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Might Will Conquer
Nature's Adversities

The Ethiopian Herald

Bitter, Persistent
Struggle Is Inevitable
Price of Victory

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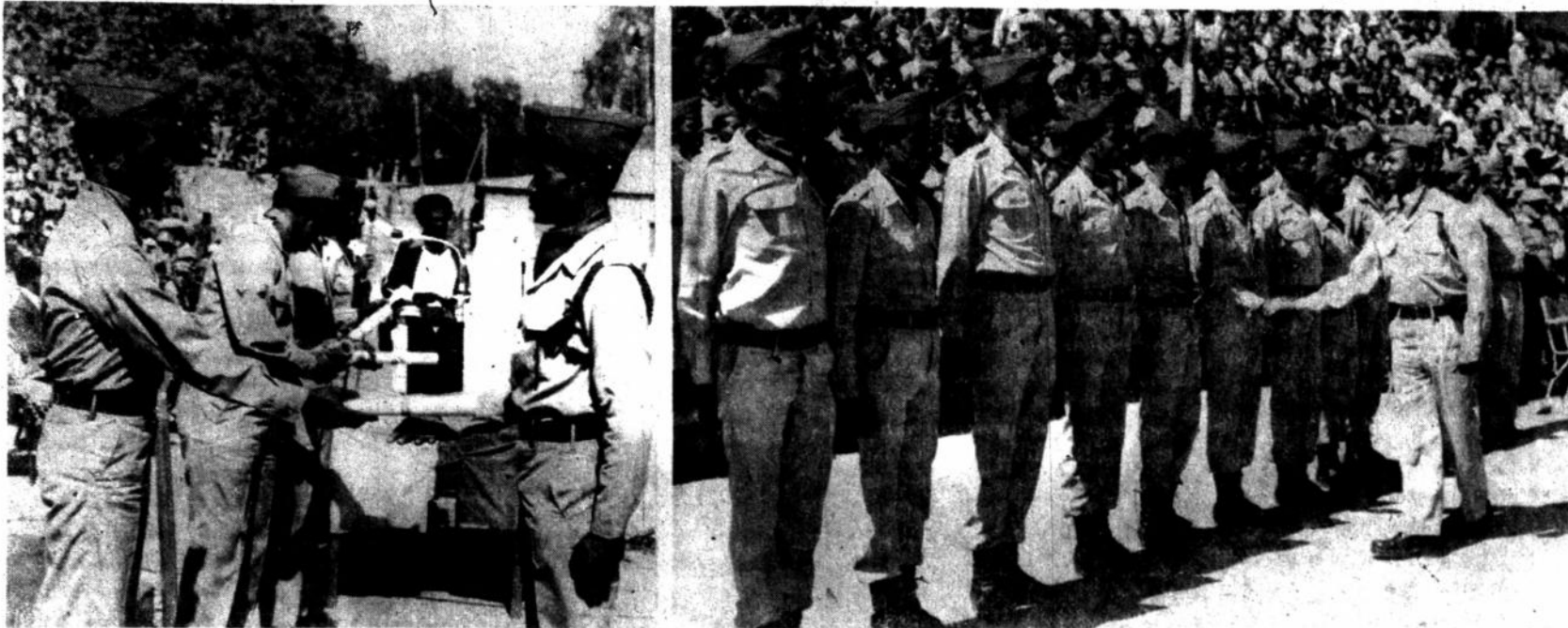
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Cadets Commissioned at Harar Academy

Chairman Warns Ruling Classes in Somalia of Grave Consequences of Continued Infiltration



Comrade Lt. Col. Mengistu Haile-Mariam, Chairman of the PMAC, the Council of Ministers and Commander-in-Chief of the Revolutionary Army awarding diplomas to (left), shaking hands with (right) the graduating cadets.

ADDIS ABABA (ENA) — Comrade Lt. Col. Mengistu Haile-Mariam, Chairman of the Provisional Military Administrative Council and the Council of Ministers and Commander-in-Chief of the Revolutionary Army, yesterday warned the ruling classes in Somalia of grave consequences if the latter continued to send infiltrators to invade and cause destruction in Ethiopia.

Comrade Chairman Mengistu's warning was contained in a peace address he delivered in Harar where he handed certificates to newly commissioned officers at a colourful ceremony in the academy parade grounds.

Clapping with one Hand.
Comrade Chairman Mengistu said that the answer to Ethiopia's call for peace and good intentions has been destruction, aggression and invasion on the part of the Mogadishu regime. "This is growing worse and more grave from time to time. We have reached a stage where this can no longer be

tolerated at all. Since expression of our good intentions is like clapping with one hand as long as our call for peace is not reciprocated by the Mogadishu ruling class and since the latter fails to desist from destruction and invasion, our message today may well be the last," Comrade Chairman Mengistu said.

Comrade Chairman Mengistu reiterated that the socialist countries and other progressive forces who are allies in Ethiopia's struggle are fully on Ethiopia's side and are ready to partake in the struggle.

Comrade Col. Mengistu was welcomed at the academy grounds by the Minister of Defence Brig. Gen. Taye Tilahun, the academy commandant and senior civil and military officials. The PMAC Chairman was greeted by a gun salute following which he reviewed the guard of honour.

Present during the graduation ceremony were Comrade Lt. Col. Haddis Tedla, PMAC Standing Committee

member in charge of defence matters, Comrade Capt. Legesse Astaw, PMAC Standing Committee member in charge of military political affairs, Comrade Capt. Gessesse Wolde-Kidan, PMAC Standing Committee member in charge of economic affairs, as well as ministers, sector commanders, military attaches of friendly countries and invited guests.

Following is the text of Comrade Chairman Mengistu's speech:

Down with imperialism, the enemy of the workers and oppressed peoples of the world, and its accomplices — anti-people and anti-peace reactionary forces.

You graduating officers who are the gains of the Ethiopian Revolution and embryo of the red army,

Distinguished guests and comrades, We feel great pleasure not only to be in the midst of the 37th graduating class of officers who have been tested during the four years of our bitter struggle, particularly during the arm-
(Contd. on page 5 col. 1)

PMAC Chairman Sends Felicitations to Cuba

ADDIS ABABA (ENA) — Comrade Lt. Col. Mengistu Haile-Mariam, Chairman of the Provisional Military Administrative Council and the Council of Ministers and Commander-in-Chief of the Revolutionary Army, said here yesterday that the policy of Revolutionary Cuba, which is based on proletarian internationalism, is making a significant contribution to the struggle against imperialism, colonialism, racism and all other forms of exploitation as well as to the promotion of international peace and security.

Comrade Chairman Mengistu said this in a message of felicitations to Comrade Dr. Fidel Castro Ruz, First Secretary of the Central Committee of the Communist Party, Chairman of the Council of State and the Council of Ministers and Commander-in-Chief of the Revolutionary Armed Forces of Cuba, on the occasion of the 20th anniversary of the Cuban Revolution.

Comrade Chairman Mengistu's telegram to Comrade Fidel Castro said: "It is with a deep sense of joy and revolutionary solidarity that the Ethiopian people join the heroic and revolutionary people of Cuba on this happy and historic occasion of the 20th anniversary of the victory of the Cuban Revolution."

"On this joyous occasion, I wish to recall that the Cuban Revolution has been a source of inspiration and encouragement to all oppressed peoples of the world struggling for freedom, justice, equality, peace and progress. Today,"
(Contd. on page 5 col. 6)

PLO TO Open More Offices This Year

KUWAIT (Agencies) — The Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) is to open offices this year in Finland, Venezuela, Angola and Mozambique, PLO foreign affairs spokesman Farouk Kaddoumi was quoted as saying here today.

Mr. Kaddoumi, here for a short visit, told the newspaper *Al-Rai-Al-Aam* that other offices in African and Latin American states were planned because the PLO needed to have a presence in non-aligned states, which supported its cause.

Committee To Be Set Up To Enhance Goods' Mov't

ADDIS ABABA (EH) — A special committee for the effective transportation of commodities throughout Ethiopia is to be set up in the immediate future with the aim of improving the efficient flow of goods and merchandise, Ato Aseghid Wolde-Amanuel, head of the Transport Department in the Ministry of Transport and Communications told *The Herald* yesterday.

According to Ato Aseghid, the annual tonnage capacity of trucks in the country is estimated at 2 billion ton-kms.

Enhance Movement

"Based on the experiences gained from the committee that was established to enhance the movement of goods from the port of Assab," the department head explained that "the special committee will seek methods to facilitate and ease the transportation of goods from one part of the country to the desired destinations, in line with the guidelines to be issued."

He added that the structure, duties and work programme of the envisaged committee have been finalized and are awaiting government approval.

"As soon as the committee commences its tasks," he said, "we hope to achieve optimum targets with the trucks we have." According to Ato Aseghid, the special transport committee will be responsible for the effective transportation of all national products from one point to the other, be it to the ports, from the ports or from town to town and the interior part of the country. He said that the difference between the Assab committee and the forthcoming special committee is that the latter is a national committee that will oversee the movements of goods in totality.

Relating the experience of the As-

sub committee and its decisive accomplishments, he stated that the committee was able to clear the Port of Assab, 90 per cent, on time, and has shown great success in its operations.

"Prior and during the period in which the committee was established," he related, "the country lost 80 million Birr worth in hard currency, of which an estimated 40 million Birr was paid in surcharge for ships waiting to unload, while another 40 million Birr was lost for demurrage."

Ato Aseghid, who is also the co-ordinator of the Assab committee, stated that the work of the committee has



Ato Aseghid Wolde-Amanuel.

given a new lease on life to efforts to establish such a set-up at the national level.

He also stated that drivers and mechanics in the different garages will be instructed to follow work schedule. Instructions will also be given to those whose goods are to be transported with the object of making them know the value of time.

Int'l Aid for Locust Control Called For

ADDIS ABABA (EH) — The emergency session of the Council of Ministers of the Desert Locust Control Organization for Eastern Africa (DLCO-EA) which was held in Nairobi recently has appealed to international agencies through FAO and UN to render assistance to meet the financial requirements for the emergency operations.

Dismissing this at a press conference, Dr. Geremew Debele, Minister of Agriculture and Settlement and chairman of the DLCO said that heavy rains on both sides of the Red Sea and along the Gulf of Aden have created favourable conditions for the rapid breeding

of the locusts. He added that while control operations in some parts are successfully carried out, the outbreak of the swarms are beyond the capacity of the DLCO-EA.

Higher flying swarms reported in the Red Sea area, he said, might heavily affect Ethiopia, Somalia, the Sudan, Kenya and the front-line states provided the wind pattern favour their mobility. To withstand the threat Dr. Geremew said effective control operation is an urgent task.

Emergency Operation

The meeting of the Council of Ministers of the DLCO-EA held in Nairobi from 21 to 22 December 1978, having discussed the situation, had recommended that member countries should pay emergency operation cost of 545,600 dollars in addition to their annual contributions, the minister revealed.

In order to overcome the problem, Dr. Geremew said, the meet found international assistance very essential and has recommended an appeal to international organizations for the emergency operation.

The minister said that the council has decided that every effort should be made to urge member states to pay their contribution on time and to co-ordinate efforts for the implementation of anti-locust national programme.
(Contd. on page 5 col. 6)

Foreigners Flee Iran

Over 700 people Killed as Troops Go Loose During Week-end Protests

TEHERAN (Agencies) — The exodus of foreigners from strife-torn Iran was being stepped up amid reports from opposition sources that up to 700 people died Sunday when troops opened fire on anti-Shah demonstrators in the holy city of Mashhad.

The United States, Canada, South Africa and the nine-nation common market, except France, have advised the families of nationals working in Iran to get out. France has said the decision lies with its people "as a matter of common sense".

Nearly 200 evacuees, mainly British and American, made it to Greece in time to greet the new year in hotels around Athens airport. But the airlift was complicated by the threatened boycott of foreign airlines by workers at Teheran's Mehrabad Airport.

Reports of the killings in Mashhad came from a spokesman for city's most prominent religious leader Aya-

atollah Sayid Abdullah Shirazi. "The troops opened fire on big crowds in a street. Hundreds were killed, maybe 700", he said. "Troops were seen picking up the dead from the streets and taking them for burial in ditches outside the city."

The official radio confirmed there were casualties in Mashhad, but said the number of those killed and injured varied.

Dramatic Incident

The radio made no mention of disturbances in the western city of Dezul, where the opposition National Front reported troops had fired on anti-Shah demonstrators, killing 36 people and injuring 300.

In Mashhad, the spokesman said the army attacked the Ayatollah's house, killing 14 people and injuring 56. The Ayatollah escaped by a backdoor before troops and tanks surrounded the house and crowds gathered.

The spokesman said it was an hour later that the troops fired on the

crowds and killed possibly as many as 700.

The Ayatollah is not a hard-liner, though he is among the religious leaders, who want the Shah's powers curtailed after 37 years of autocracy. Sunday's military action could have hardened his attitude to the Shah.

The National Front said the force of the army would not stop the opposition movement. "Killing thousands of people will not resolve the crisis. There will be a backlash," a spokesman added.

There were demonstrations in several parts of the city during which premier designate Shapur Bakhtiar, expelled from the National Front after agreeing to form a new government, was described by protesters as a rabid dog.

Memory of Dead

Meanwhile, the day of tribute to the memory of the killed fighters against the present regime has been marked.
(Contd. on page 5 col. 5)



Dr. Geremew Debele, Minister of Agriculture and Settlement giving press statement.

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Editorial

FURTHER STRENGTHENING OF TIES

The signing in Moscow last week of a two-year agreement between the Ethiopia-USSR Friendship and Solidarity committees is a tangible proof of the ever deepening ties being maintained between public organizations of the two countries to strengthen the basis of future dealings in the advancement of the interests of the peoples of both countries. It was in this spirit that the two-man Ethiopian delegation that returned to the capital after a week-long visit to Moscow declared that the signing of the agreement will not only strengthen relations between the two societies but open areas of co-operation between the governments and peoples of the two countries.

The friendship and solidarity agreement helps to promote closer contacts of friendship between public, workers, youth and women's organizations between Ethiopia and the Soviet Union. This accord will foster greater understanding between the peoples of the two countries by the observance of the national holidays and red-letter days of each other. The accord will also open new avenues for organizing cultural festivals between the two countries and the exchange of delegations on a regular basis.

The friendship contacts that have developed between the two countries have already helped to acquaint the peoples in the USSR about the on-going revolution and the Ethiopian people. As a result of this knowledge, mass organizations in the USSR including workers' parties and farmers' co-operatives are extending full support to the popular struggle in Ethiopia. The newly signed agreement is expected to contribute considerably towards the further cementing of friendly relations and co-operation between the governments and peoples of Ethiopia and the USSR.

AFRICA TO MAKE MORE EFFORTS ON POLITICAL AND ECONOMIC FIELDS

The African continent has to make increased efforts in future to attain good results in the political and the economic fields.

In new year summations given by both the Executive Secretary of the UN Economic Commission for Africa (ECA) and the Administrative Secretary-General of the Organization of African Unity (OAU), the results achieved in the past twelve months have not been that much satisfactory. The OAU Administrative Secretary-General called for closer unity to counter the existing challenges; while the ECA Executive General disclosed that economic growth during 1978 showed no progress compared to that of 1977.

For both organizations, the year 1978 has been marked with serious political upheavals that had drastically affected the development of positive trends in both cases. The OAU cited that the conflicts and disputes among African countries had been the cause for the retardation of positive developments. These differences and weaknesses have been exploited by the enemies of Africa, especially the racist regimes in Rhodesia and Pretoria.

The heads of both organizations have pointed out that Africa should work hard along the political and economic lines in order to improve the material and cultural bases of development. Both hammered at internal issues that equally affect the lives of the African peoples and agreed that these problems should be fought along the united front for a fair and justifiable settlement.

The OAU Secretary-General called on everyone to concentrate his attention during the year 1979 towards interdependence between peoples and the determination to serve the cause of peace in Africa. The ECA Executive Secretary equally discussed the unfavourable economic condition that hit the continent during the year and concluded that the year 1979 might not even prove to be a good one. Continued inflation, accumulated debts and rising food prices are the main reasons for it.

It is the duty of all governments to heed the warnings sounded by these organizations working for the advancement of the political and economic aspirations of the peoples of the continent. The limited resources of Africa should be mobilized to pull the continent out of the present impasse and ensure better living conditions for all peoples.

A Beacon of Socialism That Lit up In America Twenty Years Ago

by Karen Khachaturov,
Novosti Press Agency

January 1 marked the twentieth anniversary of the Cuban Revolution, which heralded the birth of the first socialist state in the Western hemisphere. This date is of historic significance not only for the Cuban people, not only for that island in the Caribbean, it belongs to the whole of mankind.

The revolution (which arose and triumphed in specific Cuban conditions) has proved that laws of social development and Marxist-Leninist theory of revolution are universal. To artificial models of social development, Cuba opted for real socialism, which is rooted in the Great October Revolution in Russia. A new, socialist civilization was born on the day of the October Revolution, noted the leader of the Cuban people, Fidel Castro.

Cuba has proved that a people determined to defend its independence and uphold its revolutionary socialist gains, its independence and uphold its revolutionary socialist gains is invincible. When relations between the United States and Cuba are discussed, journalists often turn to the biblical parable, about Goliath and David. The bulwark of world capitalism, situated a mere 90 miles from Cuba, seems to have done everything possible to destroy the "first free territory of America." An economic blockade, diplomatic cordon, "psychological warfare," CIA subversive activities — everything was employed by imperialism to crush the Cuban Revolution.

Revolutionary Enthusiasm

But the revolutionary enthusiasm, conscious discipline and monolithic unity of the Cuban people, rallied around their Communist Party, frustrated the aggressive designs of imperialism. At Playa Giron, the United States suffered the first military defeat in its history in the Western hemisphere. Because of the wise policy of the Soviet Union and Cuba the North American, "hawks" were not able to exploit the "Caribbean crisis" in October 1962 to unleash a world thermonuclear war. The anti-Cuban repressive sanctions fell flat, with most of Latin American countries normalising their relations with Havana and the USA, too, having to recognise Cuba de facto.

The Cuban people are right when they say that their victory would have been impossible without international solidarity, without the disinterested help of the fraternal socialist countries, above all, the Soviet Union. Fidel Castro said that "... since the moment the Soviet State was established every fighting people, be it in Europe, Asia, Africa or Latin America, have been able to count, as our people have, on the support and solidarity of the Soviet communists. And wherever, there are grateful hearts, where the sense of justice and common sense exist, this will not be forgotten." The visit to Cuba in January-February 1974 by Leonid Brezhnev, leader of the Soviet Communist Party and the Soviet State, marked an important stage in the development of Soviet-Cuban relations. Since that historic visit comprehensive Soviet-Cuban co-operation has grown stronger still.

Cuba, which before the revolution was impoverished and disprivileged and in fact a U.S. colony, has in a historically brief period of time demonstrated to many peoples and in the first place to Latin American peoples how fundamental, social and economic problems should be solved in the interests of the working masses. Let us turn to the admissions of those who cannot be suspected of sympathising with the Cuban Revolution.

The influential London newspaper *Sunday Telegraph*, said in August 1978:

"Not many deny that under the Batista dictatorship all Cubans, except few, led an awful life-starvation, poverty and disease were the rule rather than an exception ... at the moment Fidel Castro's policy is aimed at ensuring genuine human rights in the health services, education, medical care and provision of housing ... most of the Cubans, according to all signs, are not only free from repression, but look happy and content." And this is what the UPI acknowledged in an article "Cuban Revolution-20 years": "Even the most staunch opponents of President Fidel Castro admit that the average Cuban now lives in many respects much better than twenty years ago. Cuba has in-

in the evening goes to sleep hungry ... no beggars are seen in the streets, as distinct from other Latin American cities ... women have equal rights with men, which is seldom seen in Latin American countries."

Psychological War

We quoted the opponents of the socialist system listing the advantages of that system simply because the UPI was most actively involved in organising the "psychological war" against Cuba. But even now this agency tries to find a loophole for discrediting Cuba's policies. For example, the author of the article "Cuban Revolution-20 years" claims that Cuba's participation "in the African wars causes discord, in the same way as the U.S. involvement in the Vietnam war gave rise to arguments among the Americans." North American



Cuba, the first country in America to be declared a territory free of illiteracy has over the years facilitated the flow of students toward higher studies of professional medium or university character.

produced universal free education, which is available to all Cubans. The standards of instruction are very high ... even some of the Cuban emigres living now in Florida would like to send their children to study in Havana. Medical care is also free and very good ... not a single Cuban

propaganda seeks to draw a malicious analogy between Cuban help to the legitimate governments of Angola and Ethiopia in repulsing aggression and the U.S. dirty war in Vietnam.

Such false analogies are fabricated not only by imperialists, but also by Chinese propaganda. What is more,

Attempts To Stage Mini Camp David

by Abiot Zelleke

Imperialist and NATO member states are endlessly and tirelessly discussing issues concerning the African continent by sending delegations to this or that country planning to set up a pan-African force as worked out in Paris to strangle the revolutionary struggle of the people of Africa. Well, the aims of all such manoeuvres are crystal clear: imperialists intend in every possible way to regain their lost position and to perpetuate the ruthless exploitation of African wealth.

In so doing, imperialists count on reactionary and puppet regimes, groups and individuals who betray the cause of African peoples for national independence, economic freedom, equality and democracy. The progressive and democratic forces of the continent are, on the other hand, heroically fighting against international imperialism and at the same time the reactionary and puppet regimes. It is to be recalled that during the OAU foreign ministers meeting in Khartoum last July, dozens of African countries including Libya, Algeria, Mozambique, Benin, Sao Tome and Ethiopia strongly rejected France's military role in African conflicts and submitted a draft resolution to that effect.

How can the French, the Americans and the British help us in fighting against their own agents and against the white colonialists whose relationship is cemented with blood.

The visits of US delegation to Mogadisho last July and that of the senior American Senator MacGovern last month to some African countries reflect new trends of pursuing established US and NATO policy in Africa.

The policy envisages armed intervention undermining the struggle of the national liberation movements in southern Africa, strengthening the spring-boards in the Indian Ocean and inciting provocations against progressive African governments. US imperialism obviously intends to continue setting African states against each other to sabotage African unity in the interests of colonialists, neo-colonialists and to weaken the anti-racist front.

During his visit to Tanzania and Mozambique, Senator MacGovern, once again, attempted to justify the policy of United States in Africa. The government of USA is trying to carry out its former neo-colonialist aims in southern Africa with the help of new a method. The US government is doing every possible damn thing to persuade African countries that USA is in favour of — the so-called "fair settlement" of the problems of Namibia, Zimbabwe and South Africa.

It is a foregone conclusion that the trip of Mr. MacGovern was aimed at gaining the attention of the leadership of Front-Line States in order to implement "US initiatives" to frustrate the wishes of the African patriotic organization of establishing popular rule in Zimbabwe. It is an open secret now that Washington has worked out a mini-Camp David in regard to the Zimbabwean question aimed at settling the problem of Zimbabwe in the interest of USA and other western countries.

The United States representation at the UN is stepping activities in an effort to exercise pressure on African delegations and impose upon them the

the latter uses the malicious terminology of the most reactionary organs of propaganda from the heyday of the cold war. In December-1978, for example, *Heinrich News Agency* alleged: "Vietnam together with Cuba engages in subversive activities in the ranks of the non-alignment movement."

The true aims of Chinese policy and propaganda are quite obvious. Cuba and Vietnam are not only a component part of the world socialist system, and the bulwark of socialism in America and Asia, but also the most active members of the non-alignment movement. They enjoy tremendous, growing and well-deserved prestige in the public eye in Asian, African and Latin American countries. However, the anti-Cuban hysteria of the Chinese leadership plays into the very hands of U.S. imperialism, considering that its own anti-Cuban policy had reached a dead end and is in the theories of a mounting and irreversible crisis. In this connection, it is worth recalling that on the day when Havana will be celebrating the 20th anniversary of the Cuban Revolution, Washington and Peking completed the diplomatic marathon of "mutual recognition." There is every reason to believe that both the Peking leadership and the most aggressive forces in the USA will try to use their partnership for securing hegemonistic aims, for struggle against all freedom-loving peoples, including that of Cuba.

But one can also be certain of the other thing: The firm determination of the freedom-loving peoples to defend their independence and uphold their gains. Cuba has graphically proved to the world that the ability to resist and the will for victory are not measured either in the size of a country's territory or the number of its population. Inscribed on the banners of the Cuban Revolution were the proud words "Motherland or Death! We shall Win!" and the Cuban people kept their word. They have won.

plan of "fair settlement" in Zimbabwe and Namibia, which in actual fact could not change anything.

The so-journey of Senator MacGovern and other steps of the United States taken to "amend" its relationships with African countries are aimed at suppressing the criticism and armed struggle by African liberation forces against the neo-colonialist manoeuvres of US imperialism. MacGovern who works for "man of the year" prize in the western world, has, once again, showed in his trip to Tanzania and Mozambique that the US is not going to meet the demands of the Zimbabwean and Namibian peoples, who have vowed to liquidate colonial and racist regimes from the African soil, Washington, on the other hand, intends through insignificant and facade changes in these countries, to keep the racist regimes in power.

It is interesting to note that, after visiting Mozambique and Tanzania "the would-be man of the year" left for the Republic of South Africa where he met representatives of racist regimes and heads of political organizations of the white populations. (As usual, the Senator, had in the course of the meeting, tried to create the impression that Washington understands the needs of the African population in that part of the continent. The statement "Washington understands the needs of the African population" was made, however, more clear during his secret talks with Botha when he assured the premier that the US considers his country as its main ally in Africa and plans to lend its support to maintain the status quo in South Africa.

WOMEN IN STRUGGLE

by Tagey Lenetsanet

Ethiopian Women Destined To Play Great Role

In the great effort of social, cultural and economic promotion and development, Ethiopian women who are the majority of the nation's population can play a significant role.

The above remarks were made by Woizerit Negat Mengesha, who has been working as a judge at the Higher Court for the last three years.

"It is a statement of fact that Socialist Ethiopia grants women's equality in all spheres of life," Wzt. Negat stated. However, she continued, for a society that has been conditioned to look at women as inferior creatures for ages, it is very difficult to take for granted the equal position of women.

The woman judge further noted that it was up to the educated women who are educationally privileged in comparison with the vast majority of the uneducated ones, to assume the responsible role of mobilizing and po-



Women being given political education in one of the kebeles here.

liticizing their female colleagues by participating actively in the activities

of women's associations.

According to the observation of Woizerit Negat, the majority of educated women shy away from taking responsibilities in women's associations in their kebeles or in other mass organizations by giving all kinds of excuses. This failure is a very serious matter to be overlooked by progressive comrades both male and female, she stated.

Although it is appropriate to mention the significant role played by women's associations in preparing provisions for the vanguard forces at the time when the country and revolution were under attack by internal and external enemies, their contribution in politicizing and educating women left more to be desired, she declared.

However, the judge registered her appreciation of the role some genuine progressive women played and continue to play in the activities of various women's associations with the intention of organizing, politicizing and mobilizing their female colleagues.

Speaking about her work experience, Wzt. Negat revealed that she has encountered some minor problems. When people came to the High Court and found her to be the judge, some seem to have lost confidence just because she was a woman judge, she pointed out.

In many cases, when people entered her office, they asked for the judge failing to accept her as a judge. There were also times when many people requested her to type letters of application, automatically taking her for a typist since this was the career that almost all women were encouraged to pursue during the now defunct feudal-bourgeois regime, she stated.

For women to demonstrate their equality they should work harder so that their great role is not overlooked in the society while that of men is exaggerated, Wzt. Negat stressed.

In the end, Wzt. Negat called on all women to join their male counterparts in the struggle for the removal of the remnants of the rotten feudal-bourgeois social order and for the emancipation of mankind in general and women in particular. She further added that all progressive women should facilitate the teaching of socialism. "Socialism is the sole guarantor for the equality of women," Wzt. Negat concluded.

Participation in Efforts To Help Resettlement Programme Said Duty

To raise funds to assist the resettlement programme of people affected by the drought-borne and man-made problems in the various parts of the country is one of our revolutionary obligations.

This was stated by Comrade Simret Mamo, chairperson of the women's association in Higher 9 kebele 10 in an interview with the *Ethiopian Herald*. She said that the resettlement programme is part of the forthcoming economic and cultural development campaign to be carried out on a nation-wide level to eliminate hunger, disease, ignorance and unemployment and all the legacies of the former feudal-bourgeois regime.

Comrade Simret continued that to contribute towards the success of the economic campaign in general and the resettlement of the people displaced by war and natural calamities in particular, women in Higher 9 kebele 10 are making all-round preparations.

Organizational Set Up

Explaining the organizational set up of the women's association in the said kebele she said that prior to the strengthening of the urban dwellers associations, women in the area were not enthusiastic to participate in any activity. They were misled by the malicious propaganda of counter-revolutionary elements.

However, the chairperson further stated that with the progress of the revolution, reactionary forces were wiped out and women came to realize that socialism was the only sure way for them to be emancipated from double oppression and exploitation. The forum for their struggle is their association and they are making efforts to strengthen it, she noted.

At present, she pointed out that there are 328 women in the association, seven being members of the executive committee. There are also sub-committees set up, who are in charge of various activities being conducted in the kebele.

Speaking about the duties carried out by the women of the area, Comrade Simret said that they are struggling to eradicate ignorance by conducting literacy courses. Currently, 180 women are being given basic education, she disclosed.

Furthermore, the chairperson noted that a co-operative shop and vegetable garden run by the association is



Comrade Simret Mamo

generating income being used to strengthen the association and assist needy women in the area. To carry out a programme of sanitation, several campaigns have also been launched to clean the area and repair water-tubes and bridges.

Above all she emphasised a political orientation programme is being conducted every two weeks to the women of the kebele by cadres of Higher 9 and other invited guests.

However, Comrade Simret stressed that the establishment of women's association on a nation-wide level is indispensable to the success of the women's struggle.

Asked about future programmes, the chairperson said that there are plans to set up a kindergarten.

Committee Winds Up Work

Over 12m. Collected From Victory, Rehabilitation Fest in Jijiga

ADDIS ABABA (ENA) — More than 12,600,000 Birr was collected for the Victory and Rehabilitation Grand Festival held at Jijiga last September under the auspices of the Addis Ababa Festival Co-ordinating Committee.

At a ceremony held here Saturday night at City Hall to mark the winding up of the co-ordinating committee's business, Comrade Ergete Medibew, Chairman of the Committee and of Higher 1 Urban Dwellers' Association, paid tribute to all those patriotic and dedicated individuals and groups who willingly undertook every sacri-

fice they were called upon to take in order to make the grand festival a success. The festival was organized from September 14-21 nation-wide to raise funds to help rehabilitate and resettle the scores of thousands of Ethiopians who had been displaced as a result of the reactionary war launched by the fascist ruling classes in Somalia under the patronage of international imperialism and the reactionary Arab camp.

Among those present at the City Hall ceremony were Commander Lemma Gutema, Minister of Interior, Comrade Lt. Col. Debela Dinsse, Chief

Administrator of Shoa region, Comrade Dr. Alemu Abebe, Mayor of Addis Ababa, Chairmen of the 25 Higher kebeles and 298 kebeles in the capital, as well as representatives of government agencies and mass organizations which took part in the preparation and execution of the festival programme and of women's and youth groups in and around the city.

Valuable Successes

Comrade Ergete Medibew said the Addis Ababa Festival Co-ordinating Committee rendered valuable services in helping organize and facilitate the task of other committees representing the 14 administrative regions. He pointed out that the grand fund-raising event was a definite success despite the best efforts of anti-people, anti-unity and anti-revolution groups to sabotage it. Of the total 12,612,838 Birr raised by the Addis Ababa Festival Co-ordinating Committee, 2,740,516.16 Birr was volunteered by residents in and around the capital.

Committee Chairman Ergete noted that the struggle and triumphs of the Ethiopian broad masses during the last four years have laid a firm foundation for the Ethiopian Revolution and urged the people to contribute their full share to the realization of the objectives of the National Revolutionary Development Campaign. Comrade Ergete said he was confident the public will likewise participate fully in the nation-wide effort to rehabilitate and resettle compatriots severely affected by natural and man-made disasters in various parts of the country.

Comrade Lemma Gutema pointed out that the initiation and success of the grand Jijiga Festival was a clear reflection of the will and determination of the broad Ethiopian masses to defend their unity and freedom as well as the revolution. The interior minister said the sacrifices made and victories scored by the Ethiopian people during the last four years marked a new chapter in the socialist way of life on the African continent. Commander Lemma nonetheless warned against smug complacency and urged the Ethiopian people to intensify the revolutionary struggle along broad fronts.

Inherent Strength

Comrade Lt. Col. Debela Dinsse noted that the inherent strength and unity of the Ethiopian people was amply demonstrated to friend and foe alike during the revolutionary struggle against internal and external enemies and said Socialist Ethiopia will in future be the hub of the oppressed fighting for freedom and justice.

The Chief Administrator of Shoa region went on to call on the Ethiopian public to mobilize their energies and resources in the rehabilitation of war victims and victims of drought and other natural and man-made disasters. The decisive victory scored on the political and military fronts, he said, should be repeated on the Development Campaign front.

Other speakers included the chairman of the All Ethiopia Trade Union and a representative of the Provisional Office for Mass Organizational Affairs for Addis Ababa and its environs. The importance of keeping vigilance against the evil and odious machinations of subversive groups attempting to sabotage the Development Campaign was constantly reiterated.

Individuals and groups which contributed greatly to the success of the Addis Ababa Festival Co-ordinating Committee's efforts were later awarded certificates of merit by Comrade Dr. Alemu Abebe. On hand to entertain the audience with revolutionary tunes were the Police Orchestra Band and members of the youth league in Higher 1.

Road Construction Completed in 2 Towns

ARBA MINTCH (ENA) — The first stage of the 230-km. long new road linking this Gamo-Goffa regional capital with the frontier province of Hammer-Bako has been completed at a cost of about two million Birr.

According to a spokesman for the Rural Roads Department which is executing the projects work on the road began nearly six years ago. However, after doing only 50 kms the contracting firm which was headed by a foreign national stopped work on the project. He said after an interruption of about two years the task of completing the road project was entrusted to the Rural Roads Department and within about 18 months the remaining 180 kms of the road were graded and graveled.

The spokesman also said the road has two major bridges on the Delbena and Woito rivers which were completed at a cost of 175,000 Birr. About half a million Birr is needed to complete the next stage of the road project, including the construction of eight smaller bridges.

Thousands of the residents of the

New Boat Service Opened on Lake Tana

GONDAR (ENA) — A new boat service was inaugurated Sunday at Gorgora town to alleviate the problem of shortage of transport on Lake Tana between the regions of Gondar and Gojjam.

The first deputy chief administrator of Gondar region, Ato Zemene Kassa, officially opened the service by inaugurating the boat bearing the name of the Lake. During the ceremony attended by a large number of people and highlighted by a rendering of revolutionary songs and dances by the artistic group of Gorgora town, Ato Zemene presented certificates to Lake Tana transport workers who had devoted their skills and time to make the boat operational after it had been grounded due to major faults in Arba Minch.

Speaking on the occasion, Ato Negussie Wolde-Mariam, general manager of transport services on Lake Tana, said that the inauguration of the new boat service was highly bene-

town of Jenka turned out to greet the 550 construction workers when the new road reached the nearby Afsia river. Remaining work on the road project is expected to be completed within about four months from now.

In a related development a new feeder road linking the town of Hossana with the Omach locality in Kambata-Hedeya province, Shoa region, was opened to traffic. Opening the new 30 km. road which was cleared through self-help scheme by the inhabitants of the Konteh district, the assistant provincial administrator praised them for initiating the project and added that the completion of the road at this time would greatly facilitate the implementation of the National Revolutionary Development Campaign. He also called upon the inhabitants to strive to further improve the feeder road so that it will remain open to road transport throughout the year.

Under the current contract construction rates, the clearing and grading of the new road could have cost about 25,000 Birr, it was learnt.

cial particularly in view of the ever-increasing volume of agricultural produce in the area. He lauded the contribution of the Lake Tana transport workers and stressed that transport services on the boat would continue to expand in accordance with the motto of "struggle while producing and produce while struggling".

Speaking on his part, the first deputy chief administrator explained how the old feudal-bourgeois regime held back the progress of the country by totally neglecting transport and communications. Thus the nationalities living in the environs of Bahar Dar were deliberately kept in isolation from each others.

The boat has a capacity of transporting 160 passengers and 400 quintals of grain. In future its horsepower is to be increased so that it would transport a cargo of 1,000 quintals. Estimated cost of the ship is one million Birr.

Gellatly Hankey & Co. (Ethiopia) S.C.

THE PUBLIC IS HEREBY NOTIFIED THAT MESSRS. A. BROMHEAD, CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS, OF P. O. BOX 709 ADDIS ABABA HAVE BEEN APPOINTED AS AUDITORS OF OUR COMPANY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDING 31st MARCH 1979.

BY ORDER OF THE SHAREHOLDERS

Ambassador Theatre

TONIGHT

CHRISTIAN FECHNER
présente

LES CHARLOTS

danse un film de
CLAUDE ZIDI

LE GRAND BAZAR

MICHEL SERRAULT / MICHEL GALABRU
JACQUES SEILER / ROGER CAREL / FRANÇOIS CADET / JEAN ESKENAZI / COLUCHE / AIMABLE / GU



**Cautionary Notice
Kaminomoto**

Notice is hereby given that KABUSHIKI KAISHA KAMINOMOTO HONPO (trading as Kaminomoto Co.Ltd.) - manufacture and distribution of cosmetics and toilet preparations - a corporation organized and existing under the laws of Japan, residing at 3-25, 3-Chome, Kurochibashi Dori, Fukiaiku, Kobe, Japan, are the owners and sole proprietors of the above trade mark which is used in connection with :
"Cosmetics, hair preparation comprising oil, cream, tonics, medical cream, perfume, hair spray, soap, medicated soap, shampoo, dentifrice, pharmaceutical goods, and device for electric therapeutic equipment"
Any person who without the authority of KABUSHIKI KAISHA KAMINOMOTO HONPO uses in Ethiopia such trade mark or any imitation or otherwise infringes on their rights in respect thereof in Ethiopia will be prosecuted according to law.

The Ethiopian Herald - Vol. XXXV - No. 94 - 2/1/79.

Invitation for Bids

The Awash Valley, Development Agency Amibara Irrigation Project II invites all interested bidders to participate in the tender for the Supply of Power Distribution for Project Supervision Buildings at Amibara, located 275 kms. north-east of Addis Ababa.

Interested bidders can collect bid documents from our Office Room No. 4 against payment of fifty (50.00) Birr per set during working hours. Bids will be opened in public on January 5, 1979, afternoon in the Amibara Irrigation Project Head Office.

The Awash Valley Development Agency reserves the right to reject any or all bids that are not in conformity with its requirements.

Awash Valley Development Agency
Amibara Irrigation Project II
P.O. Box 591
Addis Ababa
Ethiopia.

INVITATION TO BID No. T-04/71

The Provisional Military Government of Socialist Ethiopia, Ethiopian Roads Authority, invites all prospective suppliers to participate in the Tender for the supply of :-

1. WELDING SUPPLIES
2. BUILDING AND OTHER MATERIALS

Interested bidders are requested to collect the relevant details from the Procurement Branch, Room No. 104, during Office Hours. Bids will be opened on January 25, 1979 at 15:00 hours, local time. The Authority reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

ETHIOPIAN ROADS AUTHORITY

Invitation to Bid

The Provisional Military Government of Socialist Ethiopia, ETHIOPIAN PRINTING CORPORATION invites all prospective bidders to participate in the bid for the supply of various printing machinery and equipment.

Detailed specification for these items can be obtained from the Head Office, of the Corporation (Harambee Building) during office hours against payment of Birr 25. - per set of documents.

All interested bidders are, therefore, advised to collect the specifications and submit their quotations in wax sealed envelope marked "BID FOR PRINTING MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT" and addressed to :

THE COMMERCIAL DEPARTMENT
ETHIOPIAN PRINTING CORPORATION
P. O. Box 2401
ADDIS ABABA
ETHIOPIA

and deposit same on or before February 14, 1979. The bid shall be opened publicly on February 15, 1979 at 9:15 a.m. local time. The Ethiopian Printing Corporation reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

ETHIOPIAN PRINTING CORPORATION

MESSAGE FROM E.T.S.A

We have the pleasure to inform our esteemed clients in particular and the general public, that since the inception of our company eight months ago, we have had the opportunity of clearing from and forwarding from Red sea ports to the hinterland over 600,000 quintals of grain, 90,000 quintals of aid foodstuffs and general cargo.

It is with a sense of pride that we mention the contribution made by our organization to the consumer public at large and in particular to our needy brothers in remote hinterland areas, by speedily lifting this sizeable tonnage within this short span of time, thus contributing our humble share to the economic development of our mother land Ethiopia.

It would be of interest to note that we are now fully geared and equipped with qualified and skilled personnel to give even much better service, thus consolidating and cementing the business relationship with our established customers and opening the door to potential clients.

We have branch offices at Assab and Djibouti ports to render efficient services.

For further information please dial 44 45 59 or 44 14 66 or write to:

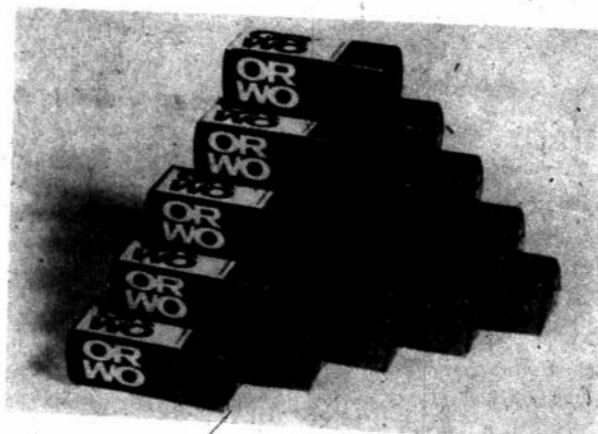
ETHIO TRANSIT AND SHIPPING AGENCY (ETSA)



p.o. box 7263
Addis Ababa



THE UNIVERSAL COLOUR
NEGATIVE FILM ORWO
NEGATIVE FILM NC 19 MASK
A GENUINE COLOUR NEGATIVE HARDENED AND SUITABLE FOR
PROCESSING IN TROPICAL CONDITIONS.



THE SHARP ALL
PURPOSE FILM ORWO
NEGATIVE FILM NP 20
IS A BLACK AND
WHITE NEGATIVE

MATERIAL WITH VERY HIGH ACUTANCE
(HIGH ANTI-HALATION).

Ethiopian House Hold And Office Furniture Enterprise.

Chairman Warns Ruling Classes... Over 700 People...

(Contd. from page 1 col. 3)
ed struggle when we were wallowing in blood and who have been selected for greater responsibility and public trust, but also to award the diplomas of commissioning which attest to the results of your efforts.

We always feel special reminiscence and special pride when we are present at this front in particular, the front on which the broad masses of Ethiopia withstood the plot directed against their revolution, their unity and the very existence of their country and repulsed and crushed the open and arrogant invasion, thus demonstrating that victory belongs to them.

The ground we are standing on and the land farther away, in general each and every plot of land and the tracts of soil strewn with the bones and stained with the blood of our forebears and we their children, belong to the Ethiopian people. We ourselves should tread on this land and soil with high respect and care when criss-crossing it, let alone entertain the idea that our enemies will again see it.

What is awaiting you comrades, who are today commissioned as army officers on this land left fallen by the blood and bones of heroes and ready to embark on the field of struggle, is to raise the banner of your revolutionary compatriots and carry on the struggle to the final victory by making all the sacrifices expected of you.

We reiterate our readiness for the historic call of the Motherland.

We all renew on this occasion the pledge we have made for our Revolutionary Motherland.

No one will dare violate the integrity of our Revolutionary Motherland which will be defended to the last rifle and the last revolutionary.

Comrades: Those of you who are graduating today must realize that in view of the present stage our revolutionary struggle has reached, great sacrifices and responsibility await all of you.

Comrades: You have been selected from the army on the basis of your leadership qualities and your consciousness to participate in this course at a time when the revolutionary process has reached a decisive stage. We congratulate you for having successfully surmounted and come out through trials of the battle-field and revolutionary struggle. On you has been reposed the hope and confidence that you would prove to be the nucleus and driving force of the red army. Therefore, you should be fully conscious of the fact that you have been called upon to overcome the special task ahead of you with revolutionary valour and discipline, determination and sacrifice. The struggle before you is of double or two-fold character. This makes the tasks entrusted upon you by the masses or the call you have been asked to accomplish difficult and of special significance.

It is not armed struggle alone through which your leadership talents are to be tested in future. It is equally in the struggle against hunger, poverty, disease and ignorance as well as in the goal of building a prosperous Revolutionary Ethiopia which is entirely free from neo-colonialism, whatever may be its form or direction. Our Revolutionary Army has to be at the forefront rather than being a spectator of the second phase of the production campaign now being carried out by the Ethiopian people. It is incumbent to translate into deeds from one corner of the country to the other our motto of struggling while producing and producing while struggling.

When we observe the stage in which our country finds itself in the armed struggle, the situation is not so perfect. It is reliable as to enable a revolutionary people to stand at ease and disarmed. Nevertheless, the victories scored one after the other provide a source of immense pride. In addition to the victory achieved previously in the East and the South, Ethiopia has won the laurel of a similar victory in the Northern Front.

The Second Revolutionary Liberation Army has wrested from the jaws of the treacherous secessionists the str-



Chairman speaking on the graduation ceremony.

tegic town of Keren which had temporarily been on their stronghold. The reactionary Siad Barre army indulged in a vainglorious bravado over a temporary and cheap victory only to be soon routed and compelled to flee by the counter-offensive taken by our Revolutionary Liberation Army.

At that time the Shah of Iran who presently is in the grip of panic and tension asserted his allegiance to his imperialist supporters and his fear of and aversion to the Ethiopian Revolution by declaring that Iran would not observe in silence if the Ethiopian army crosses the border to Somalia. Today also one of the members of the neighbouring reactionary ruling class has voiced a similar bravado when it, saw that the treacherous reactionary group on which it has counted upon to divide Ethiopia and weaken the revolution was crumbling down under the weight of the Second Revolutionary Liberation Army. It has reacted boastfully with the statement that it has the right to defend itself in the face of the spread and expansion of communism in the region.

What we want to make clear to this reactionary who does not understand that no force can deny the wishes of the oppressed masses and arrest the



posing for a group picture with the graduating batch and officers of the training centre.

course of history is that the Ethiopian Revolution, which is part of the struggle of workers and oppressed peoples of the world, has the responsibility of fighting against the continuation and expansion of oppression and exploitation in the region.

Although it may seem that the war on the Eastern and Southern fronts has ended and been finalized, the trouble is being resuscitated and the situation is becoming grave due to the enemy continuing to create friction and waging its war through infiltrators in the belief that it is providing support to the Northern Front.

Not satisfied with the arrogant and unlawful invasion it launched yesterday and not learning from the shame and humiliation which its arrogance brought it, the reactionary ruling class in Mogadisho is now taxing our patience.

Revolutionary Ethiopia has spared no effort to repeatedly explain to its allies and enemies alike as well as demonstrate in practice its principled stand and strong desire to live in peace with its neighbours.

What we say is, let us not by spre-

ading unscientific contradictions and hatred set against each other in war brotherly peoples linked by history and geography and belonging to the same class.

What we say is, let us by eschewing vain pretensions of greatness and ambitions of expansionism and instead build through respecting internationally recognized frontiers good neighbourliness based on mutual respect and mutual concern.

What we say is, let us declare a joint war against the common enemies of hunger, disease, and generally economic backwardness which have affected the oppressed people of Somalia even longer than they have affected our people.

Our yearning for peace and the unlimited efforts we are making in that direction have not been heeded and correctly interpreted by the ruling classes in Mogadisho.

In fact, the answer to our call for peace and good intentions has been destruction, aggression and invasion and this is growing worse and more grave from time to time.

We have reached a stage where this can no longer be tolerated at all.

Since expression of our good intentions is like clapping with one hand

as long as our call for peace is not reciprocated by the Mogadisho ruling class and since the latter fails to desist from destruction and invasion, our message today may well be the last.

Comrades: As we have pointed out repeatedly in the past, the broad Ethiopian masses and their revolution are not alone.

The socialist countries and other progressive forces who are allies in our struggle are fully on our side and ready to partake in our struggle and die our death.

Those who had sacrificed themselves over and above providing decisive material and moral support in the struggle so far waged are not few in number. As a result of the recent visit to the socialist countries, our firmly pledged supporters, and the exchanges of views held with the revolutionary leaders, we have also been able to learn and feel all the more proud that we will not be alone in the just struggle for justice, equality, peace and the welfare and prosperity of man-

kind, which we will be waging in the future as well.

As you all very well realise, for an oppressed and exploited people who had been chained under the feudal-bourgeois order of the imperialist era wishing to advance to a socialist way of life, immense struggle and great sacrifices for a determined goal and the traversing of an arduous path will be called for on its part. In this regard, apart from the history of struggle of the oppressed masses hitherto carried out in the world, the four years which the Ethiopian people have just gone through have taught us quite a lot.

For this reason, the dual task awaiting you officers graduating today is no easy one. It is a heavy responsibility that will put your revolutionary zeal to the test. What is being expected of you to carry this out satisfactorily is revolutionary zeal and determination, resolute commitment to the desired goal, a continued process of self-education and the application of this learning and what is gained from experience in struggle to the building of socialism.

Finally, I again congratulate you on your successful passing out and wish to express thanks to the Commander of the Eastern Command, the Political Commissar of the Eastern Command and to all other participants in the effort and task of enabling you to attain this stage.

- Revolutionary army, forward always;
- The great victory won on the battle-field will be repeated by the production campaign;
- Economic justice will reign in Ethiopia;
- The political organization which is the guarantee of workers will be established through our struggle;
- A politicized, armed and organized people will triumph;
- The world will belong to the proletariat.

Speaking earlier, Col. Wogayehu Gashew, Commandant of the training centre, stated that the graduating cadets had been selected from among the rank of members of the First Liberation Army, the police and militias on the basis of merit and in accordance with a directive given in this connection by Comrade Chairman Mengistu.

The commandant noted that the graduating cadets had seen action on various fronts and are, therefore, battle-hardened. From their practical experiences and as a result of the training they had received they are now in a position to tell class allies from their class enemies. Their experience and training qualify them to form the embryo of the planned red army.

He stated that in the course of the training every effort was made to impress on members of the graduating cadets that the Revolutionary Army is not only a fighting force but also an important agent for awakening and organizing the masses and that the Revolutionary Army is also an instrument for increasing production and further intensifying the ongoing class struggle.

The commandant also said that in the course of the training, the cadets were made to realize that what makes the Revolutionary Army a unique force is its role of standing as guardian and defender of the causes of the oppressed masses.

Col. Wogayehu warned members of the graduating cadets against wrongly assuming that they had completed the educational process and added that they can learn a lot from the broad masses and the army of the people.

The commandant later thanked Cuban and Ethiopian officers who had contributed towards the success of the training programme.

(Contd. from page 1 col. 3)
ked all over the country in answer to the call by the opposition leaders. Mass demonstrations started in Teheran since early morning. As a UPI agency correspondent reports, the troops repeatedly opened fire from automatic weapons downtown the capital. The demonstrators chanted "Down with the U.S. imperialists supporting the tyranny!" According to foreign journalists, a woman and a baby in her hands were killed in one of the streets in the eastern part of the city in front of many eyewitnesses.

Fierce clashes, which resulted in human casualties also took place in Merage, Hamedan, Yazd, Shiraz, Isfahan, Tabriz and many other towns.

A UPI correspondent wrote that an American newspaper photographer, who visited Qazvin, saw in the town cemetery corpses of 35 children and 18 grown-ups. The report said that in this industrial town, where tanks were for the first time used in dispersing demonstrations, at least 118 people died in recent days.

Adament Shah
All the Western agencies are spreading rumours about the possible departure of the Shah from Iran. But a spokesman for the court refuted in his official statement the report that the Shah intends to abdicate or leave the country for an indefinite time.

But, as a UPI agency correspondent points out, Baktiyaz, a member of the opposition National Front, whom the Shah asked to form a civil cabinet, proposed as a condition his consent that the head of state temporarily leave the country and turn over his powers to a regency council including the oldest political figures. Baktiyaz also offered that the present parliament be dissolved, the Savak secret service disbanded and the government be given the control of the armed forces.

At its session today, the leadership of the National Front again declared that it demands that the Shah unconditionally abdicate. It has condemned the consent of Baktiyaz to form a cabinet and unanimously expelled him from the National Front.

The Shah's mother and a number of other members of his family accompanied by several high-ranking government officials had already left Iran.

Stocking Flames
The American press reports that the United States intends to send to the shores of Iran a naval squadron including two aircraft carriers: "Constellation" and "Midway". A spokesman for the State Department refused to comment on these reports, but, as a UPI agency said, the aircraft carrier "Constellation" and the ships accompanying her have already left the U.S. Subic Bay Base in the Philippines, and the aircraft carrier "Midway" already left the American Base in Yokusuka (Japan).

Involved in the decisions in connection with the sending of the naval squadron, the newspaper *New York Times* pointed out, is a special working group set up at the White House with Deputy Assistant for National Security Affairs David Aaron at its head. Another considerably large inter-departmental group for the evaluation of the situation in Iran is acting under the guidance of Assistant Secretary of state on Political Affairs, David Newsom.

These steps by Washington are assessed in the political circles as another attempt at influencing the course of events in Iran, at using the show of military strength as a means of bringing pressure to bear on a so-

vereign foreign state.

In this connection, the newspaper *Washington Post* quoted foreign diplomats as saying that the reports on the sending of a U.S. naval squadron to the Persian Gulf area will result in a further mounting of popular disturbances in Iran, which have already made that country actually ungovernable. Some Napoleons in Washington think, the newspaper wrote, that they will be able to influence the course of events in Iran by means of such methods of psychological warfare. This is a typical manifestation of the thinking of armchair generals. As the news of the sending of the naval ships will spread among the Iranians, who will assess it as America's threat to interfere in the internal affairs of Iran with the aim of keeping the Shah on the throne, a further mounting of anti-American sentiments can be expected in that country.

PMAC Chairman...

(Contd. from page 1 col. 4)
the policy of Revolutionary Cuba, which is based on proletarian internationalism, is making a significant contribution to the struggle against imperialism, colonialism, racism and all other forms of exploitation as well as to the promotion of international peace and security.

"On behalf of the Provisional Military Administrative Council, and the people of Socialist Ethiopia, as well as on my own behalf, I wish to extend to you and through you, to the Communist Party, the government and the heroic people of Cuba, fraternal greetings and herat-felt felicitations, as well as best wishes for the prosperity and well-being of the revolutionary people of the Republic of Cuba and for your continued good health".

Int'l Aid for Locust...

(Contd. from page 1 col. 6)
The desert locust outbreak, Dr. Geremew said, cannot be viewed as an East-African problem only, for the Middle East and the Asian sub-continent will be infested by swarms escaping from Eastern Africa.

Food production in Africa has fallen behind population growth and the desert locust, the minister said, brought up another threat to world food situation.

The minister underlined that desert locust which respects no boundaries is no longer the problem to two or three countries. He added that it is a problem of a greater magnitude deserving the attention of the international community.

The impending threat of the desert locust can only be averted through the joint effort of all concerned, particularly that of international organization, the minister concluded.

Tanzania To Build 200 Maternal, Child Clinics This Year

DAR ES SALAAM (Agencies) — Tanzania intends to build 200 maternal and child clinics this year as a contribution to the United Nations International Year of the Child, President Julius Nyerere said yesterday in a nation-wide address.

He said children were the dependable force for building the "Tanzania of tomorrow" and called for the right attitude toward them.

Children were a national asset and the concept of treating children as the private property of individuals was wrong, he said.

Cautionary Notice

Kaloderma

Notice is hereby given that HANS SCHWARZKOPF GMBH, manufacturers and traders, residing at Hohenzollerstrasse 127-129, 2000 Hamburg 50, German Federal Republic, duly organized and existing under the laws of German Federal Republic, are the owners and sole proprietors of the above trade mark which is used in connection with:

"Medicaments, chemical products for medical and sanitary purposes, pharmaceutical drugs and preparations, plasters, dressings, pesticides and herbicides, disinfectants, bristles, brushware, paint brushes, combs, sponges, implements for body and beauty care (to the extent that they are included in Class 21), cleaning utensils, steel wool, perfumeries, cosmetic agents, essential oils, soaps, washing and bleaching agents, starch and starch preparations (to the extent that they are impurities, stain removers, cleaning and polishing agents (except for leather), abrasives. (Goods classes 3, 5, 16, 21)."

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The Ethiopian Herald — Vol. XXXV — No. 94 — 2/1/79..

Notice of Vacancy

IN REMOTE SENSING ORGANIZATION

The Regional Remote Sensing Facility, a joint project of USAID and the Regional Centre for Services in Surveying and Mapping, requires a graduate with qualifications in Remote Sensing to act as applications specialist.

Applicants should have a degree in the environmental sciences and several years of post-graduate experience in remote sensing work. Graduation at the Masters or Doctoral level is preferred. The person appointed will be expected to work with government agencies in the East and Southern Africa region assisting in the design and implementation of land use, agricultural and rangeland projects using Landsat and other remote sensing data. Experience in the use of remote sensing data in African studies and research is essential. Applicants should be familiar with current remote sensing programs and capable of working with minimal supervision. Salary negotiable depending on experience and qualifications. Housing and other allowances also provided.

Applications should be addressed to Director, Regional Remote Sensing Facility, P.O. Box 18118, Nairobi.

Cautionary Notice

Notice is hereby given that F. HOFFMANN-LA ROCHE & CO. LIMITED COMPANY, a Swiss Company, with Head Office at 124, Grenzacherstrasse, Basle, Switzerland, Manufacturers and merchants, are the sole proprietors and owners in Ethiopia of the trade mark:

SYNTROGEL

which consists of the word "SYNTROGEL" in ordinary block type, and is intended to countersign: "Pharmaceutical, veterinary and sanitary preparations and substance".

This mark has already been registered in: Switzerland, Reg. No. 185 470 of April 6, 1961.

The mark may be used stamped or as a label on any form of packing, box or covering of the products, as well as in any form of showcards, notices, publications in any kind and form for advertisement.

Any person or company who, without the authorization of the said F. HOFFMANN-LA ROCHE & CO. LIMITED COMPANY, of 124, Grenzacherstrasse, Basle, Switzerland, uses in Ethiopia such trade mark or any imitation of the same or otherwise infringes on their rights in respect thereof, will be prosecuted according to the Ethiopian law.

F. HOFFMANN-LA ROCHE & CO.
LIMITED COMPANY.

The Ethiopian Herald — Vol. XXXV — No. 94 — 2/1/79..

Vacancy

POSITION : Graduate Assistant
 QUALIFICATION : B.Sc. degree in Biology, Pharmacy or Public Health from a recognised university
 SALARY : As per University salary scale
 PLACE OF WORK : Faculty of Medicine — Addis Ababa
 Interested applicants should send detailed applications (three copies) accompanied by Curriculum Vitae, names of three references and photostat copies Diplomas to the Dean, Faculty of Medicine, Addis Ababa University, P.O. Box 1176, Addis Ababa within ten days of this notice.

Cautionary Notice

Notice is hereby given that BEECHAM GROUP LIMITED, with Head Office at Beecham House Great West Road, Brentford, Middlesex, England, are the sole proprietors and owners in Ethiopia of the trade mark:

سيفكيرين

which consists of SILIKRIN word in Arabic and intended to designate: "Anti-perspirants, perfumes, non-medicated toilet preparations, cosmetic preparations, dentifrices, shampoo and soaps"

The mark may be used stamped or as a label on any form of packing, box or covering of the products, as well as in any form of showcards, notices, publications in any kind and form for advertisement.

Any person or company who, without the authorization of the said BEECHAM GROUP LIMITED, of Beecham House, Great West Road, Brentford, Middlesex, England, uses in Ethiopia such trade mark or any imitation of the same or otherwise infringes on their rights in respect thereof, will be prosecuted according to the Ethiopian law.

BEECHAM GROUP LIMITED
 The Ethiopian Herald — Vol. XXXV — No. 94 — 2/1/79..

Re-Invitation to Bid

Bid No. 3/78

The Provisional Military Government of Socialist Ethiopia Government Procurement and Supplies Control Department intends to buy "Laboratory Equipment" for Animal and Fisheries Resources Development.

This Invitation was advertised in the Ethiopian Herald dated May 17 and 20, 1978. None of the bidders have submitted their offers in accordance with the requirements of the bid documents. Therefore, the competing bidders are re-invited to give new proforma invoices for Laboratory Equipment for Debre Zeit Laboratory only.

Specification documents may be collected from the Animal and Fisheries Resources Development Authority, Room No. 109 during office hours against a cash payment of Eth. Birr 10 (ten).

A bid bond of 2% is required to qualify for the tender. Sealed bid envelopes for "Debre Zeit Laboratory Equipment" should be deposited in the tender box prepared for the bid at the Government Procurement and Supplies Control Department or sent by mail to same P.O. Box 1093 prior to March 5th 1979 before 6 p.m. local time.

The bids will be opened in public on March 6th 1979 at 3 a.m. local time at the Government Procurement and Supplies Control Department.

The committee reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Animal & Fisheries Resources
 Development Authority
 P.O. Box 1052

Telephone 154600 Ex 38 or 156007.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

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THE COCA-COLA COMPANY

The Ethiopian Herald — Vol. XXXV — No. 94 — 2/1/79..

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Stepped-up Contributions Mark Warm-up for Fund Raising Event

ADDIS ABABA (ENA) — Sizeable contributions in cash and kind continue to be volunteered at kebele, district, provincial and regional levels towards the rehabilitation and resettlement of compatriots affected by natural and man-made disasters in various parts of the country.

In Illubabor region, the peasants sector of the populace has pledged to donate 250,769 Birr and 20,324 quintals of foodgrains in answer to an appeal by the All Ethiopian Peasants' Association (AEP). The decision to volunteer the donation followed a day-long seminar convened to discuss the rehabilitation and resettlement issue and the programme of the National Revolutionary Development Campaign.

Urgent Needs

Attended by representatives of 988 peasants' associations in the region, AEP officials, members of the regional revolutionary operations co-ordinating committee as well as government officials, the seminar was opened by Comrade Col. Abebe Belayneh, the Chief Administrator of Illubabor. Comrade Col. Abebe called on the local populace to respond to the urgent needs of more than 250,000 compatriots now suffering from the effects of drought and other natural and man-made calamities.

AEP Chairman Comrade Abdella Sonessa noted that the emergency disaster problem, now facing the country

Movement Leader Terms Outgoing Year One of Struggle

LONDON (TASS) — The outgoing year was one of intensive struggle by the oppressed peoples of Southern Africa against the disgraceful policy of apartheid and racial discrimination, Yusuf Dadoo, Chairman of the South African Communist Party, said here.

Anti-racist manifestations in South Africa, the citadel of racism in the south of the African continent, is growing in intensity and the unity and cohesion of the masses in their liberation struggle is growing stronger. Despite mass terror and repression the Pretoria regime has proved unable to break the will of the African majority, to suppress their desire for freedom and independence.

The Namibian people's liberation struggle under the leadership of the South West Africa People's Organisation (SWAPO), the real representative of the Namibian people, has gained international recognition and support, Yusuf Dadoo said.

Rising Tide

Faced with the rising tide of the national liberation movement, the supporters of apartheid and racial discrimination not only step up repressive measures but also flirt with the puppet African leaders, as is happening in Namibia and Rhodesia, Yusuf Dadoo said. The Western powers are giving direct assistance to the racist regimes. It is with the West's support that the racists continue to resort to violence and to trample human dignity.

The National liberation movement in the south of Africa, Yusuf Dadoo said, is part of the world-wide anti-imperialist, anti-colonial struggle. In this struggle the South African patriots rely on the all-round and selfless assistance of the countries of the socialist community with the Soviet Union at the head. Their consistent and principled position in the struggle against the forces of imperialism and reaction is an inspiring stimulus in the liberation struggle of the peoples of Southern Africa, Yusuf Dadoo stressed.

cannot be viewed in isolation from the dual challenge of open aggression and secessionism which was overcome with tremendous sacrifice. Comrade Abdella urged vigilance against subversive groups, particularly merchants, attempting to sabotage the development campaign by creating rift between the rural and urban population.

Maximum Efforts

In the Wollo regional capital of Dessie, Comrade Lt. Col. Nadeu Zekarias, the Chief Administrator, urged maximum efforts on the part of the people to overcome the effects of natural and man-made disasters and enhance the implementation of the programme of the development campaign. Addressing over 600 representatives of government agencies and mass organizations, the chief administrator said there was no alternative to closing ranks and working in

unison in order to ensure the establishment of a democratic people's republic of Ethiopia. Comrade Zekarias observed that the broad Ethiopian masses will have to shoulder the onerous responsibility of rebuilding the economy, which had been shattered as a result of blatant aggression from without and separatist banditry from within.

Meanwhile, here in Addis Ababa, a co-ordinating committee for the raising of funds in aid of victims of man-made and natural disasters has prepared various sports, musical and film events and called on the public to help displaced compatriots by buying tickets. The committee called on discussion forums and sports clubs to take an active part in the sale of tickets to members of government agencies and mass organizations as well as to public-spirited individuals.

Sam Nujoma Expresses Confidence in Victory

LUSAKA (TASS) — The year 1978 will go down in Namibia's history as a year of stepped-up political and armed struggle by the people against the South African occupationists, the forces of colonialism, racism and imperialism, for real independence for the homeland. This is said in the new year message addressed to the Namibian people by Sam Nujoma, President of the South West Africa People's Organisation (SWAPO).

The liberation struggle, he stressed, has now spread to all sections of society. It involves workers, peasants and students. The fighters of the liberation army have scored great successes.

The SWAPO president said that the so-called "free elections" imposed on the Namibian people by the South African occupation authorities are nothing more than a farce which does not in any way express the will of the people. Therefore, he said, we reject these unlawful "elections" and the "constitutional assembly" established as a result of them. SWAPO, S. Nujoma stressed, declares again its readiness to take part in elections but only in elections held under U.N. control. Only such elections, he said, can in our opin-

ion ensure a free and democratic expression of the will of the electors.



Sam Nujoma, President of SWAPO

Our struggle for the full national and social liberation of the country and for its genuine independence, S. Nujoma said in conclusion, has reached a decisive stage. We are confident of our ultimate victory, Namibia will be free, he said.

Madagascar Strives for Economic Independence

MOSCOW (TASS) — We are now faced with tasks to attain complete economic independence, to finally eliminate unemployment and remove all foundations of exploitation of man by man. In short, socialism is the principal aim of the Malagasy Socialist Revolution, Giselle Rabeshala, General Secretary of the Party of the Congress of Independence of Madagascar (AKFM), Minister for Art and the Revolutionary Culture of the Democratic Republic of Madagascar, said in an interview with a *Komsomolskaya Pravda* correspondent.

The congress of our party emphasized that the Democratic Republic of Madagascar is now living through a transitional period. Some contradictions still exist. Internal reaction has not yet been downed. International imperialism has not abandoned its attempts to make Madagascar renounce the way which it chose. We hold that our strength is in the unity of the national front for the defence of the revolution and in the solidarity of all progressive forces of the world and particularly socialist countries with our struggle. Imperialists' stratagems aimed at splitting the national liberation movements, at propagandising anti-com-

munist and anti-Sovietism were stigmatised once again at our congress. We regard socialist countries and above all the Soviet Union as our natural allies.

Role of Youth

Answering the correspondents' question about the role of the youth in the accomplishment of the tasks of the Malagasy revolution, Giselle Rabeshala pointed out that the youth organizations of the Democratic Republic of Madagascar actively participate in social and political life. They enlist the efforts of Madagascar youth and girls for support for the government's efforts to set up agricultural co-operatives, to widen the state sector in industry, raise the general educational level of the people, and explain the ideas of our revolution. The Democratic Committee of the Youth and Students (CDTM) functions under the direction of our party. The committee handles the political education of the youth and brings them up in the spirit of anti-imperialist solidarity and internationalism, cultural and educational work.

The Sports Scene

by Abraham Kuruvilla Tel: 126040

Football Championship

Ermejachen, Police To The Fore

With two decisive and convincing wins apiece, Ermejachen (AETU II) and Police Force find themselves at the apex of their respective groups when the Shoa group of the Ethiopian Football Championship concluded its second week of competitions on Sunday.

Police Force looked like finding all the rhythm that elevated them as one of the most formidable teams of last year when they outclassed Air Force 3-1 in the second match on Sunday. In contrast, Air Force struggle and struggled, but miserably failed to produce the touch of compactness that all but earned them the prized Ethiopian championship last year.

AETU I (Wodefit), who had downed Ground Forces in a breathtaking opening encounter of the tournament, found their match in a resolute Zone 1 team (Abiyot Fre) who held them 2-2 in a match of fluctuating fortunes on Sunday.

The second week of the championship appeared to be a week of penalty misses as the rival goalkeepers flung themselves to stop the two spot kicks awarded in the first match on Sunday, bringing the total misses of the week to 3. Earlier on Thursday, Zone 2 had

squandered a penalty kick awarded to them.

POLICE FORCE vs AIR FORCE (3-1)

It was the Air Force team that took up the early initiative with some breezy moves. And not surprisingly, they were up by a goal as early as in the 11th minute. With a fantastic burst of speed Haile on the left caught up with a fast flying ball on its way to the touchline and sent it to the goalmouth past the advancing goalkeeper. A forest of legs saw the ball cross the goaline before a police player sent it crashing to his own net. (0-1). In the very next minute, Air Force goalkeeper Tesfaye made a calculated advance to stop the ball from a dangerously advancing Negussie Gebre of Police.

But Negussie had the last laugh as in the 14th minute he broke through once again making use of good pass from Kibrom. The goalkeeper advanced again, but Negussie managed to flick the ball home past the keeper, deliberate speed marking the success of that crafty flick. (1-1)

Air Force got two good chances to surge ahead again in the moments

that followed. Police goalkeeper Dereje missed a big attempt to collect the ball in the 18th minute, but defender Akalework sent the ball to the corner before Air Force forward Gulilat could complete an attempted strike.

Two minutes later Gulilat did strike off a cross from winger Haile — a fierce carpet drive that failed to beat keeper Dereje who made a magnificent diving save.

Reverling in the escapes Police forwards launched an all-out offensive and repeatedly tore the suspect Air Force defence apart.

Yibakal moved up fast and scored with a well-judged shot in the 29th minute to put the Police team 2-1 up.

Five minutes to the breather Negussie made the issue beyond doubt. Once again goalkeeper Tesfaye had to leave his citadel to stop a menacing advance of Negussie. The ball and Negussie bounced over the prostrate goalkeeper and all the former had to do was to make sure that the ball was not going out. After all, it was not (3-1).

The second half was by and large a tale of Air Force's missed chances. The Police team looked rather casual with a comfortable 3-1 lead in their bag. Air Force continuously took the ball to the rival area, but never did a thing right at the all-important end and failed to use the numerous chances that they created when the Police defence was in disarray.

The best chance for Air Force came in the 59th minute when Gulilat's calculated long-range shot was stopped by keeper Dereje from just under the bar. An Air Force forward took the rebound and with the goalkeeper at his mercy controlled the ball before taking a determined shot. But lo! The obdurate crossbar sent the ball back to deprive Air Force of a good goal.

Air Force's forays were numerous enough to get them at least a respectable draw, but their marksmen lacked ideas and when they did show striking ability the Police keeper Dereje stood in their way.

AETU I vs Zone 2

AETU I (Wodefit) took the lead twice in the first match only to see their rivals Zone 2 level the scores on both occasions. When Wodefit were 2-1 up they wasted a spot kick, but Zone 2 were quick to reciprocate the gesture. Zone 2's second equalizer came on the stroke of time.

Engedawork and Sebsebe scored Wodefit's goals, while Fisecha and Abdu accounted for those of Zone 2.

Team Positions

The following table illustrates the positions of teams at the end of the second week. Please read: matches played, won, drawn, lost, goals for, goals against and points.

Group	P	W	D	L	GF	GA	GD	Pts
Group 1								
AETU II (Ermejachen)	2	2	—	—	6	1	+5	4
AETU I (Wodefit)	2	1	—	—	3	2	+1	3
Ground Forces	2	1	—	1	3	2	+1	2
Zone 2	2	1	—	1	1	3	-2	2
Zone 1 (Abiyot Fre)	2	—	1	1	3	5	-2	1
Higher Educ. Commission	2	—	—	2	1	4	-3	0
Group 2								
Police Force	2	2	—	—	4	1	+3	4
AETU III (Tigil Fre)	2	1	—	—	2	1	+1	3
Zone 3	2	1	—	1	2	2	0	2
Zone 4 (Black Lion)	2	—	2	—	1	1	0	2
Air Force	2	—	1	1	2	4	-2	1
Navy	2	—	—	2	1	3	-2	0

For Resettlement Project

Sports Festival To Be Staged to Raise Funds

As pointed out by Comrade Captain Ashebir Amare, PMAC member and chairman of the Provisional Disaster Relief Central Co-ordinating Committee recently, a 'Resettlement Week' will be observed in Addis Ababa from January 6 to 21, 1979 as part of the fund-raising programme for planned resettlement of drought-affected people in various regions of the country.

According to official sources, the Planned Resettlement Project will cost over 71 million Birr, part of which will be provided by the government and the remaining amount is expected to be obtained from fund-raising.

Under the Provisional Disaster Relief Central Co-ordinating Committee there is a sports sub-committee which will raise funds through sports activities.

Accordingly, a massive sports programme is envisaged during the week, in which competitions in football, athletics, boxing, tennis, bowling, basketball, handball, volleyball and swimming will be held.

The venues for the various sports events during the week will be: Addis Ababa Stadium for football and athletics, Mini Stadium for basketball, volleyball and handball, Hilton and Olympicos club for tennis, Cinema Ras for boxing, Ghion swimming pool for swimming and Emboye Mask Bowling Centre for bowling.

The sportsweek will be set off by an international match between Ethiopian Airlines and Zambian Airways (second leg match in the AFRAA Cup first round — first leg was won by EAL 2-1) next Saturday.

In the football competitions of the week, the Armed Forces Selection, Po-

lice, AETU Selection and Urban Dwellers' Associations Selection will participate.

The GDR athletic team will compete with the Ethiopian athletes in athletic competitions which will be held between football matches. This competition is expected to serve as a preparation for the Spartakiad and Moscow Olympic Games.

The football matches will be held during the week-ends while the other sports activities will be spread through the week.

Similar sports programmes for fund-raising will be staged in Dire Dawa, Asmara and Bahr Dar.

Bogayako Retains His African Boxing Title

BAMAKO — African light heavyweight title holder Sounkalo Bogayako, 33, of Mali, defeated on points challenger Louis Pergaud, 28, of Cameroun, in a 15-round title bout here last night.

Pergaud blamed the Ghanaian judges for his defeat. They were too close to the ring to get an undistorted view of the fight, he said.

International Briefs

Creativity for Masses

LUANDA — Angolan writers and workers in culture must place their creativity at the service of the people, actively contribute towards resolving the tasks of national reconstruction. A statement to this effect was made by Chairman of the MPLA-Workers' Party, President Agostinho Neto of the People's Republic of Angola who was addressing a general meeting of the Angolan Writers' Union.

Office Ban

ACCRA — The Ghanaian Supreme Military Council Sunday named 105 people banned from holding public office, Accra radio reported.

Under a 1978 decree, people can be banned from holding public office if inquiry committees find they have acquired assets unlawfully, defrauded the state, misused their office or acted against the national interest.

Cholera Outbreak

LUSAKA — Thirty-six people have died in a cholera outbreak in Zambia's northern province, according to the provincial medical office.

The official news agency ZANA Sunday quoted the office as saying 24 people had died in Mbala district and 12 in Kaputa since the disease struck in October.

The office said the situation was improving, ZANA added.

Pope's Trip

ROME — Pope John Paul II will leave Rome by concorde supersonic aircraft at 11 a.m. on Jan. 25 and will arrive in Santo Domingo at 9 a.m. local time, a reliable source said here yesterday.

He will leave Santo Domingo for Mexico City the next day aboard American airlines plane, the source said.

The Pope is expected to return to Italy by concorde after attending the opening of the third Latin American Episcopal general assembly, it added.

Tanker Toll

MADRID — Six crew members were killed and 28 others were missing from the Greek oil tanker Andros Patria which caught fire off North-West Spain last night, the Spanish navy general staff announced here yesterday in a communique.

Three crewmen were rescued from the ship. Oil was continuing to pour into the sea from a hole in the Andros Patria's hull. The communique said it was carrying 200,000 tons of fuel oil rather than 100,000 tons, as was originally reported.

State Control

MAPUTO — The export and import of medicines and medical equipment were brought under state control by a decree of the government of Mozambique. The decree is entering into force from January 1, 1979. In accordance with the decree, all private companies in this sector are being wound up and private foreign-trade deals annulled. A state-run organization has been founded by a government decision. From now on it will have the monopoly right to purchase and export medical goods.

Lack of Progress

NEW DELHI — India feels continuing lack of progress towards genuine decolonisation in Zimbabwe and Namibia and persistence of apartheid constitute threat to international peace and security.

It was time, external affairs minister Atal Bihari Vajpayee told African students' association annual ge-

neral conference here that colonial powers concerned and minority racist regimes took positive action to bring about just and lasting solutions to these problems.

He said it was a matter of serious concern that racist regime of South Africa still continued its illegal occupation of Namibia in defiance of international opinion.

Home Briefs

Research Centre

ASBE TEFERI — A new centre which will undertake research into various coffee plant diseases with the aim of developing coffee strains resistant to those diseases will go into operation shortly in Kuni district of Hararghe region.

When fully established the centre will grow coffee seedlings which can resist various coffee plant diseases and distribute them to coffee growers in the locality and the rest of Hararghe region.

Green Campaign

ADDIS ABABA — Residents of Higher 9 kebele 08 here Sunday held a general meeting and expressed support for the National Revolutionary Development Campaign and said they were awaiting directives and instructions to be actively involved in the Green Revolution Campaign.

The residents also resolved to raise financial and material donations in aid of compatriots severely affected by natural and man-made disasters in Northern and Central Ethiopia and elsewhere.

Harvest Campaign

JIJIGA — Peasants' associations in the Babile district of Gursum province, Hararghe region, have mobilized 500 of their members on a harvest campaign in the vicinity of Jijiga as a practical demonstration of their support for the National Revolutionary Development Campaign.

The group collected a large amount of sorghum on the Fetan Agricultural Development Project in the El-Ahmar locality.

Campaign Support

ASMARA — The workers of the Ethiopian Yarn Factory and of the Ethiopian Textile Industry here devoted Sunday to working without pay as a token of their full-hearted support of the National Revolutionary Development Campaign.

Present on the occasion, Ato Yishak Tsedaye, deputy chief administrator of Eritrea region, informed the workers that the green performance being initiated would require as much effort and sacrifice as the red performance had taken. He said that a great deal was expected of the workers and that they should get ready by weeding out anti-production, anti-revolution and anti-unity reactionaries.

Meeting in Session

GONDAR — A two-day meeting aimed at assisting people affected by natural and man-made calamities in various parts of the country is in progress here.

Opening the meeting attended by representatives of peasants' associations and other mass organizations, Comrade Major Melaku Tefera, Chief Administrator of Gondar region, recalled the bitter struggle waged by the Ethiopian masses over the past four years against internal and external enemies of the revolution and the victories scored so far in all fronts. He called on the masses of the Gondar region to declare an all-out war on poverty, disease, illiteracy and other legacies of the former feudo-bourgeois regime.

Masses in Gambella Briefed on Dev'ts

METTU (ENA) — Comrade Col. Abebe Beleyneh, the Chief Administrator of Illubabor region, and Col. Kebede Tessema, the Regional Deputy Chief Administrator, recently addressed a gathering of representatives of governmental and mass organizations, members of discussion forums and elders in Gambella town.

The officials gave the representatives guidelines on the implementation of the National Revolutionary Development Campaign and briefed them at length on the objective reality in the country.

Earlier, the two regional officials toured and inspected a new 170-km motorable gravel road from Gore to Gambella and assessed the contribution of the road to the well-being of the populace in the region.

Speaking during the gathering, Col. Abebe said that the road from Gore to Gambella would greatly revitalise the economy of the region and enable the people to benefit more from the revolu-

tion. The Chief administrator further said that in order to help the members of the oppressed nationalities of Gambella province, a primary road would also be built from Gambella to Eitang to link with the new 170-km road. He added that a development project designed particularly for this province would be implemented.

The representatives of the oppressed nationalities expressed gratitude to Comrade Lt. Col. Mengistu Haile-Mariam, Chairman of the Provisional Military Administrative Council and the Council of Ministers and Commander-in-Chief of the Revolutionary Army for enabling them to overcome the communication and transport problems and thus march forward equally alongside their compatriots. The members asked the chief administrator to convey their gratitude to the PMAC Chairman, according to Major Wondirad Beyene, the Administrator of Gambella province.

Squad Members Receive Certificates

ADDIS ABABA (ENA) — A total of 194 revolution defence squad members drawn from three kebeles here graduated and received their certificates Sunday after completing three to eight months of political orientation and military training.

Kebele 41 Higher 3 graduated 54 revolution defence squad members after eight months of training. Six of them are women. Kebele 03 of Higher 22 graduated 46 revolution defence squad members after seven months' training. Six of the graduates are women. Kebele 16 of Higher 5 graduated 94 revolution defence squad members after a six month training.

Certificates were handed to the graduates of kebele 41 Higher 3 by Comrade Dr. Alemu Abebe, Chairman of the Overall Urban Dwellers Association of Addis Ababa and Mayor of the City, while Comrade Solomon Mulneh, Standing Committee member of Addis Ababa City Council, handed certificates and prizes to the graduates of kebele 16 of Higher 5. The graduates of kebele 22 of Higher 3 were handed their certificates by Comrade Lt. Desta Awlawchew, Chairman of the Higher kebele.

Skill Demonstration

In all the ceremonies the graduates staged sports shows and performed military tactics and manoeuvre to demonstrate their skill. Meanwhile, members of seven urban dwellers' associations, including women's and youth associations and trade union members, in Higher 19 held a festival Sunday in support of and solidarity with the liberation struggle of Zimbabwe patriots and to raise fund for people affected by man-made and natural disasters in Wollo region and other parts of the country. The festival was held in the premise of Nifas Silk Comprehensive School.

On the occasion, the cadre of Higher 19 and representatives of the Patriotic Front of Zimbabwe were present. The chairman of the organizing committee of the festival spoke on the occasion outlining the inhuman, barbarous, and brutal crimes committed by the soldiers of Ian Smith against the people of Zimbabwe. He also gave lengthy briefings on the National Revolutionary Development Campaign and the resettlement program.

(Arts group of the higher kebele staged a drama depicting the armed struggle in Zimbabwe and chanted revolutionary songs which gave color and pomp to the occasion.

At the end, a film was presented to show the in-human and oppressive rule of the white minority and the struggle being waged by the freedom fighters.

Indonesian Paper Raps Peking's Hegemonism

JAKARTA (TASS) — The Peking authorities continue interfering in the internal affairs of the neighbour states, supporting subversive anti-government groupings. With this aim the PRC widely uses the numerous Chinese communities in South-East Asia. This was noted in the Indonesian newspaper *Berita Buana* refuting the allegation of the PRC's mass media on some "improvement of mutual understanding and friendship" between Peking and the member-countries of the Association of South-East Asian Nations (ASEAN).

Analysing the results of the tour of a number of South-East Asian countries by Vice Premier of the PRC State Council Teng Hsiao Ping, *Berita Buana* pointed out that Peking was trying to conceal the failure of Teng Hsiao Ping's mission and the recent failure of Chinese diplomacy.

Cold Courtesy

Teng Hsiao Ping was met in the capitals of the ASEAN member-coun-

tries with "cold courtesy and without enthusiasm," the newspaper declared. PRC's attempts at drawing ASEAN into the anti-Soviet channel of Peking's policy and worsening relations between its member-countries and Socialist Vietnam has not had any support.

Unlike the leaders of the Socialist Republic of Vietnam, *Berita Buana* wrote, the Peking authorities continued interfering in the internal affairs of the neighbour states by supporting subversive anti-government groupings. It is well known that Peking supplies them with weapons and finances them. In doing so the PRC uses numerous Chinese communities in South-East Asia.

This activity, the newspaper pointed out, refuted the claims of the Chinese politicians about their readiness to live in peace and friendship with all peo-

For Your Interest

Radio Programmes

VOICE OF REVOLUTIONARY ETHIOPIA

External Service:

On 31 and 41 meter bands short wave and on 300 metres medium wave.

Languages	Time	
	Local	GMT
Somali	1500—1600	1200—1300
Afar	1600—1700	1300—1400
Arabic	1700—1800	1400—1500
English	1800—1900	1500—1600
Amharic	1900—2000	1600—1700
French	2000—2100	1700—1800

National Service:

On 41 and 49 meter bands short wave and on 345, 350 and 315 meters medium wave.

Languages	Station	Time	
		Local	GMT
Amharic	Addis Ababa	0700—0900	0400—0600
	" "	1330—1500	1030—1200
	" "	2000—2300	1700—2000

English	" "	1300—1330	1000—1030
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Oromigna	Addis Ababa	6030—0700	0330—0400
	Harar	0900—1000	0600—0700
	Addis Ababa	1730—1900	1430—1600
	Harar	1900—2000	1600—1700

Tigrigna	Addis Ababa	1200—1300	0900—1000
	Asmara	1800—1900	1500—1600
	Addis Ababa	1900—2000	1600—1700

Tigre	Asmara	1700—1800	1400—1500
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— On Saturday afternoons, Amharic programmes extend to 1600 hours local time (1300 GMT).

— On Sundays, the station signs on at 0730 hours local time (0430 GMT) with Oromo programmes and runs upto 8 a.m. local time (0500 GMT) after which Amharic programmes follow till 1200 hours local time (0900 GMT). In the afternoons Amharic programmes extend from 1330 hours local time (1030 GMT) to 1700 hours local time (1400 GMT) and Oromo programmes start at 1700 hours local time (1400 GMT) and close at 1900 hours local time (1600 GMT).

USEFUL ADDRESSES

Contacts for Information on Ethiopia and its Revolution

Ethiopian Revolution Ministry of Information
Information Centre (ERIC) and National Guidance,
P.O. Box 2549 Public Relations Department
Tel. 120830 P.O. Box 30756
Tel. 127775

Fire Brigades

- ★ For the centre of town, Yeka, Gulele and Entoto — First Fire Brigade Station Tel. No. 11-24-00
12-33-41
- ★ For the south of Addis, Lideta, Bole and the surrounding areas — Second Fire Brigade Station Tel. 44-63-44
- ★ For Tekle Haimanot, Kolfe and the surrounding areas — Third Fire Brigade Station Te. 11-13-31.

Pharmacies on Duty

1. Tekle Haimanot pharmacy — Omeda Sq. — Tel. 11-36-77
2. Ambassa pharmacy — Mehlthma Gandhi Str. — Tel. 11-18-93
3. St. Raphael Drugstore — (Addis Ketema (near the Old bus station) — Tel. 11-94-37

Where To Go?

- ★ National Museum
 - ★ Chamber of Commerce
 - ★ Library
- Open Monday to Saturday 9 a.m. — 1 p.m. 3 p.m. — 6 p.m. Monday to Friday — 9:00 — 1:00 p.m.
Sunday — 3:00 — 6:00 p.m.
2:30 p.m. — 5:30 p.m. Saturday — 9:00 — 1:00 p.m.
- ★ Institute of Ethiopian Studies
 - ★ National Postal Museum
- Open Monday to Friday 10 a.m. — 1 p.m. 3 p.m. — 5 p.m. Open Monday to Friday 8:30 a.m. — 12:30 a.m. 2:30 p.m. — 5:30 p.m.