# NEW MILITANT

Official Organ of the Workers Party of the U.S.

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# Communist Party Trails F.D. Bandwagon

## Aid the Russian Bolshevik Exiles!

# Persecution

#### New Decree Directs Violence of Regime Against Revolutionists

By L. TROTSKY

The March 15th issue of Pravda carries a semi-official order that emanates from a high source, obviously from Stalin, and that deals with the treatment to be accorded the expelled party members. The question is not a simple one because, as we have only to recall, from the second half of last year to the present day more than 300,000 have been expelled, perhaps, even half a milion. The smallest percentage of the party members expelled is 7%, but in several instances over one-third have been expelled. At the present time the purge is continuing under the guise of "exchanging the party cards", or, as Stalin's order states, the party continues to rid itself of "Trotskyists, Zinovievists, White Guards, and other filth." This list and the order of naming the cat egories of the expelled have become very firmly established, and, moreover, in all the lists, both local and general, the "Trotskyists" invariably occupy the first place. This means that the heaviest blows are directed against them.

Stalin's order leaves no room for doubt on this score. On the surface the order seems to be intended as a check upon the excessive zeal of local organizations who are depriving all the expelled of work. With unexampled bureaucratic jesuitism, Stalin intervenes in behalf of certain categories of the expelled. Thus, the order remarks that certain communists have been expelled discipline or of party ethics. Harshness toward them is unwarranted. If they are to compromised for their old work, they must be given new work. One should not needlessly breed enemies. "Unfortunately, this simple truth is not understood everywhere". A man who has committed "some sort of a grave breach of party ethics" may nevertheless remain a "useful individual for our socialist country." Under one condition: that he is not an "enemy," i.e., the enemy of the bureaucracy. If a man has embezzled, given or taken bribes, beat up an underling, or raped a girl, in short, committed a "grave breach of party ethics" but has in the meantime remained loyal to the powers that be, then this "useful individual" must be given other work. The chief quality that the order demands from the party leaders is: "the ability to distinguish between the enemy and the non-enemy." Ruthlessness is recommended only with regard to the political opponent. A docile grafter is not an enemy. The mortal enemy is the honest oppositionist who must be deprived of work of every kind.

The only employer in the U.S.S.R. is the bureaucracy. Stalin's order implies in practice the doom of tens of thousands of Oppositionists to the tortures of unemployment and homelessness, even when they are exiled. To be sure, this used to be done before too, but not in every case. Today, this has been erected into a system.

This order of Stalin which bears the caption "On Bolshevik Vigilance" must be brought to the attention of the workers the world over. Not a single appropriate occasion should be missed to raise this question at workers' meetings. Wherever possible, it is necessary to penetrate into the trade union press. Everything must be done to prevent Stalin from physically ex- during the late unlamented strike, after its own fashion. terminating tens of thousands of irreproachable young fighters. March 25, 1936.

## ATTENTION

Max Shachtman, editor of the New International will speak on "Browder: the Man and His Books," Wed, May 20th, 8 P.M. at Irving Plaza, Irving Place and 15th Street.

## Stalin Plans Report Death, Suffering Wholesale In Statin's Siberian Jail Drive to Organize Industry Major Problem Before

The following information on our prisoners in the U.S.S.R. has been received from an absolutely trustworthy source. For obvious reasons we cannot disclose the name of our informant:

1) Our comrade SOLNTSEV, imprisoned in 1929 after his return from America served three years in prison and then an additional two. Released at the beginning of 1935, he was deported to the Siberian frontier-I do not know the name of the locality, but I was in indirect communication with him-in a village where it was impossible for him to find work and where he therefore suffered the greatest physical privation. At the end of 1935, he was arrested again, without any conceivable legal reason, and soon condemned to 3 or 5 years in prison. He refused to undergo this punishment and carried through a hunger strike lasting about 20 days in defense of his "freedom" of exile. He won his point; the N.K.W.D. consented to send him to Minoussinsk where his exiled wife and son awaited him. On route, travelling by stages with other prisoners, he fell ill with exhaustion (inflammation of the internal ear), was operated on immediately in the hospital at Novosibirsk where he died last January (1936).

2) All the Trotskyist exiles of Tara, a dozen comrades among whom is Guerstein, were arrested in January-February. This means that a "case" is being cooked up against them which can only end by their removal to concentration camps for long terms.

3) LADO DOUMBADZE must be saved. Wounded in the civil war, seriously bruised besides, he is paralyzed in both arms. Imprisoned, in 1934-35 he was moved from Souzdal to Boutirky, from Boutirky to exile, from exile again to Souzdal, rapidly transferred from prison to prison, from city to city, without obtaining any real care, he becomes more seriously ill. They ended by exiling him to Sarapoul, where he is alone, an invalid, receiving an allowance of 50 roubles a month. It is almost impossible for him to dress and undress himself; he has no one to care for him, letters seldom/reach him, it is only with the greatest pain that he succeeds in writing a few lines and then after hours of painful travail.—I read one of these letters, it is a tragic document; but if we do not obtain care for him or other living conditions, LADO DOUMBDAZE is lost; his heroism can now serve him only to go under like a man.

I believe it necessary to broadcast widely the sufferings and death of Solntsev, the danger to Doumbadze. My information is quite reliable and for my part I will do everything in my power. . . .

I have read Tarov and Ciliga: they are, on the whole, understating the case. The truth is much worse,

## Pressure Forces Victor ${f Serge's Release from S.U.}$

After three years of exile in Stalin's Siberia, Victor Serve, author of "The Year One of the Russian Revolution" and many other working and a life-long and devoted militant in the revolutionary movement, has been released and returned to Belgium.

He was arrested in 1933 by an administrative order to the G.P.U. and exiled without the slightest semblance of a trial in violation of the Soviet laws for his continued refusal to give up his revolutionary views and prostitute himself to the task of liquidating the October Revolution.

He was deprived of all communication with the outside world, and blacklisted so that he was unable to obtain employment in Orenburg, where he was exiled. For three years he tried to support a sick wife and child on the meagre returns from the publication of his works in France. During this time the Stalinist bureaucrats constantly harrassed him for a capitulation.

On April 1 of this year the growing wave of protest against the treatment of Serge, especially in France where a committee of prominent authors carried on a long fight for his release, finally forced the Stalinist bureaucrats to let him go. But they took their revenge by holding his former secretary, a young French stenographer, who was completely inactive in politics, as a "hostage." At the same time all

Serge's papers, notes and manuscripts for books, in which the authorities vainly searched for "counter-revolutionary" statements were confiscated.

The release of Serge is the second victory of this year in the struggle to free the thousands of revolutionists who are rotting in the tails and in exile in the Soviet Union, jailed and exiled by administrative decrees without trial, and unknown even to the population of the

## Union Blooms Out of Their In Akron Own Mouths

By BLAKE LEAR

"The Real Facts!"

then fired into the crowd.

The pamphlet, cleverly signed "A Goodyear Worker," portrays the Goodyear as a veritable Garden of unanswerable question to persons Eden before the snake of unionism in this part of the country is why arrived. The ugly lynch spirit per- the mere flogging and tar and feathvading the screed is well shown in ering of three men, one of them so the following quotation: "There is severely that he died, should atanother condition in the shop today | tract such widespread attention in and that is there are some very the United States.

(Continued on Page 4)

It is not often that the capitalist AKRON, Ohio, May 12.—Seven press draws aside the curtains that workers were slightly wounded on conceal the real forces at work in May 7th when a company gunman maintaining "social order" under shot into a crowd of several hun- the present system. All the more dred Goodyear workers milling remarkable, therefore, is the folabout a company weasel who was lowing article on the Tampa flogdistributing an anti-union pamphlet, ging case that appeared in the New York Times of May 11. The killing So eager were the workers to re- of Joseph Shoemaker was so callous, ceive the pamphlet that the com- a crime, the national protest against pany weasel had to pull a black- its perpetrators so powerful, polit- antedating the formation of the A. jack to repress the importunate ical and economic conditions in crowd. It was an unfortunate tac- Tampa as brought out during the gamated Association is again retical error, for he was immediately trials are so thoroughly rotten that hurled to the ground. The special even this ultra-conservative journal deputy, one of those commissioned has been driven to expose them

> "By JUNIUS B. WOOD "BARTOW, Fla., May 10.-An

> > (Continued on Page 4)

# Challenge Of Steel

Major Problem Before American Labor

By ARNE SWABECK Will the half million workers, whose fortune and misfortune is harnessed to the brutal and capricious dominance of the gigantic | shout or two of delight. steel empire, finally be organized? The Committee for Industrial Organization considers this question to be a challenge. It passed the challenge on to the A. F. of L. not be stipulated.

However, the A. F. of L. Execuonditions.

Wm. Green declared that the Exflatly rejected the whole idea presented by the C.I.O. A. F. of L. Decision Remains Paper

Convention resolutions of 1934 and 1935 put the A. F. of L. on record to organize the steel industry. Nevertheless, the net results Tighe, is even considered by Wm. Green to be so incompetent as not to merit the confidence necessary to direct a campaign of organization. Self-complacent bureaucrats, when irritated by demands for action, usually need a scapegoat, and truly, hardly be found. But this means mentals, that same position. nothing more than the old proverb of the pot calling the kettle black. The sluggishness of Wm. Green and company would also seem to mirror a consciousness of their own incompetence. And no doubt; the stubborn insistence on craft union prerogatives has very likely led them into a position that they themselves cannot think through to the end when considering organization of the steel industry.

Lewis Flays Wretched Policy Still, the real reason for the dis-

center when he addressed himself the other day, on behalf of the C.I. O., directly to the convention of the Steel and Tin Workers.

With withering scorn he conchances were rather scant for a movement. better response from this gathering than that received from Green.

A direct descendant from the proud Sons of Vulcan, and itself F. of L by several years, the Amal-(Continued on Page 2)

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your subscription has EX-PIRED. We urge you to send in your renewal by return mail, thus insuring the receipt of your copy without interruption.

## C. I.O. Faces BrowderBorrowsFarleyCampaign Slogans; New Deal Demagogy Aided as 'Labor Party' Flops

E ARL BROWDER, like a good father, always has a new surprise up his sleeve for his political children. The surprises, no doubt, seem often a bit flat and stale to those outside the family circle; but when accompanied so gracefully with that warm and well-known smile of the leader, the family itself is always ready with a happy round of applause and a

Think of that beautiful surprise he brought back from Moscow a year ago January, personally wrapped up and sealed by the hand of the master. Browder himself was so excited about it that he couldn't even stop in New York to show it first to the Central Com-But, it attached also an offer to mittee. He didn't want it spoiled by being talked contribute a half million dollars about beforehand. He jumped on the first train to and a staff of experienced organ- Washington, hurried up to the platform of the Social izers for an organization campaign, Security Convention, and presented it there to the stipulating that conditions neces- delegates, entirely prepaid. How they all gasped sary really to produce results would and cheered! A wonderful, new, mass-class Farmerequire assurance that "all steel Labor Party! The delegates could hardly wait to workers organized will be granted hurry home, and spread the glad tidings to farm and the permanent right to remain unit- countryside. Gone were the days of harsh words ed in one industrial union," and and bitter theses. Gone the lone and austere superthat "the leadership of the cam- revolutionary struggle. Now comrades could be found paign must be such as to inspire at every glance, and the broad embrace of the people's confidence of success." Certainly, movement could draw within its arms Church and more reasonable conditions could school, Y.M.C.A. and Salvation Army, clubs and sororities, the bitter with the sweet.

And what a campaign it was, spurred on by Dimive Council, now meeting in Wash- itroff's stirring realism at the Seventh Congress. ington, D.C., wrathfully spurned The Daily Worker was hardly large enough to conthe offer and refused to accept its tain all the reports of the Farmer-Labor gatherings throughout the country, to list the thousands of resolutions adopted for a Farmer-Labor Party every ecutive Council would act only if time two honest persons got together. The sweep, the it were "free from the interference Daily Worker informed us (that is, up to a week on the part of any group or groups ago) was irresistible. The Farmer-Labor party was either within or outside the juris- assured for 1936. Only cowards, lagging behind the diction of the A. F. of L." In other masses, could fail to see it. Long editorials in large words, these distinguished elders type scolded the Socialists, grew indignant at Norman Thomas, denounced the Militants, because these cynics suggested that a Farmer-Labor party in 1936 was not going to be.

## UNION CHIEFS FOLLOW DAILY WORKER

... TO ROOSEVELT Somehow, Lewis and Hillman and Dubinsky and Green and Olson and Rieve failed to follow the Daily to date falls below zero. The steel Worker as closely as they should have. Somehow, workers' union has even lost the they began to issue public statements and form gains it made during the early NRA propaganda leagues and put pressure on unions to period. To establish the responsi- support Roosevelt. Or was it that they had read bility for this failure should not the Daily Worker, not too little, but too well? Had be difficult. It is a well known they noticed in the Daily Worker that the main enemy fact that the leadership of the steel of the masses was Hearst and Hoover and the Libworkers' union, headed by Mike erty League, that the force which blocked the people's legislation was the Supreme Court, that the agency aking for fascism and war was th e Dunont family. Morgan and Hearst and the organizations which these subsidize? Perhaps they had noticed these things, and observed that this was precisely Roosevelt's position, and that Roosevelt seemed a more imposing advocate than a hypothetical and non-existent Farbetter one than Mike Tighe could mer-Labor Party which would advocate, in funda-

For this is the truth of the matter: the Stalinist campaign for the Farmer-Labor Party has been and continues to be a campaign for Roosevelt.

This, then, makes Browder's latest surprise perhaps not so surprising. Last week-end, at the Conference of the Youth Congress held in New York, Browder disclosed it: There is not going to be a Farmer-Labor presidential ticket in 1936. Again the short gasp (after all, the Daily Worker had been explaining that there would be all during the week before), and then again the applause and even the excited shout or two. No, explained Browder, realistic politicians understand (everyone else having already come to the conclusion) that the idea that there can be a Farmer-Labor presidential ticket in nal failure so far is a much more 1936 is utopian and romantic. But of course that fundamental one. Unwittingly John does not mean that we won't have a Farmer-Labor L. Lewis touched its very nerve party in 1936. Of course not. We will organize a national party to run local tickets. And meantime we will understand that "The main slogan of the Communist Party in the election campaign will be: Amalgamated Association of Iron, Keep the Hoovers, Landons and Hearsts out of

power.' The Daily Worker theoreticians hurried to their demned the A. F. of L. policy as desks, tore up their back copy, and prepared a deluge inadequate, futile and conceived of new articles explaining the full meaning of the in a mood of humiliated despera- new surprise. Olson's call for a conference at Chition on the part of men who have cago showed it off to full advantage. Here was just for years past trifled with the des- what answered. A Farmer-Labor Conference called tinies of 500,000 men employed by by a State Farmer-Labor party, disavowing any your industry and have materially thought of putting forward a presidential candidate, stayed the progress of the American and keeping clear of any inconvenient democracy in labor movement." Lewis also ad- its arrangements. The Stalinists, under banner heads, dressed his offer directly to the hail the Conference, appropriately, as the greatest steel workers' convention. But step yet taken toward the mass-class Farmer-Labor

## THE MAIN ENEMY!

And what is the purpose of this Conference? Its meaning stares us in the face. It is called to mobilize further and more solidly the confused and cloudy Farmer-Labor sentiment behind the Roosevelt chariot. Again, it somehow turns out,—the Farmer-Labor campaign is a campaign for Roosevelt.

What libel! Is it suggested that the Communist Party is betraying its class interests and lending aid and comfort to the political agent of the enemy? The infamous notion seems to have occurred even to the minds of some of the following, for we find the Question and Answer Box of Thursday's Daily Worker dealing with it. The Question is put backwards: a "simple worker" signing himself modestly "D. H." wants to know whether we shouldn't stop criticizing Roosevelt and concentrate our fire on "the fight against reaction as represented by Hearst and the Liberty League." The Answer is stern, but friendly. Of course, "the main emphasis . . . must by all means be laid on the necessity of combatting the Republican-Liberty League-Hearst combination, which is

leading the drive toward fascism. This ultra-reactionary alliance is today the chief enemy of the common people of the country, and all efforts must be made to defeat it in the November elections."

All efforts? . . . How, then, do we vote? But this question Browder and the Daily Worker have seen fit not yet to answer.

But, naturally, the Answer goes on: "However, in order to defeat reaction, it is necessary to criticize all those who, by retreating before it, are helping to pave the way for its victory. This is the role of Roosevelt." And, after outlining why local Farmer-Labor parties must be built: "Moreover, only such a militant people's front could exert real pressure on Roosevelt and slow down to some extent his retreat before reaction." The leading editorial in the same issue amplifies further the same ideas, under the heading, "Roosevelt, on Taxes, is Giving New Concessions to Reactionaries."

#### CONFUSION VERSUS MARXISM

A moment's pause is necessary. Let us stop to consider for a moment these quotations from the Answer. This, no doubt, is the realistic Marxism modelled after the new helmsman of the Comintern. But it seems, at least at a superficial glance, somewhat removed from the Marxism associated with the founder of the principles which bear his name. Indeed, if it were two years ago, we might believe that we were reading an account of Roosevelt in The Nation or The New Republic. These two Quixotic periodicals likewise analyze in the same manner the tragedy of Roosevelt." Roosevelt, they have been telling us for some time now, an honest man with good ideas, "retreated before reaction." He was two weak to stand up before the attacks of Wall Street and the industrialists.

Revolutionary Marxists (that is, of the non-Dimitroff variety) make a different analysis. They state that Roosevelt is the political executive of financecapital, that he stepped into the government to use the resources of the state to help pull capitalism out of the depths of crisis, to restore profits and maintain the rule of the bourgeoisie and of private property. Far from "retreating before reaction," they say that Roosevelt is precisely the agent of reaction-the agent of the bourgeoisie, the reactionary class in modern society. They grant that his methods differ from the methods of the Liebrty League, that indeed he has conflicts with many of the bankers and industrialists. But in basic class content and allegiance, they are (these unrealistic Marxists) unable to find any difference between Roosevelt and the Liberty League, between Jim Farley and Hoover or Landon. It is their view—a view they share with Marx and Lenin but unfortunately not with Browder and Dimitroff and Stalin-that the "chief enemy of the common people of the country" is not "the Republican-Liberty League-Hearst combination," butthe class enemy, the bourgeoisie, capitalism as a whole. They declare that the business of Marxists in the 1936 campaign is to agitate, not against the bogev-man of the Liberty League, but against capitalism and for socialism, to utilize the ferment of the election year to draw the masses toward a revolutionary program and a revolutionary party, not toward reformist illusions and a third-party to patch up the holes and wash the dirty linen of a rotted

## A CAMPAIGN AGAINST SOCIALISM

The Stalinist campaign, the whole false, hypocritical, degraded, cynical campaign of their massclass Farmer-Labor hocus pocus, is a campaign for Roosevelt, a campaign against socialism, the ideas of socialism, and the revolutionary struggle for socialism. This is true whether or not the Communist Party comes out openly to call for votes for Roosevelt. This latter possibility, as we have repeatedly pointed out in recent months, is by no means excluded; it is, on the contrary, entirely consistent with their present position, as well as with the international orientation of Stalinism. The ground has been carefully laid, and it is significant that the past weeks Daily Workers nowhere carry a categorical denial. The latest dodge is that "the Communist party will seek a joint presidential ticket with the Socialist party." This can hardly be meant seriously. And, they go on, "if unsuccessful (the party) will place in the field its own independent candidates." The statement that these candidates will include a presidential candidate is studiously avoided. Moreover, candidates can always be withdrawn. The actual election tactic, however, depends upon certain factors other than the logical consequences of their position: upon the stage of the crisis in the Far East. the developments in Roosevelt's foreign policy between now and November, and a purely opportunist judgment as to the effect upon its mass following which electoral support of Roosevelt would have. The Stalinists have a hard job in their strivings for respectability: Roosevelt will naturally be the first to repudiate their votes; and besides Roosevelt is sure to be elected in any case.

ROOSEVELT IS THE PEOPLE'S FRONT

But the specific electoral move is unimportant. The political significance remains the same in either case. The Stalinist propaganda plays into the hands of Roosevelt because of the basic political perspective which directs it. There is nothing strange in this, nor would there be in their voting for Roosevelt, no more than there was in the vote for Benes in Czechoslovakia. Does not their international position call for the support of democracy against fascism? Are they not prepared to support democratic countries in wars against fascist countries? Do they not call for a broad people's front of minimum reform on non-class lines, against the "200 families" in France, against Wall Street and the Liberty League in this country? Do they not call for neutrality legislation, social security, an end to the control of the Tories, a people's government? Wherein, therefore, does their program distinguish itself from

(Continued on Page 2)

(Continued from Page 1) It represents today a far cry from the powerful organization that conducted the Homestead strike in only 4,800 members. 1892 and cleaned up on the Pinkertons. Its gain of 150,000 new members during the 1919 steel strike withered away under the unfortun- production has forged ahead to ate leadership of Mike Tighe, who constantly greater improvement of was then its ancient president and machinery and efficiency of output, who remains in control today de- constantly also subordinating the spite his senility and decrepitude. | conditions of labor to the control Even the new spark of life with of the capitalist ownership of inresult of the impulse from the NRA whole trade union movement is in the presented, and in view of serious forces available for a nawas too much for the hoary presi- danger of utter ineffectiveness, if dent and his slightly younger lieu- not actual extinction, unless the tenants. A new set of progressive basic industries and particularly elements had come into leading lo- the steel industry is organized. cal positions. They condemned in Even Green, Tighe and company scathing terms the policy of paral- cannot possibly be entirely unaware takes, but they demanded action comprehend its real meaning—or and organization. Mike Tighe knew for that matter, care much. But only the reply of suppression and they do know that the tackling of expulsion and numerous local lodges were wrecked.

#### After Fifty Years

To Mike Tighe the secret rituals and mummery left over from old days of trade union illegality remain a sacred union heritage, more dear to him than activity and progress. And so well did he dischange his obligation to the inviolability of his contract with the steel manence, counts a paid up membership serious consequence. of not more than 4,800. Needless to say this contract which Mike Tighe holds as sacred, is not meant to embrace more than a scattering of workers here and just ended its sixty-first annual there is a few mills. It is a contract designed essentially to restrict gave consideration to the offer and to prevent organization.

From this description it would be difficult for any reader to note any real distinction between Mike Tighe and Wm. Green, except the difference of age. Outward differences there are. Actual differences there are none. In essence the former has carried out the policy of the latter and both are more or less equal partners in the policy and methods of the A. F. of L. bureaucracy. And thus the real reason for the dismal failure of organization in the steel industryaside from the devastating gross incompetence—can be found only in the position of this bureaucracy.

Wm. Green and his allies do not think of coming to grips with the problem and undertaking a camway that it could actually succeed. mined by their attitude to the capallegiance. They naturally become bargaining for labor with themcapital against aggression from the available. rank and file members.

## The Empire of U. S. Steel

the absolute and despotic ruler. It do about it? Triffing with this and in spirit, which have remained and the United States Chamber of social interests of their oppressors. is in itself an empire within an problem or nibbling at it will not empire. Only 23 American cities do. A rich opportunity awaits dustry is a gigantic task. Enorhad a greater population than the these unions. A spark of new life mous difficulties will have to be 196,000 workers and their families pressure for action made by the movement capable of surrounding erate limits. are dependent for their livelihood upon this corporation. This is Amer- areg rowing and gaining ground in vading it and executing the necesica's largest employer of labor. The at all fancy any ideas of sitting tension can be recruited. Practical- tack. This is the next big job for jority of organized labor. A few concerning their progressiveness. down at conference tables with ly all of these new unions appear American labor. Success in this field days ago Lewis and Major George representatives of labor. Their to be ready to continue an aggres- will no doubt depend much more di- L. Berry visited Roosevelt at the in a resolution of June 17, 1901, truly powerful industrial union tenacity of the developing genuwhen J. P. Morgan the Elder organized the United States Steel up with progress in steel. Corporation. It says:

"We are unalterably opposed to any extension of union labor, and advise subsidiary companies to take a firm position when these questions come up, and say that they are not going to recognize

Every word here is meant just exactly as it is written. Moreover, the U.S. Steel executives have never deviated from this resolution. Nor has Mike Tighe ever deviated from his respect for the inviolability of his contract with the steel and interpreted it just exactly as

duced to a mere shadow of a union. is one of the reasons for the fact

The Challenge of Steel

Meanwhile modern conditions of gaining. Besides it is such a gi- for Roosevelt's re-election. Followgantic task and may result in seri- ing this lead Labor's Non-Partisan ers of this empire believe in fight- sponsored by the Lewis-Hillman ing it out to the end.

This is the challenge to the whole trade union movement. What the A. F. of L. Executive Council will ufacturers that the union, after do about it is now perfectly clear. more than a half century of exist- It will do exactly nothing of any

#### The A. A. Convention

The Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers has convention. For days on end it made by the C.I.O., only by a scant majority was a conditional acceptance achieved. Mike Tighe, however, succeeded in maintaining his stranglehold upon the union and making his bid for the friendship decision adopted affirms the charter ation, which are the rights of sole jurisdiction as an industrial union. them during the spring of 1934. Outside of that the conditional ac- This agreement they looked upon the industrial union forces take ed to be. It brought about the hated Federations of Labor of Kentucky fect or the symmetry more comhold of it and carry it into life.

#### Company Unions Stampede

held a convention in Newcastle, Pa. poned the organization of the autopaign of organization in the only for wage increases and improved much desired by the organized auworking conditions while the dele- tomobile workers. Such ideas are alien and repugnant gates refused to grant admission to to them. Their own role is deter- management representatives. Short- their endorsement of Roosevelt. The considered a proposal for a final the lead of the Committee for Inchampions of the rights of collective breakaway from company control dustrial Organization. This is of with the vote unanimously in favor double significance when viewed in selves, however, occupying the po- of taking independent measures to relation to the labor party question.

> ers has now become imperative. But the greatest vitality and growth, ute as usual to the campaign funds is the way in which the system opprogressive elements. New unions this feudal empire, capable of inseveral mass production industries sary tactical flank maneuvers to-

The organization of the steel in-leaders.

# C.I.O. Faces Challenge Roosevelt Steals Labor Party Thunder Of Steel Industry

# it was meant to be understood. This is one of the reasons for the fact that the organization he leads has only 4,800 members. Labor Chiefs Use New ference call is issued only to individuals, not to organizations. Obviously these individuals are expected to do nothing more than to explore the possibilities for a labor party apart from or in opposition to their parent bodies. It would be ridiculous to expect that local unions should take the initiative in organizing a national labor party apart from or in opposition to their parent bodies. It would be ridiculous to expect that local unions should take the initiative in organizing a national labor party apart from or in opposition to their parent bodies. It would be ridiculous to expect that local unions should take the initiative in organizing a national labor party apart from or in opposition to their parent bodies. It would be worse than ridiculous to war and Fascist tyrannies and for party. But what they are to ex-

By ARNE SWABECK

During the last few weeks the lost ground. gained new converts and new adbandwagon.

room for compromise or for bar- convention a unanimous resolution ous bruises because the feudal rul- League came into being. It was forces. The American Federation of Hosiery Workers convention and the Amalgamated Clothing Workers in line. Two international union presidents, David Dubinsky and Emil Rieve quickly deserted the Socialist Party for their new and real allegiance. Wm. Green, on the opening day of the A. F. of L. Executive Council second quarterly meeting, advocated the President's re-election. And two days before this the delegates to the United Automobile Workers convention voted without a dissenting voice to upport the Roosevelt candidacy.

#### Raw Deal for Auto Workers

Nobody will suspect that the automobile workers harbored feelof both Lewis and Green. The final ings of special gratitude to Roosevelt. They cannot possibly have forrights of the Amalgamated Associ- gotten his infamous automobile agreement which was foisted upon ceptance of the C.I.O. offer will then as a definite setback to their have real meaning only provided aims and efforts; and such it prov-Automobile Labor Relations Board and Alabama had followed the pre- plete? Roosevelt in the center emheaded by Wollman. It strengthened, for the time being the strangle-Last year company union repre- hold of Wm. Green and Collins, latsentatives from a number of plants er supplanted by Dillon, and post-

No, these are not the reasons for

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## C. P. Trails Roosevelt

(Continued from Page 1)

Roosevelt's: this entire perspective was outlined in Roosevelt's annual message to Congress. In actuality, the Democratic Party in this country this year, under Roosevelt's leadership, constitutes the ultimate in the People's Front as defined by and called for by the Communist Party. It comprises, in its main social composition, just what the Stalinists ask: the bulk of the trades unions, the organized farmers, the Townsendites, the Epic Clubs, the disoriented middle classes, the bulk of the unemployed; with the majority of "Wall Street and the industrialists" howling against it from the outside. And its program is a completely typical People's Front program, with the standard People's Front demands, closely similar to and in many cases to the left of the program, for

example, of the French People's Front.

the logical and fit running mate for Roosevelt.

I stagnant for some time, or actually

NEW MILITANT

No Serious Labor Party Swing

These facts only lend so much herents with amazing speed from more emphasis to what has been the trade union movement. It is stated in these columns more than taking on the character of a clean once: There is not a seious movesweep. By the manner in which the ment on foot, nor are there any the present objective conditions, it tional labor party, or farmer-labor is not at all surprising that the la- party or third party in 1936. Those bor party question fades into the who still attempt to create the imbackground with the same ease that pression that there are, like the

this case is also deceptive. The con-Roosevelt camp.

Striking Coincidence

Commerce, will rally behind the Re-

An Act of Betrayal

terests of the working cass.

ceptive.

memory.'

plore becomes further clear in the assume that such a party can be a "people's government." By these announcement that a farmer-labor brought about without the organi- ingenious campaign devices, the presidential ticket is not to be considered at this conference. In other and its leaders as well. However successfully to forestall the emergwords, the sponsors of the conference consider the presidential ticket to be a matter settled by the Roosevelt reelection indorsements. Nothing further remains to be explored but how to swing the labor party sentiment successfully into this reelection campaign.

#### **Local Bodies Powerless**

A Labor party sentiment has been this sweep gains in momentum. Or, Stalinists do, are simply up to their recorded in a number of local perhaps it would be more correct to old pernicious game of deception. unions. Much of it is motivated on say that the labor perambulator is An editorial in the May 7 Daily progressive grounds. To an extent ysis; they made some stupid mis- of this fact, though they may not being hooked onto the Roosevelt Worker finally acknowledges that, it arises out of disappointment with "A Farmer-Labor Presidential tick- promised New Deal measures which been cleverly manipulated by the Fascist tyrannies and they also et in 1936 is now out of the ques- were not realized; to an extent also deliberate and carefully planned have broad views on the people's uary when John L. Lewis whooped tion," but it maintains that the out of disappointment with condi-policies emanating from the White front. It is therefore not at all unpaign of organization, leaves no through the United Mine Workers prospects are as good as ever for tions under the "New Deal bless- House and from the "progressive" natural they they should direct the a farmer-labor party this year. ings." Above all it arises out of labor leaders. Roosevelt and his genuine fears of reaction and the This is equally pernicious and de- fears of reaction and an instinctive brain trusters—whatever is left of fears of war and Fascism into the Superficially it may seem as if in view of the general ack of under-patronage dispenser, Jim Farleythe fervent desires nurtured by the standing of what the requirements have for some time had their eyes ipulation that can easily be inter-Stalinists were to be realized of a party of the workers must be, on the November elections. Special preted, and even in the prevailing through the conference call sent out it is particularly these fears that emphasis has been laid in all the labor party and people's front jarthe Minnesota Farmer-Labor help to drive the organized workers promisary notes upon the labor leg-General Executive Board next fell Party. However, the appearance in in marching formation into the islative program, the alleged social

zations of the industrial union bloc Rooseveltians aimed, and rather much the Stalinists may put for ence of a labor party, or a third ward an appearance and attempt to party, in 1936. invest it with the qualities of some-

#### F.D.'s Eye on 1936

The adept pupils of these demathing real, however much they may gogic cunning devices, who are holdtry to convene labor party gather- ing high posts in the progressive ings made up of singing societies union bloc, follow up the campaign and hiking clubs, to be addressed by in the same high key. They are for liberal celebraties, these efforts will aggressive unionization, for indusnot carry any social weight. At trial unionism and against reaction. best they will only furnish new ar- John L. Lewis started the ball rolguments for the Roosevelt camp fol- ling at the U.M.W. convention with a mighty attack on the Liberty League. An easy target. These lead-The stampede for Roosevelt has ers are now all against war and but unclear fear of Fascism. But, them, not to forget the corrupting safe channels in support of Roosevelt's reelection. With a little man-

No Labor Party Wanted Now

gon if necessary, as symbolizing the

flight against reaction.

Of course, the truth is that these 'progressive" leaders, in harmony with Roosevelt, do not want a labor party, or a third party and certainly not before their own preparations are well done; not until they are sure that they can keep it within the proper reformist bounds. The day after May Day two news his subordinates and Secretary of and deserve the support of all ad- Even then they can be expected to yield only to pressure. Their aim can then be expected to be to utilize such a development to counterpose the growth of a revolutionary the Bank of America, and a direc- common allegiance to the Dem- the moss-backed conservatives of movement. As solid converts to the tor of the National City Bank. Bub- ocratic Party not only illuminates the Green-Gompers school, Lewis New Deal, they aim to lay out the

Today they attempt to make a capital. Need there be any doubt Not only must the old forms of that this is the responsibility to

The trade union support of that this is the only kind of a la bor party that can reasonably be This form of class collaboration expected. Hence there remains one

## NEW MILITANT with whichers merged THE MILITANT

JAMES P. CANNON: Editor

ernment to step in as a third party States \$1.00 per year; 65c per six months: Canada and foreign \$1.50 per year: \$1.00 six months. Bundle As a result, the industrial union rates: Two cents per copy

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companies. He has understood it

Thus the Roosevelt demagogy, ably assisted by

the Hillmans and Dubinskys and Olsons, is in a position to sweep to itself the great majority of those who have been infected by the Stalinist agitation, their masters and is engaged in an them by their rank and file and of with the legal opportunities opened and tie them to Roosevelt's machine, whatever the Communist Party publicly declares about voting, since the Stalinist agitation leads necessarily in the Roosevelt direction, and provides no political barrier to bring about a differentiation along class lines.

Browder is too modest in asking for a joint ticket with the Socialists. In all conscience, his name should be presented to the Democratic Convention as

The international betrayal of Stalinism manifests Francisco, backed and financed by tent by the development of indus- in the auto, rubber, and steel initself in every country in the betrayal of the revo- Giannini and his friends, was en try; the workers in the mass pro- dustries, who have been thrown to lutionary struggle within that country. The fight gaged in a conspiracy to smash the duction industries could only be or- the wolves. This is part of the for socialism is the fight not against this or that Maritime Federation of the Pacific, ganized along industrial lines. In price they have had to pay for their individual capitalist or group of capitalists, but one of the most militant and pro- so far as they have struggled for gains. Another installment on their against capitalism itself. And this fight is no longer gressive organizations in the Amer- industrial unionism and aided the debts to the administration for faconceivable apart from the fight against Stalinism, ican labor movement. And it was organization of the unorganized in vors received is being made by their whose historical function is now only the search for doing so with the active connivance these industries, (and so far that support of Roosevelt. The others new forms in the betrayal of the struggle for social- of such administration officials as aid has been more nominal than will come due—and will be made

items appeared side by side in the Labor Perkins! press. The first reported a speech This unpremeditated harmony beby A.P. Giannini, financial titan of tween Lewis and Giannini and their

Serve Same Master in 1936 Elections

John L. Lewis and Industrialist

ed, "As a result of President Roose- to the character of the Democratic velt's fiscal policies, our financial Party, the sources of its support, structure rests on a solider founda- and in general the political mechtion than at any time within our anism by which capital keeps labor enchained and maintains its hold The second was an announcement upon the American masses.

by John L. Lewis that the State Could the picture be more per-Workers and recorded themselves and Lewis with his left. The inin favor of Roosevelt's return to of- structions that Gianinni and his col- for his own private purposes. leagues whisper in his ears, Roose Banker Giannini spoke under the velt with his incandescent smile non-partisan organization of liber- turn hands them down to his rank als formed to campaign for Roose- and file. Eeach is a necessary link velt's reelection. Labor leader Lew-|in the chain whereby organized la-

is spoke for Labor's Non-Partisan | bor is kept in subjection to the ly thereafter a similar company decision of the auto workers con- League, a non-partisan organization domination of organized capital. cossibilities of organization in the organized labor which is traveling cluding those captains of industry two antagonistic forces and find a dicalists opposed and resented gov the custodians of the interests of steel industry are unquestionably in a progressive direction. This is and finance who are bound to the formula for the solution of their ernmental interference. indisputable. It is also the section Democratic party by their special conflicting interests. This is easier The organization of these work- of organized labor that has shown interests. While they will contrib- said than done. But in general this

associates, Roosevelt will be assur- stands the real character of these

Differ in Method Not Ideology

It cannot be too often stressed policy in this respect was laid down sive fight for the building of a rectly upon the ability, courage and White House and informed him that Lewis, Hillman, and their like that 30,000 union officials in var- are no less committed to class col-

iciting support for his reelection? become aggressive advocates of in- rank and file do not get out of

vanced workers. High Stakes for Lewis

trade-union organization be over- which he will remain loval even at which demands were formulated nomous international union so auspices of the Good Neighbor, a passes on to Lewis, while Lewis in hauled but new forms of trade un- more decisively and unequivocally ion action are necessary to exact after his reelection. concessions form the employers today. The old craft-union bureau- Roosevelt could not be unexpected. crats carried on their class collab- It is destined to go down in history oration activities directly with the as one of the great illusions of italist system to which they swear union convention in Gary, Indiana, vention simply means that it follows of union officials also formed to The orders transmitted from fin- bosses. The National Civic Federa- 1936. It has become possible priancial headquarters do not, of tion was the supreme expression of marily due to the lack of revolucourse, always reach their destina- this immediate alliance between la- tionary education of the working What a flood of light this little tions, nor are they always needed bor and capital. Representing only class. After 1936 new disillusioncoincidence casts upon the political when they do. Both Roosevelt and a small section of privileged crafts- ments are sure to begin. Will a sition of agents who are privileged defend the interests of the workers. It must be remembered that on the lineup behind the Democratic party to bargain both ways. In this role These are important signs of a whole the unions of the C.I.O. and the will endeavor to gain concest. they will endeavor to gain concessions for the unions but simultaneously they consider themselves to be

whole the unions of the unions of

is exceedingly difficult to carry on main conclusion to draw. Today when the negotiators represent all and tomorrow the struggle for So-In the steel industry, however, the challenge has been thrown right and particularly so when a compar- of both parties, the conservative erates, this the methods by which the workers in a plant or industry, cialism must go on. no alternatives are offered. The back into the lap of the industrial ison is made with a number of section of the big bourgeoisie, or the working class is lined up on all and particularly difficult in the United States Steel Corporation, is union bloc. What will these unions unions, distinctly craft in make-up ganized around the Liberty League important questions affecting the present period of capitalist decline. Here the whole body of workers Certain naive people have been are opposed to their employers in a publican Party, not in the hope of surprised and shocked at the spec-particular industry and the success defeating Roosevelt but for the pur- tacle of Lewis and his associates in of a strike and the terms of the Published weekly by the New Milipopulation of the U. S. Steel Cor- was manifested at the steel work- faced and the minimum requirement pose of exerting pressure upon him the C.I.O., whom they have been settlement affects the profits and tant Publishing Co., 100 Fifth Ave., poration in 1920. Not less than ers' convention nourished by the is nothing less than a gigantic to keep his liberalism within mod- taught to regard as the hope of the competitive position to a consider- N. Y. C. working class, so ardently embrac- able degree. The conflicts tend to Entered as second class mail matter On the other hand, thanks to the ing Roosevelt. But such conduct become sharper and more irrecon- at the Post Office at New York, N. activities of John L. Lewis and his should surprise no one who under-cilable and the social consequences Y. under the act of March 3, 1879. more serious, and hence it becomes directors of this corporation do not from which forces for further ex- gether with the head-on frontal at- ed of the support of the vast ma. leaders and cherishes no illusions increasingly necessary for the gov- Subscription rates: In the United

movement; but its future is bound inely progressive trade union forces ious states had already sponsored laboration than their craft-unionist upon the good will of the governthan upon the good-will of any Labor's Non-Partisan League; 4,000 opponents in the A.F. of L. The ment and less and less upon the speakers in every state of the union two factions differ not in their militant action of their memberwere warming up for the campaign; fundamental allegiances but only in ship. They are not averse to threatand that, in addition to the inter-the forms and methods by which ening strikes and even to calling national unions that have declared this policy should be carried out them if they are forced to it. But themselves for Roosevelt, six state under the present conditions. In they do not really trust such mili-Labor Federations had endorsed this respect the two factions serve tant methods. They prefer to dethe President and the League itself. the same purposes within the labor pend upon such governmental aids movement that the Republican and and agreements as N.R.A. codes, What can it mean when one of Democratic parties serve within the Guffey Bills, and similar agreethe foremost bankers and the most nation as a whole. Resting upon ments drawn up together with the powerful captain of organized labor different social bases, they carry administration To secure these conin the country combine to set their out the same policies by different cessions from the state, it is necseal of approval on Roosevelt's pol- methods.

> It can mean but one thing. That dustrial unionism out of any pro- control and embarrass the adminthis "labor lieutenant of capital" is found inner convictions or class istration. delivering the workers into the consciousness but as a result of the It cannot be denied that by skillhands of the political servant of pressure exerted from below upon fully combining the strike threat act of outright betrayal of the in- their own thirst for power. They out by the N.R.A. that Lewis's realized that in order to maintain Mine Workers, Dubinsky and Hill-There is no need to look further their position in their unions and man's garment workers and other than one's nose to prove this point. extend their influence among the unions have exacted substantial For at the very moment when the masses of industrial workers that concessions and made considerable coryphee of capital and the captain the horse-and-buggy methods of the gains under the Roosevelt regime. of labor joined in a chorus of praise Gompers-Green regime had to be But again, like the old craft-unionfor Roosevelt, the notorious open- modernized. Craft unionism had ists, they have done so at the exshop Industrial Association of San been rendered obsolete and impo- pense of the great mass of workers Secretary of Commerce Roper and real), they play a progressive role in good time.

More alert and enterprising than

bling with optimism and brimful of the political landscape for 1936. It is ready to meet the demands of the line of march with Roosevelt today praise for the President, he declar- also provides us with an insight in- industrial workers for industrial and perpetuate his program tomorunions. His own union, the strong- row-if need by, by means of a est in the A.F. of L. is organized third party. on an industrial basis and has made him a power in the A.F.L. His distinction between Roosevelt and sponsorship of the industrial union the Democratic Party. How can any movement may well make him the real distinction be possible? Rooseunchallenged leader of organized velt is the standard bearer of his labor. These are high stakes and party—one of the two capitalist well worth fighting for. Lewis has parties. From this party he recedent set by the United Mine braces Giannini with his right hand therefore placed himself at the ceives his mandate and this carries head of that movement to exploit it | with it the duty to serve finance

and try to arbitrate the dispute.

## Rely on Gov't Good Will

leaders tend to rely more and more essary to keep in the good graces of icies and vie with each other in sol- Lewis and his associates did not the party in power, to see that their

## WORLD OF LABOR

The Liquidation of the Russian Komsomls (Y.C.L.) as a Political Organiztion

met for 10 days in the Great Hall of the Kremlin to take up the following agenda:

1) Report of the C.E.C. (reporter, Kossarev). Co-report of the C.C.C. (co-reporter, Kozlov). 2) Report of the Delegation of the Komsomol and the Y.C.I. (re-

porter, Chemodanov). 3) Adoption of the Program and Statutes of the Y.C.L. 4) On the Work of the Komsomol in the Schools.

5) Elections. At its last session the Congress unanimously adopted a new program and a new constitution which the propagation of culture.

constituted Young Culture League is rather brief, occupying about 5 cialist fatherland and be ready to of the parliamentarian regime in columns of Pravda's six column give all his strength and if necespage (March 27).

Three-fifths of this new program is devoted to a preamble which sets forth five theses.

## The New Catechism

rule of the bourgeoisie and established the dictatorship of the proletariat. (Two quotations from Stal-

. Thesis 2: A description of capitalism with particular stress on the plight of the youth, in capital- his or her social origin. ist countries.

Thesis 3: A lyrical description of Socialism in the U.S.S.R., and the rity behind this decision the followfortunate position of the youth ing little scene was staged at one

all, and it begins with the affirma- a combine operator rose to his feet tion that the proletariat in alliance and said: "Although I am the son with the peasantry not only over- of a kulak I will go on struggling threw the bourgeoisie in Russia but to improve the life of the workers also "transformed the formerly and peasants. I will go on building backward, poverty-ridden, bankrupt Socialism." Thereupon, Stalin arose country into an advanced, powerful and declared to a wildly cheering Socialist power." It concludes by gathering, "A son is not responsible declaring that: "Socialism has be- for the sins of his father." Young come a reality for the many mil- | Tilba's photograph was reprinted in lioned peoples of the Great U.S.S. every paper in the country. R. . . The conditions are being | The Commissariat of Education prepared for the transition from issued a decree admitting the sons socialism—the first stage of commu. and daughters of declassed people nist society—to complete commun. to Soviet universities and colleges. ism." In short, a socialism is in And the Komsomol new incorporfull bloom; communism is ust ates Stalin's pronounciamento into around the corner.

the bourgeoisie and building social- Program of ... ism, the working class has established a workers' and state which does not give the slightest signs of confirmed by the Presidium of the Lers? To make them doubt, to imcathed a confirmed by the Presidium of the Lers? To make them doubt, to imcathed a confirmed by the Presidium of the Lers? To make them doubt, to imcathed a confirmed by the Presidium of the Lers? To make them doubt, to imcathed a confirmed by the Presidium of the Lers? To make them doubt, to imcathed a confirmed by the Presidium of the Lers? classes have been completely destroyed," and although "socialism has irrevocably triumphed." Among other things, Soviet power is necessary as a great cultural and moral institution which "plants discipline and respect for socialist laws and the rules of communal living, and imbues all the toilers with an honest attitude toward labor and social duty without which the complete victory of socialism cannot be realized.'

Thesis 5: Sums up the situation The C.P.S.U. and the Soviet Gov ernment are busy "organizing the communist system," while the role of the Y.C.L. must be that of a "mass. non-party organization . embracing in its ranks . . . wide strata of the advanced and politically educated toiling youth of the city and country." Its task is to aid the Bolshevik Party "in the cause of educating the youth and children in the spirit of Commun-

The preamble ends with a quotation from Stalin to the effect that all this is according to Marx and Lenin.

The remaining two-fifths of the program is devoted to the enumeration of the "tasks" of the Stalinist Y.C.L., which fall under six general headings.

## Six "Heroic" Tasks

I. In the Sphere of the Political Education of the Youth. The Y.C.L. organizes the study of the "basic ideas of Marx-Engels-Lenin-Stalin," publishes its own papers, magazines etc., both political and literary, organizes clubs, libraries, and reading and exile. rooms, and carries on a "patient" campaign against . . . "superstition" and "religious prejudices" as well as against the "remnants of chauvinism."

youth must be agitated against superstitions and religion!

tion of the "anti-religious propaganda" clause:

the youth the harm of superstition as a non-party, etc. organization) youth must be dissolved in the miland religious prejudices, organizing to be incorrect in principle." with this aim in view special circles and lectures on anti-religious propaganda."

II. In the Sphere of the Education of the Youth. Amplifies the

After a lapse of almost six years, immortal statement of Stalin that the Tenth Congress of the All-Union the youth "must study, study, study Leninist (read: Stalinist) Komso- in the most stubborn way." Pledges falsified to suit their boasts and mol, originally scheduled to open the youth to liquidate illiteracy and on March 20, was finally convened to organize clubs, etc. to raise the on April 11. The Tenth Congress cultural level of the socialist masses, and so on.

III. In the Sphere of Work in Particular stress laid on the Y.C.L. taking the lead in supplying children with good toys.

IV. In the Sphere of the Physical Development of the Youth. V. In the Sphere of Participating in the Socialist Construction. The youth is instructed to take the lead in Stakhanovism (although the name Stakhanovism is not mentioned in the draft), and is asked to assist the Soviet State in "strengthening the family."

VI. In the Sphere of the Defense set the seal of approval upon the of the Socialist Fatherland. The already achieved transformation of Y.C.L. is turned into a reserve the Y.C.L. into a non-party, non- force of the Red Army. The new differentiation is proceeding at the class, non-political organization for constitution provides that: "Every expense of the parties of the so-The draft program of the newly study military technique, be su-those parties of the Center that sarv his life itself."

From a political organization of the youth, the Y.C.L. has been transformed into a "non-party mass organization" for "political and cultural education," with a par-Thesis 1: The October Revolution! ticular stress upon the mobilization took place in 1917, overthrew the of the youth for the 'patriotic defense of the U.S.S.R.'

The age limit has been changed from 14-23 years to 15-26, and the Komsomol will admit into its ranks very boy and girl, who is "politically fit" without any regard to

#### Stalin Contradicts Scriptures

To put the full weight of authoof the meetings of the Stakhano-This is the longest "thesis" of vists in the Kremlin: young Tilba,

~ etatutes. Thesis 4: This thesis is very about the changes effected in the constitution and statutes of the us that in addition to overthrowing Y.C.I. will be to quote from the ng Communist

E.C.C.I. on March .... other words, we shall quote against Stalin.

Before the New Dispensation "There are fundamental differ. ences in the conceptions of the Communists on the one hand, and the social democrats on the other as to the role of the youth and the youth organization in general. There are some unessential shadings between the bourgeoisie and the social democracy, but the fundamental concention of both is the same. Social democracy for the most part declares the role of the youth organizations to be 'purely' educational or cultural. . . . The Y.C.L. is a political organization. . . . It must strive to gain the majority of the working youth, and the other decisive sections of the toiling youth. . . . The Y.C.L. repudiates the theory of Y.C.L. 'neutrality' in political struggles within the party. . . . Political activity must not be confined to the higher bodies of the Y.C.L., but must permeate the entire organization. . . . In accordance with its political role and social character as an organization of the working youth, the Y.C.L. ensures that the working class mem-

." (Program of the Y.C.L., pp. 33-34-40.) To repeat these words today in the U.S.S.R. (approved by Stalin himself in 1929) is to lay oneself open to indictment as a counterrevolutionary "Trotskyist" and to run the danger of imprisonment

bership plays the leading role.

## Not All Is Roses

While the leadership of the Komsomol has accepted the changes is what underlies the political and that he will lead a firm struggle without so much as a stutter, there organizational liquidation of the against the coalition proposals. has been considerable opposition Komsomol. The youth must be re-With socialism blooming, the from the rank and file. Thus, P. moved completely from political Vershkov, secretary of the C.E.C. life; its thoughts and energies must tors, equal in number to Cortes of the Komsomol, expresses his as-be channelized into the fields of deputies, the two groups constitut-We append the verbatim transla-tonishment over the fact that culture and sports. They must ing an electoral college to name "among the Komsomol membership "study, study, study," preferably the new Spanish president, providthere are people who consider such not the classics of Marxism, but ed a significant index to the lack "The Y.C.L. patiently explains to a definition of the Komsomol (i.e., "belles lettres." The working class of an independent proletarian pol-

> Speaking at the session of the Ukrainian Komsomol P. Postyshov said, "Individual activists here and there are not pleased with the draft of the new consti-

# Daily Worker Performs Sleightof-Hand on Elections in France In the Columns of Pravda...by Alpha

The Stalinists are mobilizing the Right wing. Says Repard, French Communists gained a total their "specialists" to interpret the facts relating to the French general elections. In other words facts and figures must be twisted and

The results of the French electhe School and among Children. that even Harry Gannes was able cialism; on the other of reaction and Fascism.'

#### "Democratic" Regime Falls

At whose expense is this "polarization" taking place? A clear answer to this question cuts the ground from under the policy and practice of the People's Front. This member of the Komsomol shall called "democracy," that is to say, premely devoted to the great So- have served as the balance wheels

Their disintegration is only symtomatic of the disintegration of the and "disproved" by the Stalinists. And so, the statistical "expert", Theodore Repard has been assigned to prove by "facts and figures" that the gains of the People's Front in general and of the Communist Party in particular were made at the expense of the Right wing, of the reactionary parties supported in the election by the French Fascists, who did not run their own andidates.

And so Repard "proves" (D.W., May 14) that it is not the Center the Stalinists. with its traditional leading party ing in France, but the parties of reaction. His proofs?

He first performs a delicate poliwith two wings. The left wing is composed of those parties that ad-

tution . . . is is precisely the position of Trotskyists and other "Leftists."

The young bureaucrats, who are bediently executing the orders of Stalin, declare that all the criticisms evelled at the new program and new president of Spain, to the tune tionaries were boycotting the elecnew constitution are manifestations of the "International" sung with tions. The Socialists could have of nothing ese than "vanguardism," clenched fists by the Stalinist depu- run their independent slate, polled the viewing of the Y.C.L. as a ties. Stalinists and Socialists joined a vote for Socialism, and then made "youth party."

Fifth these appeals (i.e., objections to the electoral college; there was no college. In pel them to take a critical attitude

into consideration the party

## Cautious About Opposition

Influence The bureaucracy as a whole has been extremely cautious in its references on the extent of the 'counter-revolutionary influences" upon the youth. But we can gather a pretty clear picture from the veiled remarks. Kossarev in his report complained that "among the propagandists there are many comrades who are obviously untrained, while here and there, for example, in the Leningrad organization we have had revelations not only of untrained people but also of enemies-Trotskyists, Zinovievists and so on." (Pravda, April 13.)

to the latter but to the "Trotsky- been warm supporters of Azana. ists." This fact alone speaks vol-

umes. The depraved bureaucracy which found it relatively simple to crush cabinets since the October 1934 rethe older revolutionary generations of the Russian working class, is in events connected with the presidenmortal terror of the youth. This tial election provide little hope lions of peasant youth, and thus fettered. . . .

tive in France." From a general pile of such Right wing parties Repard is able to produce a combination showing a staggering loss of But the newspapers reported a contion indicate first of all the process siderable gain for the Right wing two camps. This fact is so obvious nes. How then was Repard able to Fascists, the Socialists are maindimly to take note of it. Comment- included among the Rights, such ing in his column upon the results parties for example, as the Popular of the election, Gannes says: "Not Democrats, a Catholic Centrist only was there a smashing People's party, and the party of the Inde-Front victory, but side by side with pendent Radicals. The only differthat there was a polarization of ence between them and the Radical forces: on the one hand, a massing | Socialists is that the latter are of the forces of democracy and so-members of the People's Front, while the former refused to join it, although invited.

In the 1932 elections these two parties received: Popular Democrats (Catholic)

Independent Radicals.... 955,990 1,265,326 In 1936 they obtained: Popular Democrats..... 246,129

Independent Radicals.... 690,557 936,686

#### Making Gains from Losses

The loss that these two Center parties alone suffered amounts to over 325,000; the rest of the "loss-"democratic regime" as a whole es", Repard supplied by means of this fact above all must be denied his "Democratic Alliance and Left his "Democratic Alliance and Left Republicans.' Thus, he was able not only to mask a gain of more than one-third of a million votes scored by such a truly reactionary to emerge with a "loss" of 455,699 any clearer proof be adduced of the lerate any objections." How awful! party as the Republican Union but votes. Similarly, he was able to screen the loss of more than one third of a million votes suffered by the party of Radicals by "totalling" it in with the gains scored by the parties that lean upon the working class for support, in particular by

After this juggling with gains of the Radicals that is disintegrat- and losses, Repard adds what the ed, Repard is able to operate only amounted to 624,069; (3) "The of "democracy" in France.

"party names are not at all descrip- of 657,293 votes on this first ballot." And to clinch his brilliant statistical demonstration he then proparty organ, Populaire to the effect almost 500,000 for the right wing that the Communists made their gains "mostly from the right."

did the Radical Socialists lose their lie to Repard.

#### Blum Follows Bruening

regime cannot be restored to its former equilibrium by any sort of juggling on the parliamentary arereports from France relating to the factories "to 103 communists there position advanced by Blum, the are 318 of those who were expelled Philip remarks, in his May 10 dis- other." In other words three times patch (N. Y. Times) from Paris, as many have been expelled as have ership of the democratic majority is hardly a rare exception. At all in France in terms that implied events, it illustrated the manner in that leadership would be not far which this sorry ruling "party" is removed from the dictatorial." In living! other words, Blum is preparing to follow in the footsteps of Doumergue, Laval, Flandin, Sarraut. We are to have a semi-Bonaptrtist, Committee of the Azov-Black sea semi-parliamentarian regime in region. "His motions during the France, headed by Leon Blum, who session of the District Committeewill attempt to introduce a solu- and he introduces them on every tion by a way of a mild Roosevelt- question-do not meet with any obian public works program. Could jections, because he does not toutter bankruptcy of parliamentar- What a shocking breach of democianism in France, than the fact racy! Saltykov once wrote a histhat the "victors", instead of re- tory of the city of Gloupov (Duncestoring the "democratic" rule are vile) in which he portrayed the cusobliged to follow in the footsteps toms of the entire Czarist autocof those who had acted in accord- racy. The piece about the Uspensk ance with the demands of the Fas- District Committee rings like an incists, like Doumergue, Laval and

Blum as dictator will reveal the "Rights" lost what the "Left' gain- very same inability to solve any of ed and draws the following con- the pressing and fundamental prob- and replace Saut with Stalin, one clusions: (1) "The left parties lems in France as did all of his could leave unaltered everything tical operation and causes all the gained 168,370 votes"; (2) "The dictatorial predecessors. The Peoparties of the so-called Center to total number of votes which were ple's Front will in the end only redisappear entirely. This accomplish-transferred from right to left veal most sharply the utter collapse

## here to the People's Front, while all others are assigned by him to People's Front Boosts Azana into Presidency

By ALFREDO ROJAS with conservatives and Catalan whatever bloc may have been "What was the purpose of all rightists in the vote for Azana in deemed necessary in the electoral

Catholics did not vote for Azana the decisions of our party, not but instead cast blank ballots.

Azana's first act as president was party independent of our party, a come premier and form a cabinet. tyshev's Speech, Pravda, April 11, certain were the press services that he would accept that advance stories predicted it. One can only conists did not dare enter the government on the eve of the June congress of the Socialist Party.

and undoubtedly represents a stopgap until after the Socialist conand make a fusion with Azana if completely obscured. not accepted.

Fernando de los Rios, Right Wing the problem (May 3): Looking for an example of an Socialist leaders, have wished to Caballero, who was Minister of

Labor in the coalition cabinet of a split." 1931, has been opposed to coalition volt. But his recent conduct in the

## A Significant Index

The election of presidential elec-

Equivalent in form to an election of deputies, the election provided a Stalin has decreed it a crime for magnificent opportunity for the any youth between "the ages of 15 Socialist Party to gauge its strength and 26" to occupy himself with pol- among the masses. There was not even present the problem of com-

peting with the reactionaries, for Azana has been inducted as the except in a few places, the reac-

## Caballero's Cogitations

of support among the people. And But, with God's help, since the end erations, etc. Translated into the the leading parties, including the nakedness of the republican bour-straightening out the front. In re-'so." language of organizational princi-Stalinists. This was followed by geoisie. These two groups, thereples all this would signify the crys- his invitation to Indalecio Prieto, fore, agreed to run a Popular Front in the election, demonstrating the vinces. In Castor and Algar, the tallization of the Komsomol as a Right Wing Socialist leader, to be-slate, with the understanding that lack of interest of the masses in a priests were expelled and sentenced Azana would be elected president. eparate party organization." (Pos- Unexpectedly, Prieto declined; so And Caballero? He immediately Front. Such a proletarian-peasant gave way on the fundamental issue -the independent slate-but exhibited "stubbornness" on the candiclude that the Right Wing Social- date. Not that he proposed a Socialist candidate! He merely wanted Albornoz, another bourgeois republican, instead of Azana. party, is an undistinguished one, Azana, a spokesman for Caballero complained to the press that he had not been consulted but in the same vention when the Right Wing So- | breath declared he would not opcialists will enter it. There have pose Azana. The real issue—that been several recent reports of the election should be a tabulation trolled U.G.T. threats by Prieto to split the party of Socialist strength-was thus

"The Fascists and foreign reacinstance "here and there" Kossarev enter the cabinet since the Febru-

## Refuse to Join Capitulator

and still considered the center of litical life! the Left Socialists, so that when Caballero capitulated on this question, there was no concerted action by the Left Wing.

But it is enormously significant that in spite of Caballero, a number of Socialist sections-Almeria, scene of many recent strikes and street fights with the Fascists. Ciudad Real and Albacete. and other provinces refused to join the government parties in a joint slate and instead elected a straight Socialist slate. This is the first definite breakaway from Caballero's temporizing tactics of talking left and acting right.

Only thirty percent of the twelve two convents were burned in Cadiz, rests of monarchists and fascists. million qualified voters took partand several churches in other pro-

fool the purging Committee, and in panion-in-arms". some places they even passed through the purge with applause." all decency it must be admitted Thus, the Stalinists are growing In other words, this to say that that Molotov didn't find it easy. of differentiation of France into which was recognized even by Gan at the expense of the rights or the many of those suspect of being op- After all he knows Stalin for too establish a loss? Very simply. He taining their own . . . to whom their organizations with them and same plane with Lenin, as he did one third of a million votes? Sta- bove, had no pretext for expulsion. gates from Soviet Georgia. But, tistics may be made to lie, but in But, in the behind-the-scenes check- after all, it is not for us to be conthis case his own statistics give the up "the study of the party person- cerned about Molotov's dignity as a nel was much deeper and many- man. We have other concerns. sided than during the purges" If any proof were needed that (Pravda, March 22). This is hardly Fascism is not disintegrating in to be wondered at, the searchlight choug, on the initiative of a prop-France and that the parliamentary here was the apparatus of the agandist named Poteliako, a discus-G.P.U.

We learn from Pravda, in passna, we need only turn to the latest ing, that in one of the Chelyabinsk next French Premier" As P. J. from the party at one time or an-"Leon Blum today assumed lead- remained. The Chelyabinsk factory

> Pravda carries an exposure of the secretary of the Uspensk District voluntary satire on the regime. The name of the Uspensk secretary is Saut. But if one were to put down the U.S.S.R. in place of the district else remaining in the text.

Molotov has succeeded in com class enemy is terrible not when he pletely straightening out the front. defended his privileged positions Since the liquidation of the "Third with arms in hand at the height of Period" Molotov, as is well known, his strength-no! He is particularhas been in semi-disgrace. His name, it is true, was to be found throes" His most Serene Excellenamong the inborn leaders but not cy Prince Potemkin once remarked on every occasion. His name was on a similar occasion to the literacomonly put after Kaganovich and teur Fonvizin: "You might as well Voroshilov, and he was often de- die. Denis, you will never write prived of his initials. In Soviet rit- anything better." ual all these are signs of paramount importance. Whenever a delegation arrived to see Molotov he was allowed to receive them only by having lists were being subjected to tor-Rudzutak as his left wheel horse, tures in Jugoslav jails. Pravda forand Chubar as his right wheel gets to mention that Jugoslav revhorse. On his part, Molotov, though olutionists are subjected to tortures he did give necessary praise to the also in the jails of Stalin. leader, would do so only two or three times throughout an entire Naturally, the Azana government speech, which in the atmosphere of did not want such an election, for the Kremlin sounded almost like a it would have exposed their lack call for the overthrow of Stalin. forsooth the truth). authorities. to ignore the revolu- to call in for consultation about the the Right Wing Socialists were of last year, a turn for the better shamelessly?" tionary traditions of the older gen- new cabinet, representatives of all more than willing to cover the has been noticed. Molotov was

Ever drawing newer and newer cent weeks he has delivered severbalances of the so-called "check-up al panegyrics to Stalin which made of party documents", Pravda is con- Mikoyan himself turn green with vinced that the behind-the-scenes envy. In reward Molotov has repurge takes the palm over the open ceived his initials. His name figpurge. It turns out that "many of ures in the second place, and he ceeds to quote from the Socialist the disguised enemies were able to bears the title of the "closest com-

All's well that ends well. But in positionists had the sympathies of many years to place him on the the Committees, appointed from a- in his debased speech to the dele-

> During the school term in Kremsion was instituted on the "possibility of building Communism in one country", during which Poteliako "advanced Trotskyist formulations". Despite the protests of several communists, (obviously, the Pravda correspondent himself) 'Poteliako was left on his post and continues to give his lectures."

> But, after the correspondent's notice in Pravda, we have reason to believe. Poteliako was not only removed as lecturer but also given all the necessary inspiration by the well known theorist Yagoda.

Novoseletski, who received the "degree of the best newspaperman" at the Ukrainian Communist Institute of Journalism, on arriving at his new post printed in the newspaper edited by him a "Trotskyist counter-revolutionary article", for which he was expelled from the party (and, of course, arrested). This episode is a clear testimony to the influx of Oppositionist audacity. We note it with satisfaction.

In explaining the need for vigilance with respect to "Trotskyists", Pravda unburdens itself of a brilliant image which is worthy of reprinting: "the class enemy in his deathbed deathroes (evidently there are death-throes which are not death-bed) refuses to surrender. He resorts to all sorts of snares and dirty devices, especially when there is a lull in vigilance." Thus the ly now "in his death-bed death-

On December 30, 1935, Pravda indignantly reported that revolution-

From a Conversation with a Sovet Dignitary. (Not from Pravda (Truth), but

"Why do you flatter him so

"What can one do? He loves it

show of strength for the Popular stronghold as Seville registered only a fifteen percent vote.

While the Socialists and Communists repeat the Menshevik course of 1917 in Russia, the anarcho-syndicalists play a completely reactionary role in "left" phrases. The ares Quiroga, a member of Azana's the S.P. announced its support of national convention of the syndiclaiming to include 700,000 city and miners and dock workers paralyzland workers, finds every anarchist leader declaring against trade supporting railroad workers' deunion unity with the Socialist-con-

## Mass Action Broadens

While the proletarian parties the Right Wing perspectives are The Stalinists were as eager as continue to support the bourgeois Azana for the joint slate. Here is government, the mass action in the Indalecio Prieto, Besteiros and the Daily Worker's description of factories and streets offers a stirring contrast. We list only a few of Teruel all land workers are out of the events of the last few days. demanding higher wages. In Bag-On April 28, "El Aguila," biggest points to nothing other than the ary elections. The opposition of Party would insist on their own brewery in Spain, was seized by its leading Leningrad organization! Left Socialists has so far prevented candidate and thus split the Peo- employees and held for days until And, moreover, he assigns the first them from doing so, although the ple's Front, and the A.P. had gleethe bosses granted all the demands. place in Leningrad, the traditional Rights, who control the Socialist fully sent out that prophecy. But The same day the venders of vegestronghold of the Zinovievists, not daily and the party executive, have the important Madrid section of tables and fish in Madrid declared if he returned. An agrarian strike the Socialist Party firmly refused a protest strike because police had in Valencia developed a series of to carry water for Fascism by such injured seven of their members in anti-religious demonstrations, rean encounter—how deep the fer-sulting in the destruction of twelve ment when these lower petty-bour-church buildings. Madrid is Caballero's stronghold geois elements are drawn into po-

#### Since April 30 a general strike of all maritime workers has stopped all ships and closed all ports.

have been occupied by the miners, on the land. Six weeks ago reports declaring they will operate them on indicated widespread seizures of employers have refused to re-employ doubtedly they remain in possession the workers dismissed after the of the land, and are seizing more October. 1934 revolt.

Twelve church buildings were

to death if they returned. General strike declared in Malaga, with shooting encounters between strikers and police. On May 6 a general strike in Cadiz, to support the demands of

striking arsenal workers, closed city and port; not a single store was permitted to open. The same day general strikes began in Santander and Huelva,

ing the city in sympathy strikes Madrid cafe workers have closed

their places of work, with the demand that all Fascist sympathizers among the employees be discharged. Significant agrarian strikes are now in progress. In the province uena striking agrarians forced the rightist secretary of the municipality to resign and escorted the parish priest out of the municipal limits, notifying him he would be shot

#### Rigorous Censorship in Spain Suspiciously little news is printed

in the Spanish press-which is under rigorous censorship — about events on the land. One must not forget that of the twenty-four mil-The iron mines of Penarroya lions of Spain, nearly twenty live "communist basis," because the estates by the landworkers. Unestates.

At least one armed encounter destroyed by Madrid masses when between workers and rightists or a rumor spread through the city fascists is reported every day, althat the monks and nuns had poil most invariably involving some soned some children. The same deaths. Many municipalities in day (May 4) three churches and control of workers report mass ar-

(Continued on Page 4)

# BROWDER: THE MAN AND HIS BOOK Out of Their Union Blooms

THE WOOING OF THE SOCIALIST PARTY

past writings, it is to the side of then the working class." (P. 111.) What are we sayinghumility? No, downright self-effacement. In any case, so it ap-

will find no gratified reference to help build it despite any reluctance the ideas so recently developed in or suspicion it may display. And cialist Party. A few months ago, No. II, both of which simply fail he not only wants to strengthen the even to mention No. I. The latest S.P. in general, but its leadership make him rage like Vesuvius on a volume shyly notes the fact that in particular. "If the militant So-"his previous book, 'Communism in cialists come out boldly for the the United States,' was a collection united front, then their party. of official reports, articles, speeches which deeply desires the united want a weak S.P.; now Browder and pamphlets, brought together front, will rally around them, and had all the shortcomings inevitable strength of the S. P. many-fold." with such a form. The present (P. 110.) book is, in contrast, a single work" (p. vii). Not another word: what its form—a candid confession which encyclicals to the flock.

#### Abandoning the Old Mistress

A closer comparison of the two, however, reveals that Browder has metrically opposite kind. kind described by the old Restora- found, "we are not merely abusing ley: "Next to the pleasure of mak- the scientific description, the name by "federating the trade unions and der has effaced everything he wrote curate, scientific, descriptive term attacks of capitalism" (p. 114). was able to defend the daily interand stood for a year ago. And in applied to the Socialist Party." (P. "Such a party cannot arise spon- ests and rights of the masses as ment" except that it would not conputting forward his latest ideas, he 14f.) discredited platform of the Second worried about the S.P. not being of the most advanced sections of not equally able to emancipate the be included among the places himself essentially upon the At that time Browder was not so abandoning.

What Browder has succeeded in doing in his latest volume is to give bourgeoisie is definitely building up ther on, the S.P. is an indispensable up entirely internationalism for the the Socialist Party because it knows ingredient of this "united front sake of national patriotsm, the Len- that in the coming great class strug- coalition" which is to lead and orinist position on the struggle gles in America it is going to need ganize the "coalition of all the against war for the social-patriotic the S.P. . . . When the S. P. does people." position, the Marxian concept of not exist, the capitalist class has compare notes!

## The United Front Mood

The principal stress in the tactics the Seventh Congress of the C.I., it. . . . Especially will it grow and these few lines. is now laid on the united front with become a menace in this country if the Socialist Party, to the point we Communists are not active and where the C.P. even proposes the well armed in the struggle against fusion of the two organizations into it." (P. 40f.) one party. A united front with the S.P. even at the price of completely recasting the American League Against War and Fascism. A united front with the S.P. for the purpose of launching a Farmer-Labor Party. A united front with the S.P. on any and every question.

Now, the united working class front against capitalism is neither a new idea nor a poor one, and we who were not among the last to whom? for what? till when?

the S.P. like a dying man wants among the social-Fascists." life. He falls all over himself in in its welfare. A few quotations beginning, wherever the situation slightest bit of clarity. from No. III will suffice to indicate gets too hot for them, to establish his position.

By MAX SHACHTMAN
Old Guard claims. Communists do of submitting to the sell-out. . . ." ing of a powerful people's anti-Fas-toilers"? If this is the idea, how Whatever else a critic may say not want a weak Socialist Party (P. 62.) And again: "No, it is cist front, given an organized ex-will the C.P. overthrow a governknown as "author's pride." Quite the struggle for the united front means a united surrender to the of a fighting Farmer-Labor Party, the contrary. If Browder errs to because it will strengthen both the capitalist attacks. That is not the we will protect our rights now and any side in the evaluation of his S. P. and the C.P. and thus streng- kind of unity the workers need. We prepare the workers for socialism."

The Keeper and the Nurse

Can nobler sentiments be found in any contemporary political work? Browder, who, you might imagine, Three of his works are before us. has work enough building his own The earliest one, "The Meaning of party, is nevertheless concerned Social Fascism," we will call No. also with building the S.P. Unlike 1, to simplify all references to it. Cain, he not only wants to be his His book late last year, "Commun-brother's keeper, but his nurse as ism in the United States," we will well. Weaken the S.P.? Perish the call No. II and his latest volume, thought! Nothing but a powerful "What Is Communism?"—No. III. | and mighty Socialist Party will sat-If you look through No. III you isfy him, and he is determined to

enables us to overcome the emotions sign of unselfishness and prodigalibefore, but wrote words of a dia- united front with them will do.

International which, fortunately, strong. In fact, his worries were the best Socialist elements are now of a different order altogether, be- most advanced sections means: S.P. cause, thought he, the S.P. was be- and C.P. And for the Stalinists, as enlightenment. We do, however, ing built up. And by whom? "The we shall see even more clearly furthe party, are going to be sure they

One can only conclude, from com-

#### S.P."; now, the C.P. needs it. United "Against the Leaders"

Objection may be raised that bediscover its merits will not be found cause in 1933, when Work No. I their programs are worthless. Con- tions [which?] for practical partic- ly he may yearn for the role of a among its opponents today. But in was presented, the S.P. was differ- sequently, let us build a Farmer- ipation in such a government" (p. respectable statesman. He is interall the years during which we found ent from the S.P. of today, a dif- Labor party for these inexperienced 125). But a few pages back we are ested in more tangible and immeit necessary to combat Stalinist op- ferent analysis was warranted. masses. Its conduct, its record— informed that among the other vir- diate matters. His "government" position to the united front, we nev- Granted. But Work No. II was we know—will be such that it will tues of the F.-L.P. is the fact that may have to wait; the formation er forgot that such a front has presented in 1935, and a second meaning and value to the working printing of it appeared as late as the "factor of the masses with that "necessary experience" required before the problem of state the problem of state that the problem of state the masses with that "necessary experience" required before the problem of state the problem of the problem of state the problem of the proble class only if these questions are September of that year, without a they "delight" us with support of power, and therefore with all the the Socialist Party into it, cannot answered: with whom? against single word or footnote to qualify the C.P. and its program. To put problems of revolution" (p. 120f). wait. And it cannot wait because Browder doesn't always say quite more than a year after the Detroit veal the ludicrousness of any atclearly just what the united front convention of the S.P. where the tempt made nowadays by revoluwill really look like and do. But Left wing gained control. And tionists to initiate a reformist for that he makes it entirely clear here is what No. II has to say party. Browder, who cannot put thor. The F.-L.P. takes over the tread.

a division of labor—one part of a Farmer-Labor Party, which will such a problem: "to introduce so- if any appreciable section of the "The differences between us are them becomes the 'Right wing,' fight for all the necessary demands cialism." The problems of state working class movement retains its growing smaller." P. 103.) "Com- which carries through the dirty of the toilers." (P. 107.) "It must power and revolution can (may we class independence and revolutionmunists, when they propose the work of the direct sell-out; the be emphasized that only one thing assume?) be solved only by the ary integrity. It is for the purpose united front, do not desire the de- other part becomes a 'Left wing' can stop the advance of Fascism in Communist Party when (may we of eradicating every particle of feat of the Socialist Party, as the which mildly deplores the necessity our country, and that is, the build-

need a united fighting front of the (P. 111.) "It is the only bulwark

workers against the capitalists and against economic catastrophe, all their agents. But that means against political reaction and Fastop, but a united front built up by ganization and struggle for their immediate needs." (P. 52.)

#### How Black Becomes White

Enough has been quoted to indicate that Mr. Browder has slightly modified his views about the Somention of the S.P. was enough to rampage; now you'd think that butter wouldn't melt in his mouth. Not so long ago, the bourgeoisie didn't now Browder lies awake nights

signate what he did abandon as Work No. I-in No. III, as the has been instructed to cajole the just a "form." For Browder's joy reader will surmise, the phrase So- S.P. into cooperating with the Stalwith his new book is really of the cial-Fascism simply cannot be inists to organize the American rights now. "People's Front" which, according tion playwright, William Wycher- them [not merely!], we are giving to Browder, is to be accomplished things—and they are hardly trifles ing a new mistress is that of being of the political role which they are all other mass organizations of the it also usher in socialism itself? Is rid of an old one, and of all old performing . . . Socialists in words, toilers into a wide Farmer-Labor between No. II and No. III Brow- Social-Fascism means. It is an ac- all the people prepared to resist the movement of a political party that taneously. It must be led and or successfully as Browder says his tain the "liberals and progressives" ganized by a united front coalition Farmer-Labor Party will, that was

"We the Farmer-Labor Party. Let

## Why the Farmer Labor Party?

correct program and a (presum- will "fight for all the necessary deparing Browders two positions ably) communist party? An exper- mands of the toilers." that the C.P. decided to pick up ience that would be tantamount to the job of building the S.P. where disillusionment with all other parthat the C.P. decided to pick up ence that would be tantamount to the capitalist class left off. Once, ties and all other programs. What says it should and will? Then the only as a hindrance to the rising the bourgeoisie knew that "in the Browder is saying, therefore, is "communists will support such a class consciousness and class indecoming great class struggles in this: We have the correct program united front government so long as pendence of the workers. America it is going to need the and party. The masses don't yet it really uses its powers to protect support our party and won't for and extend the economic and politsome time to come. They must first ical rights of the masses. We are "People's Front Government" in find out that the other parties and even prepared under certain condiits contents. That is, it appeared the matter thus bluntly, would rethat he wants the united front with about what it calls the "crisis the matter so plainly, is therefore "In this crisis," wrote Browder ture of what his "People's Front" his anxiety; he fawns on the S.P.; a brief few months ago, "the social- Farmer-Labor party would be capa-

"We Communists have proposed

about Mr. Browder, he cannot just- which is no asset to the working clear, unity behind these gentlemen pression in a Farmer-Labor Party." ment which "communists will suply accuse him of the vice popularly class. They urge Socialists to join [Norman Thomas and S.P. leaders] (P. 107f.) Through the united front port"? Enlightenment, please!

that unity must be built up, not cism, against the growing danger with these leaders on their present of another war." (P. 125.) "It [a policies, but against them. That F.-L. P. government] could fight means not a united front from the against the economic chaos of the capitalist system." (P. 125.) "Our the workers from below in the or- perspective of a united front government is one of an instrument of struggle against capitalism, of the the transference of power from a collaboration of all anti-Fascist parties and groups, against reaction and Fascism, and for the interests of the entire working popultion." (P. 126f.) (Our emphasis

## throughout. M.S.)

99.44 Percent Pure party possessing the properties and MacDonald and Abraham Cahan. virtues that Browder attributed to But a few pages further, our haphis Farmer-Labor Party, is good piness at the prospect of so endoesn't want one. Not so long ago, enough for the working class. Its trancing and painless a solution of over a period of three years. It they will be able to multiply the the split in the S.P. represented a existence would obviate the need of the class struggle is discourteously clever trick, a division of labor any other working class political shattered by the same Browder: among the social-Fascists to facili- organization. Browder does say Only the strongest physical effort tate the selling out of the workers; that the government of this party "will not be able to introduce sowas defective in No. II was merely stirred in a reader by this touching thinking of how best to help the cialism, which can only be done Left wing strengthen itself with its through a real revolutionary govmeets the strictest requirements of ty. But the recollection of what followers in the S.P. A few months ernment" (p. 125); but he doesn't that "Bolshevik self-criticism" so Browder said not so long ago is ago, he wanted nothing less than a bother to say or show why the F.L. vehemently insisted on in Browder's enough to restore the pulse and united front from below against P. government could not meet the heart-beat to normal. For Browder Norman Thomas and the other final test. According to him, the not only wrote on the same subject leaders of the S.P.; now only a party of his heart's desire could out of a "coalition movement of it, and outsiders are used," one pointed out that United States Rubfight for "all the necessary de- all liberals, progressives, Socialists man explained, adding that he him- ber, currently one of the most suc-Why does Browder gush with mands" of the toilers; it can stop and Communists" (p. 123). But self had helped consign a dozen cessful plants in the country, far done more than simply abandoned What Happened to Social-Fascism? honey like the rock in Horeb that Fascism—the only thing that can this government "should not be conan old form. Indeed, it requires a "When we speak of the Socialists gushed with water when Moses stop it; it is the only bulwark fused with the Soviet government water-filled phosphate mines and directly opposite course, and the high degree of nonchalance to de- as Social-Fascists," he wrote in struck it with his rod? Because he against imperialist war; it can con- of the victorious proletarian revotend against the economic chaos of lution, composed of an alliance of capitalism; it can protect our Communists. left-Socialists and

If it can accomplish all these there one single example in the hisknow something about the British Labour Party. . . .

#### The Mystery Grows

from another angle. "Such a [Far- into a "Soviet government"? Isn't October revolt, many announcemer-Labor] party, while not having it much more likely that no violence ments of plans for public works, Communists," Browder the program of the proletarian revthe class struggle for the reformist to bring it into existence and that writes, still on the same page, olution and of socialism, would nec- with Browder's fascinating scheme, concept of class collaboration. In is what is is doing in the United "would be delighted if we could essarily have to fight on the most all the liberals and progressives and threatening and preparing for civil national concentration." passing, he has dumped overboard States today . . . the building of the bring millions immediately behind important issues of the day." (P. Socialists and Communists would war. "Ya," rightist paper, declares: speech in the Cortes on May 5, Gil a dozen other views which he held S.P. is so directly the business of our own program and our party. 121.) Assuming that it would not laugh themselves to death, thus "A civilization, a culture and a re-Robles declared his followers were virtually until yesterday. Let us the capitalists and not of the work- But we are realists. [Hear, hear!] be "neutral" in the fight between leaving the General Secretary in ligion cannot be made to flee in the becoming Fascists and that he was ers, this is the determining reason We know that these masses have the two classes in modern society, such complete control of state pow- night by savage hordes manipu- not opposing the tendency, "bewhy the Socialist Party has such as yet not had that necessary ex- we conclude that it would fight out er that he would not even have to lated from foreign countries. The cause Spain is now divided into leaders as Norman Thomas. The perience which will bring them sol- these issues on the side of the work- shoot off a water pistol? capitalists, if they are going to build idly behind our leadership." There-ers. Yet, Browder points out, "such a party could be neither Socialist of the Stalinists, especially since have a reliable man at the head of us dwell a moment on the sense of nor Communist, but it also could be neither anti-Socialist nor anti-Com-What experience is, logically, nec- anti-capitalist party" (p. 107); need to wait. In what essential munist; it could be a genuine\* essary for the masses before they and, remember, it "will not be able respect could it differ from the late come solidly behind a (presumably) to introduce socialism." Well, it

Very good, very commendable.

concrete, however distressing this road of revolutionary proletarian may be for the many-volumed au- socialism which it has begun to government, legally and peacefully. compelled to paint a glowing pic- The C.P. supports the government inist formula for subordinating the ditions." The government brings ist democracy in the name of a he praises it and especially its Left Fascist leadership finds it neces- ble of doing. The picture glows be- the masses face to face with the "struggle against Fascism" and the wing; he cozens and wheedles it in sary to invent new means to keep cause it has so many colors; and problem of state power and all the "defense of the Soviet Union." It every key on the scale; he means the workers fooled and under their all of them clash so harshly that problems of revolution. It cannot is the formula which sanctifies the it no harm but is interested only control. For this purpose, they are it is impossible to achieve the solve any of these problems because most despicable practices of social-Browder forbids it the right or abil- patriotism and class-collaboration. ity to provide the only solution of Neither of these is fully realizable further assume?) it gains the sup- these qualities in the Socialist Party port of that "majority [who] were that Browder woos it so ardently.

> capitalist party which is "neither treatment which only another ar-Socialist nor Communist"?

#### Paging Abe Cahan!

Or perhaps the Browder idea is a different one. The F.-L.P. government is not Socialist, not Communist, nor can it introduce social- has done, with the State's case ism. A "real revolutionary govern- taking three weeks and just now ment" can. Is the latter, then, to reaching its conclusion. come into power without the violent overthrow of the "united wide differences in thought, cus- where they were protesting the infront" government? The only other toms, life and politics in the counway known to man is to come to try. power by voting the preceding regime out of power. Consequently, non-socialist regime to a socialist regime, of the means of production and exchange from the hands of its present possessors into the hands of the proletariat, would occur peacefully and legally. Thus would be realized the most dearly cherished Now, it is our contention that any dream of Karl Kautsky, Ramsay "History does not show a single example in which state power was transferred from one class to another by peaceful means, whether in the form of voting or some other method of formal democracy." (P. 165f.) Again, enlightenment, please!

"people's government" would come members of the organization to do McMulin in his New York column other groups which had jointly participated in the overthrow of the capitalists" (p. 126). If the —then why in heaven's name can't composition of the two governments (the latter would directly follow the former) is compared, the only debts." In the brief few months Fascists in deeds! That is what Party representing a coalition of tory of the international labor visible difference seems to be that -unless (God knows!) they are to "other the toiling masses." (P. 114f.) The masses from all bondage? We groups." Now, is it the idea of strikes and demonstrations; while know of none and we are ready for Browder, who does not know a single example of the peaceful gestures to which the Stalinists and transference of power, that a vio- Right Wing Socialists can point as lent revolution will have to be undertaken to get a few liberals and Azana. A law is passed announcing progressives out of the "people's fines of employers who refuse to Let us try the Browder puzzle government" in order to convert it re-employ workers fired after the at all would be needed? Then, faced etc.

## History Has Already Spoken

We can hardly wait to see Browder's "People's Front" come to full bloom. But then, we really don't People's Fronts in France and Spain? In the lands mentioned. they served and serve as dikes

Browder has, of course, no illusions about the imminence of a the United States, however wistfulthe Stalinists cannot afford to let Now picture the situation in the the S.P. continue further along the

The "People's Front" is the Staleven enters it "under certain con- working class movement to capital-

preparing themselves for a final What Browder hopes to achieve decision as between capitalism and by his courtship in concrete terms socialism" (p. 126). Now, when of American working class policies, the C.P. gains this majority and is clearly enough revealed in other is ready for the revolutionary solu-sections of his book. The anxiety tion, is the "united people's front to get the support of the S.P., to Farmer-Labor Party government" consummate a "united front" with to be overthrown and its place it, can be fully understood only in by what Browder calls the "real connection with Browder's views on revolutionary government, a Soviet such questions as bourgeois democgovernment of workers and other racy, the contest between Roosevelt and the Liberty League, patriotism, \*By the way, what in the name the "defense of the Soviet Union," of good common English and good and the approaching world war. common sense is a genuine anti- These questions require the detailed

ticle will allow.

# Own Mouths

(Continued from Page 1)

should drag along as the present ingly." trial here in the Shoemaker case

"The two points of view show the

"Flogging, tar and feathering and even death are not unusual here as a means of disposing of persons who are disturbing to certain interests, or to what is vaguely carried out under any law in Florbelieve such methods are for their their political influence is so great that court trials, or even arrests, rarely follow.

"At the same time, the great maority of citizens in Florida, numerent case will put an end to such ought to be stopped. methods.

" 'Citrus growing is a \$100,000,000 not afford to pay higher wages, labor organizers must be discour-

"Enough has been produced in court and openly talked outside . to involve the citrus growers."

## **Azana Boosted** to Presidency

(Continued from Page 3)

What is the Azana government daily murder workers in attacks on ed in the plant, closed recently by proof of the "progressivism" of

cal moment approaches, but with each other."

(Continued from Page 1)

"At the same time, those in other radical people who thrive from the parts of the United States are puz- cause of tearing down something zled that a court trial where the decent and who enjoy causing trouissues seem so clear and evident ble. . . . Those persons should be singled out and dealt with accord-

#### Five Sit-Downs in Night

This early morning episode followed a night during which there were no less than five sit-downs at Goodyear and several at Firestone, troduction of pace-setters in the tire departments. The companies are trying to take advantage of the recent wage increases to speed up production. This is proving a notable failure.

The gears in the machinery of the called "social order." They are not anti-union forces are slowly meshing. One of the latest evidences of ida statutes but by persons who this is the formation of an "Akron Civic Justice Association," a fit comown or for the public good, and panion to that other piller of Akron society, "The Law and Order League." The former is now specializing in full page ads, the chain. of reasoning being that now since the rubber companies out of the ous but not influential, express the bounty of their hearts have raised hope that the outcome of the pres- wages, this union monkey business

#### Centralization on Increase

More of this type of propaganda industry in Florida, and, as it can- was the recent hullaballoo about decentralization, spread by the rubber barons. Outside sources seem Let us try one last time. The aged. It would be undignified for a bit sceptical, somewhow, James such 'disturbers' to abandoned and from decentralizing is pursuing a rubber companies (beyond being afflicted with the incurable disease of capitalism) are the victims of their own merciless price cutting.

How little all this guff fazes the Akron gum miners was well demonstrated last Sunday when 4,000 rubber workers celabrating the advent of Spring in Akron, Ohio (The Rubber Center of the World), descended upon the amazed town of Kent, a suburb of Akron, and demonstrated. before the Black and Decker Elecdoing? Two things: its civil guards tric Company, where scabs remainstriking workers.

Yes, summer is i-cumen in. But it looks like a union summer this time.

a will to conquer, we shall succeed and Spain will not be a Russian colony." Almost daily, Gil Robles, Catholic leader, declares himself ready for civil war. On April 26 he offered Azana one of two choic-The reactionaries are openly es: "Anarchy or a government of

fight is now inevitable. The criti- two groups irrevocably opposed to

## Now Ready!

## LEON TROTSKY

## THE THIRD INTERNATIONAL $oldsymbol{AFTER}$ $oldsymbol{LENIN}$

Considerable confusion exists as to the cause of the split in the Communist International which drove Trotsky into exile from the Soviet Union which he helped to create.

Was it—as certain commentators have sought to make it appear-a personal feud between Stalin and Trotsky? Was the issue a mere squabble for powera purely organizational fight for the control of the Russian Communist Party and the Soviet Union? This book explodes such a superficial interpreta-

tion of the struggle in the Soviet Union between the forces led respectively by Stalin and Trotsky-a struggle in which Stalin was the victor and the cause of the world revolution the loser. Which course for the Soviet Union and the Com-

intern-nationalism or internationalism? This was the issue, and around it the battle has raged.

This volume, written in Trotsky's customary brilliant style, makes plain the issues that brought about the split. It is basically, his criticism of the official program of the Communist International adopted at its Sixth World Congress. It was around the counterprogram put forth in this criticism that the Trotskyist Opposition rallied. The movement for the Fourth International is based upon it essentially.

It is impossible to understand "Trotskyism" without a reading of this volume. No one interested in the history of the modern working class movement can afford to be without this volume.

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