM IN THE STREET BEFORE HER WOVEN BAMBOO HOME.

(THE DAILY SOCIALIST TOUR OF THE WORLD.)
Manila, P. I.
Our brown brethren of the Philippines have a cloth that is peculiar to these islands, just as the tapa cloth is peculiar to the islands of the South Seas. This native cloth is called pina cloth, which is literally "pineapple" cloth, since "vina" means pineapple in Spanish. The above picture will give you an idea of how they make this cloth in Molo. Here is shown the primitive island

loom with its warp of pina fiber through which the little brown pina cloth weaver patiently throws her shuttle. The pina cloth of the best quality is very soft and delicate and it can only be made in comparatively small pieces since it is woven of threads that are single, unspun fibers. Fine pina cloth is yellowish in color and transparent in texture, a much more delicate and beautiful fabric than the finest lawn. It is used largely for making delicate-embroidered ladies' handkerchiefs. The coarser grades of pina cloth are made in pieces of considerable size, by

joining fibers end to end. In these grades the cloth is used principally for making ladies' garments. The Filipinos not only weave pina cloth, but they weave houses, too, as you may see by looking at the wall of the building shown in the illustration, which is a good sample of the island "peek-a-boo" outer wall. This open work house is woven like a basket of bamboo, and it is a good deal stronger and more durable than it looks. So much for the Philippines. Next we shall sail from Manila to Singapore, and thence in a Dutch trading steamer to Batavia, the metropolis of Java.

A Living from Poultry



From a Photograph showing a Portion of a Poultry Plant Where 9,000 Pedigree White Orpingtons Are Raised on Less Than a Half Acre. Brooder House in Background.

The Philo System is Unlike All Other Ways and in many respects just the reverse, accomplishing things in poultry work that have always been considered impossible, and getting unexpected results that are hard to believe without seeing. The New System Covers All Branches of the Work Necessary for Success. No lamp required. No danger of chilling, over-heating or burning up any kind of fire. They also keep all the lice of the chickens automatically or kill any that may be on them when placed in the brooder. Our book gives full plans and the right to make and use them. One can easily be made in an hour at a cost of 25 to 30 cents. TESTIMONIALS. South Britain, Conn., April 19, 1909. MR. E. R. PHILLO, Elmira, N. Y. Dear Sir:—I have followed your system as close as I could; the result is a complete success. If there can be any improvement in nature, your brooder is it. The first experience I had with your System was last December. I hatched 17 chicks under two hens, put them as soon as hatched in one of your brooders out of doors and at the age of three months I sold them at 25 cents a pound. They then averaged 1 1/2 lbs. each and the man I sold them to said they were the best he ever saw, and he wants all I can spare this season. Yours truly, A. E. NELSON. Elmira, N. Y., October 21, 1909. MR. E. R. PHILLO, Elmira, N. Y. Dear Sir:—No doubt you will be interested to learn of our success in keeping poultry by the Philo System. Our first year's work is now nearly completed. It has given us a income of over \$100.00 from six pedigree hens and one cockerel. Had we understood the work as well as we now do after a year's experience we would have easily made \$1000.00 from the six hens. In addition to the profits from the sale of pedigree chicks we have cleared over \$50.00, running our Hatchery plant consisting of 60 Cyclic Hatchers. We are pleased with the results, and expect to do better the coming year. With best wishes we are, Yours truly, (Mrs.) C. P. GOODRICH. Special Offer. Send \$1.00 for one year's subscription to the Poultry Review, a monthly magazine devoted to progressive methods of poultry keeping, and we will include, without charge, a copy of the latest revised edition of the Philo System Book. E. R. PHILLO, 2113 Lake St., Elmira, N.Y.

REASON SOCIALISM AND THE HOME
"THE TORCH OF REASON" OR "HUMANITY'S GOD"
By FREDERICK FORREST BERRY
A 100,000 word story, written in fire and blood, poverty and pain, sweat and tears, out of the very heart and soul of one who has suffered every wrong that is the heritage of those that toil under Capitalism's riot rule. IT IS AN INDIGNITY! IT IS A CHALLENGE! IT IS AN INSPIRATION! IT WILL AROUSE THE SLAVES! IT WILL MAKE A SOCIALIST OF EVERY ONE WHO READS IT WHO IS NOT HOPELESSLY IGNORANT AND BRUTALIZED. The publication of this great book will begin serially with the January number, in the NATIONAL RIP-SAW, a monthly Socialist Magazine, price 50c a year. SPECIAL The regular price of the RIP-SAW is 50 CENTS PER YEAR IN SINGLE SUBSCRIPTIONS, but if you send in a club of Four Subscriptions at One Time each one will get a full year's subscription for ONLY 25 CENTS, and also get every line of THIS GREAT BOOK FREE. If you are unable to get four subscribers at this time, send us \$1.00 and we will enter you for a full year's subscription and send you three subscription cards, each good for a year's subscription, which cards you can sell at your convenience (back numbers and sample copies furnished free.) Address DEPT. 100 St. Louis, Mo. The National Rip-Saw

and most of them looked 10c lower than Monday. Rubbish, on the other hand, was close to steady, any cattle selling around or under 6c that killers could get possession of being in urgent demand. The butcher market was about steady, with not much of decent quality under the 4c line, and the bulk between that price and \$4.75, with a sprinkling of cows at \$5.50. Heifers sold largely at \$4.75-\$5.25. The bull market was fairly active and mostly on a \$4.50-\$5.50 basis. Calves sold about the same as on Tuesday, with a top at \$9.75. On an expectancy of \$0.000 hogs, speculators and small local packers made a market that was 5c higher. This developed an \$8.05 business on the bulk, with an \$8.10 top, the common price being \$8 for good butchers, with a sprinkling of mixed at \$7.95 and heavy stuff at \$7.90. The big packers were not in this business, pursuing yesterday's tactics and remaining out until late in the hope of getting a few cheap hogs. The half week run at the principal Western market is lighter than a year ago, which is not calculated to help the bear campaign. Live mutton trade was steady, but not particularly active, especially on lambs. The best lambs up to a late hour made \$8.50 and the bulk sold at \$5.50-\$6.40, the spread being wide owing to the unpopularity of heavy lambs. Sheep trade showed a little strength, the spread on ewes and wethers being \$4-\$4.75. Light weights getting the preference. There was a fairly liberal run at Missouri River markets, but Eastern points were lightly supplied.

Don't Forget the Number! TWENTIETH ANNUAL Masque Carnival GIVEN BY THE Metal Polishers' Union LOCAL NO. 6 AT COLISEUM ANNEX Wabash Ave. and Fifteenth St. SATURDAY EVENING, JAN. 21, 1911 TICKETS: 25 CENTS A PERSON Don't Miss It. The Greatest Ever Music by Kleinschmidt 40 Grand Prizes Awarded

Visit Our Mammoth New Shoe Department We carry a full line of Men's & Women's Union Made Shoes COR. MILWAUKEE & ASHLAND AVS

CLASSIFIED HELP WANTED GOLDEN HEALING SALVE is the latest wonder: It heals Cuts, Sores, Chapped Hands and Feet, tender from shaving, in one-fourth the usual time. Everybody wants it. Hustlers wanted to sell it. Full package sent postpaid for 15 cents. Address The Steyer Remedy Co., Grand Rapids, Mich. Agents MEN AND WOMEN AGENTS—YOU CAN make money selling a good family medicinal. Large profits. See the book "A Practical Plan for Success." Call or write Dr. J. M. Greer, 42 Dearborn St., Chicago. LOST AND FOUND FOUND—SCOTCH COLLIE DOG. Call 2466 S. Avera Ave. MONUMENTS C. F. JURGENSEN, 2121 N. 44th Avenue. Transfer on Irving Park Boulevard, West. BUSINESS PERSONAL LAUNDRY AND DRY CLEANING—REASONABLE prices and best service. Evanston Dry-Cleaning, 1807 Elmwood av. Phone Edgewater 1474.



# LABOR THE WORLD OVER

Thank God we have a system of labor where there can be a strike Abraham Lincoln

In the world's broad field of battle Be a hero in the struggle! —Langfellow

## GILLETT BILL STIRS PROTEST

## Mail Clerks Object to Plan Fostered by the Officials.

Special Correspondence. Washington, D. C., Jan. 18.—Members of congress are finding that the proposed Gillett bill, which provides for the assessment of mail clerks for the establishment of a pension fund, is unpopular in the postal service. Led by the railway mail clerks, protests are coming thick and fast against the bill.

**Fight is Certain**  
There is no doubt that when the measure comes up for passage a spirited fight on it will develop. The tactics followed in the department in making a political pet postmaster general are sharply criticized by one of the railway mail clerks who has protested.

He writes: "The Gillett bill, which is favored by department officials, would withhold from the salary of every postal clerk an average of more than ten per cent, this amount to be placed at interest by the government to form the basis of an annuity to be paid him at the age of retirement, which in the railway mail service is sixty years and in the other departments at 65.

**Meets Disfavor**  
"We of the railway mail service are not in favor of any such retirement measure and strenuously object to the withholding of any part of our wages for that purpose, feeling sure we can handle our own funds to much better advantage than will ever accrue from the small rate of interest usually paid on government investments.

"We believe the whole department should be taken out of politics. Let its head be a man who has succeeded in large business enterprises and pay him any salary sufficient to secure his services, and let him hold his position as long as he makes good; then, and not till then, will this wonderful department of the government produce the best results."

## FIRM WHICH LOCKED OUT SHOE WORKERS ADVERTISES

Failing in its attempts to secure scabs through the regular channels of the big daily newspapers, the J. P. Smith Shoe Company is trying to fill the places of the men they locked out a short time ago through advertisements in the daily Italian press.

Meanwhile the shoe workers themselves are preparing for what seems will become a stiff fight. A hall at which the men may report for duty has been rented at 418 North Clark street.

In an advertisement in l'Italia, the J. P. Smith concern is trying to induce the readers of the paper who are shoe workers to take position with them through apparent misrepresentation of the facts leading to the controversy between the firm and its locked-out men.

Officials of the United Shoe Workers of America, the organization to which the men belong, today sent out a statement to the papers carrying the advertisements, purporting to set them right in the matter.

## EMPLOYERS' LIABILITY BILL IS INTRODUCED

Springfield, Ill., Jan. 18.—Two labor bills came from Representative James F. Morris. One, an employers' liability act, provides that contributory negligence shall be no bar to the collection of damages, and that where an employe admits his knowledge of danger or signs a contract waiving accident or death claims it shall not be a defense for the employer before the jury.

The second bill provides that no railroad shall run a switch engine without a full crew of five. No member of the crew is to perform the work of another.

## LABOR Deter Power Writes ON SURE IN WISCONSIN

It is a safe guess that the Wisconsin legislature this year will lead all other states in progressive labor legislation. A peculiar situation exists in Wisconsin.

In the campaign last fall Senator La Follette captured the Republican organization, and in constructing his platform lifted twelve planks bodily from the Socialist state platform, without as much as making a change in the dotting of an "i" or the crossing of a "t."

La Follette, who is being denounced by the standpatters as a Socialist in disguise, controls the legislature absolutely.

Then there are thirteen real Socialists, more than ever before, and these say they are there to see that La Follette's followers "make good."

Likewise there are a number of pretty strong radical Democrats in both houses, and so it looks as though some progressive legislation will come through almost unanimously.

One of the big principles that are certain of recognition is the Jones rule measure, likewise the initiative, the referendum and the recall, also employers' liability and workmen's insurance in industrial accidents, eight hours on all government work and trade union rates of wages.

It is probable that Wisconsin will build state elevators and go into other lines of business to protect the struggle of the trusts as the threats of the people, who seem to be almost a unit in their opposition to monopolized capitalism. So La Follette doesn't care to turn back, and probably doesn't want to. And so, too, labor won't want anything out of it.

## Trades Unions

Foster education and uproot ignorance. Shorten hours and lengthen life. Raise wages and lower usury. Develop manhood and balk tyranny. Enlarge society and eliminate classes. Establish fraternity and discourage selfishness. Reduce prejudice and induce liberality. Create rights and abolish wrongs. Lighten toil and brighten men. Cheer the home and fireside. Make the world better for those living today.

All wage workers should be union men. Their progress is limited only by those who hold aloof. Get together. AGGRIEVE, EDUCATE, ORGANIZE! Don't wait until tomorrow. Tomorrow never comes. Don't wait for someone else to start. Begin yourself. Don't harken to the indifferent. Wake up. Don't think it impossible. Three million organized workers in the American Federation of Labor prove different. Don't weaken. Persistence wins results.

## JAPS PLAN TO SHIELD YOUNG

## Evolution of Industry Compels Attention to Child Labor Evil.

The Japanese diet is discussing a factory law and the Japanese cotton spinners are opposing it just as the manufacturers of England and America have formerly opposed all laws to protect the health and safety of the workers.

**Many Restrictions**  
The Japanese law will cover all factories where more than ten persons are employed.

It will restrict the employment of all children under fourteen years of age, of many persons of both sexes between fourteen and eighteen years of age, and of females.

Factories in which children are already employed between ten and twelve years of age may continue to do so, but when new children are employed easy tasks must be selected for them and their hours of labor reduced.

**To Shorten Hours**  
Young persons and women are not to work longer than twelve hours on grounds of health.

Night work is not to be abolished at once, because of the loss the world will fall upon factory owners, but it is to be absolutely prohibited after fifteen years from the promulgation of the law.—Northwestern Christian Advocate.

## AUSTRALIAN LABORERS IN PARLIAMENTARY FIGHT

Melbourne, Australia, Jan. 18.—Extraordinary scenes have marked the progress of a redistribution of seats bill introduced in the state parliament of West Australia.

The measure incurred the hostility of the Labor members and for twenty-nine hours they kept the house sitting, delivering speech after speech and argument after argument, until from sheer exhaustion they were obliged to give up.

During the progress of the sitting six members of the labor party were ejected from the house.

Finally the labor members withdrew in a body and, progress having been made with the redistribution bill, the assembly adjourned.

The bill, it is threatened, will be enacted into law in spite of the opposition of the labor members.

## HOLY WAR BREAKS OUT IN PROVINCE OF TURKEY

By United Press. Constantinople, Jan. 19.—A holy war, proclaimed by the rebel chieftain, Isan Yahya, is now raging in the Yemen vilayet, according to dispatches received by the government. Isan is said to be at the head of 40,000 tribesmen, who are advancing on Tansa, the capital of the vilayet.

Eighteen battalions of soldiers have been dispatched to the scene to intercept the tribesmen.

The demonstration is said to be chiefly against the Turks, but there is grave fear that the fanaticism of the tribesmen will cause them to attack foreigners as well.

## "WORLD" DEMANDS TARIFF REVISION BY DEMOCRATS

By United Press. New York, Jan. 18.—That an extra session of congress to revise the tariff so that duties may be taken off food-stuffs is demanded by the American people is the assertion of the World today. It sent letters broadcast to people of all political faiths asking whether they favor the calling of an extra session for this purpose, and the vast majority of the answers are in the affirmative. The present tariff board, according to the World, will not be ready to report for months. The World is Democratic.

## HELPS HINDU LABOR IMPORTERS BY DECEIT

Spokane, Wash., Jan. 18.—The Spokane city ordinance prohibiting the employment of alien laborers on city work was declared invalid by Judge Hinkley in the Superior court.

He held the law violated the fourteenth amendment to the federal constitution, treaties with foreign countries, and the constitution of Washington.

**BISHOP VINTON DIES**  
Springfield, Mass., Jan. 18.—Right Rev. Alexander H. Vinton, bishop of the western Massachusetts diocese of the Episcopal church since 1902, died here early today of pneumonia.

## HONOLULUANS IN RACE SQUABBLE

## Filipino Native Not Wanted, Because of Alleged Diseases.

Special Correspondence. Honolulu, H. I., Jan. 19.—Because of the continued importations of Filipinos work has been begun upon a law which will be urged in the legislature in February to provide territorial quarantine regulations, as far as the legislature here has power, which will prevent all assisted immigration of diseased persons or helpless paupers.

## Men Are Diseased

For a long time there have been complaints about the kind of Filipinos being sent here, and among medical men some startling statements have been made as to the spread of certain diseases in the community by the "brown brothers."

It is claimed that the legislature has power to amend its immigration law by adding provisions making it unlawful to import persons who cannot pass health examinations on their arrival, and providing a stated penalty for each person brought here in violation of the law.

**Propose \$100 Fine**  
A fine of \$100 for each person, citizen or alien, brought here under contract to labor, or agreement for employment is proposed.

According to rumor there have been some severe reports made by army physicians concerning the health conditions with reference to certain diseases on Oahu. The diseases are those prevalent among Filipinos.

## MANY IDLE IN DULUTH: ALL WILLING TO WORK

Special Correspondence. Duluth, Minn., Jan. 18.—According to reports of the state employment agency in this city there are at the present time more men in the city than at any other time since the legend line in 1907.

Due to the floating population in Duluth, there are always several thousand idle men, but at this time there are hundreds more than usual. Each day the employment bureaus are overcrowded. Contrary to the situation at some times of the year, the men at this time are ready and anxious to work.

**Join in The Hustling Is Fun.**  
Two new ones allow themselves to be placed on the list at the request of Comrade O. M. Porter, Indiana.

A bunch of four picked up by Comrade Albert Tyson, Indiana, are slapped on the list without any remarks.

Sherman anti-trust law, declaring that it is like other laws enacted for the protection of the people, being in reality used to deprive the wage earners of their rights to organize.

He indorsed the proposed employers' liability law, urged that a charter be granted the Western Federation of Miners in the American Federation of Labor, and that it be amalgamated with the United Mine Workers of America.

Much of the address dealt with complications resulting from factional district fights, but despite internal strife, President Lewis pointed out cause for congratulation in the fact that there are now 350,000 mine workers employed under joint agreements.

**Won't Hold Conference**  
The firm refuses to hold conferences with the strikers with a view to restoring the old wage scale. This is done to force the men to come back at the reduced wage.

Heretofore unorganized, the pressure of the wage cut drove the employes together and they formed an organization.

The firm declares that it will not recognize the organization and will get all the men it needs to fill their places.

**PRESIDENT LEWIS MAKES REPORT TO MINERS' MEET**  
By United Press. Columbus, O., Jan. 18.—The annual report of President Lewis of the United Mine Workers, read before the National convention today, contained a denunciation of strikes as a means of organizing non-union mining districts and a plea for a continuation of the joint movement policy.

In the report he also denounced the

Central Dispatch

CIGARS—All brands, first quality, delivered—ALWAYS AT OUR PLACE BY THE DOZ.—100 STATE STREET

Co-Operation and Socialism the Hope of the World

This magnificent evening 1111 inches should have a place in every Socialist Local and in every workingman's home. Just call to insert your name on a family list. If you wish, it will bring sunshine into your home. The price is 10c. Address: W. F. Anderson, 223 West street, Manhattan, Minn.

# HUSTLERS COLUMN

CONDUCTED BY W. M. CHERNEY

## The Bundle Club

While different hustlers use different means to interest new readers in this paper, there is one method that is used more generally than any other.

The method is to distribute copies of the Daily Socialist. At first this may not seem such an effective plan, but it has been used with success by many in the past.

A new subscriber, sending in his first trial subscription, calls attention to the fact that he accidentally ran across a copy of the Daily Socialist and wants it every day; another says that a friend of his handed him a copy of the paper and he likes it. And some of the hustlers write in and say that they distributed copies of the Daily and then followed it up with a personal canvass. The result—NEW SUBSCRIPTIONS!

All this proves that it is a good way. Some comrades order a bundle occasionally, some order a bundle once a week and others order a bundle every day.

**GET THE BUNDLE IDEA!**  
If you cannot take a small bundle every day, then get a bundle for a certain day each week. At least take a bundle once in a while, distribute them in your neighborhood, and you will find that when you go around to get subscriptions, it will be a good deal easier.

To agitate for Socialism, and boost the Chicago Daily Socialist. That is the object of the Bundle Club. Join it.

You are out for big game, so use your big guns and fire a broadside every time!

We will put you on the bundle list—send you a small bundle every day or every week, or any way you wish at the low rate of fifty cents a hundred.

Fill out the blank below—send in your name and open fire.

**BUNDLE ORDER BLANK**  
Chicago Daily Socialist,  
180 Washington St., Chicago:  
Find enclosed \$..... for which  
put my name on the Bundle Club List and send me  
..... copies each..... (day or week)  
for..... months.

Name.....  
Address.....  
City..... State.....

Bundle Rates: 50c per hundred.

If you want a bundle each week, state for what day.

"It has been some time since I sent you any subs, owing to the holiday slump, but here are four wage slaves who have just recently recovered from their 'over-indulgence' of the good things of life at the expense of the year. Please enter them on the list as, be prepared for more in the near future."—S. T. Hefterline, Indiana.

"Renew my sub for four months. I cannot get along without you. Come soon. I hope to find more wage slaves who will like to hear your message of freedom."—Alfred Lebborn, Pennsylvania.

Ten, all in a heap, come from Comrade Robert Higgins, Iowa. How's that for a small town? And, besides, he says that there are more coming.

Comrade Edw. A. Senn, Minnesota, slides in with two.

Two new ones allow themselves to be placed on the list at the request of Comrade O. M. Porter, Indiana.

A bunch of four picked up by Comrade Albert Tyson, Indiana, are slapped on the list without any remarks.

The best way to tear holes into the system is by smashing it with terrific blows with new subs for the daily.

**THE LIST OF ONES.**  
Wm. W. Brownfield, Arkansas  
H. H. Brownfield, Arkansas  
L. Peoples, Kansas  
M. Brumwell, North Dakota  
Alfred Long, Montana  
John W. Reeves, Nevada  
Cornelius Simon, Tennessee  
Green H. Simpson, Colorado  
Albert H. Peterson, Illinois  
W. H. Clark, Oklahoma  
Dr. E. Morrison, Oklahoma  
C. H. Hoyt, North Dakota  
J. W. Smith, Arkansas  
J. H. Allison, Missouri  
Andy Oram, Utah  
Wm. Ireland, Connecticut  
M. L. Van Nocker, Michigan  
O. E. Loftus, North Dakota  
Steve Daxback, Pennsylvania  
Gustav Bauer, Pennsylvania  
P. H. Broadfield, Arizona  
Martin M. O'Neill, Colorado  
W. L. Macdonald, Ohio  
J. J. Frank, Oklahoma  
Worthy Hayes, Indiana  
J. M. Massey, Texas  
P. E. Tomlinson, Indiana.

## ASK FOR FEDERAL BODY TO REGULATE STEAMSHIPS

By United Press. New York, Jan. 19.—That the German government, in order to give German steamship lines a monopoly in trans-Atlantic freight and passenger traffic, is unfairly discriminating against all countries which are not controlled by German capital is the charge made today by Edward O. Thomas, manager of the Uranium Steamship company.

Thomas has started an agitation for the creation of a commission by the federal government, modeled along the lines of the interstate commerce commission, to have charge of passenger and freight rates on trans-Atlantic liners.

Named shoes are frequently made in Non-Union factories

Do Not Buy Any Shoe no matter what its name, unless it bears a plain and readable impression of this union stamp

All Shoes without the Union Stamp are always Nonunion Do not accept any excuse for absence of the Union Stamp

Boot and Shoe Workers' Union 248 Summer Street, BOSTON, MASS. JOHN F. TOBIN, President CHARLES L. BAINE, Sec'y-Treas.

For \$25,000 Fund to Make The Chicago Daily Socialist AN EIGHT-PAGE PAPER And Place It on a Sound Financial Basis

I hereby enclose the following contributions:

Name..... \$.....  
Address.....

Kindly send us names of any who might contribute and we will write them.

# BUSINESS DIRECTORY

Rates under this heading: Three lines daily for one year only \$3.00 per month. Each additional line \$1.00. Tell your merchant about the Daily Socialist Purchasers' League. Invite him to advertise.

## South Side

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**DIARIES for 1911**  
10c to \$2.00  
Horder's Stationery Stores  
92 La Salle, 39 Clark, 292-294 Dearborn Sts.

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H. G. ADAIR  
Commercial Printing and Stationery  
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Tel. Main 2223 Chicago

**PRINTING** The H.G. Adair Printing Co.  
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION 83-85 Sibley.

**WHERE TO EAT**  
**McFADDEN'S Restaurants**  
N. E. cor. Madison & La Salle sts. base.  
269 S. Clark st., near Van Buren.

**TURQUIN'S NOXAL LUNCH**  
Good Meals, 10c and up.  
5021 Cottage Grove Ave.

**BANKS**  
SAVINGS ACCOUNTS SOLICITED at 95%  
Building and Real Estate loans made, First  
Mortgages on improved Chicago property  
for sale. UNION BANK OF CHICAGO,  
115 Dearborn St.

**LOANS MADE ON IMPROVED CITY REAL**  
estate. Metropolitan Trust & Savings Bank,  
a. cor. La Salle and Washington sts.

**HATS**  
**JAMESON'S HATS** \$2.00 and \$3.00  
125 Van Buren St. \$1.50 and \$2.00

**CIGAR MANUFACTURERS**  
FOR CIGARS call on or write to B.  
BERLYN, 886 E. 63d Street, Chicago,  
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ENGRAVING  
BEST GRADE HALF TONES, ZINC ETCH-  
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**N. P. NELSON—816 N. 62d Avenue**  
COAL AND WOOD. Tel. Austin 5702

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**M. BOYSEN—355 North 48th Avenue**  
SHOES, HATS & GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

**J. KOLAB—216 South 40th Avenue**  
Dealer in Fine Union-Made Shoes

**F. E. SCHRAM**  
Shoes for Men, Women and Children  
402 W. Madison St. Cor. 40th Ave.

**MEN'S FURNISHINGS**  
**HENICK**  
Men's Furnishings, Hats, Shoes and Trunks,  
325 W. 17th St., E. E. Cor. 40th Av.

**A. MARKS, 1814 W. Madison St.—Union**  
Hats, Underwear, Overalls; full line gent's  
furnishings.

**CIGARS AND TOBACCO**  
SEGALL'S, 1648 W. MADISON ST.—Lad-  
made cigars, tobacco and cigarettes; sta-  
tionery, box, list books and magazines.

**SHOE REPAIRING**  
STRAUS' SHOE HOSPITAL, 1601 WEST  
Madison street. Goodyear Welt Machine  
used. All work guaranteed. Work done  
while you wait.

**ADVERTISE IN THE DAILY SOCIALIST.**

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**MOVING & COAL**  
Anderson Bros. Express & Storage Co.  
945 Belmont Ave., Next N. W. "L" Station.

**JEWELRY AND OPTICIAN**  
SACKS 2121 Lincoln Ave.—Guaranteed  
Watch, Chain or Waltham  
movement, 24-year gold-filled case, \$7.75.  
Conservative OPTICAL WORK and RE-  
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THE CHICAGO DAILY SOCIALIST'S  
LARGE CIRCULATION MAKES IT A  
PAYING ADVERTISING MEDIUM.

**MOVING AND COAL**  
**AXEL A. GUSTAFSON**  
Men's Furnishings, Hats, Shoes and Trunks,  
Two Doors East of "L" Station.

**SHOES AND SLIPPERS**  
For Warm Feet—Felt Shoes and Slippers  
1431 W. Madison St. A. EMMERMAN  
Near LaSalle

**VIOLIN INSTRUCTOR**  
ALPHONSE HENKE  
Violin, Solos and Instructor  
2346 Belmont Street

**DRUGGIST**  
Wm. T. KLENZ, PH. G. PURE DRUGS—  
Belmont Av., corner of Seminary Av.

**MEN'S FURNISHINGS**  
**THE BEST \$2.00 HATS in Town—My Shirts,**  
Neckwear and Underwear can't be beat.  
E. W. PETERSON, 2711 NORTH AVENUE,  
Near Fairmount Ave.

**MERCHANT TAILOR**  
A. SANDERSON  
Merchant Tailor, Union Label  
2849 Diversey Ave., near Sacramento Ave.

**MEATS AND GROCERIES**  
CAMELID BRUFF,  
Imported and Home-Made Groceries, 222  
North av., near Spaulding. Tel. Bel. 781.

## North Side

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THE CHICAGO DAILY SOCIALIST

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ADAMS COUNTY, Ohio, is today known as the most vote-bought county in the whole nation. Lawyers, judges, farmers, deacons, preachers, bishops, auctioneers and mule drivers are equally involved and guilty.

Now if Adams County, Ohio, were the only spot where the politicians buy votes it would not be so bad. We could simply take this little county into the back room, spank it and put it to bed.

But here is Danville, Illinois, the home of the venerable Uncle Joe, and here is our state legislature and the legislature of Wisconsin all joining the chorus.

In fact, it would be hard to find a single state or a single county in any state where callers and buyers of votes are not doing a hustling business.

And this is done so openly and people are so used to it that it never occurs to them that it is out of the ordinary.

You could not create much of a sensation by accusing Chicago of vote buying—or New York. As to Philadelphia and Denver—well, there it is only a joke.

Vote buying becomes a problem only when the competition between the buyers becomes too keen. If one side experiences a fall in the profits they howl; otherwise everything is quiet and lovely.

Adams County, Ohio, is to be congratulated on its sensitiveness to sin and wrong doing. It has enough conscience to make a racket about it. Maybe this is the MORAL WAVE that our metropolitan papers say is sweeping over the whole country.

Capitalism has done a fine piece of work so far. If it is allowed to continue much longer we will be selling our children even as we sell pigs and steers—and as we sell ourselves on the labor market today.

We must stop; for when we come right down to it we have already sold our children into slavery and hunger, want and degradation.

Don't mind this petty vote selling til you have stopped selling yourselves and your children.

You can stop this infernal business by getting wise on the question of Socialism and by acting accordingly.

Two Billions for War

A report has just been issued calling attention to the fact that during the last ten years \$2,192,036,580 have been spent for war or preparation for war.

And there hasn't been much fighting. Our little skirmish with Spain didn't amount to much. It killed a few hundred of our boys and gave Teddy Roosevelt a chance to shoot a Spaniard in the back.

But the waste is appalling—for it is only a waste. This sum could have duplicated all our universities, colleges and high schools; doubled our hospital facilities and provided for medical services free of cost to every family of the working class.

It could have dug five Panama canals and thrown in several sanitary ditches for the health of the larger cities.

It could have given a home at \$1,000 to 2,192,036 families and saved them from death in shacks and tenement houses.

"War! What for?" says Kirkpatrick. Yes, that is the question.

It has not benefited one working man. It has not fed one child. It has not clothed one woman. It has not schooled one boy or girl.

It has not fed a single human being. It has not given a home to a single wanderer. It has not contributed one moment of joy to the whole nation.

But it has brought poverty. It has brought tears. It has brought anguish and heartache. It has brought death and destruction.

Andrew Carnegie gave ten million dollars to promote peace. He also sold most of the armor plate for the battleships and other complements of war. He got over one hundred million dollars on that deal.

He could afford to give ten million to bluff the people. But the Socialists say this waste of life and energy shall be done away with. War and preparations for war are all unnecessary.

Put the people—all the people—in possession of the earth, the machinery of production, the means of life and war will drop into the sea of oblivion.

Lorimer Is Ignorant

If Lorimer knew anything he would not worry about the attempts now made to oust him from the United States senate.

Supposing Lorimer should begin to question the election of Aldrich or of Guggenheim, or of Borah, or of Smoot, or of Stephenson or any of the rest of them.

Were no special interests behind the election of any of those? Was it a pure and simple merit consideration in their election?

Money is not the worst kind of bribing. It is the least wicked. It is INFLUENCE and "pull," and threats and political trading, and promises of advancement and friendship, and banquets and flowers, and automobile joy rides and all kinds of big interests that constitute the most serious form of bribery.

The Springfield crowd became a little raw—that's all. Lorimer should tackle everyone of the senators and have the election of each of them investigated. This would soon stop the whole bother of ousting him.

"Let him, who is without sin, cast the first stone." Lorimer, you are ignorant—or else you are loyal. If you are loyal to the whole rotten system which you are floundering around in and want to save it from exposure, then you are worse than the rest of them.

Otherwise you are no better and no worse. The entire nest is filled with capitalist eggs of the ripe kind.

Why there should be a pick'ng out of one from the pile of this corporation hen fruit is a conundrum to many.

At any rate the whole business smells bad—even before the egg is thrown.

The Tariff is the finest little pill that the capitalists can hand the workers. It is sugar-coated, apparently harmless, surrounded by mystery and has all the elements in it of the most soothing opiates.

When all other remedies fail to attract and fool labor, the tariff is resorted to and works like a charm.

New York women have to borrow babies when they are to appear in the tableaux as "Mother and Child." Working people don't need to borrow. They have a brood all their own, even though they can't afford it. But, then, working people are ignorant—and honest.

Harrison IS so very innocent when it comes to gas. But he WAS not always thus. It was Harrison who fought against reduction of gas when he was mayor. The workers have forgotten that.

Aldrich has outlined an elaborate banking scheme. The penniless wage-slaves admire him and praise him as a great man for this piece of work.

THE MAN WHO SAW THINGS TWICE

(A CONTINUED STORY) BY RALPH KORNGOLD

(Continued From Yesterday.) Conrad was surprised when he opened his eyes and looked around to find himself in an entirely strange room.

A white, wintry light was pouring in through the lace curtained window, before which a strange figure was sitting. It took Conrad quite a while to make out what this figure was, and when he did make out his befuddlement increased—it was the figure of a monk.

For a long time he lay still trying to find a key to the situation; then, noticing the pictures and the crucifix upon the wall, he suddenly concluded that he must be in St. Luke's hospital, the largest of the three hospitals in the city. But when and why did they bring him here?

His mind was a blank. He had no recollection of anything except the general routine of office work which had gone before. He began to speculate on the causes which brought him to the hospital. Perhaps he had met with an accident? He felt of his limbs. They seemed sound. Perhaps he had had a sudden attack of appendicitis and had been operated upon?

That must be it. He was probably just awakening from under the influence of ether. Strange, though, that he should have no recollection at all of coming here. He must have fallen unconscious at his work and had been probably transported while in that condition. Then he noticed that his hands were unusually white and amputated. This pointed to a long sickness and also that the stupor he had just awakened from was probably not due to ether. He must have gone through a long period of semi-consciousness.

Having satisfied himself on this point he became more at ease, and, turning over into a more comfortable position, coughed slightly. Immediately the monk who sat by the window got up and came noiselessly toward the bed. His face expressed surprise and pleasure when he saw Conrad looking at him with eyes of intelligence.

"Good morning," he said. "How are you? You seem very much better."

"I feel quite well," said Conrad—his own voice sounded somewhat strange to him. "What has been the matter with me?"

"You have had a very serious brain fever. This is the first time you have known anybody for six weeks. Thank God, the crisis seems to be passed. The doctor held out hopes it might be."

"So I have been here for six weeks?"

"Yes, about that long."

"Where did I happen to get sick; in my office or at home? Tell me something about the circumstances. Strange that I cannot recollect anything."

"Oh, no," said the monk hastily. "I cannot tell you now. That would tire you too much. Just try to sleep and not think about anything. A bit of sleep will do you good now."

Conrad submitted like a child. There was something very magnetic about the monk which made it pleasant to obey his wish. He lay studying the monk's face, which was handsome, with straight, earnest features, but he could not sleep.

(To Be Continued.)

Mr. Skygack From Mars

HE VISITS EARTH AS SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT

SAW VARIED MASS OF REMNANTS IN BEWILDERING CONFUSION AT EDGE OF COMMUNITY—TOO INTRICATE AND CLOSE TOGETHER TO DESCRIBE—UNABLE TO DECIPHER LEGEND ON TAKE-NOTICE-BOARD STUCK IN MIDST OF HEAP—HOWEVER, JUDGING FROM EYE-EVIDENCE, 'TIS MORE THAN LIKELY THE SAD MEMENTO OF A FORMER EARTH-CIVILIZATION.



SLAMS, JABS, BOOSTS AND 'MOST ANYTHING

CUPID'S WILES.

Handsome young man— Proper training, Meets beautiful maid And it's raining; Dan Cupid near by— Has umbrella that's dry— The two now together are sailing.

HASTY WORD.

The pompous business man told the applicant for a clerkship. "We need brains in this business, sir." "I know it, I know it," the young fellow hastened to say. "Your business shows it."

Onward, onward marches the Gold King. He is above the courts, law, congress, people—at present.

Lame ducks sympathize deeply with Lorimer, which is natural and patriotic.

David said, "All men are liars." Therefore David was a liar. Whom shall we believe, anyhow?

A BIOGRAPHY.

"What shall we say about Senator Aldrich?" asked the biographer of the publisher. "Just say that he was faithful to his trust."

"Which trust?" queried the faithful scribe.

"GOD save the King" is what the orchestra struck up when Taft entered a Washington theater. And Bill blushed so that they didn't need the electric lighting hardly any.

"THEN IT HAPPENED"

(Our Daily Discontinued Story.)



"Be very careful and not do anything to soil your clothes, Claude," said Mrs. Clambersome to her son as a parting injunction when he left the house. Claude Clambersome always had to have a parting injunction when he went anywhere, because he was of an adventurous disposition and there was no telling whether he would come back for an injunction if he didn't take it with him.

On this day Claude saw a bird's nest under the eaves of the summer kitchen. So he climbed up on the soft soap barrel to reach it.

There's many a slip betwixt the soft soap barrel and the bird's nest, children. (THE END.)

THE STATE'S ATTORNEY VS. THE WHIPPED BOY

By Seymour Stedman

John E. W. Wayman, state's attorney of Cook County—that's all—before a church society, advocates whipping criminals and delinquent boys.

The only reason this gentleman is called upon to discuss such a subject is because he is state's attorney. If Jacob J. Kern had defeated him for election, the church club would have considered Wayman on the subject of criminology. It is wonderful how in the estimation of certain literary, civic and church clubs the accident of election creates experts and specialists.

Prosecuting indicted men and women may familiarize the eminent state's attorney with the number of burglars, pickpockets, robbers, embezzlers and jury bribers, who have been convicted or acquitted.

But such statistics mean nothing except the cost of operating this department of the state. A knowledge of statistics will not develop judgment or wisdom in dealing with delinquents any more than counting and classifying long and short corn stalks, those bearing three ears and those bearing none, develops a knowledge of farming and agriculture.

The average state's attorney is a prosecutor; he is not a criminologist and in no sense is he a student of this subject, his ignorance of which is a disgrace.

Contrast the environment and activity of the country boy with those of the city boy.

The former usually walks a long distance to school; he runs, wrestles, plays ball, skates, builds snow forts and fights with snow balls; he sneaks barrels and builds bonfires. He steals eggs and potatoes, takes them to the banks of a river or swimming hole, or to the dugout, boils or bakes them. But he most relishes robbing the orchard, of the crabbed farmer with the vicious dog, which makes the performance a wild adventure. Once in a while he is whipped, but no oftener than the city boy, and he is not classified as a delinquent.

The country boy is in the open air; he has his chores to do and his physical being is normally fatigued at the end of the day. With few exceptions he develops into the average hardy man, and despite his boyish adventures becomes a respectable citizen.

The country has its delinquents, but as a rule these are not the product of environment, but are born delinquents.

The city boy awakes in a flat, or small wooden tenement; his noise disturbs the neighbors upstairs and downstairs; and the nerves of the boy are then in turn disturbed—he "can't do nothin'." At school recess he stands about or runs a little in the packed playground. Out of school the street is his playground, narrow and disturbed by teams and autos. Even the sunlight is somewhat scarce and the air is filled with factory fumes, soft coal smoke and soot.

The city boy has few playgrounds, no "swimming hole"; there are no public natoriums (except a few in summer).

The water department is hard up. It is paying \$75,000 a year for \$1,000 worth of legal services, furnishes free water to stockyards firms and to pump church organs and sprinkle boulevards.

No public gymnasiums (except a few trapeze in the summer time), nothing for him but a nerve-racking existence.

Often at night (unknown to him, but familiar to every student) his slumber is disturbed by roaring street cars, elevated trains or buzzing autos.

The delinquent boy! If he were not sound at the core, he would be a nervous wreck, insane or an irredeemable delinquent.

Some whipping and lashing may be necessary, but every blow should be applied to the grown-up voter and those especially who have political power to provide decent, natural, necessary and adequate surroundings so the boy may live his BOY'S life with its dreams and activities.

Skating ponds, gymnasiums, natoriums, bathing beaches, and plenty of them, are what we need and must have. But land, real estate, is too high, too expensive, for all this. Then pay the price with defective children, but do not lash the natural product of your money-mad cupidity.

OPEN FORUM

THE SOCIALIST'S APPEAL

With a remedy at hand that promises to abolish poverty and produce a state of society in which mankind will live in harmony and thrive for the betterment of the human race, instead of individual interests, the question is often asked why the appeal of Socialists falls on deaf ears.

No matter how clear the demonstration and how necessary the change, the average man seems unaffected by the Socialists' arguments, in spite of the great general advance in the doctrines.

Yet there must be some universal appeal that will bring about immediate results in changing the attitude of the indifferent or the actual remedies of the movement.

It seems to be too generally insisted on that Socialism is a system that will bring about the more equitable distribution of the loaves and the fishes and the prevention of injustice.

There must be something higher than this. The freeing of men's souls from the apprehension of want, the cowardice of the dependent, the terrors of superstition and the necessity of hypocrisy and cunning in the struggle for existence, would in reality be the ultimate effect of a Socialist commonwealth.

Therefore, I believe the appeal to the people should be based on a spiritual rather than material grounds.

The argument that monarchies, oligarchies and even modern republics are making cowards, imbeciles, prostitutes, religious lunatics and criminals is more powerful to my mind than one based on the economic injustice by which the masses are exploited for the benefit of the few.

The average man resents the charge

that his soul is warped, that he is a coward and that he helps to create a wealthy class, which he must serve and from which he must take orders.

The resentment springs largely from the realization that the charge is true. The dependents of society who toll and spin for the class that controls the sources of wealth must have the mirror of nature held up for their contemplation.

Man was intended to have freedom of conscience, freedom of opinion and speech, freedom from the shackles of capitalism.

That he is compelled by his environment to pray to another human being for work, to undertake tasks at which his soul revolts, to accept a position in society in which he is despised and robbed—these are the wrongs that hurt.

The realization that modern society is destroying the divine part of human nature and suppressing those functions and faculties that alone give us the right to be classed above the lower animals is in reality what makes Socialists, male or female, what makes Socialists.

The man whose soul is unfettered and who refuses to accept happiness and luxury, knowing that thousands of his fellow beings are in want and misery, really lives.

He does not wish to impress his will on others or take the profits of their work—he has no desire to rob others of the freedom he himself enjoys. He is independent, fearless and unselfish.

For him death has no terrors and life is a continual battle for the right. He has no apologies to make for his creation. Those who close their eyes to the miseries of the world, whether of war, pestilence, famine or poverty, merely exist. They are born, eat, procreate and die like parasites.

Socialists must realize that the soul, although dependent on the body, is of more moment than material life.

R. A. WIDDONSON.

Say, Girls! Did You Ever Sillygise?

Here's the Raw Material for a Party

Here is a brand new puzzle for ingenious readers of the Daily Socialist to work out. It sounds "high-brow" but it's real fun.

You get up in the morning, and you unconsciously reason to yourself, "The ground is wet. Rain makes things wet. Therefore, it has rained."

That's the syllogism of the simplest type. A whole book may be nothing but one long syllogism. But it always consists of these three parts: A major premise, which states the general rule; a minor premise which classifies the particular thing under consideration; and a conclusion, drawn from the premises.

If you can get an opponent in an argument to admit your premises he will have to admit your conclusion. That's why you want to be mighty particular before you admit anything in an argument.

When you have reached one conclusion through your syllogism, you can use that conclusion as one of the premises of another syllogism, and so on. For instance:

1. All men are mortal. President Taft is a man. Therefore, Taft is mortal.

2. Taft has a soul. Souls are immortal. Therefore Taft is immortal.

3. Therefore, Taft is, therefore, both mortal and immortal. To be two opposite things is to be a paradox.

While Mr. Taft is a paradox to a good many people, it is doubtful, if this way of proving it would pass criticism. The error was in assuming that Taft and Taft's soul are one and the same thing.

Here's another: A rolling stone gathers no moss. The senior senator from Missouri is a Stone, but he is a standpatter, he does not roll.

Therefore, Senator Stone is a moss-back.

Is there an error in that argument? Sure, you're out!

Next time you give a party and want to start some fun, make up some of these syllogisms and cut pictures out of newspapers and magazines to represent one of the premises or the conclusion. Supply one of the missing premises, or the conclusion, and let your guests guess the rest of the argument.

Or start one syllogism, and award prizes to those who can string the argument out the longest with other syllogisms. Also, if there are any errors in the argument, award prizes to those who first find them.

PACKAGE FREIGHT

BY FRED SCHAEFER



"Squire Detainer fined Ike Felt-boots two bits for contempt o' court for spittin' in the court room stove. Not that Ike wuzn't within his rights in spittin' in th' stove, but he hadn't ought ter put th' fire out."

Several of those Ohio vote sellers announce that they got money from both sides. Clever work, but why be so all-fired swelled up on account of it?

Eastern surgeon took out a man's lung to prolong his life, but the average man would rather have his lung prolonged.

Oh, by the way, way is an abyss always "yawning!" Two new entries in the Bora Avis stakes: A woman whose shoes don't hurt her. A telephone girl who repeats the number in a way that you recognize it as the one you asked for.

ARE YOU WELL INFORMED? We know a few of these answers, not all. Do you!

What is an ascrotic? Where is the site of the Charter Oak? What is an alkahost? How high is "type high"? Translate "darnier resort."

THEY'RE LETTING THEM ALL OUT OF COLD STORAGE



THE FOOD TRUST HAVING FOUND THIS WINTER'S FOOD CORNER A FAILURE, HAVE DECIDED TO DUMP STORED-UP BUTTER, EGGS, POULTRY AND OTHER PRODUCE ON THE MARKET.