
Communist Party of Spain (ML)

Second Congress

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As the newspaper «Vanguardia Obrera», organ of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Spain (M-L) informs, the Second Congress of the Communist Party of Spain (M-L) convened from June 23 to 26. The newspaper stresses the enthusiasm of the Party and the importance of this event, which marks the culmination of an intensive struggle against right-wing and bureaucratic tendencies and which ensured the consolidation of the proletarian line of the party. The Congress approved the

revolutionary line pursued by the Central Committee, which is the line of the struggle against opportunism and class collaboration both on the internal and international plane.

In a communiqué on the Second Congress, the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Spain (M-L) points out that out of about 300 delegates to the Congress, 64 per cent were proletarians and 28 per cent women. The average age of the delegates was about 28 years old.

The communiqué stresses that the

Congress was attended by delegates from party organisations of Andalusia, Aragon, Asturia, old Castile and new Castile, Catalognia, Galicia, Valencia, etc. Present were also delegates from the party organisations of the Spanish emigrants in different countries of Europe as well as representatives of the cells of important factories such as those of construction in Madrid, transport and mines in Barcelona and other cities of the country. A group of veteran leaders of the Republican Army, among

whom also founders of the glorious 5th Regiment, leaders of guerillas decorated for their active participation in the war against nazi-fascism and heroic partisans who continued the armed struggle against the Franco regime in Spain as late as the 50s, also took part.

The communique points out that some dozens of delegates discussed at the Congress about the ideological and political problems, the international situation and other problems raised in the report. They displayed their militant spirit, their loyalty to the principles and the unbent will to always implement a Marxist-Leninist revolutionary line. They also approved with enthusiasm the report of the Central Committee and the resolution worked out by the commissions of the congress on the work with women, the youth, the countryside, nationalities, in the trade unions, propaganda work, etc.

The Congress decided to proclaim heroes of the Party the comrades S. Marcos, X.H.B. Alonzo, H.L.S. Bravo and R. Sans who were killed by the criminal dictatorship of Franco.

The Congress received many messages of greetings from workers of various factories, mines, rural areas, militants of the Party who are in jail as well as from a great number of Marxist-Leninist parties. It acclaimed with enthusiasm and special emotion and profound satisfaction the message sent by Comrade Enver Hoxha in the name of the Central Committee of the glorious and valiant Party of Labour of Albania.

The communiqué stresses that the report of the C.C. on the activity of the Party since its 1st Congress, on the economic and social situation and the policy of the Party, on the development of the Party and its main tasks, on the ideological problems, the problems of the present political situation and the struggle against revisionism as well as on the international Marxist-Leninist movement was presented at the Congress

by Comrade Raul Marco, Elena Odena and Julio Moreda.

The Congress adopted unanimously the political line, the program and the constitution of the Party and elected the new Central Committee. The Congress adopted also the General Resolution.

After pointing out the victories achieved under the leadership of the Central Committee and the Executive Committee against the plotters and factionists to degenerate the Party, to liquidate it politically and organisationally as well as the steps forward to give a more pronounced proletarian character to the leading organs and in general all the party organizations, the General Resolution points out that the Congress expressed the determination of all the Party to continue and extend the struggle against revisionism, opportunism and their manifestations in the fold of the Party.

The Congress confirmed the great truth that the Party is strengthened when it is purged of the opportunist elements. The struggle it is waging against its internal and external enemies is part and parcel of the struggle going on in the fold of our people, as well as of that going on on an international scale in defence of the principles of Marxism-Leninism and the revolution, in face of modern revisionism which has been transformed into an open reactionary force, as well as in face of the opportunists who want to foil the teachings of Marx, Engels, Lenin and Stalin through the notorious theory of the «three worlds» which the Congress condemned categorically and unanimously, and to transform the communist movement (M-L) into an appendage of the bourgeoisie and Western imperialism with the USA at the head.

The Congress expressed its full approval for the course of denunciation and attack by all means against those forces, which working in the fold of the people propagate reconciliation with the monarcho-fascist enemy.

In these moments, reads the Resolution, main detachment of the enemy in our country is the Carrillo-Ibaruri clique.

The Congress expressed its full support for all the organisations, forces and committees which are united in the antifascist and patriotic revolutionary front, which in its entirety, represents the revolutionary unity, which the Spanish proletariat and people are tempering and which is fully necessary to pave the road to the people's revolution.

Likewise it supported the Republican Convention, which for more than one year has become the standard bearer of the republican unity of the people of Spain, against the fascist monarchy and imperialism, for the republic, for national independence, for self-determination of the oppressed nationalities and for the social victories the masses are demanding.

The 2nd Congress analysed the great importance of the movement of workers' assemblies and supported the initiative for summoning the congress of the workers' assemblies as a form to facilitate the union of the broad working masses in the revolutionary trade unionist movement, to isolate the counterrevolutionary and anti-worker line of yellow organisations, to bar the road to the «social pact» and to fight frontally against the plan of the «stabilisation» of the monarcho-fascist government.

The Congress decided to take the necessary measures to give a great impulse to the revolutionary work with the masses of day labourers and poor peasants, as well as to support the peasant movement against the monopolies, the big land proprietors and imperialism.

The Congress pointed out the need for the increase of the struggle of our people for national independence, to oust US imperialism from Spain and at the same time, to enhance the vigilance in face of the danger social imperialist expansionism represents, which has left no occasion to penetrate into the Iberian peninsula and

having no little interest in our country is acting more and more actively to place groups and politicians of various colours in its service.

The aid which must be rendered to the anti-imperialist and revolutionary movement of the peoples for ousting all the foreign bases, mainly those of US imperialism and Soviet social-imperialism in many a country, for ousting the US and Russian military fleets from the Mediterranean and other seas, against the aggressive blocs, NATO and the Warsaw Treaty, for denouncing the imperialist nature of the Common Market and COMECON, etc., is a component part of our struggle for national independence.

The Party, which from its reconstruction has defended the incontestable Marxist-Leninist principle of the armed struggle and the people's struggle to overthrow the old fascist power and to carry out the revolution, pointed out at its 2nd Congress the drive of the movement of the masses in the big strikes and in the broad movements, and instructed them to equip themselves with defence and war means, which will enable them to cope with the forces of oppression; fascist gangs and the armed hangmen, servants of the big bosses. The Congress ratified its line to place the Party in the van of the masses, of their struggles, and strive to turn the slogan «the people must arm themselves in face of the fascist gangs, the civil guard and the police in service of reaction», into reality.

With regard to the economic policy of the monarchy, the Congress denounced the feverish preparations of the Suarez regime to impose a new plan of »pulling in the belt« or «stabilisation», after the recent electoral comedy.

In face of this criminal plan of the monarcho-fascist government, the Congress called on the proletariat and the working masses in town and country to launch themselves promptly into a massive battle in defence of their jobs and against unemployment, aga-

inst wage freeze and the high cost of living, against lay-offs, against the oppression by the police and the bosses, for freedom of strikes, meeting and assembly in associations and demonstrations, against the «social pact» and yellow trade unionist centres.

The Second Congress stressed that the Party must raise high resolutely and forcefully the banners of the struggle against national oppression, for the incontestable rights of the oppressed nationalities and carry these banners to the broad movement of the masses and make efforts to draw to its right positions the broad strata of the people, victims of centralized oppression, and those strata of the petty and middle bourgeoisie which are also interested in the solution of this problem.

The Resolution stresses further on that the Congress turned down and exposed the ill-famed theory of «three worlds», as a battle horse of the new opportunists, as a theory which denies the class struggle as a driving force of history, denies the character of our epoch as the epoch of imperialism and proletarian revolutions, opposes the leading role of the proletariat, divides the world into geopolitical terms which cover up and deform the true class character of the present great forces and, mainly, it reconciles with U.S. imperialism and prettifies Western capitalism, its imperialist blocs, as NATO and Common Market, as well as the fascist regimes which are in power on all the continents with the aid of CIA.

In face of this opportunist theory, the Congress forcefully stressed that not one superpower, but both of them, not only Russian socialimperialism, but the latter and U.S. imperialism constitute today, jointly and separately, the biggest and most dangerous enemies of the peoples of the world. The Second Congress stressed that it is impossible to rely on one of the superpowers to fight the other, because both of them collaborate throughout the world to suppress the revolution, socialism and the peoples,

at a time when they are quarrelling with one another for zones of influence, trying to seize the ground of one another, unleashing partial imperialist wars through their tools and with their boundless ambition they create the danger for a new general imperialist war.

The Second Congress heard, appreciated and applauded with enthusiasm the fervent greeting of the glorious Party of Labour of Albania, signed by its great leader, Comrade Enver Hoxha personally. The Congress laid the stress on the historic importance for all Marxist-Leninists of the whole world of the 7th Congress of the PLA, and mainly the report delivered by Comrade Enver Hoxha, report which proves the firm principled line which the Party of Labour of Albania has always defended in face of the difficulties, in face of the imperialist-revisionist encirclement and pressures of every kind. The Congress expressed its complete internationalist solidarity with the heroic Party of Labour of Albania, with Comrade Enver Hoxha, with socialist Albania, the beacon of the revolution and socialism.

The Second Congress denounced the revisionist variant of «eurocommunism», as a trend which defends the parliamentarianism of the monopoly bourgeoisie, the bourgeois order with the greatest shamelessness. Just as all the revisionists, the «eurocommunists» too, have given up the revolution, proletarian internationalism, the dictatorship of the proletariat and the party of the class, they have been transformed into bourgeois parliamentarian parties, owners of banks, shares and supermarkets and follow a reactionary policy which is a shameless support for the big capital.

The Second Congress expressed its firm determination to defend, on the international arena, the principles of Marxism-Leninism as well as the militant proletarian internationalism, against old and new opportunism, which deforms and attacks these principles.