NATIONAL

VOLUME I.-NO. 200.

PRICE ONE CENT

REFORMERS SEE PRESENT SYSTEM RUINS THE RACE

Families Cannot Live Decently on Less Than \$600 a Year-Union Label as Cure

(Special to Chicago Daily Socialist.)

Minneapolis, Minn., June 15.—That the invasion of industry by women will cause a complete overturning in social and will bring about a race of stunt men and women because of the negle of chicagen by Drier tolling mother was asserted by William D. Washbur as Minneapolis philanthropist, beforeas Minneapolis philanthropist, beforence of charities and corrections which is in seession here.

The time seems to have passed." ashburn said, "when women regard lid-bearing and child-raising as the wast agreement of their sex. If mothers to spend their time at physical inheritance and the self-bear seeds of the metional conference of charities and corrections which is in seession here.

Sood the Dead Line. invasion of industry by women will cause a complete overturning in socie and will bring about a race of stunt men and women because of the negle of children by their folling mother was asserted by William D. Washbur a Minneapolis philanthropist, before 2,000 delegates to the national conference of charities and corrections which is in seesion here.

The general topic for discussion was "Need," Families," and Washburn spoke on "Preventive Measures." He said at the invasion of factories by women must necessarily result in the breaking up of families and inathe sending of children to asylums and reformations.

Recturies a Menses.

"The time seems to have passed." as hour said, "when women regard ild-bearing and child-raising as the said specific said independent of their sex. If mothers with in factories the children will have boor physical inheritance and the sum of the said that the invasion of factories with a specific specific

DRAMATIC ENDING OF A MIGHTY BATTLE FOR PITTANCE

New York, June 15.—There was a pa-thetic scene at the meeting of the Longshoremen's union, whose strike for financial loss to the steamship com-necessed pay was declared off yester-panies and to the workers.

Patrick Connors, leader of the strikers, a big man who had fought determinedly for the meu, broke down and wept when compelled to make the acknowledgment that the men were

Reformers Charged With Tak-

AFTER RAILROADS

PANIC CAUSES LAUGH

nong the unstrung law-

thes in factories.

It rule which heredity and environt rule which heredity and environt rule which heredity and environt plays in forming the character of
child and bitterly commented upon
the union label.

Cheers for Leader.

There was a moment's silence and then the hall rang with cheers for the leader, while many of the men, who had faced privation in an effort to win their demands, hurried to the platform, shook Connors by the hand and assured him that he had made a good fight and did the best he could.

More than 12,000 of the original 20,000 strikers who remained firm will return to work today. It is believed all of the men will secure their old places, but they must return for the same pay they received when they went on strike—30 conts an hour. They had demanded an

matter up before the city council next Monday night. The Woman's Council will hold a session of its own before going before the city council, to decide on a plan of action in dealing with vice and the liquor question.

SHAKER VILLAGE IS

Cincinnatti, O., June 15.—Shaker village, home of a religious sect in a remote section of Hamilton county, was burned early today. Three old women are reported burned to death.

MON CENCE MUDDI

Kansas City, Mo., June 15.—In the Circuit court of Jackson county tr day eighteen suits were filed against as many railroads, asking a mandatory injunction requiring railroads to put the 2-cent fare law into effect. The suits were filed through the attorney general. The Circuit court issued a restraining order preventing the railroads from keeping the old passenger and freight rates in effect. The injunction in the Federal court prevents roads from puting the low fare law into effect. The suits will be asked a hrew move startled the roads. It is noted that similar suits will be filed in St. Louis.

Queer Verdict in Shooting of Outraged Husband, Who

Is Freed

(Scripps-McRae Press Association.)

Carrolton, Ala, June 15.—The coroner's jury Thursday, at the inquest over the body of F. B. Therow, who was shot by John Parker, a member of an aristocratic family, declared that Par-

The click of a camera caus yers and spectators at the Hay-

inchardson and Borah both imped and detectives dropped their hands to heir guns. A laugh followed to the cause for the noise became apparent. Richardson sked: That kn't the click of a is it?" A laugh greeted

Factories a Menace.

suicide, the speaker asserted, the presence of girls and women machine rooms and at work at is fa factories.

makes employed in large cities receive less than \$600 a year. Most of these less than \$600 a year. Most of these characteristics of married men have incomes machine rooms and at work at is factories.

Facts of Life Show Them They Must Get Increase Or Sink Farther Into Poverty

Although three conferences between ackers and union teamsters' representatives are being held today, neither side believes that these meetings esult in anything further than a for mal refusal of the employers to gr the men that they will not work at

Present wages.
This morning's conferences were be

Mrs. Josh F. Thompson, elected maymy by the Social Economic club yesterday, sald, "The action of the W. C. T.
U. was entirely wrong. The girls should
not be taken into that district to make
converts or to distribute tracts. To
many go into that district merely out
of curlosity and not to learn, and the
effect is evil."

The Woman's Council will take the
matter up before the city council next
Monday night. The Woman's Council
will take the
matter up before the city council next
Monday night. The Woman's Council
will take the
soling before the city council, to decide
on a pinn of action in dealing with vice
and the liquor question.

SHAKER VILLAGE IS

DESTIDYED BY FIRE

Into effect at midnight Saturaday night,
according to Business Agent Golden, be carried out on the most advanced
and scientific lines. Pickets will be put
in line from the moment the strike is
declared.

While negotiations were going on this
morning between some of the officials
for the union and the packers, the rest
of the officials have been looking for
convenient strike headquarters.

Before the strike is called, two meetlings, one of the packing house teamsters' joint council, embracing all the
teamsters employed in the stock yards,
and one of the packing house teamsters' local directly involved in the
present council vill 230 o'clock in the evening at
Forty-seventh street and Princeton
as this list ineeding the final
strike orders will be given by Business
Agent Golden.

MON SENSE MURDER

BOTTLE TELLS OF DEATH

READY FOR ACTION



TO STRIKE DUMA ON VERGE OF DISSOLUTION-PLOT TO FORM REPUBLICAN GOVERNMENT

Wild Excitement.

BULLETIN.

St. Petersburg, June 15 .- Indica-

reformers Charged With Taking Young Girls Into the Tenderioin

Tenderioin

Chief Shippy of the police departments are died. "Thus works are that the couraged by an announcement that the United Teamsters of America will do everything in its power to support the stockyards men.

Grease and tallow drivers, mineral water wagon drivers and the drivers of bone and refuse wagons; each with a union of their own, aggregating 700 one and refuse wagons, each with a union of their own, aggregating 700 one and refuse wagons, each with a union of their own, aggregating 700 one and refuse wagons, each with a union of their own, aggregating 700 or and refuse wagons, each with a union of their own, aggregating 700 one and refuse wagons, each with a union of their own, aggregating 700 or and refuse wagons aggregating 700 or aggregating

St. Petersburg, June 15,-Plots to overthrow the government, assassinate public were revealed this morning by morning assassination of Col. Kotlaroff deputy commissioner of the port of St.

Kotiaroff was assassinated by a work-

Stolypin Demands Arrest of Sixteen Members On Charge of Murder Amid

Stolypin Demands Arrest of Suit of a death sentence passed upon him by two revolutionists because he reduced the force of workingmen at the admiralty. The assassin was captured under a number of his accomplices escaped. Demands Dissolution.

The assassination of Kotiaroff was the topic of conversation among the

members of parliament as they went to their halls for today's session. Premier Stolypin, his action believed to have been precipitated by the death of Kotlaroff, appeared in the lower house, demanded the immediate arrest of sixteem members whom he accused with having formed a conspiracy to remove the exar, overthrow the government and set up a democratic republic.

Among these sixteen leaders are Alex-

Declares Fifty Others Must Be Suspended for Plot to Kill the Czar and Establish Rule of People.

"Home of Spontaneous Love" Excites Coeds

When They Are Scrubbed They

came when a love-sick girl came here to follow my teachings," he said today. "A man came with her. They lived here until the college authorities and her folks made such a fuss that they were married.

"The spirit sent them here and it was the doing of God. We open our doors to anyone. We now have a Harvard professor and several prominent busi-

will have to strike or give-up their attempts to force the Western Union to keep its promises of wage increases.

The corporation directors have broken their word and given an example of how much faith can be placed in the pleage of that type of men when they are dealing with workers.

Information from all parts of the country shows that everywhere telegraphers are ready to fight to the last of the germiness floor. They had all been scrubbed, too-scrubbed all of the germiness floor. They had all been scrubbed, too-scrubbed all of the germiness floor. They had all been scrubbed, too-scrubbed all of the germiness floor. They had all been scrubbed, too-scrubbed all of the germiness floor. They had all been scrubbed, too-scrubbed all of the germiness floor. They had all been scrubbed, too-scrubbed all been scrubbed, too-scrubbed all been scrubbed, too-scrubbed all of the germiness floor. They had all been scrubbed, too-scrubbed all been scrubbed, too the batt-back to the wasken his courage or the bread three wasken his courage or the bread to the wasken his courage.

ALL OUT NOW

Jefferson City, Mo., June 15. Julius in the list of the Serve St. Louis boodlers convicted by all been scrubbed to weaken his courage or the house him with the spirit of compromise.

Without dout he was the grandest floorset from the breast from house them and the breast from the

ORCHARD GETS A REST--MINOR WITNESS ON STAND

Money Lavishly Used On Witness-Pinkertons Have Vast Fund To Use for State-Mine Owners' Side of Haywood Case

(Appeal to Reason Bureau Special to Chicago Daily Socialist.)

Boise, June 15 .- For the purpose of proborating and proving Harry Orchard's confession relative to the many rimes he alleges he committed, the prosecution yesterday introduced a number of witnesses from California,

prosecution yesterday introduced a number of witnesses from California, Utah and Colorado.

Attorneys for the defense objected to the introduction of the testimony on the ground that it was incompeten, irrelevan and no germane to the case at bar. The objections being overruled by the court, L. D. Giubbinni, of San Francisco was placed upon the stand. Glubbinni sestified that he knew Orchard by the name of Harry when the uatter used to hand around his store opposite the Bradley residence. It was from the store that Orchard, or Barry, he said, observed the movements of the man whose life he was weeking to take. Other witnesses were called to confirm the testimony of Giubbinni.

Just what the prosecution expects to make out of the Bradley incident has not yet been disclosed, for it certainly cainot affect. Haywood's connection with the Steunenberg assassination.

Much time was consumed by the prosecution in getting the particulars of the incident before the court, and when they finally weie presented they were unconvincing and produced little effect.

Witnesses were next introduced to corroborate Orchard's testimony concerning the Vindicator mine explosion in which McCornick, and Beck of Independence, Col., were killed.

Clarence Harrah, who admitted that he scabbed during the Cripple Creek strike, was the principal witness to confirm this, portion of Orchard's confession. The man presented a hang-dog look as he mounted the stand and during cross-examination by Darrow he cast many appealing glances in Borah's direction as if he were in need of help. His testimony was immaterial and proved nothing other than the finding of the bodies of the two dead mine managers after the explosion in the unine.

J. H. McIntyre, of Ogden, Utah, and a special officer of the Southern Pacific

iness men who spend half of their time as diaging in a ractive women a grass. Reed Boston Latin be years ago to a little fellow of the spend of from \$2,000 to \$4,000 a year."

Are Scrubbed They

Are As Sweet As Anything

By Rube Borough

It was 9 o'clock in a same as a strict of the spend o

Walk OUT SOON

The Itnia and I think on a Saturation of the warring was sufficient. The children—little dark-wind, curryl headed in the morning and I think on a Saturation of the warring was sufficient. The children—little dark-wind curryl headed in the warring was sufficient. The children—little dark-wind curryl headed in the warring was sufficient. The children—little dark-wind curryl headed in the warring was sufficient. The children—little dark-wind curryl headed in the warring was sufficient. The children where happy. The younger ones were crawfung about upon the front of the warring was sufficient. The children which mongy for make the trip. "Some of the hum," she continued, "come here yetly dirty mornings, When they are very dirty of the important witnesses who here yetly dirty mornings, When they are very dirty of the important witnesses who here yetly dirty mornings, when they was not a man present with the warring was sufficient. The children when here yetly dirty mornings, when they are very dirty of the morning and the children was the warring was sufficient. The children which have been indoors a step of tumbledown shacks and on the sidewalks. The older one samong the many of the mportant witnesses who here yetly dirty mornings, when they are very dirty dir Sao Antonio, Tex., June 15.—Charged with attacking and robbing Mrs. Salie Gibbons of Columbra, S. C., of \$1,0000. Rufus Williams, held by the police, is said by them to have confessed.

Mrs. Gibbons and Williams came here to buy Texas lands. Mrs. Gibbons carried her fortune in fifty \$1,0000 bills and the remainder in gold coin. Arriving here Williams took her driving into the country. The police say he struck the woman on the head, tried unsuccessfully to drown her. secured her money and returned to town. He was arrested in a large man he arrested in Ogden. Ursh. Accompanied by a lusty guard Adams was brought into court from the was made to face the audience. As the imprisoned unionist stood unright before the court a thrill of admitted the remainder in gold coin. Arriving here Williams took her driving into the country. The police say he struck the woman on the head, tried unsuccessfully to drown her. secured her money and returned to town. He was arrested in a large tries to four through the souls of the faced Borsh and Hawley and the multi-lude of detectives beldly and defaultly. He had been similarly situated before and be was unaffail of the hounds of capitalism. Eighty-three days in the built nen in Crimic Creek and fourteen working class, had not tended to weaken his courage or imbuse him with the spirit of compromise.

TEARS TO ORDER

(Special to Chicago Daily Socialist.)
Boise, June 14.—On Wednesday
night an important conference was held between the lawyers for the prosecution and Harry for the prosecution and Harry Orchard and Detective McPart

The conference was held after those engaged in the prosecu-tion of the mine leaders had real-ized that Orchard's cold-blooded

ized that Orchard's cold-blooded confession of murder and attempted murder was having a bad effect on public opinion.

Having realized this, it was-decided to have something of a change. Orchard, it is understood, was called in on the carpet and told to put on the soft peddle and shed a few tears at the first opportunity.

peddle and shed a few tears at the first opportunity.

This order was carried out yesterday afternoon when Rich-ardson began to ask the fiend about his confession. "He shed tears, but in a ment was himself again," the way the safe newspaper correspondents told it in their dispatches. Orchard's tears flowed, but not in any large quantity.

Wells' offer with contempt.

Adams will take the stand, but he will not testify in behalf of the state. His wife, who visits him constantly, told the writer today that her husband knew nothing that could incrinfinate either Moyer, Haywood or Pettibone, and that he had nothing to say that would benefit the FGooding-McParland gang.

She said that Adams had but one am-

managers after the explosion in the mine.

J. H. McIntyre, of Ogden, Utah, and a special officer of the Southern Pacific company, testified that on the morning of June 3, 1903, he arrested two men for stealing a ride in a fruit car attached to a freight train. These men he identified as Steve Adams and Harry Orchard. The point involved in this testimony and which the state hopes to make, is that they were acting under orders from Haywood.

Further evidence was submitted tending to proce that Adams received money from Haywood through the Western Union Telegraph company. Even were it shown that Haywood servamination, it would prove nothing. Adams money, said Darrow, on crossexamination, it would prove nothing. Adams money, said Darrow, on crossexamination, it would prove nothing. Adams and Orchard Steve both members of the Western Federation of Miners and as such were entilled to assistance when they were out of work and without funds.

A grand-stand play for the benefit of the Jurors and the public was pulled off conjointly by the court and the attorneys for the prosecution relative to the Oogden incident.

G. H. Hackett, manager of the Western Clarence Darrow of Chicago for the

Trace Money to Orchard.

The prosecution called as the next witness Hull McClaughry, the assistant Continued on 3d Page, 4th Col.

PEABODY SHAKES ORCHARD'S BLOODY HAND

(Special to Chicago Daily Socialist.)

(Special to Chicago Daily Socialist.)

Boise, June 14.—Former Governor Peabody of Colorado yesterday met and shook the hand of Harry Orchard, who has confessed to a sincere attempt to remove the governor from this unhappy world.

The meeting took place in Hawley's office, where Orchard was resting from his work on the witness stand. abody entered and walked up to the murderer. Both smiled and grasped hands. Peabody then and there forgave Orchard for all his crimes and proposed crimes.

Those who witnessed the meeting have the impression that the two men had met before. Furtiler, it seemed as if they might have been "pals" at one time or another. The hand shake did not seem to be that of an enemy, forgiving his deadly foe, but as if one comrade was meeting another.

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BIG STORES CUT DOWN EXPENSES

Hundreds Thrown Out of Employment in New York Depart-ment Houses: the Cause

New York, June 15.—Fully 2,000 sales ople, and probably more, have recently been discharged from the big department stores of this city. One big concern has reduced its sales force it 600; another 400; another 300; several from 100 to 150, and so on. The causes generally given are unfavorable weather, restriction of demand by high

management and the effects of financial reaction.

In keeping with early expectations of merchants who foresaw the advancing prices of dry goods, the large retail department store managers are being forced to reduce expenses.

Popularly this is attributed solely to adverse weather conditions, but merchants in intimate touch with department store methods and costs believe that the reduction of expenses is being forced by the necessity of arriving at a profitable merchandizing margin while first costs are as high as they now are.

Striking Reductions. Striking Reductions.

It is plain to many merchants that the consumer can pay very little more than he is now forced to pay, and it is to meet this condition that many strikto meet this condition that many strik-ing reductions in costs are under way. In the metropolitan district alone, it is estimated that the selling force em-ployed by the different retailers has been reduced in the past four weeks be-tween, at least 1,600 and 2,900 hands. There has also been a sharp reduction in the wages of many of those who have been retained, and enforced vaca-tions of between three and four weeks are expected during the coming sum-mer months.

changes are proceeding wholly dent of other happenings of a character among garment work-other tributary factors.

other tributary factors, other sources, however, it was that not only were employes eleased from their duties each out where this had not actually directions in salaries, in some segments and the fore conf. have of reductions in salaries, in some se as much as 46 per cent, have dered. In one Broadway house tated that over 600 salespeople ispensed with recently. This is reported, has also disconting of its cusiom departments, other in the uptown district bedon and 400 were discharged. One yenus ators, which caters is the

Seeking New Fields.

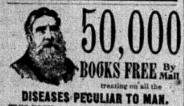
Many of the help, much dissatisfied by having their salaries reduced, are making more advantageous connections. The salespeeple who work on a cominission basis in addition to their salaries are also much perturbed, as the edict has gone forth in some quarters, ridiculous as it may seem, that cash books must show a given value of sales each day.

Inquiring customers must be compared to the point of the point of the point of the point is and has been the maintage of his mother and eight children at 2818 R street. South Omaha, since his father died in St. Joseph's hospital three years ago.

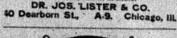
STRONG GUARD PROTECTS

TEDDY FROM WOMAN

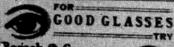
Inquiring customers must be pleased and a sale recorded under penalty of a pprimand. Constant explanations are corder as to why customers have not order as to why customers have not ought merchandise they have examined. Working under such conditions as proved most unsatisfactory to the crks. New fields of employment are sing sought and when four i are igerly accepted.











orsch & Company



Paris, June 15.—Beyond the adopt their offices plainly aims at intimida tion by the chamber of deputies of tion. "Your threat of revolt," says Pretion by the chamber of deputies of the first clause of the bill for the relief of the wine growers, which requires all wine growers to make amount of the total quantity of the wine grown and in stock, nothing was done by the French government to aleviate the suffering and improve the condition of the starving strikers in Southern France.

The press is more vigorous than ever in its insistence on immediate financial assistance by the government to the distressed wine growers. The government, however, seems not to heed this clamor.

Looks for Plot.

"Your threat of revolt," says Premier Clemenceau, "can be hurtful only to those you pretend to serve, and it will "spread anarchy throughout the sections concerned. When you have accomplished other than an aggravation of the austress which you justly denounce."

"In killing the communal institutions you are doing yourselves to death and you are almost the only ones to suffer. The government will hardly feel the effect of the blow you are administering to yourselves."

May March on Paris.

are administering to yourselves.

May March on Paris. Looks for Plot.

Premier Clemenceau, instead of busying himself with devising definite means to appease the inflamed provinces, is searching the political motives of this revolt. In a statement issued yesterday he claims that the revolt is due to the baneful advice of the reactionaries, who are bent on Marcellin. Albert, leader of the

the reactionaries, who are bent on Marcellin. Albert, leader the reactionaries, who are bent on strike, while counseling moderation, stirring up strife inimical to the restirring up strife inimical to the restrikers will In his statement the utterances re-ferring to the mayors who resigned march on Paris.

10 Wise Laws Get Past **Cruel Knife of Reformers**

(Special to Chicago Daily Socialist.)

Milwaukee, Wis, June 15.—So far the Milwaukee, Wis, June 15.—So far the Social-Democratic members have succeeded in getting ten of their bills ceeded in getting ten of their bills.

The rotton boroughs of course elect

As the wards now stand, the working class wards have more than twice the population of some of the downtown business wards. But of course these big workingmen's wards send only two aldermen to the city council, just the same number as the "rotten boroughs."

Which have only one-half or one-third as many voters.

But here is where the rub comes in.

But here is where the rub comes in.

Here, You, How Much Allowed

Tearful Youth Must Not Continue Efforts to Assist Mother

BAR STOCK YARDS HAM

(Special fo Chicago Daily Socialist.)
Buenos Ayres, June 15.—The department of state has announced that the
Argentine government hereafter will
not permit the importation of ham containing borfe add. Import duties on
sugar have been reduced.

FIVE FOR ONE. Five dollars worth of books for

We will send them, and pay the postage. This offer includes the sixty "Books of Marxian Socialism" which we have already advertised widely, and ten larger books, worth \$2.00 at

The sixty books are fully described in our Socialist Book Bulletin, mailed

The over ten are partly socialist and partly accellaneous books. We are selling them in less than they could be reproduced over because we need the room and we also need the money.

Do not forget the massmeeting in Drill hall, Masonic Templ, next Sunday, at 2 p. m. veranda of a hotel Mrs. Ayres waited in vain to receive the surrender of Commandant Howse. But the daughter charmed all.

caeded in getting ten of their bills through the Wisconsin legislature.

A few more will be added before the legislature closes, but the most and the best of the Social-Democratic bills are being ruthlessly shaughtered.

The "reform" Republicans of the La Follette wing have clearly shown them selves as opposed to all reelly radical labor legislation. And it is something to have forced them to make that record.

A sly Republican trick killed the Melms ordinance in the last meeting of the Social-Democratic do not repose to let the Milwaukee workingmen be for legislation. It will be remembered that this ordinance, introduced by Alderman Melms (Social-Democrato, provided for a redistricting of the wards, according to population.

As the wards now stand, the working class wards have more than twice the recordination of some of the redistricting ordinance can up at the districting ordinance can up at the last council meeting a foxy alderman from one of the rotten boroughs, by a laying over the matter until the time for legal action shall have expired. But the Social-Democratic daying over the matter until the time for legal action shall have expired. But Lapinski, the editor of the leading Social-Democratic paper of Warsaw, Lapinski, the editor of the leading Social-Democratic paper of Warsaw, according to population.

As the words not receive the old parties are anxious to preserve the old parties are anxious to proserve the old parties are anxious to preserve the old parties are anxious to preserve the ol

for Your Delegate's Expenses

Newark, N. J., June 15.—Chief Justice Gummere, in the Supreme Court circuit, granted a writ of certiorari to review the proceedings of the Newarks Web Printing Pressmen's union, No. 8. in appropriating 1100 as expenses for a delegate to attend a national convention of pressmen at Brighton Beach during the week of June 17. The writ was granted on the application of Joseph W. Russell, a member of the labor organization.

Bussell asserted that \$100 was an excessive amount for experses in attending a convention so close at hand, and sileged that part of the money would be expended in having a good time. E. Gardeld Gifford appeared for Russell and tunion was represented by Joseph A. Beecher.

Gifford said that the objection was made on the ground that the appropriation was not a regular and necessary expenses. He declared that under the union's constitution a vote of two-thirds of the members was necessary to make and appropriation, and that notice must.

PACKING HOUSE CAN'T

SUPPORT THIS FAMILY

Tearful Youth Must Not Continue

Omaha, Neb., June 15.—Frank Metz-ger's heart was nearly broken when his employer in a South Omaha packing house told the boy he would have to be let out on account of his age and the strict provisions of the child labor

Oyster Bay, N. Y., June 15,—The woman in blue" has become the woman in white." Attired in the snowy color from head to foot she turned up this morning and began ner close vigil over President Roosevelt's movements.

Although she has never disturbed anyone or shown any signs of a destre to commit any injury, the secret service men have been instructed to arrest her if she appears near the president's cottage.

money.

For three dollars we will send five sets of these books by express at your expense. If sold at retail prices they would bring \$25.00.

This offer is good only until August 31. 'Ask for the "Five for One" com-

CHARLES H. KERR & COMPANY 264 Kinzie St.; Chicago.

the writ."

Subsequently the court said that there was nothing to prevent the union from holding a meeting and making a proper appropriation. During the argument. Beecher mentioned that a New York union had voted \$1,000 as expense money for its delegates to the convention. The chief justice declared that that sum was outrageous.

LLOYD'S NAME DOES NOT PLEASE TRIBUNE

In the Battle of Big Business It Is Forgetting Some of Its Early Phases

The Chicago Dally Tribune Monday norning of this week printed a seven-olumn story in the effort at telling how and why it came to be.

The story dealt to some extent with the alleged big scoops which the paper has "pulled off" during the past twenty

has "pulled off" during the past twenty or thirty years of its existence.

It also made mention of some of the men who have helped to make the Tribune famous and told of the work of such world-renowned characters as Prof. Elias Colbert, James W. Sheahan, Fred H. Hall, Samuel J. Medli and Joseph Dana Webser.

But it omitted the name of one of its ablest writers—the name of a man who will be remembered long after the Tribune's dopesters are forgotten—Henry D. Lloyd.

Lloyd's life work counted for human welfare. The Tribune just now is fighting the battles of big business. Its present manager does not like to be reminded of Lloyd.

TRAITORS IN THE ROYAL HOUSEHOLD

(Scripps-McRae Cable.)

Berlin, June 15.—A great political scandal is expected to develop out of new charges made against the "round table." of which Prince Pb'dip Zu Euleuberg, formerly the kaseer's favorite, was the head. It is now stated that through this "round table" M. Bilnourd, the French ambassador, was able to furnish his government with information of vital importance during the days of the trouble between Germany and France over the Moroccan question.

MISS AYRES IS BELLE AT **GRAND WEST POINT HOP**

West Point, N. Y., June 15.—Not-withstanding the edict that barred her mother, Mrs. Charles G. Ayres, wife of Lieut. Vol. Ayres, from the govern-ment grounds. West Point today is commenting on the Lect that Miss Bmilly Ayres was the belie of the com-mencement hop last night. It was the social feature of the year. On the veranda of a hotel Mrs. Ayres waited in vain to receive the surrender of Commandant Howse. But the daughter

RAILROADS BEGIN

House to House Distribution of Pamphlets, Costing Thousands, to Line Up Voters

Two pamphlets, emerging from nor union print shops somewhere in the United States, the one being a defense and the other an argument for revision of the tariff rates, have made their ap

a house to house canvass of the United States.

The pamphlets are reprints from articles appearing in The Inter-Nation of Boston, Mass. They are so cleverly done that railroad magnates have been willing to spend thousands of dollars to get them in the hands of "the people."

It is one of the most comic efforts public "education" that has come to support in your present fight and delight. The promoters evidently have worked the railroad magnates and also the group of New England manufacturers who want the tariff revised so Rishee Strike Fast C

they can make more money.

The railroads have adopted the meth ods used with success by Socialists and labor unions. They have gone back to

"Rallroad Rates and Tariff Rates" is the subject of one of these pamphlets, the gist of whose argument is given in the following paragraph:
"This much can be said for the rail-roads—they did up grant discriminat-

roads—they did not grant ing rates from choice. Wh ing rates from choice. What the, honestly felt to be stern necessity forced
that policy upon them in the majority
of cases. But the government of the
United States has been a willful sinne. It has deliberalely chosen the
wrong course and it has consciously
sold its soul to the ighest bidders.
The evils created by discriminating
railroad rates were such as natural law
could in time remove, in considerable ould in time remove, in considerable neasure at least. The evils of inequit measure at least. The evils of inequitable tariff rates are such as must forever balk natural law. Hence, on economic as well as on moral grounds the tariff should have been taken in hand before the railroads."

Its Aim.

The aim of the pamphlet is to direct the attention of the people away from its present economic problems. It seeks to confuse them into a wrangle over to confuse them into a wrangle over the tartif, hoping thereby to keep them from investigating the subject of gov-erament control and ownership of big corporations.

"The Attack on Railroad Capitaliza-tions" is the subject of the second pamphlet.

It is an argument for overcapit."

It is an argument for overcapit, "---

The Hustlers' Column

Words From the Field

Next Sunday should mark a new epoch in the growth of the Socialist movement in Chicago. If that meeting in the Masonic Temple is attended by every Socialist who can crowd into the nall, and if they will but come with a determination to work for greater solldarity and effectiveness, then it will be possible to put life into every phase of Socialist activity.

Last week beat the week before and this one so far has led the others in the amount received for subscriptions. Make every one from now on a record-

There is still over \$2,000 lacking on the loan fund. If this is not raised it will be only a question of time until difficulties will be upon us again, while the paper must constantly carry the handleap that has hampered it up to the present time.

"I am a young man, only 70 years old," writes E. N. McGary of Maple Plain, Minn., "but I do not want the Daily to die, so I enclose \$10 for a share of stock."

The Daily Socialist has just arranged to secure the best photographs of the Boise trial that can be secured. The first of these have arrived and they will be a regular feature from now on. This will place the Socialist far ahead of any other paper, capitalist or Socialist, in "covering" this story. It is now an to the present readers of the paper up to the present readers of the paper to see that 10,000 additional subscribers are secured to read this report. The trial will certainly last for another mouth, and when the evidence for the defense begins to come in it will not receive the publicity that the prosecution has been given. Then will be the time that the Dally will be in demand.

News from Far and Near

The men of Oak Park are tired of the annual horse show and want to give it up this year. But not so the women. They will organize an association all their own to prepare for the function. John Farson will back the thing financially.

Secretary of War Taft, in a speech before the Minneapolis club at Minne apolis, Minn. declared the present army of the country is too small.

The South Chicago "levee" district was invaded by the W. C. T. U., and at night by the midnight mission workers, who, with songs and tracts, interested the p-pulation. The latter band was led by Ernest A. Bell and the Rev. J. A. Monr. pastor of the First Methodist chart h of South Chicago.

The Chicago police department will ask Governor Hanley of Indiana to as-sist in the war on the gambiers' steam-er, City of Traverse.

Tony Canepa, living near Artesian avenue and West Ohio street, snared a wolf Monday on the prairie near his home. Canepa could get no bounty from the county for his catch. He was advised by the clerk to give the animal to Lincoln park:

Pire Attorney Frank J. Hogan says that he has little hope of arresting W. R. Wieboldt, suspected of having set fre to his furniture store at 1302 Belimont avenue, hast January. He thinks the man made good his escape from New York City and is now on the high seas.

Newspaper Delivery and Mail Drivers Union, Local 706, U. T. A.—Meetin Tuesday at 78 East Randolph sires Nomination of delegates to the convention and general officers. AP member attend. E. H. Hutton, secretary.

Chicago Men Make Pled e to Support Western Diggers

A beautiful gavel, made of genuine chony and ivory, bearing the label of the Woodworkers' I strict council to the Woodworkers' I strict council to the convention of the Western Federation of Miners.

A similar gavel was presented to J. Edward Morgan, representative of the Western Federation of Miners, for his untiring activity in behalf of Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone.

The Woodworkers' District Council also adopted a resolution at its last meeting expressing its sympathy with the Western federation in its struggle to liberate Moyer and Haywood and promising to assist the federation in future, as they have done in the past.

Express Confidence.

The resolution, signed by the officers of the council and sent to the Western Federation of Miners, reads as follows:

"To the Officers and Delegates of the Western Federation of Miners."

"C. E. Mahoney, acting president, Greetings:

"The Woodworkers' District Council of Chicago, at its regular meeting, held June 12, 1907, unanimously resolved to to extend to your convention undivided and populative conviction of the inne
de clare positive conviction of the inne-

not there is a "scab hunters' union" in Denver.

This Jim Howell, in order to allay the suspicions of the men he was shipping here, showed them his union card and told them that they knew that if there was anything wrong he would not be helping to get men, but the reason that men were wanted was that the foreign element predominated; and that the companies wanted to make this a "white man's" camp and a union camp and that he had gone up to the head-quarters of the federation and that Kirwan had told him that everything was all right, to go ahead, and that if there was anything wrong that he would be the first to go out and help stop men from going.

It is learned that Wilson is also a "union" man and that he carries a card in the Machinists' International, was formerly president of the Engineers' union in Cripple Creek, and worked around McCabe, Ariz, for nine months, and that his name is not Jim, but John.

Gus Howell, the man that runs the good "union" cigar store and handles all union-made goods and employs none but union men and whose store was sused as the recruiting station for men that were supposed to come to Bisbee as strike-breakers, was so solicitous about the safe departure of these men to ge to work when they got here, made it a point to impoverish them if possible.

At Dalhart, Texas, he went to each of the men and told them that he was short of funds and could not pay for the means, and asked the men to loan him whatever they could spare until he reached Hisbee.

When Bisbee was reached he told the men tand they were not strike-breakers, but rock-breakers, and they could get jobs aplenty where conditions were fair.

On the streets of Lowell on the even-

TWO LABORERS IN HEROIC RESCUE OF COMRADE

Physician Does Remarkable Act in

(Scripps-McRae Press Association.)

N York, June 15.—Supported in the sater by two of his fellow laborers who had jumped after him when he was knocked off a dirt scow, Cornelus Enright owes his life to the heroism of his companions. They held him up in the water and awam with him around to the side of a pier, where a twelve-foot ladder stood. They were too exhausted to climb the ladder with their burden, and when Dr. Wooldridge came he descended to them. The physician clung to the man's coat with one hand and with the other injected the contents of a hypodermic syringe into his arm. Then assistance came and rescued and rescuers were pulled upon the pier.

Life Insurance Magnate Does Not Have to Face Trial

(Scripps-McRae Press Association.)
New York, June 15.—George W. Perking, partner of J. Pierpont Morgan and former vice-president of the New York Life Insurance company, will not be prosecuted on a charge of forgery in connection with the life insurance company's deal in bonds of the International Mercantile Marine company, in which it lost considerable money.

A spe-kal grand jury which has been investigating the charge against Perkins yesterday recommended its dismissal, holding that Perkins cannot be inins yesterday recommended is al, holding that Perkins can sal, holding that Perkins cannot be in-dicted. This means the matter will be

(Signed) "THOS DAWSON, Pres.
"THOS COONFY, Sec.
"A Johanneen, M. A. Schmidt and ExSmith, pusiness age, i.s."

Bisbee Strike Fast Coming To Crisis-Subservient Officers

On the streets of Lowell on the even-

Saving Lives

SPECIAL GRAND JURY SAVES GEO. W. PÉRKINS

A BRUTAL "TOUCH"

While leaving the station of the Met-ropolitan elevated at Halsted street early this morning James Curry of 22 South Turner avenue was held up and beaten by two drmed men. They es-caped with his watch and \$12 in money. TRADE UNION MEETINGS

(Mail Correspondence Dally Socialist.)

Bisbee, Ariz., June 15.—The strike situation in Bisbee is rapidly approaching a crises, and the only people directly engaged in this struggle who are not uneasy as to the outcome are the ones conducting the union side of it.

The companies have agents throughout the country in a hopeless effort of the professional strike-breakers secured from Crippie Creek, very little has been accomplished in this direction. And those secured from Crippie Creek, very little has been accomplished in this direction. And those secured from Crippie Creek, very little has been accomplished in this direction. And those secured from Crippie Creek, very little has been accomplished in this direction. And those secured from Crippie Creek, very little has been accomplished in this direction. And those secured from Crippie Creek, very little has been accomplished in this direction. And those secured from Crippie Creek, very little has been a complished in this direction. And the professional strike-breakers, and outside of the W. F. of M. those are hard to secure, and to this fact the companies are at last awakening.

One Jim Wilson, a scab hunter from this district, went to Denver in an effort to secure men and was ably assisted by one Jim Howell, who has a paiding card in the Typographical union. The recruiting station is a clear store at Seventeenth and Welton streets, Denver. At this cigar store nothing but union men are employed.

The store is owred and managed by Gus Howell, a brother of Jim, the scab hunter, and both claim to be the best of union men. It is suggested that some of the Denver unions investigate this matter and ascertain whether or not there is a "soab hunters' union" in Denver.

This Jim Howell, in order to allay the suspicions of the men he was shipping here, showed them his union card and told them that they knew that if there was anything wrong he would not be helping to get men, but the reason between the country in the suspicions of the men he was shipping here, showed th

Appointed a Deputy. Appointed a Deputy.

Thereupon the sheriff appointed as a deputy sheriff a man by the name of Hunn, whom the people refused to have for an officer at the last election. But in this peonized district the will of the people does not count for much.

"We have the companies beaten in this fight, and we can keep them beaten if "We have the companies beaten in this fight, and we can keep them beaten if morkers stay nway from Bisbee, and unless they want to be strike-breakers will stay away. We have men enough here to carry out this fight, and that is all that we want here, and as soon as the companies put an end to the blacklist and stop discrimination we will let them have all the men they wa't to make, profits, but not until ther," is the statement of the union.
"Pay no attention to what the subsidized papers throughout the country says about the strike here being settled. We will inform the workingmen when it is settled, but stay away from Bisbee is the slogan of the miner.

ASKED TO LEAVE OLD ROLE

AS NATIONAL REFUGE (Special to Chicago Daily Socialist.) Geneva, June 15.—A bill has been introduced in the Swiss parliament which would bar Russian revolutionists

which would bar Russian revolutionists from that country.

The measure was introduced as a result of an attempt by five Russian revolutionists to liberate L. comrade from prison. The revolutionist was arrested by the Swiss government at the request of the Russian police and was held for deportation to Russia.

His friends, who knew that his deportation to Russia meant that he would be tied to the first lantern post and shot down the minute he reached Russia, became desperate and attempted to break into the jail and free him.

Their attempt was not unsuccessful and gives the 'reactionaries an excuse

to start an agitation against the revo-lutionists.

The revolutionists declare that there exists a combine between the police of

exists a combine between the police of nearly every country to persecute Russian refugees and land them to the Russian police.

This has, especially, been frequently the case with Germany and the Norse countries. Now it is Switzerland that is evidently lending an ear to clamors of the czar's bloodhounds for more victims.

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I AM LOOKING FOR A HOUSE, keeper: one that would rather live in the country than in the city; a woman who loves the country and country life. Will take a woman with a child. I pre-fer a little girl. Call after five o'clock at Room 444, Unity Bldg.

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When Others Were Speaking TATE MPLICATES Why Tramps Drink "Cut It Out" Cried Roosevelt

Head of the Nation in Most Outrageous Insult to **High Strung Southerners**

Big Stock Holders Have Benevolently Assimilated the

Small Ones and All Is Well

(Special to Chicago Daily Socialist.)
Atlanta, Ga., June 15.—President Roosevelt doesn't like to hear any one talk but himself.

All in Appenies Club.

Reaching Out for More President talk but himself.

Roosevelt made two speeches on Georgia day at the Jamestown exposition, but when any other orator was introduced he kept crying, "Cut it out," or "Cut it short." Apparently he did not want anyone but himself to speak.

In the list of speakers whom the president interrupted and unnerved with this "Cut it out" cry were Governor Terrell. Commissioner Mitchell of the Georgia columissfon, known as "Windy" in Atlanta; John Temple Graves, and numerous Georgia mayors who had been working hard on their speeches ever since they were invited to attend Georgia day.

These mayors, who have returned home without having had a chance to relieve themselves of their eloquence,

All in Annanias Club.

Fine Dream of Decent Street Car Service-Profit for Gamblers

that he knew who did the work.

dent that sufficient corroborative evidence can be produced to warrant indictments against one and perhaps more of the wealthy Peorians who now are suspected of having had a hand in the deal.

Dougherty France Robbery.

Dougherty first planned the safe robbery last August, while Tate was in the penitentiary, according to the burglar's story. Tate was employed in the warden's office and had opportunity to alk with the former school man and panker.

Dougherty made known his plans to his friends in Peoria, and the scheme finally was perfected.

Packers Plan Coup To Make Retail Butchers Pay the Freight

It was admitted today by a man in at the time of the other strike, but the the confidence of the packers that a little lutchers have always been able strike is to be deliberately provoked by to avoid taking over the expense of define employers in pursuit of a plan leaborated at a meeting of the superintendents of various plants a short time ago.

ago.

At this meeting it was decided to make the attempt to dispense with the delivery service and compel the retail butchers to come to the yarda and branch houses for their daily supplies. It was the thin the delivery service at the delivery was attempted openly it would cause such a rebellion among the retail dealers as would probably serve to help build up some of the smaller competitors of the packing trust. Hence it was proposed to make the change in the midst of a strike, when the blame could be placed on the teamsters.

Therefore these superintendents de-

Therefore these superintendents de-clared that so far from acceding to the demands of the teamsters they would rather seek to aggravate them to ac-

DAILY WRECK RECORD

Charleston, W. Va., June 14.-Engilast night in a freight wreck on the Coal and Coke railroad at Dorfee. Heavy rains caused a washout, and the engine and three cars rolled into the Eik river. Williams' body has not been found. Shifflet jumped and es sped

LINOTYPE COMPOSITION

neer David Williams was killed and Fireman Tom Shifflet seriously injured

Reaching Out for More Prominent Citizens

RESPECTABLES

Peoria, Ill., June 14.-Under promise of immunity from further prosecution and of a pardon from the Joliet penitentiary by Governor Deneen, "Eddie" Tate, the "gentleman burst glar," has for the first time admitted that he helped to blow the school board safe and stole 6,000 pieces of forged scrip being held as evidence against the former superintendent of schools, Newton C. Dougherty.

Tate said he robbed the safe on the night of Jan. 6 and that he was assisted by Eddie Fay and Patsey Flaherty. He says \$4,800 was paid the three men by a prominent Peorian representing Dougherty.

Tate explained in detail to the

grand jury today how the affair was planned by Dougherty and his friends and how it was carried out. Until he was given absolute assurance that he had a chance for freedom he denied that he was implicated, but insisted State's Attorney Scholes is confi-

Dougherty Planned Robbery.

man and panker

Double-decked subways through the business district, with trunk lines running directly through from the different quarters of the city and at different depths below the surface so as to avoid grade crossings, are part of the dream of a future transportation system for Chicago which Bion J. Arnold, chairman of the board of engineers in charge of the rehabilitation work of the traction system, spread before the gradution system are progressing toward setting interest in troubles of the Union Traction, the big shareholders having be Electrical Age and the Beginner. And all paying a big profit to Wall street schemers.

Further details of this plan included an elaborate boulevard system, steam railways terminals removed from the crowded district, and interconnected with subways, the electrification of present steam railways within the city limits, and the utilization of the drainings cannal for ocean tomage, were other features of the scheme.

Meanwhile the financial reorganization of the traction properties is under way in preparation for taking complete way in preparation for the time of the chicago City Railway in preparation for taking complete way in preparation for the time of the chicago City Railway in preparation for the drain of the drain and turner of the drain drain troubles of the Union Traction, the big shareholders having be expected that the Chicago City Railway in preparation for the tops of Chicago City Railway in preparation for the time of Chicago City Railway in preparation for the drain day in preparation for the chicago City Railway in preparation for the drain way in preparation for the drain way in preparation for the drain and t

If you were a State street store you ould get a telephone cheaper than you an as a human being.

This fact was brought out at the hearing of the council committee on phones today. Alderman White City Snow, who is favorable to the Levy Mayer crowd, which is trying to get the rich phone franchiae away from the Wheeler group of capitalists, made

the charge. He spid that there was rate discrimi He said that there was rate discrimination on the part of the Chicago Telephone company in favor of the State street stores. General Manager Hibbard, who was present, admitted that the charge is true and offered to bring in the special contracts which give the merchants the best of it.

Do not forget the massmeeting in Drill hall, Masonic Temple, next Sun day, at 2 p. m.

JOIN THE LEGION OF THE DAILY

It is by no accident that the Chicago Daily Socialist came into existence. It is here by virtue of the fact of its used. It has thus far been maintained by heroic sacrifices, indefatigable purpose and an enterprise indicating a spirit that has caused all competitors to wonder at the great strength and wonderful life of the Socialist sentiment of the business of the task of education in subscribers in the next sixty days, and that the United States. A Chicago auditing company now preparing a full and complete statement of the business of the company expresses continued amazement at what the books reveal. The extent of the ownership, the spirit of supporters of the pape (nd its wind distribution to more postoffices than any other daily paper in the country.

The initial work of the installation of this great enterprise having been completed, it is now only necessary to extend the influence of this paper into a still wider field. The sacrifices of the PREE—For every dollar remitted you.

Past and present mus) reach that maxing can get free any 25 cent book in our catalogue or that of the Kerr company; can get free any 25 cent book in our catalogue or that of the Kerr company on the fact of lits used. It is proposed to find 50,000 new trial subscribers in the next sixty days, and there has been organized the "Legion of the Daily," of which you and we will do the rest. Send the Chicago Daily Socialist to the following TRL. SUBSCRIP—Exercise the daily to your friends all over the country for with the names, send a dollar and get a prize.

The initial work of the installation of this great enterprise having been completed, it is now only necessary to extend the influence of this paper into a final paper into a country of the country of th

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You will be amased at the number of trial orders for 10 cents that you can scalar for one year. \$1 for six months, and 50 times greater than its present task. Put cants for three weeks he will surely secome a interested as to become a sealar reader of this workingman's ally paper.

The regular subscription rate is \$2 Our press has a capacity easily ten for one year, \$1 for six months, and 50 times greater than its present task. Put cants for three months by mail outside it hard to its capacity. Fill out the second of this workingman's of Chicago; by carrier in Chicago (the above blank at once. Go out into the only way it can be delivered in the city), ally paper.

CHICAGO DAILY SOCIALIST

Promotion Dept.

180-182 Washington St., Chicago, Ill.

5-Cent Whiskey

It is easier to get a drink than some-rounds together, and the only reason hing to eat. we stopped was that his money-gave

even a nickel.

I watched some of these men I had been giving money to and found that they spent all their money for food and lodging, and yet managed to get plenty to drink. That was an interesting fact and I decided to see how well it worked.

worked.

I took a list of sixty-seven saloons, twenty-three of them in two blocks in Clark street, twelve in one block on State street, twenty-two in three blocks on West Madison street, and two in one block on Despiaines street, where 5-cent whisky is sold, and, dreased as a ragged hum, and as a stranger whom no ged bum, and as a stranger whom no one knew, I myself and two other bums visited these saloous.

Its Easy.

Its Easy.

I went into one of the places, stood around a little while, and the first man who came in and bought a drink I started up a conversation with, and he invited me to have a drink, and then another. As he started to order the third round, I said: "Pal, I'm hungry; let me have a little change to get something to eat."

He refused to let me have a cent, but bought three of ur three more drinks.

In another saloon, I went in and stood around but I didn't say a word to any one. In less than ten minutes a burn started a coversation with me, then a friend of his came in and bought us both several drinks. I told him that I hadn't had anything to eat all day, but he kept on buying drinks and never offered to buy anything to eat.

In that same saloon after those men had gone cut, in less than an hour, three different men bought me a drink without any advance on my part. I observed that other penniless men were enjoying the same advantage.

In another saloon, a laborer, who was drunk—so drunk that he could hardly stand up or speak—came in and ordered

so drunk that he could hardly a drink for everybody.

It is easier to get a drink than something to eat.

The great objection that charity workers, philanthropists and preachers have to relping the tramp is that he has been u-inking and his breath smells of liquor.

And as to the 200 men or more who have come to my office during the past eight weeks, I observed that among soperern of them a distinct alcoholic odor could be detected.

These men were all penniless. They stated that they had spent no money to liquor, and that if they received some money they would not buy liquor with it. So I gave them the price of a limeal and a bed.

And when some of them came back if observed that they had been drinking again. I immediately took if for granted that these men had spent the money for liquor. But during my t-liks with them (I never ask them any questions) they stated that while standing around the saloon or lodging house, some friend of theirs or a stranger invited them to have a drink, and that this happened a dozen or more times a day, said that that, waz the reduced had been drinking.

Whisky, but No Food.

They also stated that the same men who bought them adozen drinks, would refuse to give them any money, not have a drink, and that this happened as dozen or more times a day said that that, waz the reduced had been drinking.

Whisky, but No Food.

They also stated that the same men who bought them adozen drinks, would refuse to give them any money, not a lickel.

I watched some of these men I had been giving money to and found that they spent all their money for food and lodging, and yet managed to get pleint to drink. That was an interesting fact and I decided to see how well it.

I took a list of sixty-seven saloons.

The kind of Liquor.

The find the nonly recayed out. At the next saloon I went in stagger had been drinking.

It is easier to beight was the men is stopped as the bound of the men, I observed that among to the money to the men in the drink when some one bought it for them. All one has to do is to stand vink when some one one of these men I had be

The Kind of Liquor.

I believe that all of the whisky I obtained was unadulterated so far as harmful ingredients were concerned. An interesting fact is that the liquor is not very high proof, or very strong, and a glass of 5-cent booze has less physiological effect than a glass of Hunter ve or a Manhattan cocktail.

A man who drinks from five to a hundred glasses of liquor a day, naturally dred glasses of liquor a day, naturally

dred glasses of liquor a day, naturally isn't the man an employer wants, and consequently he has a hard time to get a job. And if he does get one, he has

a job. And if he does get one, he has a hard time to keep it.

The charity worker, the charitable organizations will not help such a man, even though he is starving, because he drinks. They think that they give him any money he will drink it up. This is not true.

The Remedy.

This is not a difficult problem to solve. There is only a certain number of saloons where these men congre-

Don't send them to jail for being drunk. They need hospital care. They don't need the jail, which does them harm, and not good. drunk.

Provide institutions where they can go and be taken care of until they be-

go and be taken care of until they become themselves again. Then get them a job before they leave.

Make it a little more difficult for them to get liquor and a little easier for them to get back to respectability.

Tone up the character of this class of saloons. There is a law against selling liquor to drunkards. Enforce this law.

Secure work for these men. liquor to drunkards. Enforce Secure work for these men.

Pinkertons Lavish Money On Witness

Continued from First Page

"And did they tell you that Fetti-cone was in business on Stout street?"

bone was in business on Stout street?" asked Darrow. "No. sir," replied the witness, who was then excused. Vindicator Story.

Was then excused.

Vindicator Story.

This ended the tracing of the letter, and the prosecution turned to the task of corroborating Orchard's testimony as to his experiences in 'the Vindicator mine at Cripple Creek.

Clarence L. Harrah was called to the stard. The witness worked on a cage in the Vindicator mine in 1903 at the time Orchard said he and a companion went into the mine to set off a carload of powder they had discovered. They were discovered by a cage man, but drove him back by shooting at him. Harrah told on the stand todry of having discovered a man in' one of the tunnels. The man shot at him and the went back to his cage. Harrah said he saw only one man. The incident occurred 800 feet down, in the eighth level.

On cross examination Harrah said he reported the matter to the mine superfentendent. A search was made of the level, but no one was found. The militia infer in the night made a search of the entire mine, but found no one.

"Who first talked to you about this matter in connection with this case." asked Darrow.

"A man who said be was a United States deputy came to the mill in Colorado City where I was working on May 16."

Clash Over Witness.

ostmaster at San Francisco, who was deputy said it was his business to sub

postmaster at San Francisco, who was interrogated as to a registered letter orchard said he received from Pettibone while in San Francisco. Orchard said he was going by the name of "John Dempsey" at the time, and Pettibone used the name of "J. Wolff" in transmitting the letter, which contained 1100.

Postmaster McClaughry produced the registry records of the San Francisco office, which show the receipt of the letter in question on Aug. 13, 1904. The envelope was postmarked "Denver, Aug. 10, 1904."

The records showing the delivery of the letter from "J. Wolff" to "John Dempsey" were admitted in evidence by Judge Wood over the protest of the attorncys for the defense, who objected on the ground that there was nothing to connect the defendant, Haywood, with the matter.

The only questions put to McClaughry on cross examination had to do with who requested his presence in Bosse. The witness said a private detective came to him alout the matter.

Following McClaughry came Frank Isaacs, registry clerk in the San Francisco postoffice, who further identified the record, introduced in evidence. On cross examination Isaacs said he was ubpoena geople. Harrah could not remember the mane the mane of the attended with prevalence of the state and defeuse with the was to come to Bosse.

Counsel for the state and defeuse got the attended there was nothing to the evidence of the sections. Harrah dended any intention to dodge anything. During Harrah's testimony, some woman smong the spectators gave an audible hiss. Judge Wood said if there was any demonstration of any kind in the future he would clear the room.

Luncheon recess was taken until 130 p. m., with Harrah still on the stand.

Describes Death.

Charl. Johnson was in the nine at the time of the explosion which killed Superintendent McCornick and him authors.

The only questions put to McClaughry came frank lease of the state of the explosion occurred on the sixth. He described the effect of the explosion the mine at the time of the explosion the mine at the time of the

Borah's Point.

"Hold on," called Senator Borah, who was conducting the examination for the state. "Did the fact that you were summoned by a detective change the postoffice records in any way?"

"No, sir," laughed the witness.

The next step in tracing the letter was the introduction of Miss Pearl Moore of the Denver postoffice. Miss Moore, a petite and pretty little brunette, was a substitute in the registry division in Denver in 1964. She identified an entry which she wrote in the "received registry book," which showed the receipt of a letter from "J. Wolff, 1725 Stout street at that time?" asked Senator Borah.

"Mr. Pettibone," repiled the witness.

Miss Moore was briefly cross examination was directed to an effort to show that the company kept powder stored on the sixth level on the sixth level was substitute in the registry division in Denver in 1964. She identified an entry which she wrote in the "received registry book," which showed the receipt of a letter from "J. Wolff, 1725 Stout street at that time?" asked Senator Borah.

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Identifies Steve Adams.

Here the prosecution took a new course, introducing a witness to corroborate Orchard when he srid Haywood told him he had sent Steve Adams to Chiffornia to get Fred Bradley in 1992. J. H. McIntyre, a special officer of the Southern Pacific company, was called to the stand and testified to arresting Adams and another man in a sealed fruit car which had just arrived in Ogden from California. The mets were heavily armed.

The witness, at this point, was confronted by Steve Adams. He identified Adams as one of the men arrested.

Orchard testified that Haywood had said Adams got in some trouble en route home and he had to send him some money to Ogden.

The defense-objected to allowing McIntyre's testimony as having nothing to do with the Steunenberg murder.

The prosecution argued that it was a part of the general compiracy and Judge Wood roled to admit.

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Sometimes Socialists are inclined to grow discouraged. The arguments of Socialism appear to them so unanswerable, the proofs of the class war so apparent that it is impossible to understand why the working-class do not rise at once and free themselves.

Then when the signs of movement among the laborers are not strikingly evident, when there are momentary decreases in the vote cast for Socialist candidates, there is apt to be a sense of discour-

But when a view is taken running over even a few years this discouragement turns to astonishment at the remarkable progress which has been made.

Ten years ago there was not a line of Socialist literature being regularly published in Chicago. Papers that had once existed had disappeared. The vote was at its lowest ebb. The membership of the organization did not exceed two or three hundred.

Contrast this with the condition today. There is no better test of socialist activity than its press. This is recognized in every country in the world. The socialist press is at once a test of activity and strength, a measure of propaganda done and of the power and the willingness of the Socialists to sacrifice and to work for their

Measured by this standard Chicago has reached a position which is probably realized by but a very few even of those who are active members of the Socialist Party in this city.

THERE ARE ALMOST AS MANY SOCIALIST PAPERS PUBLISHED IN CHICAGO TODAY AS IN ALL THE REST OF THE UNITED STATES COMBINED.

It is doubtful if there is a member of the Socialist Party in day and night and seemed by the very Chicago, aside from the officials of the Party, who are compelled to make a record of these things, who could name all the Socialist papers published in the city.

THERE ARE THREE DAILIES, THREE WEEKLIES, TWO SEMI-MONTHLIES, AND TWO MONTHLY SOCIAL-IST PERIODICALS ISSUED AT THE PRESENT TIME FROM Bobby may have been a favorite be- under his fellows in doing more or serv-THE CHICAGO POSTOFFICE. At least that is the count up to the hour of going to press, but there may be some not accounted for.

The Bohemians have a daily, the "Spravedlnost," published at 683 Loomis street, which is now in its second year and which, after some ups and downs, seems to have become firmly established, and is doing splendid propaganda work among Bohemian working men

On the sixteenth of last March the Polish Socialists established its case by a comparison of the Socialing the responsibility and right of the "Dzennik Ludowy," with offices at 921 Milwaukee avenue. This latest of the socialist dailies of Chicago is already reported to be almost on a self-supporting basis and gaining new friends daily, That this result has been accomplished in the midst of the strain and struggle attendant on the creation of the Chicago Daily Socialist 3 per cent, of the total vote. New York speaks volumes for the ability of the Polish workers.

"Neues Leben." the German weekly, is one of the older Socialist papers of Chicago, yet it is only in its fifth year. Its office is in the rooms of the Daily Socialist. Its work for Socialism among the Idaho, with 85 per cent. native, Debs German working-class readers has gained it a firm-place in socialist got 5 per cent, while in Massachusetts,

"Revyen" is a Scandinavian weekly which has been published for several years, but which has only recently become unreservedly a supporter of the Socialist Party. It has a wide circulation between demagogy and morals, the throughout the country, is ably edited and a firmly established in- states with the largest percentage of stitution.

"Glas Svobode" is a socialist weekly, published in the Slavonian language, at 669 Loomis street, and is doubtless unknown to most of our readers, although doing faithful work in its own field.

"Igaszsag" probably has a strange sound to most of our readers, but it is the name of a new semi-monthly socialist paper published in Chicago to the Hungarian Socialists. It has been running for only two months and is issued from 272 Blue Island avenue.

About six months ago "The Christian Socialist" was moved from Danville, Ill., to 5406 Drexel boulevard, Chicago, adding one more to the socialist press of the city.

A few days ago the first number of the "Socialist Woman" was P issued from 619 East 55th Sweet, Chicago. This little monthly is designed especially for work among the working women of the

The patriarch among Chicago Socialist periodicals is the "International Socialist Review," and it has just completed its sixth year with the June number. It is published at 264 East Kinzie street, is devoted more to the discussion of subjects of interest to Socialists and to scholarly articles by students than most of the others,
and appears once each month

and appears once each month.

It will be noticed that several of these have been started during the six months that the Daily Socialist has been striving to establish itself. Each one has had its struggles and has needed the help of those especially interested.

those especially interested. Even these do not exhaust the list, for the Jewish and the Ger-

Bven these do not exhaust the list, for the Jewish and the German Socialists have each taken steps to establish daily papers in their respective language.

Contrast this situation with that of a decade ago,—and ten years is not so long a period even in the life of the individual, while it is but the twinkling of an eye in the periods of a nation's existence. It will then become evident at what a rate Socialism is growing.

It will also give something of an idea of the burden which the Socialists of Chicago have been supporting during the past few months. Perhaps they undertook too much. Yet, the success which has been achieved with these papers have seemed to come in response to a demand which could not be withstood. They have been called a demand which could not be withstood. They have been called into existence by events and then it was felt that they must be maintained.

In the face of these facts the Daily Socialist feels justified in asking the assistance of Socialists in every part of the country. It is, after all, by far the largest undertaking of the whole number, and with its success or failure will depend much of the success or failure not only of these others, but of many not yet in existence.

Plans are now on foot to consolidate the publishing of several of these papers. The additional loan for which the Daily Socialist has asked would make possible the installation of the additional material and machinery to publish any or all of these with the plant of this paper.

No Socialist can look upon this result without a feeling of encouragement. It tells of much that has been accomplished in the past. It demands that greater things shall be done in the future.

When these papers are firmly established, when on the success which they shall have achieved there shall have been built up a socialist press with more efficient news service, with larger circulation and greater power than the press of capitalism, it will be something of which to be proud, to have had a hand in that work.

Fortunately all can share in the task who wish. There is no one that cannot at least add a few subscribers to building up the circulation, which is the one thing upon which success of every

kind depends.

WHEN ANOTHER TEN YEARS HAVE GONE BY ADDING EVEN GREATER ADVANCES YOU WILL WANT TO BE ABLE TO SAY THAT YOU DID YOUR SHARE IN

FURTHERING THAT PROGRESS. DO SOMETHING TO HELP NOW

NO PLACE FOR MANHOOD. By R. J. C.

oarding house one may well study the effects of capitalism in its destructive influence upon the home and el' that

have no children, vomen struggling for life in the world of industry, and home men who as a rule have reached oint where the hope of real happiness is dead within them and sensuality is too apt to supply its pearest epproach. In this wreckage, mostly without a name, place or value, drifting upon the sea of society there was on bright spot that stands out in contrast weeds; or a nest of white doves among vultures: A happy married couple and their little "Bobby," seven ye rs old, who for valid reasons had temporarily adopted this life. -

The beauty of this oasis in the desert was emphasized when the strong man was stricken down with an acute and of manhood crushed out of him. listressing timess. For several days the outcome seemed uncertain. Any hustled away to the hospital to live or die as the case might be under the doubtful ministration of strangers who had no care or interest except for the pay they might get. But here was a guardian angel who watched over him power of her love to win in the fight must work them, as he can't afford against death. He is one of those who not to. If he can increase his chances can appreciate the poets beautiful by geiting into a church or masoni-

"For thy sweet love remembered. such wealth brings. That then I score to change my state with kings." Little ployers' favorable notice, by cutting

fact that the red flag Socialists are

shows that the Socialistic vote was the

the alien has not yet obtained a forting.

state, with its large foreign population

Virginia; with 97 per cent, of native

vote, gave the Socialists 6 per cent: In

with its large alien population, he re

In every question which has been set

tled by popular vote in this country

since the civil war, where the issue was

ceived but 3 per cent.

Debs got in the whole United States

SOCIALISM NOT AN ALIEN DANGER

not necessarily all aliens; and proves marriage, religion and he safe guard-

smallest where the alien vote was the evil effects of administration, of largest and largest in the states where other countries. The emigrant has been

Living at a low-priced city hote; or agreeable disposition. Perhaps also it must know that if all did the was easier to like him because of his charming mother. "Blood will tell," and benefit no one but the employer and he was born with a good inherit- but he trusts others will not do it and

> arms extended across the passage play-to marrying the daughter of a successfully demanding, "A penny to pass," sus exploiter if possible. Be a little mar Entering into the spirit of his play the while you may, Bobby, for you will penny was offered, and the writer will not soon forget the air of wounded pride and insulted dignity with which he dropped his playfulness and silently marched away. He had no thought of being taken in earnest, and the true with keen satisfaction of a profitable essentials of manhood were early being instilled into him. He scorned to put himself in the position of suppliant or beggar asking or receiving something for nothing where a feeling of equality to follow little Bobby out into the world as he joins the army of workers and see this fine sense of honor and spirit

Unless his father develops into : cessful exploiter, Bobby will find that others own everything upon which his life and wellbeing depend and he must throw manhood to the dogs and get a foothold by any means possible and b ready to sacrifice anything and every thing to keep it. If he has any friend, or relatives who can give him a chance in preference to others (a "pull"), he or other order he must do it. He can't afford to do otherwise. He must miss no chance to bring himself to his em-

The allens in this country believe in

tends toward true morality and happi- ance in this respect, supplemented by so he may gain at their expense.

Personal toward true morality and happi- ance in this respect, supplemented by so he may gain at their expense.

Success is so uncertain and hard to Meeting him in the hall one day with win that he must play every card, ever

find no place for manhood in a system that compels you to beg of others your chance to live.

"A Pullmen conductor running be tween Chicago and Los Angeles tells trip. Many wealthy people travel over the route, and on this occasion he catered to his passenger with such agreable discretion that the man slipped a \$20.00 bill into his hand before leaving the car.

New think of anyone offering the giver of this generous tip \$20.00 in a spirit of benevolent kindness. Could a greater insult be imagined? He could of exploiting manhood may be doubtful, but the conductor, being a dependent worker, could not afford to be anything but a contemptible mendicant glad to accept anything a master may kindly give, whether it be a tip or a job.

Teacher's Pet

At school he rather counted some, Did Ferdinand Alonzo Plum; His desk was at the very front, And there he'd do his little stunt And work his sums, and be so good We said he fed on angel's food. When no one else could understand Or snswer give, up went his hand: And somehow, too, he always knew Who placed a tack, or spitballs ble And then when teacher asked he'd

Please, that was William Arthur

Then if I licked the little brat, Then if I licked the little brat,
He'd tell and get me licked for that.
He kept a little sponge and rag.
To clean his slate, and as for tag.
He called it "brutal"—so he'd stay.
And study when we went to play,
And fill the link-wells up, and do
A lot of things for teacher, too—
At school he rather counted some,
Did Ferdinand Alonzo Plum. The New York Times has done a pub-latiens have always stood most firmly lic service in calling attention to the for the moral side of the question.

marriage, religion and he safe guarding the responsibility and right of the individual. They love this country the more because they have suffered from the evil effects of administration of the evil effects of administration of other countries. The emigrant has been credited with being the backbone of Socialism because some emigrants have the loudest mouths, and do the most talking about it; but these individual tilling diseases should not be held up to the discredit of the entire population of alien birth or descent. Socialism is a foreign disease, but in the United Staten it seems to be most catching in the states where there are the fewest foreign disease, but in the United Staten it seems to be most catching in the states where there are the fewest foreign disease, but in the United Staten it seems to be most catching in the states where there are the fewest foreign disease, but in the United Staten it seems to be most catching in the states where there are the fewest foreign disease, but in the United Staten it seems to be most catching in the states where there are the fewest foreign disease, but in the United Staten it seems to be most catching in the states where there are the fewest foreign disease, but in the United Staten it seems to be most catching in the states where there are the fewest foreign disease, but in the United Staten it seems to be most catching in the states where there are the fewest foreign disease, but in the United Staten it seems to be most catching in the states where there are the fewest foreign disease, but in the United Staten in the United St

Dissolving the Duma

It is announced as if it were some wonderful discovery that the Socialist members of the Russian duma are "plotting" the overthrow of the autocracy and the establishment of a democratic form of government. Consequently the duma is to be dissolved and, so the press dispatches naively add, "The progress of the revolution stopped."

Probably the only ones who are not disturbed by this announceneat are the revolutionists. They know that the revolution did not begin with the duma, that it is not dependent on the duma, that it has proceeded so far without the support of the decrees of the czar, but in spite of those decrees, and that it will go in spite of duma, czar or army.

The rise of the duma, its election, its rebellion, its dissolution, its second election, its deliberations, its second rebellion and impending dissolution are but incidents in the progress of the revolution.

Revolutions are not made and unmade by decrees, dissolutions or elections. These are but the surface phenomena that give evidence of the revolution that is in progress.

The revolution is in the mighty uprising of the peasants and factory workers, in the great elemental upheaval of the downmost mass of the nation. This upheaval may express itself in a multitude of ways. It has so expressed itself in the past, in general strikes, in mad riots, in passive momentary endurance of outrages, in great street demonstrations, in long processions to Siberia, in "hunger strikes" in the prisons and mines, in the sacrificing labor of propagandists of every sort.

Yet the revolution does not come because of any of these. They in turn are but indications, not causes. The revolution comes, as all revolutions come, because of the existence of oppression and exploitation and injustice IN A LONG OUTLIVED ECONOMIC ENVIRONMENT.

The revolution comes because the industrial life of Russia has gone on to the point where it can no longer exist with autocracy and serfdom, and pauperized peasants.

The revolution is coming because the industrial life has produced great working class who are interested in overthrowing that government and who are intelligent enough to know their interests and how to secure them.

It was this class of intelligent rebels, the Socialists, who forced the formation of the first duma, who then fought within that duma until the autocracy dissolved it, and who then compelled the calling of a second, in which they were stronger than in the first. Now they are compelling the dissolution of the second, and it is announced that this will be followed by a period of reaction, in which the army will be used to crush out the revolution.

But armies do not crush out revolutions. They may kill race after race of revolutionists, but new ones are ever born again.

The army can crush the revolution only if it can give freedom to the peasants, opportunity to the workers, liberty to all. If the czar would crush the revolution he must try something different from shootings, and Black Hundreds, and imprisonment, and "Pogroms," and oppression.

He must give democracy, not alone in government, but in industry, for these rebels know why they rebel and will be content with no empty husks.

But these things the czar cannot give. His class would not permit it even if his weak brain could conceive of such a thing.

THESE THINGS MUST EVER BE TAKEN, NEVER

AND THE TAKING OF THEM IS REVOLUTION.

ORCHARD'S RECITAL OF CRIME

The world may well pause amazed at the weight in the minds of the prejuhe recital of crimes by Harry Orchard, diced public. the star witness for the prosecution in Orchard admits, on the stand, that the Haywood trial. Orchard says his he was a detective in the employ of D. right name is Horsley, and that he is C. Scott before he met Haywood and

man of Governor Gooding of Idaho.

and made to form a connected series. The ingenuity of the shrewdest and crimes, his consciencelessness, his camost unscrupulous detective agency in crimes on the officers of a miners' un-

industries of the west.

The next few days will find, however, Orchard's story riddled to shreds, and already the press reports are teening already the press reports are teening self, makes it impossible for any unself, makes it impossible for any unself, makes it impossible for any unself, and the press reports are teening self, makes it impossible for any unself, and the press reports are teening self, makes it impossible for any unself, and the press reports are teening self, makes it impossible for any unself, and the press reports are teening self, makes it impossible for any unself, and the press reports are teening self, and the pr denials and refutations. These

native of Canada, a fellow country- Moyer. He recounts numerous crimes committed on his own responsibility The sensational testimony which the and at the instigation of the railroad persecutors of the officers of the West- detectives before his acquaintance with ern Federation of Miners have boasted the federation officials, and it will be they will produce is now before the difficult for the prosecution to convince reading public with all the ghastly details. The annals of the western states was not a spy employed by the Mine have been searched and all the crimes Owners' association for the sole purcommitted during the past ten years pose of involving the miners' union in have been carefully gathered together deeds of violence. The ease with which Orchard committed the most dastardly reer before his arrest for the Steunenthe world has been used to gather and berg assassination, his actions since, his manufacture evidence to fasten these treatment by the state officials, his admission that he received money from ion which has been putting up a valuant Governor Gooding, all point plainly to fight against the Mexicanb on of the the contention of the Appeal and the

with denials and refutations. These prejudiced mind to accept any other refutations, however, will carry but lit- conclusion.—Appeal to Reason.

A new use has been found for the doctrine of conversion. It has been instrumental in increasing the salary and enhancing the caputation of ambitious revivalists. . Some loosely denounce the converts" as "acting the hypocrit." Others, failing to see any motive in such acting, attribute the supposed change of heart to the influence of

change of heart to the influence of strong emotion.

However, occasionally a poor wretch is frightened by a sulphurus sermon to the alter or baptismal font and confesses to a crime which he has committed. He is arrested, tried and sentenced to pay the legal penalty, but he has the satisfaction of dying with a clear conscience. Perhaps some innocent person, on whom a cloud of suspicion has rested, is vindicated. So the most profound skeptle is forced to admit the good results of the preacher's labor.

But in the great class-war being waged in Idaho the motive of the arch fend in professing conversion is too dransparent to deceive anyone with some judgment. There is a suggestion of a bond between church and the state, that is, capital—using the doctrine of regeneration as a weapon against labor, the worm that has turned.

There are a great number of followers of the one who represents the Star of Bethlehem in the world, and they are honest in their belief and the worst that can be said of them is that they do not practice what they preach. We admit that the real Christianity is not practice what they preach. We admit that the real Christianity is not practice what they preach. We admit that the real Christianity is not practice what they preach. We admit that the real Christianity is not practice with the cooperative commonwealth we will simply have the common

turned.

A writer in the Tribune, which is always true to its class interests, told a scoffing world that "the Orchard who is now on the witness stand is not the same Orchard who killed ex-Governor Steunenberg." etc. Now it is up to some evangelist to come forward and try to "convert" the defendants for according to their dogma, the "clesnsing blood" has the same affinity for one sinuer as for another. Then we might say that the Haywood who will appear on the witness stand will not be the same Haywood who, as it was alleged committed so many crimes. Why not:

THIS Orchard has the grace of God in his heart, they say. "The grace of

the devil, rather," is the verdict of a number of people whom the sanctimonlous villain has named in his testimony; for no sooner was it published than the wires were kept hot with messages from these people denying his statements. Some of them will also deny them it sourt if they are not infinidated by the prosecution. So if Orchard has the grace of God, as Mary Mc-Clane says, "kind Devil, deliver us from it."

EVA OSUF'S NICHOLS.

OF INTEREST TO WOMEN Edited by Marie Jayne

True and False Patriotism

ATRIOTISM had its inning in Chicago yesterday, and every school-boy and girl from the Ghetto to the boy and girl from the Ghetto to the stock yards was taught to hurrah for the American flag.

The day marked the supposed 120th birthday of the American flag. This-year the Ameri-

year the Ameri-ican Flag associa-tion that has kept up an active agi-tation for several years, and which

fing.
As a result the flag was ren up

An one school on the north side the teacher in a grade school heid an interesting flag day exercise. "All is not gold that glitters," she said to her children on opening the exercises, "so all that this flag waves over is not good." She soncluded her remarks to her school with the scattement. "Do not be lead away by symbols. If this flag waves over oppression, remember that, and make the removal of it more important in your lives than the empty act of saluting a flag."

Moral Furniture

When we furnish a house we stamp it with our own personality. If we like gitter and show, we buy glitter and show in the furniture, is rugs and in wall hangings. If we have our preference upon more substantial things, we seek good material, honest workmanship, and harmony of line and color, as our clothes reflect our taste in matters of dress, so our dwellings proclaim, in far louder tones, our taste in decorsative matters.

The responsibility of furnishing a house is more than individual. The housekeper, in paking selections for her library, her dising-room, or her hall, welds 2 far streater power for good or ill than she magnes. She is making herself responsible for the esthetic and moral development of her children. Unconscious influences are strongest, therefore the importance of good early surroundings cannot be overestimated. The demoralizing effects of shoddy furniture tree seldom realized during childrens but they are far reaching, nevertheless, and are rarely limited to matters of tasts. Sham woods sham carving, and sham gold are accepted as real by the child, and there is danger that he will accept

shams as a matter of course—in furniture and in other things also.

The world is full of beautiful objects with which to adorn our homes, yet few really beautiful homes exist. There are several reasons for this, but two are pre-eminent. First, taste in this country has not kept pace with progress in other lines. Second, an erroneous idea prevails that good is always costly. On the contrary, the good is less coatly than the monstrositie in furniture which the bewildered housekeeper buys because she does not possess the necessary taste, or because she thinks the kind of furniture she wishes is beyond her means. In buying for your house do not purchase with the present alone in view. Think of the future as well.

Colonial furniture was built for more

Colonial furniture was built for more than a day; it was honestly built on lines which designers of the present have not surpassed.

This is the type of furniture to buy for our homes: to place in our diningrooms, our libraries and our bedrooms; to use with pleasure and to pass on to rooms, our libraries and our bedrooms; to use with pleasure and to pass on to our children. And it may be stated that this furniture is not difficult to obtain if one will take the trouble to secure it. It may be found at furniture dealers' in every city; the price is not prohibitive—on the contrary, a pure Colonial sideboard may be purchased at a spice no greater than the immoral production of some fantastic designer—From "House Beautifal."

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Dress Suggestions

A favorite form of embellishment for shirt-waist is the narrow stitched ex-plait. This latest development a shirt-wale.

bux-plait. This latest development lends itself espectify to the lighter materials. In Nattier blue dimity with white pin-dots it is a neat and pretty

The vogue of the Japanese or kimono sleeve has impressed itself upon every phase of the season's fashions, from the delicate lingeric gown to severely tail-ored effects.

The pony coat holds its own this season, because of its extreme becomingness to some figures.

The modern style of skirt demands closely tailored fitting of petticoats to be worn under them.

Boas and ruffs have achieved remarkable popularity during the spring and will be worn with the summer gowns throughout the season, as their becomingness is undentable. The fuller and fuffier they are the better, and the addition of chenille dors on the fluted edges adds much to their beauty.

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Socialist Cook Book Blackberry Cake.

One cup soft white sugar, half cup utter, three eggs, three-fourths cup of sisckberry jam, half cup sour milk, one ablespoon soda, two cups and one table-poon of flour, one teaspoonful cinna-non (pulverized), half teaspoonful leves (pulverized), one teaspoonful aktor nowder. baking powder. MARY E. BABRITT.

Lockland, Ohio. Stewart Pie

One teacup of 'cown sugar, half cup of butter, one teacup of cream or new milk; four eggs. Beat the yolks, light add the sugar and milk and flavoring then the butter after browning in the oven. Beat the whites to a stiff froth and add last. This makes two pies.

MRS. F. G. HNNSS.

Springfield; Ill.

Dignities

(To an Apartment House.)
Or there or here, to toll or pleasure led,
The tenants p. ss an cut each other

once; The third floor Smiths regret the fourth floor Browns; The latter deprecate the fifth floor's

gowns; And Mrs. Carrollton, the first floor—she Whose carriage chills the street, from 9 to 3— Bemoans the fate that here bath fixed

her tent.

And queries how those people pay the Meanwhile, beneath their several sta-

Meanwhile, below tions sunk.

The janitor abides; serenely drunk.

I wonder whether, if the boller burst, if the order out the or the Carrollton would come out first.

—Anonymous.

"Oh, Freedom, deepen thou a grave Where every king and every slave Shall drop in crown or chain, Till only man remain."

Author unknown

For Home Dressmakers



MISSES' NINE-GORED BOX-PLAITED

SKIRT.
With Side-Plaited Sections Forming Lower
Part of Side-Front and Side-Back Gores.

Part of Side-Front and Side-Back Gorss.

Paris Pattern No. 1945.

All Seams Allowed.

A skirt that combines so many elements of grace and style must appeal to women of good laste who desire to see their daughters apprepriately gowned. For sicilience, serge, alpacs, or in rajah, Birmingham or taffetas, it develops beautifully, and is a good model for the heavy white washable skirts in piqué or similar materials.

The pattern is in 4 sizes—14 to 17 years. For a miss of 15 years the skirt, made of goods with nab, needs 9 % yards 20 inches wide, or 5 % Yards 26 inches wide, or 5 % Yards 26 inches wide, or 3 % yards 54 inches wide, or 3 % yards 55 inches wide, or 5 % yards 56 inches wide.

Price of pattern, 10 cents.

Church and State in Idaho.